"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Cloudy and colder today; strong northwest winds; Sunday, fair.
For full weather report see Page 13.

VOL. LXIX...No. 22,694 NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1920. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

MAYOR PROPOSES $100,000,000 PLAN FOR CITY HOUSING

Calls Conference of Real Estate and Labor Men to Push Home Building.

CAPITAL READY TO INVEST

Waiting on Assurances That There Will Be No Gouging in Wages or Material.

TENANTS GET TOGETHER

Forest Hills Meeting Lays Plans to Fight Increased Rent—Others May Join.

In an effort to solve the rent problem in this city Mayor Hylan yesterday sent out a call for a conference of real estate men, building contractors, dealers in building material, labor leaders and men and firms associated with the building industry to be held in the City Hall at 10 o'clock Monday morning.

In announcing the call the Mayor said he had been assured by Edward P. Doyle, an official of the Real Estate Board, that realty men in this city are prepared to invest between $50,000,000 and $100,000,000 in new building if they are assured that building companies, dealers in building materials and labor will not make advances in prices within a stated period.

Mayor Hylan said:

"My plan is to bring together all the labor leaders and builders and others who are vitally concerned in the building program. I will ask them to come to some agreement concerning a big building plan. No matter how serious and numerous the difficulties, there must be some solution of this problem. People must be housed.

$50,000,000 of Capital Ready.

"I am told by Mr. Doyle of the Real Estate Board that real estate financiers are willing to put up from $50,000,000 to $100,000,000 to carry out an enormous building program provided they obtain certain promises and assurances from both the labor people and the building materials people.

"It is too early to go into a detailed analysis of what assurances they ask. But I understand that one is that laboring men engaged in the building trades shall agree to a fixed wage for a stated period—say one year or eighteen months—and that in that period they will agree to do 100 per cent. work. I haven't the slightest doubt that the labor men will do everything to relieve the housing congestion by going to work with a will. Their loyalty to a good cause is never found wanting. Aside from that they will be helping themselves. The more buildings next Summer, Fall and Winter the less aggravating will become the rent profiteering evil.

"It strikes me that the men who are to be called together Monday should enter the conference with a fixed determination to emerge from it with a program either definitely decided upon or at least tentatively arrived at. Great emergencies demand quick action. It would be futile to have any more protracted hearings on this housing question. The men best qualified to supply the remedy are to face each other. We will look to them for help."

Builders Want Assurances.

Mr. Doyle said the real estate financiers were holding back their money from building operations simply because they haven't any assurance either from labor or the material men that prices would remain stable.

"If the real estate investors can obtain the assurance of both the labor and materials people that agreed-upon prices will remain fixed for a stated period, New York City will witness the greatest building boom in its history," said Mr. Doyle. "I can state with authority that between $50,000,000 and $100,000,000 will be available. Apartment houses will spring up everywhere, and within a year or so the great tension will be appreciably relieved.

"New York City needs under present conditions 40,000 new apartments every year. At the present time the shortage is several times that number. The war and the desertion of the farms were the two big factors. Soldiers from rural districts who had never seen Fifth Avenue or Broadway until the war shunted them there stayed here vowing they would never look upon green fields again."

Financial Aid Pledged.

Real estate and financial interests have pledged the Mayor their co-operation, and at the conference on Monday there will be discussed, it was said, plans for the loaning companies to advance moneys for building purposes. Another thing that will be taken up will be plans for the raising of funds, and it is possible that some appeal may be made to the public spirited men of wealth. The Real Estate Board was reported to be in favor of the plan.

Among those who are expected to be present at the conferences are Clarence H. Kelsey, President of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company; Louis V. Bright of the Lawyers Title and Trust Company, Richard M. Hurd of the Lawyers Mortgage Company, C. H. Burdette of the New York Title and Mortgage Company, J. E. Parsons of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, C. R. Jones of the Home Title and Mortgage Company, Walter Stabler, Controller of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company; S. W. Straus of S. W. Straus & Co.

Stephen H. Tyng, President of the Real

Continued on Page Three.

SARATOGA EXCELSIOR SPRING WATER and Saratoga Quevic Spring Water at hotels and drug stores, Boardwalk, Atlantic City. —Advt.

Plan Now for State to Raise a $30,000,000 Soldier Bonus

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 12.—Legislative leaders are considering imposing a direct State tax to provide a bonus for World War veterans and the $5,000,000 estimated as necessary to pay Mexican border veterans the difference between State Guard and Federal pay for the time of service after Federalization. The tax, if imposed, will call for approximately $30,000,000.

The State's financial managers say that there are only two ways to raise the money for the bonus, one to increase the tax on personal incomes, the other a direct levy on property. The latter is favored by Speaker Sweet, it is said. The money cannot be raised by bond issue because of constitutional prohibitions.

Legislative leaders have practically assured ex-service men that some sort of a bonus will be given to them.

HYLAN BADGERING ENDS FARE HEARING

Applications Withdrawn from Estimate Board at Judge Mayer's Direction.

OFFICIALS RESENT "JEERS"

Stoppage of Service Intimated Unless Legislature Provides Relief.

By direction of Federal Judge Mayer the applications filed with the Board of Estimate by representatives of the various railroad companies in the city for permission to charge an 8-cent fare for six months, and on which the pending inquiry by the board into the financial condition of the companies was based, were withdrawn yesterday. This action takes from the board any immediate reason for pursuing the inquiry, although it may decide to carry it to an end on its own initiative.

No person directly connected with the inquiry would allow his name to be used in connection with reasons for the withdrawal of the applications, but a consensus disclosed the fact that it was predicated on the conviction that the prayer for an increased fare would not be granted, and so it was deemed useless to continue the inquiry. It also was said by an official:

"About two and a half months have now elapsed since Judge Mayer directed the companies in bankruptcy to apply to the board for an increased fare. After receiving the applications the board arranged for public hearings, a number of which have been held without any result. Representatives of the court, their employes, counsel for the companies and others connected with the companies in financial distress have been bullied, insulted, jeered at and generally humiliated.

"It was supposed that the board would permit the applicants to present reasons for appearing in favor of a temporary increase in the fare, and to submit facts showing the precise condition of the companies, but the inquiry did not follow this line. Therefore the applications have been withdrawn and the situation resumes its former position."

Future Course Not Revealed.

No representative of any one of the companies would state what course would be permitted to gain an increased fare, but it was intimated that if the Legislature failed to take action to relieve the situation the companies would operate as long as they could and then quit. The fact that the Board of Estimate yesterday appropriated money to purchase 200 buses to take the place of any surface lines that suspend, is looked upon as fair evidence that the city expects that a number of lines soon will stop operating cars.

The notices of withdrawal of the applications were signed by Henry L. Stimson, counsel for Job E. Hedges, receiver of the New York Railways Company; James R. Sheffield, trustee of the Interborough Consolidated Corporation, the holding concern of the Interborough Rapid Transit and the New York Railways Company, and Lindley M. Garrison, receiver of the surface, elevated and subway lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company. No notice was served by the Interborough Company, because the inquiry into its affairs by the board is ended, and because it is not bankrupt. It was stated that if the board reopened its inquiry into this company's that it also would notify the board that it was not seeking any financial help from the board.

Notices Are Brief.

All of the notices, addressed to Mayor Hylan, follow the same line, and are brief to the point of being abrupt. The one from Mr. Stimson reads:

"By direction of Judge Mayer of the United States District Court I beg to

Continued on Page Three.

BROADWAY CROWDS THRILLED BY TWO JEWEL ROBBERIES

Thousands See Thieves Break Schwartz Store Window—Hold Up Feldman's.

TWO CAUGHT, THREE ESCAPE

Throngs See Crook Beat Off Engraver and Flee—Two Mauled by Pursuers.

THEFT FROM DEAD CHARGED

Police Trial Over Widow's Story That $2,700 Disappeared from Husband's Pockets.

Thousands on their way to theatres in the Times Square district last night saw thieves rob two jewelry stores less than a quarter of a mile apart in Broadway.

The first depredation took place in the store of Schwartz Brothers, on the southeast corner of Broadway and Thirty-seventh Street, at about 7:30 o'clock, when two men hurled a concrete block through a plate glass display window after placing an iron bar in the handle of the front door. One escaped by plunging into the emergency subway exit leading to the sidewalk in Broadway between Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth Streets. It is believed he took several pieces of jewelry. His companion escaped by mixing with the crowd.

The second robbery took place three-quarters of an hour later in the store of Marcus Feldman, brother-in-law of one of the partners in the Schwartz Brothers' store, on the west side of Broadway, between Forty-fifth and Fort Sixth Streets. Two young men were arrested after a chase of two blocks. A third, whom the police said they would arrest, escaped by running across Broadway in the direction of the K. of C. hut, opposite the jewelry store, and boarding a north-bound Broadway surface car.

One of the robbers is said to have fired a revolver at Phillip Cohen, an engraver employed by Schwartz Brothers, who was about to enter the store when the cement block was hurled through the window. Cohen grabbed the thief after he had stuck his hand into the hole in the window and had taken a handful of jewels from a tray. Cohen's wrist was sprained by a blow from the revolver, which the thief took from his coat pocket. Cohen was attended later by an ambulance surgeon from New York Hospital.

Youths Aroused Suspicion.

Schwartz Brothers occupy the double store at 1,368-1,370 Broadway, within a few feet of another jewelry store which was robbed in a similar manner about a year and a half ago. The entrance to the store is between two display windows, each about ten feet high and eight feet wide. The north window is joined on the Thirty-seventh Street side by two large plates of glass, which run back toward Sixth Avenue about fifteen feet.

At about 7:30 o'clock one of the clerks noticed two shabbily dressed youths peering through the glass door. He called the attention of several other salesmen to the strange actions of the men. One of the salesmen started for the front of the store when one of the men outside hurried into the vestibule between the store windows and placed an iron bar about eight inches long through the looped handle of the door.

The salesman shouted to his associates, and all rushed to the door. They found the bar was so firmly wedged in the handle they could not open it. The next instant there was a crash of glass, and as several of the salesmen ran to the window to save the two dozen trays of jewels in semi-upright positions in rows in the window, they saw Cohen, the engraver, grapple with the man who had broken the glass.

Bitter Fight in Vestibule.

The salesmen shouted to Cohen to beware of the second bandit who, they said, was standing a few feet away with a revolver, but Cohen either didn't hear them, or was too busily engaged to heed them. Cohen managed to keep his opponent from again crashing the concrete block into the window. The block was attached by wire to a hooked door handle, giving it the appearance of an andiron.

Cohen drove the robber against the jagged edge of the broken window and knocked the block out of his hand. Both of them fell to the floor of the vestibule between the show windows. The bandit, with the twist of an expert wrestler, got on top of Cohen. By that time about 2,000 men and women on their way to theatres were watching the

Continued on Page Three.

Lenin Sends Four Emissaries to Germany by Airplane

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Co.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, March 12.—A dispatch from Kovno, Lithuania, reports that a Russian airplane was forced down by gunfire near that city yesterday.

It had three men and one woman on board, besides a large quantity of courier mail coming from Smolensk intended for the German Government.

The passengers were found to be in possession of documents signed by Lenin empowering them to conclude important trade agreements with Germany.

RAILWAY EXPRESS TURNS TO AIRPLANE

Company Will Inaugurate Service with New York to Chicago Line.

AIRCRAFT SHOW GETS NEWS

Success Will Mean Extension of New Medium of Transportation Throughout Country.

The American Railway Express Company will inaugurate an air express service between New York and Chicago as soon as an operating corporation can be formed, R. E. M. Cowie, Vice President of the company, declared yesterday afternoon in an address at the National Aircraft Show in the 71st Regiment Armory. The program of adapting the airplane commercially to the needs of the company contemplates the extension of service to other cities throughout the country, he said.

"To the aircraft manufacturers of the United States I say, 'Bring on your airplanes, with a properly organized service company, and the express company will exploit the service, contract for cargo space, advertise the rates, pick up the shipments at point of origin and deliver them at destination almost as quickly as you can say "Jack Robinson,"' Mr. Cowie said.

"The airplane in express service is a fascinating subject," he continued, "because it presents, and will presently afford, a new medium of carriage, and no one can accurately measure the reasonable possibilities of this innovation in transportation.

"It is my opinion that there is an unmistakable place for the airplane in connection with express service, the very essence of which is speed.

"Today the express service, under a unified management, extends over every railroad in the United States, 285,000 miles, with 28,000 offices, with 135,000 people upon its payrolls, utilizing in its daily operations 3,500 motor trucks and 17,500 horse-drawn vehicles, transacting a business of more than $300,000,000 a year.

"This immense traffic consists mainly of the valuable merchandise of the country, and is made up of approximately 1,000,000 shipments a day. Many of these packages are of extreme urgency in their nature, and it is the respectively lightweight, non-bulky packages of an unusually urgent character that will naturally seek the expedited service that is now made possible by the airplane. I am satisfied there are many such, but no man in advance can tell what the volume may ultimately be. Suffice it to say that it would be passing strange, if out of more than a million packages a day a small percentage of them were not of sufficient urgency to justify the cost that would be necessary to transport them by the quickest means of transportation that may be available, and, as will readily be seen, an almost infinitesimal proportion of the volume of express traffic moving would form a substantial cargo for airplane transport. My belief is that such a service would very quickly create a patronage peculiar to itself.

"The American people are very ingenious and enterprising in their commercial practices, and I confidently expect that such an improved service would very rapidly create a substantial demand for its uses. Other countries have already made a big start in this direction, and it is to be hoped that the first commercial airplane operating company in this country, which is the birthplace of the flying machine itself, will be able to utilize American-made 'planes, of American design, with American pilots to fly them."

Mr. Cowie spoke of the need of a unified regulation of air traffic, and argued that the interstate character of aerial flight made the Interstate Commerce Commission the logical body to have jurisdiction of the air. Conflicting authority among States and municipalities would handicap the commercial development of aircraft, he said, and steps should be taken to eliminate this disadvantage.

NITTI'S COLLEAGUES GIVE UP PORTFOLIOS

Following Resignations of Some, the Rest Put Themselves at Premier's Disposal.

ROME, March 12.—It is semi-officially stated that Premier Nitti at a Cabinet Council this morning announced the resignation of some of the Cabinet members.

All the Ministers thereupon placed their portfolios at the Premier's disposal, in view of the political and Parliamentary situation.

The Messagero says that members of the Catholic Party have decided not to participate in the new Nitti Cabinet. This, it asserts, may lead to the resignation of the entire Ministry, in which case, Signor Nitti will be entrusted with the formation of a new Administration but will be more free in the selection of its members.

A WESTCHESTER HOME—Nine Rooms, two baths; thoroughly modern; ideal location; $12,000. Call Mr. Mandeville, White Plains 2626.—Advt.

HOW WASHINGTON WOULD MEET CALL FOR SOVIET TRADE

A New Plan to be Suggested to Supreme Council and Likely to Win Favor.

TO END ALL TRADE PERMITS

Commerce to All Territory to be Free, but Trading with Soviet at Trader's Risk.

NO PROTECTION GIVEN THERE

Having No Relations with the Soviet, We Lack the Means to Guard Commercial Interests.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The State Department has under serious consideration, with a favorable decision probable, proposing to the Supreme Council at Paris the withdrawal of wartime restrictions on trading between the United States and allied countries, Soviet Russian territory included. Such a policy will enable American exporters to undertake trade relations with whom they please in Soviet Russia, even with the Soviet Government itself. But they must do so at their own risk. They must expect no help from their Government should they have difficulty in collecting what is due them or encounter other complications growing out of the uncertainties affecting relations with that part of the world.

It is not contemplated that licenses to trade with Soviet Russia or enemy countries shall be issued by this Government. Suggestions to that effect have been advanced but have been definitely discarded. This Government does not intend to place itself in a position that might give color to the claim that it had recognized Soviet Russia, with which it maintains no relations, and, it is reiterated, has no intention of entering into any.

That the contemplated proposal will be received with gratification in the Supreme Council, assuming that it is formally placed before that body, is taken for granted. France may interpose some objection based on a disinclination to permit anybody to have dealings with the Soviets, but this would be counteracted, it is believed, by the very general disposition existing in allied Europe to establish trade relations with Russia with the least possible delay.

That is the British view which has been made known frankly in London. The war-worn countries need Russia's resources to relieve the rather desperate conditions that exist in Europe, and this hard fact has served to overcome considerations purely political, and the natural unwillingness to have anything to do with those who have been endeavoring to impose their ultra-radicalism upon the rest of the world.

As far as the United States is concerned it is doubtful if the lifting of restrictions will benefit either this country or Russia. The exchange situation, with the depreciated value of the ruble, will be a deterrent to Russian purchases in the United States and there is little that this country requires from Russia in normal times.

With Europe, however, the situation is different. The British pound, the French franc and the Italian lire have depreciated along with the currency of Germany and Russia, and the United Kingdom, France and Italy are able to trade with Russia on a nearer approach to equality of currency values than will the United States.

With the expected notice that the United States Government will not interpose objections to American citizens trading with any part of Russia, the Government, however, it is contemplated, may make known in some form, setting forth the reasons why this is the case, a warning that those Americans who engage in this trade must do so at their own risk. The United States Government has no diplomatic representative accredited to Soviet Russia, nor does it maintain in Soviet territory Consular officers whose services and attestations would be essential to the full protection of American commercial interests. Should the Soviet Government or persons within its jurisdiction seize goods shipped to that territory by an American citizen, or should a consignee refuse to pay for them when received or otherwise embarrass the American shipper, he need expect no help from Washington. After such a warning the American who undertakes to trade in Soviet territory would have only himself to blame if he encountered loss on his venture.

One interesting suggestion heard here points to a situation which might confront the American exporter who is willing to take such a risk. Should he endeavor to eliminate the risk by exacting advance payment in gold, he might even encounter legal proceedings taken by some allied Government or citizen for an injunction to prevent his use of this gold, on the ground that it was stolen. A large part of the Bolshevist gold supply, it is known, was seized from a store sent to Russia for safekeeping by Rumania.

No doubt remains that the proposal for permitting citizens of allied countries to trade with the Russian co-operative societies in Soviet Russia has been definitely abandoned. The Soviet Government declines to be lectured in the matter. Evidence to that effect was received at the State Department a day or two ago in a cable message from Riga,

Continued on Page Two.

"APHRODITE," Lost & Found. Biggest Sensation in New York. Mats. Wed., Sat., 50c to $2. Century Thea. Eve. 8:15.—Advt.

ARTICLE X. SUBSTITUTE SPLITS SENATE; DEMOCRATS COOL TO NEW LODGE DRAFT; BITTER-ENDERS CHARGE SURRENDER

Poincare Criticises Vacillation Over Turkey; Favors Settlement by Diplomatic Negotiations

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 12.—Ex-President Poincaré, who on retiri[illegible]om office accepted the post of chief political [illegible]riter of the Revue des Deux Mondes, contributes his first article in the current number.

After referring to the rumor that is in circulation to the effect that if the Treaty of Versailles is executed it will mean the ruin of Germany, M. Poincaré suggests that "it would be better if France, before weeping over the fate of Germany, thought of her own devastated regions."

He hits rather hard at the men who drew up the treaty and at their methods of working, speaking of "the multitude of questions which have been the object of haphazard and contradictory solutions."

Of this "ever-changing attitude of the Allies on many problems, notably the questions of the East, the Adriatic and the Soviets," he gives as an example that of the disposition of Constantinople, which has kept the Quai d'Orsay and Downing Street "busy playing at cross-purposes."

M. Poincaré says that Stephen Pichon, while he was still in the Foreign Office, drew up a remarkable memorandum in favor of the maintenance of the Sultan in Constantinople.

"During his last visit to London," he says, "M. Clemenceau strongly supported M. Pichon's view, but he found Lloyd George rather in favor of the expulsion of the Sultan, and by way of conciliation M. Clemenceau soon accepted the point of view of his subtle and ardent English colleague. A few days later M. Clemenceau, back in Paris, returned to his original opinion, while Mr. Lloyd George also modified his opinion and found brilliant arguments to support the view which M. Clemenceau had already sacrificed."

M. Poincaré concludes by saying that the best plan would be for the heads of the allied Governments to intrust the negotiations to diplomats under the direction of their respective Governments—a plan which would enable the various Premiers to carry on their ordinary duties and do away with frequent cross-Channel journeys.

M. Poincaré thinks that nobody in France would be very much grieved if the Supreme Council were to enter upon its last long sleep.

OFFERS 100,000 MEN TO COERCE TURKS

Venizelos Told Council Greece Would Undertake the Work for the Allies.

FEARS OF MOSLEM UNREST

British Observers Watch Syrian Congress—Constantinople Unmoved by Display.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, March 13.—The Daily Telegraph's diplomatic correspondent states definitely that Premier Venizelos has offered Greek troops for the purpose of crushing Mustapha Kemal and the Turkish Nationalists. The correspondent says that in the course of the discussions of the Supreme Council the Greek Premier offered the services of at least six infantry divisions and one cavalry—a round total, with corps and army troops, of over 100,000 men.

M. Venizelos said he was convinced that if it had a free hand this Greek Army alone could eradicate the Young Turk peril, although he fully recognized the fact that the employment of an interallied force would in every respect, but more especially from a moral and political point of view, be preferable to action by any single power.

Growing Anxiety Over Near East.

LONDON, March 12 (Associated Press)—Earl Curzon's speech on the Turkish problem, made in the House of Lords yesterday, and other official and unofficial statements on the subject are generally regarded as showing that the Near East tangle is serious and is causing the authorities some anxiety—an anxiety increased by complications threatened in connection with Syria and Mesopotamia. The shadow of Indian and Moslem opinion darkens the problem and, it is believed, influences the councils of the Allies more than is always immediately apparent.

The suggestion that the employment of force against the Turks might excite general hospitality in the Mussulman world is regarded as one that cannot safely be ignored. In some quarters the feeling prevails that there is danger that if the Turks are pressed they may immediately be joined by the Arabs. The Italian view that it would be dangerous to employ against the Turks British Moslem and other Moslem troops in the service of the Allies is evidently based on these fears.

Careful watch is being kept here on the outcome of the Syrian Congress at Damascus, and it is understood that any decision or proposal by the Peace Conference regarding Syria must be purely tentative.

Among the day's reports was one that France had received a mandate over Cilicia, but this was unconfirmed. It is argued in some quarters that France's hands are too full to undertake this responsibility. Great Britain is similarly regarded as ruled out as a mandatary for the same reason, and the League of Nations is looked to as the only hope for the protection of Turkey's non-Moslem subjects.

Earl Curzon's statement attributing the cause of the Turkish trouble to the Allies awaiting action by the United States is not commented on by some editorial writers, but others point out that if a settlement had been made a year ago,

Continued on Page Two.

"ADAM AND EVA," Biggest Comedy Hit in New York. Longacre Theatre.—Advt.

MAY AID GERMANY TO BUILD MARINE

Allies Expected to Mitigate the Treaty Terms Relative to Tonnage to be Provided.

ENGLAND FAVORS PROPOSAL

Project Regarded as Necessary to Enable Germans to Pay Their Reparations Bill.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 12.—It is understood that by mitigating the application of the terms of the Treaty of Versailles the Allies will help Germany rebuild her merchant marine, at least up to a certain size. A majority of the Reparation Commission is in favor of this step, and it probably will be taken in the near future and will form the first fulfillment of the European economic manifesto issued by the allied Premiers in London.

This aid to Germany, intended to enable her to pay her war debts to the Allies, will be given, as stated, by easing up on enforcement of that part of Annex 3 of the reparation section of the treaty providing for building in German ports of merchant tonnage to be handed over to the Allies. This annex says that for five years Germany must build for allied account ships not to exceed a total of 200,000 tons a year. Within three months after the coming into effect of the treaty the Reparation Commission is instructed to notify Germany how many tons must be laid down in the next two years, and before the end of those two years shall specify what tonnage is to be laid down for allied account in the succeeding three years. The treaty also provides that delivery of these ships shall be controlled by the Reparation Commission.

It is understood that the Allies will permit Germany to use all or part of these ships for her own commerce. She probably will be called upon to pay their value in some other way later, or they may be called allied vessels and be leased to Germany. Those details are under consideration.

The important point is that the Allies recognize that Germany cannot under present conditions, or those apt to obtain in the near future, fulfill this provision if strictly enforced and at the same time build ships enough to meet her own essential needs for shipping tonnage, if she is to work with any appreciable speed to that point of economic relievement where she can pay her reparation bill. Therefore, they will let her use some of the ships she is called upon to build for allied account. The proposition thus becomes a sort of business investment by the Allies.

It is reported that England, which has the largest interest in German shipbuilding for allied account, is entirely favorable to the project.

Americans Buying German Acid.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 12.—The potash syndicate has closed contracts with several American concerns for the sale of 3,000,000,000 marks' worth of nitric acid within twelve months. The Americans reserve the right to renew annually this contract, which involves about 250,000 tons of the product.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

SENATE SNARL OVER TREATY

Irreconcilables, Surprised by New Draft, Ridicule It.

SIMMONS REFUSES PLEDGE

Lodge Declares That the Principle of His Reservation Is Unchanged.

POLLS INDICATE DEADLOCK

Failure of Ratification After Adoption of the Substitute Is Forecast.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Political lines in the Senate were further blurred today, while at the same time politics was brought more predominantly into the treaty situation, following the presentation by Senator Lodge of a substitute reservation on Article X.

Mr. Lodge's action was disturbing to all the various factions in the treaty fight, and they had not entirely regained their poise by the time the Senate took a recess for the day. The presentation of the reservation was a distinct surprise, as it was understood that Mr. Lodge last night assured Republican irreconcilables that he would not offer it.

Offer it he did, however, and the immediate result was a bitter cry of "Surrender" from the irreconcilables on both sides of the chamber. In the ensuing debate, a most acrimonious spirit developed, and it threatens to develop a period of much plain speaking, in which motives will not be safe from embarrassing scrutiny.

Apparently the presentation of the substitute reservation had no effect so far as the ultimate fate of the treaty was concerned. The treaty still is dead, so far as any one acquainted with the situation could discover tonight. But, as Mr. Lodge's action broke down carefully constructed lines, there was a disposition on the part of many hitherto ready Senatorial prophets tonight to fall back upon the adage "You never can tell."

Text of Lodge Substitute.

Mr. Lodge, having determined to take the plunge with his new reservation, wasted no time about it. Immediately after calling up the treaty he offered the reservation, which reads:

"The United States assumes no obligation to preserve the territorial integrity or political independence of any other country by the employment of its military or naval forces, its resources, or any form of economic discrimination, or to interfere in controversies between nations, whether members of the League or not, under the provisions of Article X., or to employ the military or naval forces of the United States under any article of the treaty for any purpose, unless in any particular case the Congress, which, under the Constitution, has the sole power to declare war or authorize the employment of the military or naval forces of the United States, shall, in the exercise of full liberty of action, by act or joint resolution so provide.

Mr. Lodge made a brief statement to the effect that he offered the reservation "in consonance with what I have stated on the floor many times, that I did not feel that I could be justified in insisting on the defeat of the treaty on the simple question of phraseology employed in any reservation. If I thought what I offer affected in any way the principle or substance of the reservation as it stands, I not only would not offer it, but I should vote against the treaty which contained it."

Scarcely had Mr. Lodge taken his seat when Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey was assailing the proposed substitute. Mr. Frelinghuysen, one of the Lodge group of Senators, recently served notice on his party leader, in common with some others, that he would not support any modification of the Lodge reservations.

Senator Frelinghuysen said that the original Lodge reservation was a plain statement, well understood by the Senate and the country. Why, then, he asked, should a substitute be offered for it? He declared that the Lodge substitute implied a moral obligation; that nobody could draw a reservation which would "prevent assuming an obligation and assume it at the same time."

Frelinghuysen Proposes a Change.

Mr. Frelinghuysen then offered a substitute for the Lodge substitute in this language:

"The United States assumes no obligation to preserve the territorial integrity or political independence of any other country. The United States assumes no obligation to interfere in controversies between nations or to employ its military or its naval forces for any purpose under any article of the treaty."

Senator McCormick of Illinois called the Lodge substitute the "Republican terms of surrender." He said it now "remains only to be seen whether the

Obregon Agrees Not to Start a Revolution If He Is Beaten for Mexican Presidency

WASHINGTON, March 12.—General Alvaro Obregon, long a popular military figure in Mexico, has made a campaign promise not to start a revolution if he is defeated in his candidacy for the Presidency. Since the announcement of his candidacy and that of General Pablo Gonsales, another officer prominent in Carranza's army, reports have been circulated widely that the defeated candidate would resort to arms, and some information has indicated the gathering of arms and ammunition on the west coast by followers of Obregon.

Obregon's declaration made at Saltillo, Mexico, reached the State Department today. He said there was a time when he might have gained the rulership of Mexico by armed force, "but," he added, "I know what another revolution would cost me."

"I am a friend of the United States," Obregon said in the statement, "and I shall always try to be on friendly relations with that country because I realize that any Mexican policy that does not include friendly understanding with our neighbors will be doomed to failure."

He also promised that in the event of his election Mexican political exiles would be permitted to return.

When you think of writing Think of WRITING.—Advt.

FALL MALL ROUNDS, famous cigarettes, round in shape—plain ends.—Advt.

FOR INDIGESTION—SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a little HOT water. Quick relief.—Advt.

MORRIS GEST MIDNIGHT WHIRL, Century Grove, Nightly at 11:30.—Advt.

surrender will be accepted by the Administration."

"You charge Senator Lodge and me with having surrendered," said Senator Lenroot of Wisconsin, one of the strong supporters of the substitute. "That charge requires a bill of particulars. In what particular have we surrendered?"

"The debate," replied Senator McCormick, "will develop whether this is a surrender or not."

"What is there about this new reservation that is so attractive if it does not make some substantial change in the original reservation?" asked Senator Wadsworth.

"I do not know," replied Senator Lenroot.

"You yielded on form and the other side on substance?" asked Senator Borah.

"Yes," said Mr. Lenroot.

"A good trade," commented Mr. Borah.

There was some discussion as to what the President would do if the reservation were submitted to him as part of a resolution of ratification.

Senator Knox sharply objected to being characterized (as he said Mr. Lenroot had characterized Senators) as being unable to consider the Lodge proposal fairly.

Brandegee Ridicules Plan.

Senator Brandegee said he was "sick of this tippy-toeing around. "I don't see why we don't have the courage either to ratify this treaty or to decline to ratify it.

"This proposal for a reservation on Article X stating what means we will not use in fulfilling an obligation is just the same as though I asked Senator Knox to indorse my note for $100 and he wrote on the back of it that the note was perfectly good, but that in indorsing it he wanted it understood he would not pay it, if he had to pay it, in gold coin or silver dollars or any obligation of the United States, but that with those reservations he would cheerfully and cordially and sincerely indorse it.

"I wonder how a Frenchman would interpret these weasel words we are trying to write in here."

Senator McKellar, a Democrat, who has hitherto been regarded as likely to support almost any compromise offer, announced his opposition to the Lodge proposal. He said it destroyed the obligation under Article X.

Senator Reed of Missouri said that the reservation reminded him of the boy fishing for suckers who was advised to change his bait and who thereupon reversed the position of the worm upon his hook. When it was pointed out that he had not really changed the bait, the boy replied: "Oh, these are just fish I'm after; they don't know much."

Simmons Refuses Pledge.

While the debate swirled and eddied and foamed, efforts were being made on the Democratic side to see what chances the new reservation had there. Senator Simmons stated at the outset that though he had offered thirty Democratic votes for the Simmons-Watson reservation, he would not pledge any votes for the Lodge proposal. He had not made up his own mind about it, he said, and did not know how his colleagues felt, although some of them seemed to think that the new reservation ran afoul of the President's objections as voiced in his letter to Senator Hitchcock.

As the day wore on, and the Democrats began to voice themselves on the reservation, this lineup developed, according to Senators who made painstaking inquiries:

Twelve Democratic Senators at the very lowest estimate would oppose the Lodge proposal.

Five Democrats must now be counted as irreconcilables, who will oppose the whole treaty. They are Gore, Shields, Thomas, Reed and Walsh of Massachusetts. These also will oppose the Lodge substitute, it was assumed.

This would give a total of seventeen Democratic votes against a resolution of ratification containing the Lodge substitute, Senators said.

On the Republican side the fourteen irreconcilables, plus Senators Frelinghuysen, Wadsworth, Sutherland and Penrose, are counted as against ratification with the Lodge substitute. That would give a total of eighteen Republican votes, or a grand total of thirty-five votes against ratification. Thirty-three votes would reject the treaty.

These estimates were stated to be extremely conservative, especially as regards the Democrats. One Democratic Senator said that a poll he made showed forty votes against ratification, nineteen being Republicans and twenty-one Democrats.

Senators Swanson, Hitchcock and Underwood were reported to be doing everything in their power to defeat the Lodge substitute. Mr. Swanson was said to have taken it to the White House today and to have returned with word from the President, received via Joseph P. Tumulty, the President's secretary, that it would not be acceptable. Mr. Swanson said this report was unfounded, as he went to the White House on other matters. The report persisted among Democratic Senators.

Hitchcock Expects Move to Fail.

Senator Hitchcock was confident that there would be enough Democrats holding out against the Lodge substitute to prevent ratification, with the votes of the Republican irreconcilables. Late today all factions were carefully taking stock of their strength.

There seemed to be little doubt that on the vote on substituting the new reservation for the original Lodge reservation the new one would get the support of a majority of the Senate, which is 49 votes.

Whatever the purpose, the effect has been to make more Senators careless of political affiliations, in their desire to get the treaty out of the way before the campaign. Some Democrats were declared on good authority to have stated that they would vote for the reservation and for ratification of the treaty, though President Wilson in person should beseech them not to do so. Some Republicans told Mr. Lodge either directly or indirectly that they would not hesitate to split the Republican Party "wide open" if they found on careful examination of the reservation that he had yielded on the question of obligation.

The vote on the new reservation is likely to come early next week. Voting on the resolution of ratification may begin late in the week. Difficulty in arranging pairs for some absent irreconcilables, including Senators LaFollette, Penrose and Fall, is being found, and these Senators may not be able to return. Senators Poindexter and Johnson, of California, are expected back in time for the final vote.

Thomas Tells of Newspaper Appeal.

WASHINGTON, March 12 (Associated Press).—In the debate on the Treaty today Senator Thomas, Democrat of Colorado, read a telegram received by him from the Louisville Courier-Journal, urging ratification "on the best terms possible." It said that the League of Nations could not be made a "clean cut campaign issue," as it would be obscured by domestic issues, and that ratification should be voted for party reasons, and to perpetuate the name of President Wilson.

"I construe this telegram to be an appeal to me to conform my vote to party purposes and party ends," Senator Thomas said. "This treaty can not, and should not, become a party question.

"President Wilson's name, in my judgment, is absolutely secure from the corroding influences of time, no matter what the fate of the treaty is. He has written his name high on the scrolls of immortality."

Senator Thomas declared that if the treaty become a campaign issue it would cleave both of the great parties "at right angles."

Senator Reed paid his respects to The Louisville Courier-Journal, The New York World and other newspapers advocating ratification, and said he doubted whether there were fifty editors in the country "who could get a rating of 15 per cent. on an examination on the League of Nations."

As it finally stood, the Lodge substitute for Article X. represented the result of long consideration by the Republican leaders, in which Senators Lodge and Watson are understood to have had the advice of Elihu Root.

ASQUITH DEPLORES AMERICA'S ABSENCE

But Says It Is Inconceivable That We Should Stay Outside the League.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 12.—H. H. Asquith, speaking at the dinner of the League of Nations Union tonight, said that one feature of the international situation which was not wholly satisfactory was the fact that the United States was not a constituent member of the League. He said that to his eyes, and he supposed to the eyes of most others, so long as America was not a participating member of the counsels of the League it must continue to bear a fragmentary and, indeed, almost lopsided aspect.

So far as he could judge, he said, the vast majority of the people of the United States were in sympathy with the purpose and spirit of the League. He could never forget that at perhaps the most critical moment in the fortunes of the greatest struggle that had ever been waged it was the United States that threw the whole of its resources into the scale on the side of humanity and freedom. Now that right and justice had won the war, he said, it is inconceivable that America would leave the rest of the world in jeopardy, for that would be too great a calamity.

CONFERENCE GRANTS HUNGARY EASIER TERMS

Treaty Newly Agreed Upon Makes Economic but No Territorial Concessions.

LONDON, March 12.—A new Hungarian Peace Treaty has been definitely agreed upon by the Peace Conference and placed in the hands of a Drafting Committee, which has gone to Paris. It is expected that the treaty will be completed within a week.

The territorial terms against which Hungary protested so vigorously remain unchanged, but various economic concessions have been granted.

It is stated that in re-framing the economic clauses, particularly regarding the reparations to be demanded, the Conference took a much more lenient attitude than prevailed in Paris. The Conference is represented as being influenced by the recent trend of events, which prompted its economic conclusions and caused it to deal with the treaty from a changed point of view.

The completion of the Hungarian document leaves the Conference at liberty to deal exclusively with the perplexing Turkish Treaty, which was discussed today at a two-hour session. Various suggestions for a settlement of the Cilician and Armenian problems were considered without a decision being reached, as far as was announced.

GERMANS FRAME BILLS FOR NAMING PRESIDENT

One Provides for Election by Direct Vote and Requires an Absolute Majority.

LONDON, Saturday, March 13.—The London Times correspondent in Berlin says it is understood that the draft of the bill for the new Presidential election, which will reach the National Assembly in a few days, provides for the election of the President by direct vote. An absolute majority, according to the bill, would be necessary for election. Failing this, the five highest candidates would be submitted for a second ballot, and the candidate thus securing the most votes would be elected.

There is still strong opposition to election by direct vote, the correspondent adds, and the Social Democrats are reintroducing their bill to amend the Constitution so that the President shall be elected by the Reichstag and that a two-thirds majority shall be necessary to amend the Constitution. Such a change, it is pointed out, would have a decided effect on the chances of von Hindenburg's election, and the Presidency would become an electioneering object at the Autumn elections for the Reichstag.

KERENSKY REVEALS CZAR'S POLISH PLAN

Says France and England Agreed to Annexation of Austrian and Prussian Lands.

HE RECEIVED THE REPLY

Declares for Continued War on the Soviet, but Wants Only Russians in the Struggle.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 12.—Sensational revelations were made by Kerensky at a lecture yesterday on "Russia and the Allies." As he spoke Russian the French press appears to have missed the salient features. Anyway nothing thrilling was published today in the newspapers.

Kerensky declared that in the last days of the Czarist régime there was a conference of the Czar, Lord Milner for England, and M. Doumer for France.

Discussing the peace terms the Frenchman said France wanted the Sarre Valley in absolute ownership and an indefinite military occupation of the left bank of the Rhine. The others agreed. Then the Czar said Russia wanted all of Poland, including the Austrian and Prussian sections, despite his promise to accord autonomy. Milner agreed, but the Frenchman said he must consult his Government.

Before the French answer reached Russia the Czar fell, but when it did come to Kerensky, as head of the Russian Revolutionary Government, it was affirmative.

The announcement is said to have created a tremendous sensation among Polish journalists present, who at once cabled verbatim reports. It is no secret that Kerensky is very dissatisfied with the Allies for their unwillingness to agree to his idea for settling the Russian problem, and this revelation seems a gratuitous attempt to embarrass the French and British by way of revenge.

Kerensky places much of the blame for the present situation in Russia on allied policy in the past, which was based on a misunderstanding of the Russian people. All that the foreign powers did, he says, was to unite the Russians, who preferred even the Bolshevist regime to foreign interference. Only the Russian people themselves could or ever will overthrow the government of Lenin and Trotzky, he adds.

"Recognition of the Soviets," Kerensky declared, "whether implicit or avowed, will never be considered by other Russians as legalizing their position. We will continue to fight against their dictatorship in order to make a free democracy, just as we fought against Czarism with all the means in our power. But they will be Russian means. Even among the non-Bolshevist Russians there is profound irritation against any foreign interference and a policy which would reduce Russia to the limits of before the reign of Peter the Great. The only help the Allies can give is by raising the blockade and, though it has been done almost too late, giving to the country the means of reconstituting its life."

Kerensky denies that the political doctrine of Bolshevism has any hold on the Russian people.

"It was born of misery and will disappear in misery," he declares.

"It is the result of the momentary paralysis of all the vital resources of the country, shut off from the rest of the world."

He admits that all the economic organisations and the co-operatives are now under control of the Soviets, but he says that if means of transport can be re-established important stocks for revictualing the Russian cities and the rest of Europe will be found. When once that is done he has complete confidence that the Russian people will be able themselves to shake off the Bolshevist yoke.

NEW WAGE DEMANDS EMBARRASS AUSTRIA

Granting State Employes' Claims Would Increase Deficit by 1,000,000,000 Kronen.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, March 11.—The giddy whirl of inflated currency, increased wages and higher prices goes on, and it is likely to receive added impetus. Negotiations are now proceeding between the Austrian Government and organisations representing civil servants and other State employes regarding the claims made by the latter for increased salaries. These organizations demand for the lowest grade official a minimum salary of 24,000 kronen yearly. That would be nearly $4,800 in normal times. Now $140 in gold would buy so much Austrian paper money.

The Government, while wishing to retain the present nominal salaries, is prepared to double the existing allowance for the increased cost of living and make an allowance in respect of children and is also willing to grant a yearly increase of 1,000 kronen for each employe who has a wife. These allowances, it is estimated, would bring the lowest grade salaries to 18,000 kronen yearly and would involve the State in an added expenditure of 1,000,000,000 kronen—and this on top of the fact that at the end of February it was officially estimated that the deficit on the currency budget amounted then to practically 9,000,000,000 kronen.

The State employes are no doubt justified in their demands, inasmuch as the cost of living is steadily increasing, but the whole matter throws light upon the course affairs are taking here. Whatever the result of the negotiations may be, it is certain that the Government's expenditure must be increased by 1,000,000,000 kronen on a budget already heavily in arrears of income.

To cover the increased expenditure the Government proposes increased charges for all State services, and also for tobacco, which is a Government monopoly; but the ultimate resource is more likely to be found in a fresh issue of notes from the printing press, with resultant increased depreciation of currency.

And what is this civil service on which this increased expenditure is to be made? It is a body of some 220,000 officials employed by the State, the total number of officials of all sorts in Austria being roundly estimated at 500,000. No official figures of the number employed are available, but every department says it is under-staffed. Nevertheless, the figure of 500,000 represents roughly one-twelfth of the total population of the new and reduced Austria. With the State employes' wives and dependents counted, it is probable that one-sixth of the population has to live out of State wages and salaries.

What wonder, then, that the Government bargains for an increase in working hours from six to eight a day? What wonder that Austria is regarded as the craziest State in existence?

WOULD CANCEL WAR DEBTS.

Lord Fisher, Former British Sea Head, Calls Them Price of Blood.

LONDON, Saturday, March 13.—Baron Fisher, former First Sea Lord, writes to The London Times advocating the wiping out of international debts. He says:

"This last portentous war, probably altering the whole face of the earth—and certainly establishing a new community of nations on a basis only conceivable by apostolic Socialists—was waged against a military tyranny that would have stamped out freedom and established war as the only god to worship.

"All nations spent their best blood, and only by God's providence—and not by their own arm—did they win. When each country demands of another repayment in cash for what was spent in the common cause it has the aspect of the price of blood and looks as if we are setting a valuation on those millions of young souls who sacrificed their lives for freedom and not for cash.

"Cannot all these international debts be wiped out? England will lose most. Let her lead, and, like that great similitude written for our example, say to all, moved by compassion, 'I forgive thee all thy debts.'"

FRIENDLY INQUIRY ON WILSON CHARGE

French Representations as to "Militarism" Reference Are in This Form, It Is Said.

TAKEN UP BY JUSSERAND

Foch Denies He Opposes League of Nations—London Paper Defends France.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Officials and diplomats in a position to know the facts were silent again today when asked regarding the representations made to the State Department by the French Government through Ambassador Jusserand regarding President Wilson's declaration in his recent letter to Senator Hitchcock that a militaristic party which, throughout the sessions of the Peace Conference at Paris "was seeking to gain ascendency in the counsels of France," although defeated then, is "in control now."

Ambassador Jusserand refused to comment on the dispatches from Paris telling of the instructions sent to him by the French Foreign Office. Acting Secretary of State Polk also refused to discuss the matter. At the White House Private Secretary Tumulty was equally silent.

It is learned, however, that the matter has been taken up by the French Government with the Washington Government through Ambassador Jusserand. An intimation was obtained today that the representations took the form of a "friendly inquiry" rather than that of a "protest."

French diplomatic officials would not say what, if any, steps had been taken under the instructions received. It could not be learned whether the inquiries made by the French Government have been submitted to the State Department in the form of a written communication or have been the subject of oral conversations between Ambassador Jusserand and Acting Secretary Polk.

The French Embassy today gave out a denial by Marshal Foch of special cablegrams from Paris published in the United States, saying that the Marshal was opposed to the League of Nations.

Tardieu Declares Big Army Needed.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 11.—André Tardieu, in the Petit Parisien, writes:

"We have no business mixing in American internal affairs, but when as an incident of that battle judgment is uttered against French policy we have the right to be heard."

Then M. Tardieu devotes himself to arguing that the fact that France keeps a big army does not mean that she is militaristic or imperialistic. He says:

"Certain Americans, perhaps, find French imperialism in the assertion that the French effectives under the flag are more numerous today than before the war. Our effectives are not more numerous, but about the same as before the war. With 1,400,000 killed, 740,000 mutilated and 3,000,000 wounded, 57 per cent. of our men between 19 and 34 year of age slaughtered, who more than France would like to reduce its army?

"But disarmament supposes certain conditions. Clemenceau and Bourgeois proposed to the Peace Conference to give the League of Nations an efficious means of maintaining peace. If these recommendations were three times repulsed, it is not our fault. Article X. of the treaty of Versailles and the treaty of military guarantees were offered us in place of the securities we asked.

"The affairs of American internal politics have put everything in question. President Wilson is not responsible for that and every one knows he wants the treaty ratified, but the delay of six months and all this uncertainty are not the fault of France."

"A campaign of revision which recalls the worst days of the Peace Conference ten months ago attacks our guarantees. True, we have many men under arms, but, heavy as the burden may be, we shall bear it without weakening until the engagements of Versailles are in the way of execution."

London Paper Criticises Wilson.

LONDON, March 12.—President Wilson's charge of imperialism against France, contained in his letter to Senator Hitchcock early this week, has moved The Morning Post to take up the cudgels in favor of France.

The newspaper cites Mr. Wilson's present criticisms and his appeal to Italians over the head of Premier Orlando last summer as showing that, "under the impulse of his lofty ideals, the American President is almost as impatient of the constitutional governments of modern European democracies as he is impatient of his own Senate."

"Mr. Wilson's slight to France," the newspaper continues, "is particularly disturbing when one remembers the moving passages in which he recorded America's appreciation of what France suffered in the cause of human freedom. Americans and Englishmen will understand the amazement of France that the same voice which described her as the sentinel of liberty should now accuse her of being saddled with the same kind of chauvinistic government to overthrow which she sacrificed a million of her sons."

Contending that there are many indications of the spirit of aggression and revenge rising in Germany, and dismissing the League of Nations as being "almost as effective a barrier against German aggression as the International Postal Union," the newspaper says:

"The American nation, a chivalrous comrade in arms and an old friend, will realise that France, which in Mr. Wilson's admirable phrase formed the dividing line between democracy and tyranny, cannot afford to take risks."

GERMAN NOTE ASKS AN END OF ARRESTS

Demands That Germans Still Held for War Offenses Be Surrendered by Allies.

BERLIN, March 11.—The German Chargé d'Affaires in London has handed to Premier Lloyd George a note regarding the Entente extradition list, it was announced today.

After asserting that the Imperial Court will be guided only by considerations of justice and will conduct an impartial inquiry, the note demands that the arrest of Germans in the occupied territories on charges similar to those enumerated in the extradition list shall cease, and that those arrested shall be delivered to German courts.

The release of Germans who for similar reasons have been detained in war prison camps also is asked for. The note finally demands that the Allies abandon the reservation regarding their right to try for crimes committed during the war any Germans not mentioned in the list if encountered on allied territory, saying that incidents arising out of the war should be consigned to oblivion with the advent of peace.

"Otherwise," the note says, a restoration of normal relations between the different nationalities is hardly conceivable and that the German Government, on its part, will be obliged to take measures with a view to the expiation of punishable acts committed during the war against Germans by allied subjects.

The note says the extradition lists have been submitted to the Supreme State's Attorney at the Imperial Court in Leipsic, so that the requisite measures may be taken in accordance with the law for the prosecution of war offenses. It explains the terms of the bill passed to supplement this law, and says the prescriptions in it give every conceivable guarantee for an exhaustive, impartial inquiry. It is added that the German Government's attitude toward all the Allies' reservations therefore is manifest.

GERMANY PROTESTS PLEBISCITE ORDERS

BERLIN, March 12.—The Government has made an emphatic protest to the Peace Conference and to the Interallied Commission for the plebiscite territories in Upper Silesia, West Prussia and East Prussia against a series of decrees issued by the commission, which Germany contends will interfere largely with the judicial organisation and procedure in the districts concerned.

Germany also contends that the decrees contravene the stipulations of the Peace Treaty.

COPENHAGEN, March 12.—The first shipload of voters from Denmark was enthusiastically received at Flensburg, Sunday, on Thursday the excitement is increasing with the approach of Sunday, the polling day in the plebiscite which is to determine whether Slesvig is to remain German or become Danish. Three more shiploads of voters left Copenhagen today for Flensburg.

The German technical advisers in Flensburg have withdrawn their resignations in consequence of the International Commission's having rescinded its prohibition against the display of German or Danish flags on private houses.

NOSKE NIPS PLOT FOR A REVOLUTION

Army Captain and the Head of Fatherland Party Arrested as Principals.

TRIED TO CORRUPT TROOPS

Apparent Plan to Use Prince Joachim Incident to Cause Rising.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 12.—Two important arrests were ordered last night by War Minister Noske, those of Captain Pabst Vonohain and Dr. Wolgang Kapp. It is stated they were arrested on suspicion of attempting a reactionary revolution, having tried to gain the co-operation of military bodies and persons for their plans.

These plans were far-reaching, aiming at nothing less than the overthrow of the Government by force.

The prospective trial and probable imprisonment of a Hohenzollern Prince for insulting French officers at the Hotel Adlon was regarded a splendid opportunity for opening hostilities against the republic. Captain Pabst Vonohain is said to have approached several of Noske's officers whose monarchist sympathies he took for granted and outlined a plan by which Prince Joachim was to be liberated and the Government surprised and compelled to fly or even surrender.

Vonohain doubtless found some influential officers willing to co-operate immediately or after the first success gained, and this may also be true, to a lesser extent, regarding the rank and file. But the "Republican League of Officers" happened to hear of the conspiracy and informed Noske, who declares that it will be suppressed without regard to past services. This threat is intelligible when it is remembered that Captain Pabst Vonohain was the organizer of the Sharpshooters' Division of Cavalry Guards, which in January, 1919, defended Berlin and the Government against the Spartacides and anarchy.

Later, when Vonohain found that there was no chance for him and his monarchist friends to return to rule, he is supposed to have negotiated with the Spartacide leaders for organizing a Red army which he may have hoped could ultimately be used for monarchist schemes. When Noske heard of this Vonohain pretended that he had only entered into negotiations to learn the Spartacide plans, but he was sufficiently compromised so that he was dropped from the army.

Dr. Kapp is a veteran reactionary leader. He held important offices under the old régime and was a member of the Reichstag. He helped to found and has been President of the Fatherland Party.

Vorwärts published yesterday a long list of monarchist intrigues and demonstrations against the republic which had occurred within two weeks. It is thought the reactionaries regarded Prince Joachim's trial as the psychological moment for an outbreak and counter-revolution.

BERLIN, March 12 (Associated Press).—The German Government has discovered a revolutionary plot organised by a reactionary clique, which also has been endeavoring to corrupt the troops.

The public security forces and the Reichswehr have been confined to barracks in readiness for an emergency.

Die Freiheit asserts that General von Luettwitz, commander of the first Reichswehr group, is implicated in the plot.

ENTENTE MISSION DRIVEN FROM BREMEN

Members Attacked by Crowd as They Leave City After Unsuccessful Visit.

PARIS, March 12.—The Entente Military Mission, which went recently to Bremen on official business and was attacked by a crowd when leaving the barracks after preliminary negotiations with the German officers there, was ultimately obliged to leave the city without having accomplished the purposes of its visit, according to advices from Berlin.

The Entente officers were the object of a fresh demonstration on their departure, the reports state, a crowd gathering before their hotel, breaking the glass in the windows of the automobiles conveying the party and displaying so much hostility that the German authorities were compelled to send a strong escort to accompany the mission to the railway station.

The Council of Ambassadors will hold a session tomorrow under the Presidency of Premier Millerand. A report on the situation, created by the recent attempts on the persons of the Allied Commissioners in Germany, will be examined.

FACT

RECOGNITION OF THE FACT THAT THE CORRECTLY LAID-OUT BUSINESS SUIT IS RESERVED, BOTH IN FABRIC AND TREATMENT, WILL PROVE ADVANTAGEOUS WHEN ONE CARES TO MAKE A SELECTION.

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WASHINGTON PLAN FOR SOVIET TRADE

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

which quoted M. Krassin, Russian Soviet Commissioner of Ways and Communication, as saying:

"It is nonsense to talk of trading with Russian co-operatives or people, when the Government is ignored. The popular idea in England that trade with co-operatives is possible is based upon a misapprehension as to the relation of the co-operatives and the State. The co-operatives are part of the Government's economic organization, and are the most important instrument of distribution."

According to the same dispatch M. Goukoffsky, chief of the Soviet commercial mission at Reval, stated that he was at present the sole authority outside of Russia empowered to sign contracts with co-operatives or Soviets.

A Bolshevist mission which includes M. Krassin and M. Litvinoff is to represent the co-operatives in Europe. According to a recent report, M. Litvinoff is now chief delegate of the Russian co-operative societies.

CHARGES LLOYD GEORGE DICKERS WITH REDS

Pertinax Says Premier's Agent Is Talking Peace Terms with Litvinoff.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 12.—The Echo de Paris will publish the following article by Pertinax tomorrow morning:

"The League of Nations will meet Saturday morning to name a commission of inquiry to tell us what we ought to believe and ought not to believe about the Bolsheviki. The principle of this inquiry has been admitted by the Supreme Council in London. Premier Lloyd George has recommended such a measure in order to lead the Allies little by little to reopen not only commercial but also political relations with the Soviets. He is now trying to hurry on this evolution.

"In the original text of the economic memorandum there were phrases stipulating that the revolutionary Government at Moscow should be recognized immediately in the interest of economic reconstruction of Europe. As Premier Millerand had the good sense to suppress this clause, his colleague in London is anxious to re-establish his position with the Labor Party and without doubt is going to get back on to the same road.

"He set to work without waiting for the return of the Krassine mission, which was already on its way to London. Under the circumstances it is difficult to imagine that Mr. O'Grady, who is at present at Palo, near Vitburg, is talking to Litvinoff only about repatriation of prisoners. In reality a treaty of peace between Great Britain and the Moscow Soviet is being discussed. The British Labor Member of Parliament has handed to Litvinoff a memorandum setting forth the wishes of his Government. He has asked him to what extent the disarmament of Russia and abstinence from Bolshevist propaganda in allied countries will be carried out and has obtained only unsatisfactory replies.

"The people's commissaires are unwilling to demobilize their army except in proportion to the demobilisation in allied countries. They state that they are willing to abstain from interfering in the affairs of other countries, but they urge as a fundamental principle of their agreement free communication with the workers of other countries.

"Among other questions pressed has been the cession to Great Britain of a complete monopoly in platinum. But in all the dealings commercial matters have occupied second place, though later they may be of the most importance.

"In order to bring matters further to completion the British Prime Minister has completed his work of pushing the small neighboring States into the arms of the Soviets, some of the representatives of these countries have received from him advice which strongly resembles instructions. His success is complete. Before the Soviets a sauve qui peut has set in.

"We pray that Lloyd George will study the treaty which Esthonia has just made with Russia and find, as he must, in its secret clauses the creation of a telegraphic centre which will allow Moscow to exchange messages with foreign countries. Without doubt he will conclude from his examination that Red Russia is preparing to recover and perhaps extend the former domains of the Czar and that thus far our concessions have only added to their power."

Tokio Favors Trading with Russia.

TOKIO, March 6.—It is understood that the Advisory Council yesterday recommended delay in replying to the Russian Soviet Government's overtures for peace, but gave approval to the plan for reopening of trade with the Russian co-operative societies and for the evacuation of Siberia.

POLES CONSIDERING PEACE WITH SOVIET

President, Premier and Foreign Minister Issue Statement, but Public Is Divided.

WARSAW, March 7 (Associated Press).—Poland is going ahead with serious consideration of a reasonable peace with Soviet Russia, notwithstanding reports to the contrary, says a statement just issued, signed by President Pilsudski, Premier Skulski and Stanislas Patek, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The conference opening here Monday is the first organised effort among the newly created free States to get together and answer the latest peace note of the Russian Soviets. Peace advocates contend that Poland should meet the Bolsheviki at least half way in steps leading toward peace negotiations. Many diplomatists say Poland cannot afford to ignore the Supreme Council's advice, while, on the other hand, there are those who contend that Poland is being driven to make peace against her will.

Chief among the anti-peace arguments is a statement that would peace be concluded Poland would be flooded with Bolshevist propaganda, and the price of everything would increase. Esthonia is cited as an example, it being said that after a peace agreement had been made there the prices of essentials increased, in some cases as much as 600 per cent. This, it is said, was due to the sale of clothing and certain foods of which Russia was in great need. Another argument is that Poland would be deluged with rubles, further depreciating Polish currency.

Observers here believe that Poland will take a firm stand in demanding recognition of the frontier of 1772, with independence for nations which belonged to the former Russian Empire.

OFFERED 100,000 MEN TO COERCE TURKS

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

when Turkey was militarily humbled, the present crisis would not have arisen.

Reports are current that Bolshevist activities, directed against the Allies, have cropped out in co-operation with the Turkish nationalists and in nearer India. It is said that specially trained Bolshevist propagandists have installed printing presses in Afghanistan, where pamphlets, written in the vernacular, with a view to undermining British authority in India and stirring up troubles on the Afghan border, are being produced.

Commenting on Earl Curzon's statement The Yorkshire Post says:

"In the Near East a religious controversy means bloodshed. We cannot but regret that a number of distinguished Americans should have chosen this dangerous moment for issuing a manifesto favoring a 'bag and baggage' policy.

"It is, of course, no business of Europe's whether America decides to take part in Near Eastern affairs, but the course of pressing a particular settlement on Europe and refusing to help give effect thereto are surely unfair to Europe, and it is impossible not to accept the responsibilities involved in its pursuit."

In an editorial on the same subject The Liverpool Post says:

"It is no use for Earl Curzon obliquely to blame America. The Peace Congress was still effective. Though President Wilson had gone home, America was still represented on it. If there is any fault it indisputably lies at the door of the Peace Congress, whose dilatoriness, indecision and internal rivalry have given the Turk his inevitable opportunity. But that is past, and it is now for the Peace Congress to show the Turk that it intends to be master of the situation."

Turks Unmoved by Demonstrations.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 11 (Associated Press).—Numerous dispatches from London and Paris announcing that the Supreme Council has decided to take drastic action at Constantinople to prevent the killing of Christians and enforce peace terms more radical than were contemplated before the trouble at Marash have been received with apparent indifference by the Turks, the only effect being the designation of a slightly changed Cabinet.

Turkish officials are watching without any evidences of concern the movement in London to force them out of Europe, and the printing of a dispatch reporting that President Wilson would insist that the Sultan must leave Constantinople caused scarcely a ripple.

The allied naval displays in the Bosporus and the British and French naval parades in the streets of Constantinople are watched indifferently by the public. The Black, Marmora and Aegean Seas are alive with allied warships ready to co-operate with land forces in the defense of the Straits and enforcement of a blockade should such action be taken. The British have four battleships of the Iron Duke class, four cruisers of the Cardiff class, six destroyers of the Steadfast class, two destroyers of the Tomahawk class and five superdreadnoughts of the Revenge class within easy reach of the Straits, with several other warships convenient to the Golden Horn or the Bosporus.

The Italians have two battleships, one cruiser and two destroyers in the vicinity. The French have two modern battleships, two destroyers, two cruisers, two sloops and one transport; the Greeks the battleship Kilkis (formerly the U. S. S. Idaho) and two destroyers, and the Americans six destroyers, the cruiser Galveston and several small craft.

Senate Resolution Against Turks.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Senator Sherman, Republican of Illinois, introduced a resolution today recommending that the Peace Conference abolish Turkish rule "at Constantinople and over Christians everywhere." The resolution also recommended that Northern Epirus, the Dodecanesus and the western coast of Asia Minor from the Gulf of Adramyti to the Bay of Maori, be turned over to Greece. It was referred to the Foreign Relations Committee.

FEISAL DISTURBING FACTOR.

Lodian Sees New Complications in His Ambition to Reign in Syria.

LONDON, March 12.—A fresh complication has been added to the Eastern situation by the news that Prince Feisal, son of the King of the Hedjaz, has been proclaimed King of Syria. Prince Feisal has displayed a strong inclination to play his own hand ever since the British Government made a treaty with him. He has also shown himself strong for self-determination for his people. The recent Pan-Syrian Congress proclaimed as one of the principal planks of its platform that Syria be an independent State, with Prince Feisal on the throne. Hitherto that movement had not been taken seriously here.

An invitation was sent a short time ago to the Prince to pay another visit to Europe and confer with the Supreme Council. He was urged to take no action until the Supreme Council had passed upon his case. The upshot of the matter, it is generally conceded, appears to be that the Syrian people plan to run their own affairs and are bent upon self-determination.

The next move, apparently, is for the British and French Governments, or for the Supreme Council, to decide what shall be the attitude toward the new nominal kingdom and its King.

McCREERY'S ANNUAL SPRING SALES

Embracing Every Department

For Today Only!

1000

Tricolette Blouses

McCreery's Spring Sale Price

3.95

The advertised manufacturers' price on these waists 4.25

These are certainly wonderful values, and we are sorry we have but 1000 to offer at this exceptionally low price.

These Blouses are of the desired short sleeve model, and may be had in the following colors—

Rose	*Flesh*	*Gray*
White	*Maize*	*Black*
Copenhagen	*Bisque*	*Navy*

No Mail or Telephone Orders

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue *34th Street*

This Store Closes at 5 P. M.

HELFFERICH GUILTY, ERZBERGER REBUKED

Berlin Court Fines Ex-Treasury Chief 300 Marks and Costs of Libel Suit.

FAILS TO PROVE ONE POINT

But Is Upheld on Four Others—Erzberger Used Office for Gain, Says Court.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 12.—Dr. Karl Helfferich was fined 300 marks and costs yesterday because he failed to prove one point in his allegations against Mathias Erzberger, namely, the latter's intention to denounce Helfferich to the Entente. All of the other allegations the presiding Judge, Baumbach, after seven weeks' trial, considers proved.

Announcing this sentence yesterday the Judge epitomized these allegations as follows: First, mixing politics with business; second, untruthfulness; third, impropriety; fourth, political activity to Germany's disadvantage.

The cases of the Thyssen and Berger interests, which firms Erzberger took care of in Parliament while at the same time accepting his salary as member of the Board of Directors, come under first and third points. Erzberger's transaction in Hamburg-Amerika Line shares, which he bought at a low rate before it was decided that the company would be compensated for the ships delivered to the Entente, and Erzberger's speculation in a certain invention afterwards sold to Sweden, according to the Judge, justify the fourth point.

Untruthfulness he states to be almost a habit with Erzberger, who, in the Judge's opinion, should have informed Dr. Bethmann Hollweg of his intention to overthrow him instead of leading him to believe he was his friend. The Judge also regards it as proof of habitual untruthfulness if Erzberger suddenly, without warning, sprung his attack on the unrestricted U-boat war and kept Dr. Bethmann Hollweg in darkness regarding the details of the peace resolution of 1917.

Of course this result of the trial, though no other was expected in view of the outspoken reactionary attitude of the Judge and the Public Prosecutor, will finish, it is said, Erzberger's career as a member of the Government for the present. But though he has been no angel and has surely committed many acts incompatible with the highest ethics, he will most likely be returned again to Parliament by his Suabian constituency, for if he sinned he did so mostly unconsciously and under the old régime where his sins had precedents in the highest circles.

The Centrist Party will meet March 18 to discuss Erzberger's political future, and its astute leaders will hardly be influenced by the opinion of reactionary bureaucrats like Judge Baumbach, whose manner from the beginning of the trial, it is felt here, only too clearly showed partiality for Helfferich.

The reactionary press openly declares Helfferich's victory a monarchist triumph over the republic. They promise many more and seek to identify Erzberger's alleged corruption with the new system. Some predict that Erzberger's removal from the Government will have the effect of increasing the world's confidence in Germany's solvency. "Down goes Erzberger, up goes the mark," they say.

BERLIN, March 12 (Associated Press).—Although judgment was given by the court against Dr. Helfferich, the verdict was liberally tinctured with condemnation of Erzberger, which charged that the defendant had not only proved the former Vice Chancellor untrustworthy, but guilty of using his official Parliamentary position for furtherance of his private gain, notably with respect to the purchase of Hamburg-American Steamship Company shares.

The court, in its opinion, held that while Dr. Helfferich ostensibly was guided by patriotic motives in his fight against Herr Erzberger, he nevertheless permitted himself to be influenced by hatred of him.

George Cohan's Daughter Arrives.

Among the theatrical folk arriving from England yesterday on the White Star liner Adriatic was Miss Georgette Cohan, who was met by her father, George M. Cohan. Miss Cohan said she had played "Peter Pan" in London, and that Sir James M. Barrie had spoken well of her performance. Maude Odell, who first came to this country in 1909 as England's perfect young woman, arrived on the same steamer on her way to Los Angeles to work in moving pictures. Another passenger was Thomas C. Dagnall, manager of the Criterion Theatre in London, who was accompanied by his wife and Sydney Blow, the playwright.

GOMPERS ATTACKS U. S. SUPREME COURT

Declares Dividend Decision Means That $100,000,000 Burden Falls on the People.

Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer and the United States Supreme Court were attacked by Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, in his address at Carnegie Hall last night at the meeting held to welcome Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, on his return from a study of industrial and economic conditions in Europe.

Mr. Gompers attacked Mr. Palmer for his use of the injunction in the coal strike and the Supreme Court for the decisions on stock dividends and on the United States Steel Corporation.

"One right that ought to be inalienable," he said, "is the right of workers to stop work for any purpose at any time they wish or think they ought to stop. That right is an inherent constitutional right. For the Government to deny it is the beginning of the disintegration of democracy and of the representative form of government. Whether this action is taken by the Attorney General or by the so-called Railroad bill matters little. In either case it is the beginning of the end of the representative form of government.

"To require a worker by law to work when he does not want to work is to put the Government in the position of supporting a slave owner. The distinction between a slave and a free man is that a slave must work when his owner says so and a free man may quit when he wishes. The free man owns himself. He has the right to suffer if he refuses to work."

Speaking of recent decisions of the Supreme Court, he said:

"One of these decisions gives the blessing of sanctity to the Steel Trust and the other makes it necessary for $100,000,000 additional to be paid by the people because the stock dividends are not taxable, but that is another story, the story of the invasion of the people's rights by the judicial tribunals of this country."

Mr. Gompers said that the hope of the world's freedom and democracy was in the labor movement. He said that the progress of labor was not revolutionary, but was designed to make each day one of improved conditions for labor. He made a plea for unity in the labor movement, saying:

"Big as this country is, it is not big enough for rivalry and antagonism. We need unity of purpose and unity of action.

"We cannot pass a law for the benefit of the unions and of labor unless that law is better for all the people. Our fight is for all the people and for all labor, whether that labor is union or non-union."

Telling of his visit to European countries, including Germany, Austria and Poland, Mr. Schlesinger declared that all nations ought to recognize the present Russian Soviet Government and open trade relations so that Russian supplies might be used for the relief of the destitute in the mid-European regions. Unless this recognition were forthcoming from the present European Governments, he said, "the people would have to revolt and establish governments that would recognize the Soviets." Answering questions after the meeting, Schlesinger said he referred to the governments in Austria and Germany.

Remarking that his audience of 5,000 was for the most part Jewish and that the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union was entirely Jewish in membership, Mr. Schlesinger said he had found that the reports of pogroms and suffering among the Jews in Poland were not exaggerated. He suggested that a fund be made up here before the Jewish holidays for relief in Poland until Summer.

LOWDEN MEN ATTACK WOOD.

Say He Is Presented as "Doctor" in the West and "General" in the East.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The managers for Governor Lowden launched another attack upon General Wood tonight. A statement issued through Representative Frank L. Smith, manager of the Lowden headquarters here, said:

"The managers of General Wood's campaign have recently complained that certain Republicans who are unfriendly to the General's candidacy have said that the General's interests are suffering because he must necessarily make his campaign in the uniform of the army. They graciously absolve Governor Lowden of any personal responsibility for these reports, but seek to intimate that some of the Governor's supporters are the responsible parties. Let me say emphatically that this is a type of politics to which the Lowden managers have not resorted.

"If such a regrettable statement has been made by any one, it can only be attributed to the confusing fact that the managers of General Wood's campaign in the West speak of him only as Doctor Wood, and display only those photographs which show him in civilian attire, while in the East he is designated always as General Wood, and his military photographs are used to the exclusion of all others. It is possible that General Wood, far from being handicapped by his uniform, which is honored by every one, is suffering from the inconsistencies of his own managers."

TIE UP WATCHMAN AND STEAL $421,150

Burglars in Philadelphia Take Bonds from Two Safes in Weightman Building.

11 ROBBERIES IN CHICAGO

Cafe "Shot Up" in Wild Western Fashion—Theatre Manager Killed While Counting Receipts.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 12.—Stocks and bonds, which the owners say are negotiable and worth $421,150, were stolen shortly after 1 o'clock this morning, when three masked safe crackers bound and gagged the night watchman in the Baker Building, at 1,520 Chestnut Street, and then made their way by the roof route to the Weightman Building, next door, where they drilled two safes in investment offices on the seventh and eighth floors.

The victims of the robbery, declared to be the most daring in the history of the Police Department, are the Hydro-Electric Finance Corporation, with offices at 812-814 Weightman Building, and the Ocean City Electric Company, with offices in the Baker Building.

The safe in the office of the Hydro corporation was drilled and the bar holding the lock bars was knocked out, but the safe in the other office was neatly drilled, and then a small charge of nitro-glycerine, just sufficient to shatter the combination, was used. Both jobs were the work of expert, old-time cracksmen, according to Detective Captain Alfred I. Souder, who visited the scenes today.

Some of the strangest features in connection with the robbery were the shutting down of the lighting system in the Weightman Building and the apparent knowledge that the yeggmen must have had before hand that such a thing was to be done; and a daring leap on a rope between the two buildings.

The changing of a fuse and repairs in the Central Power House of the Philadelphia Electric Company, which supplies power to the building, put all the lights out and shut down the elevator.

Because of this the negro watchman in the building remained on the first floor all night instead of making his hourly visits to each floor, and the thieves were apparently aware of the fact.

The watchman, who was bound and chloroformed, was C. W. Neill, 60 years old. He has worked for a year as watchman in the Baker Building.

Holdups in Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 12.—Some Chicagoans are approximately $40,000 poorer as the result of eleven robberies by as many gangs of bandits during the last twenty-four hours.

One of the raids involved the "shooting up" of a café in wild Western fashion and the wounding of a bystander.

Apart from this series of robberies, William Mills, manager of the Crawford Theatre, at West Madison Street and Crawford Avenue, was shot and instantly killed late last night while counting the evening's receipts in the box office, but whether this was an act of revenge or was inspired by an intent to rob has not been determined. The murder was perpetrated by one of two men, both of whom escaped.

The robbery victims were: Weinberg Brothers, wholesale tailors, 9,094 Commercial Avenue, robbed of woolens and clothing worth $26,000. This place was cleaned out of everything except the fixtures.

Burroak Inn, 119th and Wood Streets, raided by gunmen, who shot at the patrons and stole $500.

Joseph Vlemke, grocer at 603 North Kedzie Avenue, locked in an icebox by thieves, who stole $250.

B. Perlmutter, movie theatre owner, living at 1,515 North Irving Avenue, robbed of $2,500 in money and jewels by holdup men.

Mrs. W. T. Stewart, 5,046 Winchester Avenue, who lost $800 in jewelry to burglars.

V. J. Markych, 748 North Robey Street, who lost jewelry worth $1,800.

Harry Bernstein, 930 Taylor Street, robbed of clothing worth $400.

Sloman Jewelry Co., 3,042 Lakeside Place, Secretary and Treasurer of the MacLean Drug Company, who was gagged and robbed in garage. Three robbers took a check for $200, $150 worth of stamps and $75. Then they got away in his auto.

Five bandits in the customary large black limousine raided the most notorious oasis of the south side, the Burr Oak Inn, early this morning. After forcing ten patrons of the place to line up, the robbers made "Dutch" Heitler, brother of the proprietor of the roadhouse, open the cash drawer and escaped from the place after shooting one of the patrons in the hand. The robbers took $500.

Perlmutter was held up in front of his home and robbed of a satchel containing $500, several checks, his watch, valued at $75, and his diamond ring, valued at $2,000.

FRANCE PLANS TO TAX BACHELORS 10 PER CENT.

Supplementary Levy Added by Chamber—Millionaires to Pay 40 Per Cent.

PARIS, March 11.—Proposals that a supplementary tax of 10 per cent. be levied upon the incomes of bachelors have been approved by the Finance Committee of the Chamber of Deputies, which is framing the new tax legislation.

Under the provisions of the bill a maximum of 40 per cent. may be levied against incomes of more than 1,000,000 francs, this rate being decreased for lower incomes. Wage earners would be required to pay 6 per cent., certain deductions being allowed.

HEARST BUYS AUTOGRAPHS.

Collection of Late Josiah H. Benton Sold for $4,313.75.

The autograph collection of the late Josiah H. Benton, at one time President of the Board of Trustees of the Boston Public Library, was sold yesterday at the American Art Galleries. William R. Hearst obtained many of the items.

Letters of Abraham Lincoln brought the highest prices. One dated Feb. 6, 1849, went to W. W. Nolan for $180. James F. Drake paid $170 for another, dated May 27, 1859, and $200 for a letter to Secretary Stanton, dated Oct. 9, 1863. Mr. Hearst gave $60 for a letter by David Crockett, the pioneer, dated Dec. 25, 1834. Mr. Drake paid $60 for a letter by Lord Byron, dated March 2, 1914. The day's total was $4,313.75. The sale will be concluded today.

ENJOINS LIBEL ON COUNTESS

English Court Restrains American from Defaming Swedish Singer.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 12.—An injunction restraining Mrs. Sadie Mary Murray of Massachusetts from publishing defamatory statements regarding Christine Nilsson, Dowager Countess Casa de Miranda, operatic singer, once known as the second Swedish nightingale, was granted by Justice Avery today.

Counsel for the Countess said that the defendant, whose maiden name was believed to have been Nelson, had been libelling the Countess by alleging that she was the Countess's illegitimate daughter.

The libels began in 1908, when an American lawyer who represented Mrs. Murray was told the facts and abandoned the case. The next serious attack was in January, 1913, when a letter was written to the Countess's solicitors by another American lawyer.

In November, 1918, said counsel, Mrs. Murray had given a most amazing interview to an American paper. Counsel stated that Mrs. Murray's allegations were entirely false and there was evidence that the Countess never had a child.

BRITISH STUDENTS COMING.

Imperial College Will Send Six to American Universities.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 12.—Six graduates in sciences of British universities will be sent this year to American universities for research work by the Imperial College of Science and Technology. They will hold scholarships partly provided by funds of the Imperial College and partly by private donors, and it is hoped a corresponding number of advanced students from American universities will come over to the Imperial College.

Lord Grey of Fallodon, writing of these scholarships, said:

"It is most desirable that young men of the rising generation who will do much in the public work here and in America in coming years should get to know each others' universities. It will help both countries to realize how much the British and American peoples have in common, not merely in language but in thought and in political views and aspirations."

WOMEN IN BUTLER LEAGUE.

Launch National Organization to Boost President of Columbia.

The "For President Nicholas Murray Butler Women's League" was organized yesterday at a meeting at the Butler headquarters in the Hotel Commodore. It is intended to use this as a nucleus for a woman's organization throughout the country in the campaign to make Dr. Butler the Republican nominee. Officers were elected, as follows:

Executive Chairman—Mrs. John S. Sheppard; Vice Chairmen—Mrs. Charles S. Whitman, Mrs. Everett Hamilton and Mrs. Thomas R. Proctor; Recording Secretary—Mrs. Charles D. Hazen; Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Gardner Gayler; Treasurer—Mrs. M. V. Hoffman.

WOOD DECRIES ALL RADICAL CHANGES

Declares "Steady!" Should Be the Country's Watchword Following the War.

FOR FIRM FOREIGN POLICY

General Receives Warm Greeting as He Speaks at Five Meetings in Indianapolis.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 12.—Indianapolis gave General Leonard Wood, candidate for the Republican nomination for the Presidency, an enthusiastic welcome today. The day marked the beginning of General Wood's personal campaign for Indiana's thirty delegates to the Republican Convention, and if the reception accorded him is any indication, he has every reason to be pleased with the outlook. He was assured this afternoon by more than seventy-five of his State and county managers that he is gaining strength daily and that there is every reason for the statement that the primaries of May 4 will prove him the choice of Republicans of the Hoosier State.

General Wood made five speeches today, in every instance to audiences that packed the meeting places. He addressed the members of the Marion and Columbia Clubs, both leading Republican organizations; then the State and county managers of his campaign organization in Indiana, next a mass meeting of men and women in the ballroom of the Hotel Claypool. Tonight he spoke in the Masonic Temple before the Past Masters' organization of the State.

In his speeches today, all without notes, General Wood advocated a firm foreign policy that would guarantee American lives and property in Mexico and all other parts of the world.

The two fundamental qualities in administration," said General Wood, "are, first, to select the ablest men and not be afraid to use them, and, secondly, to be able to co-ordinate their efforts toward a harmonious end. Their work and their success must be yours. There is an old English saying that it is well to remember, 'if you have a watch dog, don't bark yourself,' at least don't bark all the time."

General Wood at the principal meeting, which was in the Masonic Temple, said:

"So far as fighting goes, our part in the World War seems to be over, but we still have the great problems of readjustment which follow all great wars. We are, I am certain, all anxious to have the nation return to a peace basis, and to have our affairs swing back into normal channels. There is considerable to be done, but we can do it easily if we only devote ourselves to the work immediately at hand.

"Steady" the Watchword.

"These are not days for radical changes. If there ever was a time in our national history when the watchword should be 'Steady,' that time is today. Standing with your feet square on the ground, your ideals high and your eyes on God, stand steadfast for these things that are right, for the policies and traditions which we have tested and know to be sound. We want to progress, but we do not want to progress like a whirling dervish. Motion does not necessarily mean progress. It must be motion in the right direction. We want no wild leap in the dark. We went to knew where our feet are planted, whether we are bound, and then go ahead steadily, step by step, like a cautious man on dangerous ground. We cannot afford to slip.

"We want to hold things tight here, we want to build up our business. We cannot do that unless we establish conditions of confidence, and how are we to do that? We must have a Government under the Constitution absolutely, with each department functioning closely within its own limits, not one department of the Government trying to override and drive the others. We want to build up respect for law and order, because that makes for confidence, and confidence helps business, and good business gives you occupied and contented labor, and all these in combination will give you what the world is calling for today, as it never called before—increased production. That is what we want here as the remedy for the high cost of living. We want those plain, homely, substantial principles enunciated and lived up to.

Following a reference to the kind of an army needed by the United States—one, in his opinion, not to exceed at the most 225,000 men—General Wood took up the question of the tariff.

Want a Tariff for Defense.

"We want," he said, "a tariff as a weapon of defense. Some time we may need it as a weapon of offense, but when production all over the world is almost at a standstill the tariff must be fitted to existing conditions. We want a tariff to protect industries which are essential to America and which need protection, not a tariff to protect industries which are artificial and whose protection means adding to the living cost of our people.

"We also we want, and we want it very badly, a budget system. We want an executive budget, and what is that? An executive budget is one prepared by the Chief Executive. Of course, he does not do it by himself. No man's life would be long enough to do that. It is a budget which is presented to the President by the heads of departments, and he, through able assistants, co-ordinates that budget and presents it in the form of a general estimate, fixing the character of the nation's expenses, and with it gives a statement of the reasons underlying it, a statement of the prospective revenues.

"Congress then takes it, as a body, and proceeds to its proper and orderly consideration.

"Such a budget will kill the tyranny of committees. You know how things are handled today. The Chairman of a committee, for instance, represents the dominant party in Congress. He influences and largely controls his colleagues on that committee, and the result is that the Chairman largely dominates the policy of a great department like that of war, or the navy, or agriculture. With this system of presenting to Congress a concrete budget, you will have an opportunity to get the views of Congress as a whole, and not the views of few committee members, as is the case today."

General Wood argued that members of the Cabinet should be given the right to appear on the floors of Congress for interpolation regarding their administration of their departments, as well as for the purpose of defending their policies.

"We want a strong, self-respecting foreign policy," the General continued, "tolerant, seeking peace, but staunch and true, the protection of our rights and interests. We do not wish to be trouble makers, but we must establish a policy which will insure our standing among nations. We must build up not only a definite foreign policy, but a well defined foreign commercial policy.

"We must protect Americans wherever they live, whether it be in Mexico or China; protect them against any oppression when they maintain themselves within the law of the land in which they reside. The world must understand that it cannot injure American citizens with impunity. To permit it injures the standing of our Government at home and abroad and gives the impression of timidity. A firm and dignified policy will prevent any actions which may lead to serious difficulty.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 12 (Associated Press).—In his speech before Republican leaders at a luncheon at the Columbia Club, General Wood declared fostering of domestic business and world commerce was one of the paramount obligations of the American people and Government.

General Wood advocated careful training of consular officers for all foreign countries, to the offices of which would be attached trained commercial agents. He mentioned particularly the South and Central American and Far Eastern countries, in which he declared the United States had never had such an opportunity to advance its trade relations.

The sale or lease of American shipping built during the war to American firms only, in order that the merchant marine built up might be kept under the American flag, also was urged by the speaker.

General Wood reiterated that he favored adoption of the treaty of peace and the League of Nations covenant with reservations "which absolutely Americanize it" and a "strong, courteous foreign policy" which would include a trade policy.

Hitchcock Is Optimistic.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 12.—"I am well satisfied with the situation," said Frank H. Hitchcock, manager of General Wood's Presidential campaign, when leaving for New York today after five days in Chicago smoothing out some of the wrinkles in the original plans. As a result of the various conferences held by Mr. Hitchcock, Wood forces in several Western States have been shifted around with a view to greater efficiency.

Mr. Hitchcock has been in communication by telephone with party leaders who have been his associates in other pre-convention battles, and has much of his old organization working with him.

HYLAN'S BADGERING ENDS FARE HEARING

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

inform you that I shall not participate in any further hearings of your board upon the subject of the affairs of the New York Railways Company. By the same direction the petition filed with your board on Jan. 7, 1920, by Mr. Hedges as receiver of that company is hereby withdrawn. Such further investigation into the affairs of that property as your board may desire to make will not be attended by counsel for the receiver."

The notices of both Mr. Sheffield and of Mr. Garrison merely stated the fact of their withdrawal from the inquiry.

It was the intention of the board to take up the affairs of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company next. The company had gathered data it thought would support its claim for an increased fare.

Mayor Hylan made this comment on the changed situation:

"Corporation Counsel Burr made a request of the New York Railways Company for some very important information never made public before. They promised to produce this next Wednesday. I don't know whether that had anything to do with the withdrawals of the petitions."

Controller Craig said:

"I suppose they are grieved at the suggestion of Borough President Curran of Manhattan that the fare be made 3 or 4 cents, and for that reason decided to withdraw."

President La Guardia of the Board of Aldermen said:

"I am sorry. It may be an unpleasant task, but it is essential that we all should work out a solution of the traction problem."

Curran Takes Fling at Mayor.

Borough President Curran of Manhattan said:

"I don't know why Colonel Stimson has withdrawn, but I don't see why any one should submit to the discourtesies and intentional insults of the Mayor and Controller unless he is compelled to. It is very difficult to be associated with either of them and retain one's self-respect."

No comment was made by Mr. Burr. He is ill with a severe cold.

The intimation in the comment of the Mayor that the New York Railways Company would not take any further interest in the inquiry of the board was because Mr. Stimson had been asked for some important information referred to an incident at the last meeting of the board on Wednesday. Mr. Burr, backed by the insistence of the Mayor and Controller, demanded information relating to the reorganization of the Metropolitan Rapid Transit Company, the issuance and retirement of the securities of that company and much detail concerning the plan of reorganizing that company into the New York Railways Company.

Mr. Stimson displayed eagerness to furnish the information, but he explained that in gathering some data demanded the services of an expert accountant would be required, that he was without money to employ such services and that the information asked for could be obtained from the records of the Public Service Commission or from the records of the several investigations made in the last twelve years. He referred especially to the Ivins investigation, which lasted nine months, in 1907 and 1908. He said that much of the data could be found in that record.

It was said yesterday that much of the time of the board was wasted in idle talk.

CALLS NOMINATING PETITIONS ILLEGAL

Senator W. M. Bennett Files Protests in the 11th, 19th and 21st City Districts.

HOOVER CLUB OPENS HERE

Woods Men Get Roseate Reports from Pennsylvania, Massachusetts and Indiana.

Former Senator William M. Bennett, who is opposing the Republican organization's candidates for delegates-at-large in the interest of Senator Hiram W. Johnson's campaign for the Republican Presidential nomination, yesterday filed protests against the nominating petitions of the regular organization candidates in the Eleventh, Nineteenth and Twenty-first New York City Districts. He maintains that the petitions were illegally prepared.

If in the proceedings before the Board of Elections which are expected to follow the filing of the protests, Bennett succeeds in proving his contention, the names of Chauncey M. Depew, George Cromwell, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Charles D. Hilles, Edward M. Morgan and John J. Lyons may be left off the primary election ballot, leaving only Johnson candidates in these districts.

The protest against the petition in the Eleventh District is based upon the contention that four different petitions were filed, none of which contained the necessary number of signatures required by law. In the aggregate they bear a sufficient number of names, but the protest is on the legality of their individual form.

Protests in 19th and 21st.

Bennett contends that the petitions in the Nineteenth and Twenty-first districts should be declared invalid because many of the signatures are not authenticated and because many groups of names on them were apparently written by the same person. He raises a technical point on the petition in the Nineteenth district by declaring that one part of it is stamped as having been filed at 11:20 P. M. and another part at 11:24 P. M. He maintains that these two parts, filed at different times, constitute two different petitions, and should have been so considered.

Regarding the claim of the Wood managers that they elected the entire eight Wood delegates at the New Hampshire primaries on Tuesday, Angus McSween, campaign manager of Senator Johnson said:

"As far as we know, there had never been any question as to General Wood's getting a solid New Hampshire delegation. That is his own native State. For our part we had not even written a letter to anyone in New Hampshire asking for an opinion regarding the situation there. Senator Johnson will carry California without any question, and will go to the Convention with the twenty-six delegates prepared to support him from beginning to end."

This statement was issued yesterday at the Wood headquarters:

"The 'Wood for President' movement is now under a full head of steam throughout the length and breadth of Pennsylvania, following the organization of a big Leonard Wood League in Philadelphia today. The membership of the Philadelphia organization includes men and women in all walks of life. A strong Leonard Wood League has been crystallizing Wood sentiment in the western part of Pennsylvania for some months. Among the members of the league is Mary Roberts Rinehart, the authoress. The Western Pennsylvania Leonard Wood League is co-operating closely with the Central Pennsylvania League, and it is the purpose of the Philadelphia League to enter into a close working union with all the Wood organizations in the eastern part of the State."

Wood as Second Choice.

The Wood managers are conducting their Pennsylvania campaign on the theory that Governor William C. Sproul should be the unanimous first choice of the delegates, but that General Wood should receive second consideration.

Encouraging reports were received at the Wood headquarters from Indiana. The number of signers to the petitions filing notice of General Wood's candidacy in the Indiana primaries was as follows: Wood, 22,907; Lowden, 1,484; Harding, 1,250, and Johnson, 848.

Governor Allen of Kansas, who has been mentioned as a possible candidate for the Republican nomination, sent this telegram to National Manager Procter yesterday: "Sentiment in New York, New Jersey and Massachusetts is strong for Leonard Wood. I have made a tour of these States and know this to be an outstanding fact."

It was explained yesterday that General Wood at first accepted the invitation to address the Government Club, of which Mrs. George Owens is President, at the Hotel Astor on April 20, but subsequently had to decline because his army duties would prevent his coming East until after April 20.

The "Make Hoover President" Republican Club, which will act as the Eastern national headquarters for the Hoover campaign, established itself yesterday in the Pennsylvania Hotel. The organization is being formed at the request of the California committee which started the Hoover Presidential boom. Ralph Arnold of Los Angeles, Chairman of the National Committee, is temporary Chairman of the New York headquarters, with F. W. Doying in charge. Mr. Doying announced that the organization would immediately become very active throughout the East. Other headquarters will be established throughout the country.

PLAN $100,000,000 BUILDING BOOM

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

Estate Board of New York; Robert E. Dowling, President of the City Investing Company; Laurence McGuire, former President of the Real Estate Board; Frank H. Tyler of Brooklyn, Charles F. Noyes and Joseph P. Day. Among the builders invited were representatives of Paterno Brothers, Bing & Bing, Levy & Arnstein and E. A. MacDougal, President of the Queensboro Corporation.

Forest Hills Tenants Meet.

The tenants of the Gardens Apartments at Forest Hills, L. I., who have engaged legal help to fight a 200 per cent. advance in rent, met last night and raised money for the expenses of resisting the landlord. The Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering and other tenant bodies will watch with interest the action that will be brought on Monday in the Supreme Court by Harold G. Aron, a real estate lawyer, of 50 Pine Street. The tenants at their meeting appointed a committee headed by Albert Rohrback to call upon the Mayor within a few days and discuss with him the situation.

Guyon W. Bruce, one of the tenants of the Gardens, said after the meeting that he was hopeful that out of the fight they are making will grow up a co-operative society of tenants all over this city—a body that can make an united defense against extortion and act together to meet situations as they arise in different parts of the city. Already a number of tenant committees in other apartments have communicated with the Forest Hills committee.

The Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering yesterday decided to hold a mass meeting for the discussion of the housing situation. Charles D. Hillys, Chairman, announced that the meeting would be held on the evening of Thursday, March 18, at the Central Opera House, Third Avenue and Sixty-seventh Street. The committee, Mr. Hillys said, had decided to support the Boylan-Donohue bill, advocated by the Central Federation of Labor, which would delegate to the courts the right to determine whether or not rent increases are reasonable.

Wants City to Build Houses.

The Boylan-Donohue Rent Control bill, indorsed by Mayor Hylan, will at best afford only a temporary relief, in the opinion of Alderman Alexander Braunstein of the Bronx.

"The only sane, practical way to bring down rents is to supply more houses," said Alderman Braunstein. "Private enterprise finds it unprofitable to do so. The City of New York will find it unprofitable not to do so. It is up to the City of New York to take over, just as large European cities have done, the business of housing its population."

Alderman Braunstein with his Socialist colleagues in the Board of Alderman introduced a municipal housing ordinance on Feb. 17 which is now in the Committee of General Welfare waiting further disposition.

ROBBERIES THRILL BROADWAY CROWD

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

fight, and, although the salesmen in the jewelry store frantically motioned to them to seize the thief, the latter, at a signal from the man who held the onlookers at bay with his revolver, freed himself from Cohen's grasp and, jumping to his feet, ran north on the east side of Broadway to the subway emergency exit in front of Gertner's restaurant, between Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth Streets.

The street entrance to the steel stairway leading to the subway level is covered by a sheet of iron about six feet wide and eight feet long. The only way it can be opened is with a hook, which must be attached to a knob below the sidewalk level.

Watched Salesmen Freed.

The second thief evidently changed his mind as to using the subway as a means of escape when he saw about 500 men go in pursuit of his confederate. He mixed in with the crowd and, according to two chauffeurs who had witnessed the robbery, watched two policemen free the imprisoned salesmen in the jewelry store and then casually walked across Broadway and through Thirty-seventh Street in the direction of Seventh Avenue.

Detectives went into the subway in search of the first thief while reserves from the West Thirtieth Street station formed a cordon from the subway exit south to Thirty-sixth Street, a block below the jewelry store. The detectives found a small satchel at the bottom of the steel stairs of the subway exit.

In it were a pair of green goggles and overalls. It is believed the thief expected to use those articles as a disguise, but the excited crowd which followed him caused him to change his mind and hasten along the subway tracks to the Times Square station, where he disappeared in the crowd.

Asked to See $575 Ring.

The jewelry store which was the scene of the second robbery is situated between the Gaiety and Astor Theatres. Albert Anusewitz, manager of the jewelry store, was standing at the end of the row of show cases when a nattily dressed man, who later told the police he was Beryolla Scola, 25 years old, of 133 Alexander Avenue, the Bronx, entered and asked to be shown a diamond ring on display in the store window and which was valued at $575.

Anusewitz got the ring out of the window. Scola was examining it when he said he would like to examine a solitaire diamond ring valued at $2,450, which also was in the window. Just then another young man, who later said he was Vincent De Marco, 20 years old, of 503 East Fifteenth Street, entered the store, and walking to the rear of the row of show cases until he confronted Anusewitz, suddenly threw a handful of pepper into the manager's eyes.

Anusewitz made an outcry as he started from behind the counter, and the robbers ran out the door into Broadway. Anusewitz managed to get to the street door and shout: "Thieves! Robbers! I've been robbed! Catch those men!"

Both Men Captured.

About forty men immediately went in pursuit of Scola and De Marco, who by that time were well across Times Square. Scola headed for West Forty-sixth Street and ran east to Sixth Avenue, where he was captured by William E. Coyle, a business man of 31 West Twenty-fifth Street, and Roswell Utter, Superintendent of the Public School at 120 West Forty-sixth Street. Another group followed De Marco to Forty-seventh Street and Seventh Avenue, where Policeman Nevin of the traffic squad caught him.

When Scola was captured by Coyle and Utter he put up a fight, but was so badly beaten by the crowd that the policeman called Dr. Craig from Bellevue Hospital.

A third man, who, the police say, acted as a "lookout" outside the store, escaped on an uptown car while the crowd was pursuing the other two. The prisoners were taken to the West Forty-seventh Street Station. Frank Schwartz said neither of them was concerned in the robbery of his store. The prisoners were locked up on a charge of robbery and felonious assault, and will be arraigned in the West Side Court this morning.

POLICE TRIAL BARES ROBBERY OF CORPSE

Widow Missed $2,700 After Officers Forbade Search of Husband's Pockets.

When Lieutenant Louis Vetter of the Clinton Street Station was placed on trial before Deputy Police Commissioner Leach at Police Headquarters yesterday it became known that on the evening of Jan. 6 last somebody stole $2,700 from the clothing of Abraham Cohen of 67 Willett Street within an hour after he dropped dead while walking with his wife on an east side street. Mrs. Lena Cohen, widow of the man, appeared at Police Headquarters yesterday with her five children. She told the Deputy Police Commissioner that she wanted to search her husband's body soon after his death, as she knew he had the money hidden in his inside vest pocket, but that policemen refused to permit her to do so.

About an hour later, she said, the body was removed to the Clinton Street Station, where several policemen carried it into the rear yard. It was not until some time later, she said, that the body was searched at the direction of Lieutenant Vetter, when it was discovered that the money had disappeared, although $700 worth of Liberty bonds were found in the same pocket. Lieutenant Vetter was charged with violating the police rules in not having the body searched immediately on its arrival at the station. The Lieutenant and several policemen denied Mrs. Cohen said anything about the money when she came to the station.

"Slush Fund" Inquiry Starts.

Assistant District Attorney Smith, following the receipt of an anonymous letter from a man who declared he formerly was a plain clothes policeman, yesterday started an investigation of an alleged "slush fund" which the writer declared a Police Inspector had set aside to bribe detectives under him not to reveal the facts about grafting on gambling houses and vice resorts in the Inspector's district in the last two years.

The Assistant District Attorney made public copies of the letter after he had deleted the name of the accused Inspector as well as that of a detective on the staff of the Inspector whose name frequently has been mentioned in connection with the investigation now being conducted before the Grand Jury into graft charges against certain detectives of the upper Tenderloin district by three women. Smith said the writer explained in his letter that he had for some time been connected with the staff of the Inspector mentioned, but was now doing uniform duty.

The letter further alleges that the detective mentioned already has been offered $10,000 by the Inspector as a reward for refusing to betray his superior. The latter, the writer also declares, has received $100,000 in graft from resorts in his district since he was placed in command two years ago. The one-time plainclothes policeman also asserts that the Inspector is prepared to give the detective $20,000 to prevent him from telling all he knows about conditions in the inspection district, which also is mentioned in the letter.

Assistant District Attorney Smith declared the letter was only one of many he has received since he started his investigation into alleged vice conditions in the city. He said he considered the letter of importance, because it corroborated in a way many stories he had heard about the efforts of several high police officials to prevent certain detectives from revealing what they know about vice conditions to the Grand Jury.

Mother Complains of Evil in Flats.

The Assistant District Attorney also revealed extracts of another letter received Thursday night at his home from a woman who is the mother of several daughters. The letter contained the addresses of twelve apartment houses in the upper Tenderloin district which the writer declared "are honeycombed with disorderly flats."

The letter read, in part, as follows: "I think you are modest in your statement that there are but 2,000 apartments in this city occupied by social outcasts. I have lived in this vicinity for the last seven years, and I have had to change my abode more than ten times because of the brazen and shameful actions of the tenants of some of these buildings and in order to protect the morals of my daughters. Many other families have had to do likewise when repeated complaints to the owners of the buildings were of no avail."

The woman also declared that one man owned most of the apartment houses on the upper west side in which disreputable women conduct flats.

Crime Society Corroborates Smith.

It became known yesterday that Samuel Marcus, counsel for the Society for the Prevention of Crime, several days ago sent a letter to Police Commissioner Enright indorsing Assistant District Attorney Smith's assertion that vice is rampant in certain sections of the city. The letter was in reply to one sent to the society by the Police Commissioner the day following Smith's statement on the vice situation, and in which the Police Commissioner not alone asked for a list of "more than 500" resorts occupied by disreputable women, but also asked the officers of the society to join the Police Department in suppressing such places. It was also learned that Commissioner Enright sent a second letter on receipt of the communication from the Vice Society's lawyer. Police Commissioner Enright and the officers of the society refused to make public any of the correspondence.

The Grand Jury did not hold a session yesterday, but it is understood that when they resume their inquiry next Monday the Assistant District Attorney will present some of the evidence obtained by agents of the Vice Society.

Assistant District Attorney Smith yesterday obtained the testimony in the case of John R. Crowley, who, on Sept. 14 last, was arraigned before Magistrate Corrigan in the West Side Court on a charge of attempting to extort $15 from a woman. Crowley was discharged by the Magistrate after he had told a story of having been taxed $5 for a package of cigarettes and $10 for a chicken sandwich in the woman's apartment in the upper Tenderloin district

DRY AGENT HELD ON MURDER CHARGE

Stewart McMullin, Who Killed Chauffeur, Locked Up Under $10,000 Bail.

SELF-DEFENSE TALE DENIED

Witnesses Say Victim Was Shot While Holding Hands Up—Bullet in Back of Head.

Stewart N. McMullin, the Internal Revenue agent who shot and killed Henry Carlton, a chauffeur, Thursday night, will have to face criminal prosecution in the State courts, despite the plea of his superiors that he had acted in self-defense in the performance of his duty and their request that he be released in the custody of Prohibition Enforcement Agent James Shevlin.

McMullin was held in $10,000 bail in Yorkville Court by Magistrate Harris for examination on Monday, after Mr. Shevlin had offered to be responsible for his appearance. Mr. Shevlin immediately notified the authorities at Washington, and bail for McMullin is expected to be arranged today.

Assistant District Attorney John F. Joyce, head of the Homicide Bureau, stated that he had desired to have McMullin held without bail and said that the testimony of the witnesses to the shooting, Carlo Carini, in whose apartment it took place; Mrs. Carini and their daughter, Malvina, was at variance with that of McMullin's, and indicated that the killing of Carlton had been unwarranted.

Another Version of Shooting.

According to Mr. Joyce, these witnesses said that, instead of attacking McMullin, Carlton was shot while he held his hands above his head. At no time, the witnesses said, did McMullin or his associates, William D. Yaselli and H. Arnstein, say that they were Government agents, so that, when McMullin attempted to get back the $736 paid for the wine and whisky after the latter had been carried to the street and placed in a taxicab, Carlton and the Carinis believed that they were the victims of crooks who sought to get possession of both the money and the liquor.

Much importance is attached to the knife, with which McMullin said Carlton attacked him. Mr. Joyce said that no knife had been found in the Carini apartment. The two women, who were the only eyewitnesses of the shooting, denied that Carlton drew a knife or that he made any sort of an attack upon McMullin.

Where the Stories Differ.

There was little difference in the stories told by McMullin and the two women up to the point when he chased them to the fire escape, Mr. Joyce said.

"I am told that when the revenue men went into the Carini apartment they first paid $35 and that a case of wine was taken downstairs and placed in the taxicab," Mr. Joyce said. "There was then a dispute as to payment of the rest of the money and Yaselli finally placed $736 on top of a washtub.

"Immediately afterward, the witnesses informed me, McMullin and Yaselli drew revolvers and threatened Carlton and Carini and ordered them to throw up their hands. Carini ran out and into the janitor's apartment next door, he said. Carlton, the witnesses said, threw up his hands.

"Malvina Carini stated that she grabbed the money and ran out on the fire escape with her mother. They were followed by McMullin, she said, who pointed his revolver at her and ordered her to give him the money, which, she said, she did.

"Malvina said that Carlton, still holding his hands above his head, walked toward the window and that McMullin, turning his revolver from her to Carlton, shot once and Carlton fell."

Shot in Back of Head.

Mr. Joyce stated that examination of the bullet wound showed that Carlton had been shot in the back of the head on the left side and at a very short distance. The wound was immediately fatal.

Mr. Joyce said that Malvini Carini said that McMullin ran from the room immediately after he had shot Carlton, and she believed he had run downstairs. Mr. Joyce stated that he had been told that one revolver shot had been fired in the street before McMullin fired. He explained this by stating that he believed a policeman of the East Sixty-first Street Station had heard the screams of the women on the fire escape and had fired one shot in the air to bring other policemen to his assistance before going into the building.

Mr. Joyce said he had been unable to get any corroboration of the story, said to have been told at the time by McMullin, that he had been fired at ten or twelve times from the street as he stood on the fire escape, or of Yaselli's story that four or five shots had been fired at him in the hall.

William E. Joyce, Assistant United States District Attorney, advised McMullin not to reply to the questions of William F. Joyce, Assistant District Attorney for New York County, and refused to permit McMullin to make any statement. Yaselli told the head of the homicide bureau how he had arranged with Carlton for the purchase of the liquor. He stated that the liquor, represented to be of the best quality, was only cologne spirits with burnt sugar and flavoring added.

No Knife Found.

Yaselli said he had had a struggle with Carini, who broke away from him and ran into the hallway, where he said two shots were fired at him. He overtook Carini, he said, and turned him over to Policeman Reynolds and went back into the Carini apartment after he had heard two shots fired there. He said he found Carlton dead and McMullin on the fire escape and that the latter had told him that there were two men with guns on the fire escape who had tried to shoot him. Yaselli said he could not find the two men nor was he able to find the knife with which McMullin said Carlton attacked him.

Mr. Joyce said it was the intention of the District Attorney to proceed in the prosecution of the case in the usual manner without regard to the fact that the defendant is a Federal agent. He stated that the stories of the two women and Carini were corroborated in part by Benjamin Golofsky, 19 years old, who was in the taxicab in front of the house and who saw the women and McMullin on the fire escape and heard the shot which killed Carlton fired.

Mr. Shevlin said he intended to support McMullin to the limit.

"The man resisted arrest, and the officer defended himself," he said. "I think the District Attorney did a very wrong thing in holding him in $10,000 bail. I have never heard of a case in which a Federal officer was not paroled in the custody of his chief."

Shevlin Defends Prisoner.

Mr. Shevlin said that McMullin had been performing an important duty in prohibition enforcement inasmuch as he was seeking to cut off the supply of liquor by arresting those who were selling it.

"Our agents have been struck and slapped repeatedly," he said, "while enforcing the law. They have accepted blows, but where a law breaker attacks an officer with a knife, placing his life in danger, the officer has a right to defend himself."

Carlo Carini and Benjamin Golofsky were held in $5,000 bail each by United States Commissioner Hitchcock on a charge of conspiracy to violate the Volstead law. A hearing was set for next Tuesday.

J. J. Quigley, assistant prohibition enforcement agent, denied that McMullin had formerly been engaged in breaking up gangs of makers of "moonshine" whiskey in the Kentucky mountains. He said that McMullin was a native of New York and had been in the Prohibition Enforcement Bureau since its organization. Assistant District Attorney Joyce tried to find out from McMullin how he came to be living at the Hotel Claridge, which he gave as his residence at the time of the shooting, but received no explanation, as McMullin was instructed not to answer any questions.

TO BRING 50,000 DEAD BACK FROM FRANCE

Twenty to Thirty Thousand American War Victims Will Be Left, Baker Informs Wadsworth.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The bodies of about 50,000 of the American dead in France will be returned to the United States, while between 20,000 and 25,000 will remain permanently interred overseas, Secretary Baker today informed Chairman Wadsworth of the Senate Military Committee.

The Secretary, who wrote in response to a Senate resolution, estimated the cost of returning the dead and concentrating the bodies remaining in cemeteries overseas at $30,000 000.

Congestion of the French transportation systems and shortage of materials used in the manufacture of coffins are handicapping the work, Mr. Baker said.

While 111 bodies of American dead have been returned from Archangel, Secretary Baker said that the same number still remained in Northern Russia and that it was improbable that anything could be done toward their removal for a year.

Evacuation of bodies in England is progressing, he added, while in Italy all bodies have been concentrated ready for return to this country.

FREIGHTER AGROUND IN FOG

Lake Deval Stranded Near Southampton; Esperanza Towed to Port.

The United States Shipping Board freighter Lake Deval went aground yesterday two miles west of Southampton, L. I., while trying to make her way through a heavy fog. When first sighted by a member of the Meadow House Club, near Southampton, the vessel was listing heavily under pounding by a rough sea churned by a strong southeast wind. Later in the afternoon the fog became so dense that the vessel was lost to view, but her crew communicated with shore by a fog horn, using the Morse code. It was learned that a shift in the wind to west by southwest had helped to right the ship.

ANDERSON IS SUED BY REV. MR. FREEMAN

Minister Asks $75,000 Damages for Statement That He Once Ran a Saloon.

LEAGUE BILLS UP NEXT WEEK

Prediction Is Now Made That Assembly Will Not Pass Beer and Wine Bills.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 12.—The Rev. William H. Freeman, who is to be one of the witnesses against the Anti-Saloon League in the proposed legislative inquiry, today filed suit against Superintendent Anderson to recover $50,000 for alleged libel. The suit grows out of Anderson's statement that the Rev. Mr. Freeman once ran a saloon. The complaint also asks another $25,000 because of circulation of the statement among members of the Assembly.

The papers will be served on Mr. Anderson tomorrow.

Chairman Martin of the Assembly Judiciary Committee, which has been charged with conducting the investigation, said today that the committee would not consider the proposed inquiry until the Socialists' case had been finally disposed of.

The Anti-Saloon League's legislative proposals will be heard on Tuesday before the Senate Judiciary Committee and the Assembly Excise Committee sitting jointly. Strong pressure is apparently being exerted on the ex-service men in the Assembly to have them abandon their support of beer and light wines.

Speaker Sweet is now in a strong position to fight legislation permitting the sale of beer and light wines, because the all-powerful Rules Committee will soon take charge of pending legislation in the House.

So far as can be predicted now, the Assembly will pass enforcement legislation and refuse to pass any beer and light wine bills, while the Senate is expected to favor beer and wines and refuse to pass enforcement measures.

SAYS "WET" ALIENS FLEE.

Emigration Exceeds Immigration Since Prohibiton, Says Siegel.

So many foreign-born are leaving the United States that emigration is exceeding immigration, Congressman Isaac Siegel, a member of the House Immigration Committee, declared yesterday. Records at Ellis Island showed that immigration since Jan. 1 had been 53,000, while 61,000 left the country. It was said that most of the emigrants had gone back to Poland and Czechoslovakia to stay.

Mr. Siegel said that while a desire to live in rejuvenated homelands was a factor in emigration, he believed that prohibition was the principal reason. Much ill feeling among the foreign-born residents, particularly in the mining districts, has been caused, Mr. Siegel said, on account of the inability to buy beer or wine.

FEARS DEFEAT ON DRY ISSUE

New Jersey Republicans Warned to Come Out Against Prohibition.

TRENTON, N. J., March 12.—The "wet" cause is in the ascendant politically, according to City Commissioner George W. Page of Trenton, who warned the Mercer Republican County Committee at a late meeting this morning that the Republicans faced defeat, if they failed to come out openly against on the issue.

"If the Republican party desires to be successful in Mercer County," he said, "it must espouse the cause of the Anti-Prohibitionists and straddling the issue will only result in political failure."

Feigenspan Appeals on Prohibition.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Appeals from Federal Court decrees denying Christian Feigenspan an injunction to restraint the enforcement of the prohibition amendment were filed today in the Supreme Court. Announcement was made that the Government would ask the court to expedite its consideration in the hope of a decision before the June recess.

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EDWARDS ANTI-DRY FORCES ORGANIZE

The National Personal Liberty League Will Boom Governor and Oppose Prohibition.

McADOO STILL IN RACE

Forbids Instruction of Delegates for Him, but Is a Candidate—Roper May Be His Manager.

The National Personal Liberty League opened headquarters in the Hotel Hermitage in Times Square yesterday and will begin a campaign to attack the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead Enforcement act and to boom Governor Edward I. Edwards of New Jersey for the Democratic Presidential nomination. While the identity of the men backing the movement was not disclosed, it was said that many are prominent in public and social life and represent all political parties. Defense of personal liberty and the Constitution of the United States is to be the slogan of the new organization.

"While the league is not of political origin," explained H. F. McGarvie, a member of the Executive Committee, "one of its purposes will be to espouse the candidacy of Governor Edwards for the Presidential nomination. Men of all political creeds are behind the movement. Their prominence in public and social life is a guarantee that they are not impelled by selfish motives."

William G. McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury, who has been mentioned as an aspirant for the Democratic Presidential nomination, declared yesterday that he would release from their instructions any McAdoo delegates elected in the primaries where he was unable to prevent the use of his name on the ballots.

Mr. McAdoo's latest announcement is not taken to mean his elimination from the Presidential race. Some of his opponents assert that he has taken his present stand because he believes that his best chance of obtaining the nomination is to be found in a situation where the convention will assemble with but few of the delegates instructed for any candidate.

Mr. McAdoo's recent activities, especially his visit this week to the White House when he consulted with the President on the treaty situation, are taken by politicians to mean that he is very much in the race and is working hard to obtain support in various directions. The report was revived that Daniel C. Roper, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, who has resigned, will soon after his retirement from official life on April 1, assume charge as Mr. McAdoo's campaign manager.

Falls from Window to Her Death.

While attempting to close a window in her apartment on the fourth floor of the Hotel La Salle, 30 East Sixtieth Street, yesterday, Miss Mary D. Rusher, 50 years old, slipped and fell to the rear courtyard below and was instantly killed.

HAS this happened in your home—a refrigerator full of food, no ice and the ice-man several hours late?

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Cordon & Dilworth
REAL
ORANGE MARMALADE

LOST AND FOUND.

Within twenty-four hours articles regarded as lost have been returned to owners through The New York Times. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

Removal Sale

PRONOUNCED price reductions on hundreds of newest, smartest overcoats and suits. Medium weights suitable for Spring. Immediate clearance necessitated by removal to larger store at S. W. corner Broadway and 28th Street.

Reductions Amounting to Approximate Cost

Suits and Overcoats

$30.00 to $35.00 Suits and Overcoats $24.75
$37.50 to $42.50 Suits and Overcoats $29.75
$45.00 to $50.00 Suits and Overcoats $35.75
$55.00 to $65.00 Suits and Overcoats $44.75
$67.50 to $75.00 Suits and Overcoats $54.75

No Charge for Alterations

1163-65 Broadway
Near 27th Street

Matthews

Store Closes at 5 P. M.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

The New Spring Suits and Topcoats

GENUINE signs of Spring at last remind us of that new suit and topcoat, and this store is ready for the man who plans an early start on the season.

And the suits themselves urge an early selection—beautiful blues, grays, browns, and olive combinations in worsteds and fancy mixtures—woolens that are dependable, designs that are correct and in good taste, and tailoring that will insure an excellent fit for every man.

Prices from $50 to $75

And the New Topcoat

Of course a smart new Topcoat must complete the Spring outfit. Single-breasted Chesterfields, loose Slip-on and Raglan models in Oxford gray, tan, and fancy Tweeds, make up an assortment from which it will be easy to select.

From $50 to $75

Fourth Floor

LAMBERT
EST. 1889
"BETTER APPAREL for MEN"

Do It Now!

Our Sales at reduced prices terminate soon.

Buy now and make substantial savings that will look mighty big to you very soon. You'll be grateful to us for this good advice.

Suits, Shoes, Hats, and Haberdashery. Many of the suits are of weight and color suitable for Spring.

LAMBERT

254 FIFTH AVE. Bet. 28th & 29th Sts
39 CORTLANDT Bet. 6th & 9th Avs.
124 NASSAU ST. and New Haven, Ct.

Best & Co.

Fifth Avenue at 35th Street
Established 1879

ANNOUNCE

that we are now 5th Avenue distributors of

Manhattan SHIRTS

"KNOWN AS THE BEST—THE BEST KNOWN"
FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

IN selecting Manhattan merchandise, we have been guided by the desire to offer our customers the best that money can buy.

Manhattan Shirt Quality

is Best & Co. quality. *The distinctive patterns*, originated in the Manhattan mills and exclusive with them—the *beautiful fabrics*, specially loomed by the makers of Manhattan shirts—the *faultless tailoring*—are all details of perfection which we have sponsored and will continue to sponsor for the lifetime of this business.

Manhattan Collars and Mansco Underwear Also

The entire collection selected by men of good taste for men of good taste. With such a choice women may shop for their husbands with every assurance of masculine approval.

SILK, SILK MIXTURE, MERCERIZED FABRICS & MADRAS SHIRTS
FOUR TO FIFTEEN DOLLARS

Gentlemen's Haberdashery

DENOUNCES PEACE WITH MOSCOW REDS

Major Stanley Washburn Calls the Proposal a Betrayal of Our Civilization.

WHY THEY SEEK A TRUCE

Former Correspondent with Russian Armies Shows Red Rule as Destructive of All Social Progress.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12. — Major Stanley Washburn, war correspondent with the Russian armies and a member of the Root Mission to Russia, condemned Bolshevism and the Soviet form of government in an address delivered tonight before the National Press Club. Out of the wealth of his experience in Russia Major Washburn warned against the proposal to recognize the Soviet Government at Moscow.

"We are now facing," he said, "the undisguised proposition to recognize in amity and friendship a system of thought and a form of government which repudiates, root and branch, every tenet on which our State was founded and for which our race has struggled for 150 years."

Major Washburn strongly condemned this proposition as dictated by "fear and trade" which demanded its thirty pieces of silver. It would mean, he asserted, the cracking of the stamina of the civilized world and the betrayal of every tradition in the history of the Anglo-Saxon race inherited from our fathers. "If this comes about," he said, "then indeed has the war ended in neither peace nor victory."

Greater Danger Than Pan Germanism.

To recognize Soviet Russia, said Major Washburn, meant that "our sacrifices have been in vain and we face a situation far more dangerous in its consequences than pan-Germanism ever did or ever will represent." He sketched the fundamental principles of Bolshevism, pointing out how a small minority of the enormous population of Russia was able to rule under this system and backed up his condemnatory statements by references to official documents of the Soviet rulers.

"The question of Bolshevism and Soviet Russia," said the speaker, "is not one to be handled with abuse and invective. I do not propose to deal in rumors as to atrocities and misery in Russia. The pro-Bolshevists deny this. What I state in regard to Bolshevism is from official documents and quotations from the leaders themselves. What I saytherefore is not open to discussion, nor do I believe it is subject to correction."

He then said Bolshevism was destructive of the four elements essential for social progress. It was destructive of religious life, of the home, of representative government and a sound economic system. He quoted from Bolshevist laws and other doucuments to prove his points.

"The price of the violation of these moral and economic laws," he continued, "has been chaos in Russia, which it is alleged has already caused the death by famine, pestilence and malnutrition of from twenty to thirty million people.

"Lenin and his followers have openly stated that the only hope of success for their ideas is world revolution. Zinoviev, one of the leaders of the movement, is credited with the statement that a truce was absolutely essential to Soviet Russia in order that they might have a breathing space in which to recuperate and reorganize for further efforts and revolutions. With commendable frankness he added that any truce which would be signed would be merely a scrap of paper and bind them only as long as was convenient for themselves.

Sacrifice Versus Trade.

"In November, 1918, men from every quarter of the globe were in Europe preparing to sacrifice their lives to beat the material strength of Germany. We must not confuse the policies of leaders in this war with the genius of the men who fought it. No doubt there were sordid and sinister aims in the various foreign offices of Europe, but 3,000,000 men of English blood did not voluntarily join the colors and offer their lives to promote commerce. The Canadians and the Australians did not go overseas and die in Flanders for trade reasons. The French have not buried a million dead to gain a commercial advantage over Germany. Nine million Russian peasants did not suffer that Russia might expand and, incidentally, 4,000,000 Americans did not join the service for commercial purposes.

"All these men went to France, believing that if they died the sacrifice was made to perpetuate a better world in which to live. We in America were told that we were fighting to make the world safe for democracy. You in this audience who were making Liberty Loan speeches know as well as I do myself why it was that our men went willingly to France, and why it was that our people were willing to invest billions of their savings in Liberty bonds. Perhaps it was not to fight for the particular slogan enunciated by Mr. Wilson, but it certainly was because they felt that civilization demanded this sacrifice. I know this to be true, because I have seen the men of these armies and I know what was in their hearts.

"If the world now makes this compromise it will be forced by two factors, both the most unworthy known to human nature. The first, fear of what Bolshevist propaganda may do to the world which prompts men to buy them off by granting terms of peace; second, the pressure of mercenary individuals who wish to sell in Russia and coin dollars at the price of abandonment of every aim that has made the Anglo-Saxon race supreme in the world today.

"What do you imagine will be the result upon the psychology and morals of the people of England and the people of America if all our high endeavor and protestation of virtue is proved to be mere cant and verbiage when fear and trade demands its thirty pieces of silver? I know not what may be your conclusionns, but my deduction is this, and I would state it categorically and without reservation, that it means the cracking of the stamina of the civilized world and the betrayal of every tradition in the history of the Anglo-Saxon race which we have inherited from our fathers."

OVERTURES TO BOLSHEVIKI.

Lithuanian and Czech Delegations Seeking Peace, Says Danish Paper.

COPENHAGEN, March 12.—The Berlingske Tidende says it learns that a Lithuanian delegation has arrived in Moscow, ostensibly to negotiate for an exchange of prisoners, but in reality to discuss peace terms.

The majority of the Lithuanians, says the newspaper, are eager for peace.

It is added that a Czechoslovak delegation has arrived in Moscow with the same intention as the Lithuanians.

REPRESS POLISH STRIKE.

President's Stern Measures End General Move and Tense Feeling.

WARSAW, March 12.—A general strike called yesterday was quickly ended this morning after stern repressive measures were taken by President Pilsudski, after thirty-six hours of the tensest feeling in the capital.

Minor strikes among the tailors, bakers and chauffeurs continue.

Broadway at 34th St.

Saks & Company

'Phone Greeley 2626

DIRECT BY SUBWAY, TUBE AND "L"

Saturday We Shall Offer a Wonderful Collection of

Misses' Spring Suits

New in styling and of a very high order in tailoring.

At $55

Suits so original in their conception, so superior in every particular to those usually seen at $55 that there remains no basis for comparison.

They Are Exact Duplicates of Costly Imports

featuring youthful Tuxedo collars, cross-cross or buckled belts, new pocket ideas, and many other ultra-smart features not before seen in suits at this price.

Fashioned of Wool Tricotine, Serge and Velour Checks

—the most wanted materials for immediate wear. Sizes 14 to 18 years. *Second Floor.*

The Finest Clothes for Boys

Bear the Saks Label

Every garment in our extensive stocks of suits and coats for boys is made to a standard. The tailoring must be well done, the materials of known dependability, and the styling uncommon, but quite spirited.

Featured Saturday:

Boys' Middy Suits At $12

No boy is happy without one. Regulation sailor model made of Spring weight knitted cloths, in the newest colorings. Smart, durable, and at this price—a wonder! Sizes 3 to 8 years. *Illustrated.*

Boys' Suits With Extra Knickers, $16.95

All new, snappy boyish models, featuring new pockets, and novel belt ideas. Tailored in a wide range of Fancy Mixtures. For style, for workmanship, for quality of cloth, all that money can buy in these suits. Sizes 8 to 17 years.

Boys' Superior Grade Suits

With one or two pairs knickers

Saturday, $25

The highest grade boys' suits to be had, tailored with a thoroughness that elevates them into a class entirely alone. Produced in woolens of the highest grades, in the very newest colorings. Not the hum-drum patterns you see everywhere, but exclusive patterns not to be found anywhere outside of Saks. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

Second Floor.

Genuine Sole Leather

Brief Cases at $10

Reg. $14.50

Substantially built cases for the man who wants a case that will stand lots of wear and tear. Made of tan and black sole leather. Size 11x16. *Main Floor.*

4,200 Pairs Women's Glace Gloves

Worth $3 a pair in today's market

Special at $1.98

Every pair perfect! Pique and prix seam sewn, and may be had in all the much wanted Spring shades—Ivory, Canary, Pearl, Mode, Tan, and Gold. The best glove value in town to-day—our word for that! *Main Floor.*

$19.75 $19.75 $28.75

Foremost of Youthful Fashions—

Smart Velour Capes for Girls at $19.75

We have assembled a wonderful collection of these youthful capes—now so much in vogue for the younger set. The model *pictured* is unequaled at $19.75, showing in its lines a degree of grace and beauty seldom equaled in "Big Sister's" fashions. Made of good quality Wool Velour, in Pekin blue or tan. Sizes 12 to 16 years.

Same model, in sizes 6 to 10 years, $15.95

Girls' Polo Cloth Coats Saturday at $26.75

High-grade coats in every sense of the word in two swagger styles with large pockets, and full belts. Also a splendid collection in good quality Velour Checks, fully lined. Sizes 12 to 16 years.

Girls' Spring Coats Special, $19.75

Highly serviceable, full-pleated Spring Coats, as *pictured*, beautifully made of striped velour, with leather belt and novelty pockets. Full lined. Nothing like it in the present market under $25! Sizes 6 to 10 years.

None Better Made—

Girls' Taffeta Frocks Saturday, $28.75

Two entirely new models, fashioned of good quality taffeta. One is exquisitely hand-embroidered with wool, the other is in dainty ruffled style, trimmed with ruching of self-material. Every wanted color, and sizes 12 to 16 years. *Second Floor.*

Imported

BEADED BAGS

Very Special

At $14.50

A very fine collection of beautiful solid-beaded bags, in a large variety of unique designs, the color combinations of which are blended as only the artist-beadworker knows how.

At $14.50—Nothing Like Them!

SATURDAY ONLY—

Women's Wool Jersey Frocks

Very Special

$25

For service, no frock is better than one of Wool Jersey, and few frocks of this much-wanted material are more charming than these.

Stunning straight line coatee and tunic models to select from, prettily trimmed with the new loop ribbon. Obtainable in

Beaver, Brown and Reindeer

Fourth Floor.

Children's Undermuslins

At Substantial Savings

Many months ago we placed large orders for the daintiest of undermuslins for children, believing that increased prices were certain. Our judgment proved sound, with the result that we are now able to offer beautifully made undermuslins at a

Saving of One-Third on Today's Prices

Featured Specially for Saturday

At $1.25—**Children's Nightgowns** in slip-over, short sleeve models, fashioned of nainsook, trimmed with lace and embroidered insertion. Also Pink Batiste Nightgowns, in slip-over models, with trimming of hemstitching, ribbon-run neck and short sleeves. Sizes 4 to 14 years.

At 50c—**Children's Knicker Style Drawers**, made of cambric, trimmed with embroidered ruffle. Also straight leg style, trimmed with tucking and embroidered ruffles. Sizes 2 to 8 years.

At 50c—**Children's Drawer Waists**, in shirred model with taped buttons. Sizes 6 to 12 years.

Fourth Floor.

A Really Wonderful Opportunity!

Through a Very Unusual Combination of Circumstances We Shall Hold Saturday

A Sale of Women's Suits

Worth at least $39.50 in today's market

At $25

Because of its serviceability Wool Jersey is now in great demand. These are all wool Jersey suits, in swagger belted models, with smart patch pockets that button neatly with single or twin buttons, and tailored stitching or tucks for trimming. The colors are new browns, rich shades of greens, navy blue, Copenhagen and heather. When you consider that only good quality Jersey has been used to develop these suits, and the present high cost of labor, you will readily realize this to be a really phenomenal offering. Four styles *pictured.* *Fourth Floor.*

The New Plaid Skirts

are enjoying an unprecedented vogue. We offer a splendid collection Saturday

At $18.50

Beautifully tailored skirts in box, side, accordeon-pleated and plain tailored models, with smart novelty pockets and very newest ideas in belts. Developed in rich, colorful, all-wool plaids and serges, that will give excellent service. Sizes 24 to 36 waistbands.

Fourth Floor.

The Buying of

Hair Goods

is not to be compared with the making of ordinary purchases. When you select a wavy switch or transformation you are really making a personal investment, from which you draw daily dividends. Ask our experts to show you the fine wavy switches we are featuring on Saturday at $10. They are splendid value. *Third Floor.*

NUGENT'S WAR DEAL STIRS HIGH OFFICIAL

Fissell Agreement Denounced by F. L. Olmstead of Construction Committee.

DRAFT LAW TALE DENIED

Democratic Leaders Aid on Stand—"Hope Jim Made Money," Tumulty's Comment.

Vice Chancellor Backes, in the Court of Chancery at Newark yesterday, denied a motion to dismiss the bill of complaint filed by James R. Nugent, former Democratic Chairman of New Jersey, seeking from William H. Fissell of New York an accounting of profits on contracts for construction work at Camp Merritt. Mr. Nugent and his political lieutenant Joseph A. Wright of Newark, contend they obtained the contracts for Mr. Fissell through Mr. Nugent's influence at Washington, and are entitled to a "fifty-fifty" split of Fissell's profit, said to be $146,000. The Vice Chancellor said the motion might be renewed when the case came up for argument May 24.

Testimony was closed with the introduction of a letter from Frederick Law Olmstead of Brookline, Mass., former member of the Construction Committee of the Council of National Defense, which recommended contractors for emergency Government work, in which he decried war "lobbyists." The letter was written in response to a request of counsel for Mr. Fissell. Mr. Olmstead wrote that he did not recall Mr. Nugent or Mr. Wright or the circumstances of the Fissell award. He added:

"If I had known of the alleged agreement between Mr. Nugent and Mr. Fissell about the former using his influence I would have regarded it as evidence of Mr. Fissell's unfitness as a contractor on our work. That was the attitude of the committee toward such deals."

Josiah Stryker, counsel for Mr. Fissell, in moving for dismissal, declared the alleged contract or "gentlemen's agreement" between Mr. Nugent and Mr. Wright on the one hand and Mr. Fissell on the other, whereby the former were to use political influence to get contracts, was contrary to public policy.

Mr. Wright was put on the stand by Mr. Nugent to rebut the testimony of Mr. Fissell that he had said Mr. Nugent had weekly conferences with President Wilson and had advised the President on the drawing of the draft bill.

"What I told Fissell," testified Mr. Wright, "was that Mr. Nugent stood high with the administration. In regard to the draft bill I told Fissell that when this law was first talked of it was the Government's plan to enforce it by an extensive advertising campaign asking the co-operation of the public. At that time Mr. Nugent wrote the President a letter, and it was published in the newspapers, suggesting that the draft law be handled and enforced through the existing election machinery of the country and that is just what was done. I told Fissell that was Nugent's suggestion. I never said he had written or advised or suggested the draft law."

Mr. Wright also testified that he and Valentine Braun and the latter's son Chester, heard Captain Kenneth M. Murchison, who was advising the Construction Committee, say to Mr. Fissell when he lost the $10,000,000 Camp Hancock contract:

"Never mind about the Hancock contract. You'll get one right in your own back yard."

Mr. Braun, a Nugent follower, corroborated Mr. Wright and so did Chester Braun.

Vice Chancellor Backes questioned Mr. Fissell as to why he paid Mr. Wright weekly sums that totaled $7,000 from December, 1917, to March, 1919, and particularly why he continued to pay Mr. Wright after July, 1918, when he learned from Captain Murchison that Wright had "as much to do with getting the Camp Merritt contracts as the man in the moon." Mr. Fissell replied:

"Nugent talked of a $6,000,000 private contract he could get me and I figured that if Nugent did have any influence it would be better not to antagonize him."

Letters from Mr. Nugent during the period when the Democratic leader was supposed to be exerting his "influence" at Washington in Mr. Fissell's behalf, were put in evidence by the latter. They referred to numerous contracts Mr. Nugent said he would get. According to Mr. Fissell, all he got was "reports of progress" and promises.

Captain Murchison testified it was he and not Mr. Nugent or Mr. Wright or any one they saw in Washington that got the Camp Merritt contract for Mr. Fissell. "I knew of Fissell's work, through contact with him in big undertakings, and I recommended him to the committee as a competent contractor," Captain Murchison testified.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Secretary Tumulty's comment today on James R. Nugent's testimony that through introductions secured from the President's secretary he had succeeded in getting war contracts for a firm Nugent now is suing for an accounting was:

"I introduced Nugent when he came to me, as I did many others. He was treated as any other person was treated who asked for introductions. I hope Jim made some money out of the contracts."

Secretary Tumulty said many other persons who had secured introductions from him in a regular way were suing for commissions on contracts.

GAS COMPANIES ASK RELIEF.

Oil Shortage and Cost of 22 Candle Power Pointed Out.

The statement made to Public Service Commissioner Lewis Nixon on Thursday by the New York and Richmond Gas Company that it was not able to renew its contract for gas oil and that it was confronted with the prospect of having to suspend serving its consumers on April 1 was followed yesterday by a letter to Mr. Nixon from C. H. B. Chapin, Secretary of the Empire Gas and Electric Association, which said that the shortage of gas oil was widespread and was threatening the welfare of all of the gas companies.

On March 3, the letter stated, the operating representatives of companies supplying water gas met in Albany to consider the oil shortage and the concensus was that the "unnecessary use of gas oil" through efforts to keep the quality of gas up to the 22-candle power required by statute would result in advancing the price of oil to 12 cents or more and a forced increase in the price of gas if the people were to be served at all.

Mr. Nixon will hold a public hearing on the matter next Tuesday morning.

CHICAGO JUDGE BEATEN UP.

Intervenes to Stop Four Men Fighting and Gets Rough Treatment.

CHICAGO, March 12.—An attempt at peace making by Chief Justice Harry Olson of the Municipal Court during a fight in a darkened corridor of the City Hall tonight resulted in a bruised eye for the jurist and his threat to swear out a warrant for the arrest of a Police Sergeant who, the Judge said, choked him while his original assailants fled.

Judge Olson was leaving the City Hall for the night when he came upon four men fighting in the corridor. A fifth lay on the floor, bruised and bleeding. The Judge appealed to the men to cease fighting, whereupon one of the four knocked him down. The Judge defended himself, at the same time shouting for help.

At this point Police Sergeant Philip Carroll intervened. When peace was restored Judge Olson said Carroll, instead of assisting him, had seized him about the neck and choked him while permitting his assailants to get away. Carroll denied this, asserting that he mistook the Judge for one of the assailants.

Mascagni Premiere Delayed.

ROME, March 11.—Announcement was recently made by the Costanzi Theatre that Mascagni's new opera, "Little Marat," would be performed there for the first time soon. The composer, however, issued a statement today that the opera cannot be performed as yet, as he has given it to Targioni-Torzetti, the librettist who collaborated with Mascagni in composing "Cavalleria Rusticana" and who has the commission to write the book of the play.

N. Y. CENTRAL PLANS BIG OFFICE BUILDING

To Add Thirteen Stories to Present Quarters Near the Terminal.

WORK STARTS AT ONCE

Modern Gray Brick Structure Will House the Railroad's Offices.

The New York Central Railroad is planning to make its building at the northwest corner of Lexington Avenue and Forty-fifth Street the tallest and one of the finest office buildings in the district. Thirteen stories are to be added to the present four-story building. The plans, drawn by Warren & Wetmore and to be carried out by the contracting firm of James Stewart & Co., call for a thoroughly modern office building to harmonize with the other Central buildings in that vicinity, with the same gray-brick exterior.

With the return of the road to the control of its corporate management, however, it has been decided to go ahead with the work as rapidly as possible, a series of delays having prevented starting it previously. Some of the materials already are available and deliveries of steel are expected early in June. The contractors think the building will be ready shortly after the first of next year, when many of the company offices will be removed from the Grand Central Terminal building.

The building on Lexington Avenue was erected some years ago and so arranged that additional stories could be put on without inconvenience to the occupants. While the New York Central was under Federal control the corporate officers of the company were there, and some still are.

There has been a tremendous demand for office and railroad space near the Grand Central Terminal, and the road, feeling the pinch along with its neighbors, expects thus to solve many of its office problems. It was estimated that the gross expense would be several million dollars.

Radicals Lead in Argentine Elections

BEUNOS AIRES, March 9.—The first return from Sunday's election to the Congress of Argentina, the counting of which was begun today, showed the Radicals in the lead. On the early returns that party appears to have elected half as many again of its candidates as the Socialists, with the Progressive Democrats close behind the Socialists.

KING COLLAPSES ON STAND.

Newberry Manager Is Unable to Testify and Court Is Adjourned.

Special to The New York Times.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., March 12.—The Newberry trial was further delayed today, when Paul H. King, Newberry's manager, called for cross-examination, had a complete breakdown on the stand and was removed from the courtroom following a few questions by Attorney Allan Rees on behalf of Respondent Myron T. Sherwood. Government attorneys declared they did not want to question a sick witness, and court was adjourned until tomorrow morning, and if King is unable to attend court then the trial will probably go over until Monday.

Only five respondents have testified. King took the stand to speak for himself and the remaining eighty respondents. Senator Newberry did not testify, as it is contended that the correspondence read into the record covers his part in the case.

The prosecution hopes to cross-examine King, but in the event his illness is prolonged they may have to waive that right rather than adjourn the case. There are more than thirty rebuttal witnesses on hand waiting to be heard and the prosecution desires to use them now rather than have to call them back at a later time.

DE VALERA'S HOUSE RAIDED.

Police Seek Countess Markievicz at Sinn Fein Leader's Dublin Residence

DUBLIN, March 12.—The police today raided the residence of Mrs. Eamonn de Valera, wife of the Sinn Fein leader, in search of Countess Markievicz, Sinn Fein member of Parliament for the St. Patrick's Division of Dublin. They were unsuccessful, however, in their quest.

It is stated that the police mistook a cousin of Mrs. de Valera from London for the Countess in disguise.

Countess Markievicz was sentenced in June of last year to four months' imprisonment on charges growing out of disorders in Cork during May, when she was alleged to have incited tradesmen to boycott the police and to have participated in an unlawful assembly. She was released in October. As is the case with the other Sinn Fein members of Parliament elected in Ireland at the last general election, she has never taken her seat in the House. There has been no mention in recent advices on the Irish situation of any fresh charges against the Countess.

26TH IRISH CONSTABLE SLAIN

Two Soldiers and Several Civilians Also Killed in County Cork.

BELFAST, March 12.—Constable Scully was shot at Glenmire, County Cork, last night.

He was the twenty-sixth policeman murdered since Jan. 21.

Two soldiers and a number of civilians also were killed by gangs in the same vicinity yesterday.

MINE UNION HEADS SAID TO BE INDICTED

Big Coal Operators Also Reported to be Included in Indianapolis Indictment.

CAPIASES ARE BEING ISSUED

Attorney for United Mine Workers Confers with the Federal Official.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 12.—The Federal Building today was thronged with Government agents busily engaged in the preparation of 125 capiases which are to be served on the coal operators and miners indicted yesterday on the charge of conspiracy and violation of the Lever act.

The names of those who will fall into the Government dragnet are being closely guarded and will not be revealed until the arrests are made. However, the information leaked out during the day that 73 of those indicted live outside the State of Indiana and will be drawn chiefly from Illinois, Ohio and Pennsylvania.

Fifty-two operators and miners of this State will be forced to stand trial. Defendants in Indiana will be arrested by deputies working out of the office of Mark Storen, United States Marshal, while service on the other defendants will be sent to the United States District Attorneys in the States in which they live. This service will include a copy of the indictment for each defendant to be arrested. No arrests are expected before Monday or Tuesday of next week.

Reports were current here today that aside from a number of the leading coal operators of the country in the list of those indicted are several leaders of the United Mine Workers of America.

Henry Warrum, attorney of the United Mine Workers, was in conference with Albert Slack, Special Assistant United States Attorney at the Federal Building. The basic charge against all of those indicted, of whom two-thirds are operators, is reported to be a conspiracy to limit the production of coal during the coal strike last Fall.

Charges were made by Federal officials that the union mine leaders and the operators in their joint conferences talked production and price as well as the miners' demand for increased wages. Among Indiana operators who have been prominent in negotiations with miners are Phil A. Penna of Terre Haute, Secretary of the Indiana Coal Operators' Association; Will Freeman, member of the Wage Scale Committee of the operators, and Hugh Shirke, mine owner.

All of those arrested under the indictments will be held under bonds ranging from $5,000 to $10,000. They will be arraigned in Federal Court May 4.

The Saving Habit

The habit of saving grows with practice, and a sound investment for your savings helps the growth.

If you purchase our First Mortgage Certificates the safety of your money is absolutely guaranteed and you will receive a good rate of interest.

You can invest your money for from three to five years.

We have guaranteed $725,000,000 in the past 28 years and no investor has ever lost a dollar.

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.

Capital and Surplus, $11,000,000

176 Broadway, New York
175 Remsen St.; 196 Montague St., B'klyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica
67 Jackson Ave., Long Island City

INCOME TAX
Returns prepared

E. Wrigley,
Audits, Systems, Tax Service
47 West 34th St.
Tel. Greeley 937 for appointment

J. M. Gidding & Co.
384-386 and 388 Fifth Avenue, 46th and 47th Sts.

INTRODUCE
For Smart Daytime Wear
the new
Mousquetaire Wrap

in duvetyn—tricolette and Shetland jersey—
also feature
many other smart models in
Top Coats and Wraps
for motoring—traveling and general wear in town or country—

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & Co
34th Street—New York

Will Place on Special Sale Today
Another Remarkable Purchase of
900 Women's High-Class Blouses

12.75 to 21.75 Values at . . 7.90

Georgette Venice Trimmed
Georgette Real Filet Trimmed

Models of Georgette and Net; some with Real Filet Insertions and Camisoles attached. Others trimmed with Jabot Frills, Venise and Val. Lace. Collar and collarless. Round, pointed and square necks. Short and long sleeves.

Sale Price **7.90** *Values to 21.75*

Positively None Sent C. O. D.

Saks & Company Announce an Extraordinary Pre-Easter

Sale of $34,942.50 Worth

"Reita" Pearl Necklaces

1,072 Strings, in Matinee and Opera Lengths

To Be Sold for $15,573.50

Less Than Half Regular Prices

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For Easter, what gift compares with that of Pearls

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Instantly prepared—no cooking
Used successfully over ½ century

Get Ask for **Horlick's**
Thus Avoiding Imitations

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Hot water
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BELL-ANS
FOR INDIGESTION

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Daintiest Springtime Lingerie

Of French Creation

An exquisite collection of new models in Nainsook, Triple Voile and Handkerchief Linen, breathing the very spirit of France and spring newness. Some are dainty with hand embroidery or drawn-work while others are trimmed with Val or Irish Lace.

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Envelope chemises and night gowns fresh from Porto Rico and the Philippines, revealing all the daintiness and substantial quality for which these island workers are famous. Fashioned of Nainsook, hand embroidered and hand stitched

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A display of Gowns, Envelope Chemises, Drawers and Bloomers of Wash Satin and Crepe de Chine, offering a wide choice of attractive, well made styles.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets

COL. RAND TO ASSIST GRAND JURY INQUIRY

Appointed Legal Adviser in Investigation of Charges Against Swann's Staff.

TO MAKE STATEMENT TODAY

Independent in Politics — District Attorney Says He Wanted Republicans Appointed.

Colonel William Rand, Jr., was appointed a Special Deputy Attorney General yesterday to assist the Extraordinary Grand Jury as legal adviser in the investigation of its charges submitted to Governor Smith against members of District Attorney Swann's staff, James E. Smith, John T. Dooling and Edwin P. Kilroe, Assistant District Attorneys. The appointment was made by Attorney General Charles D. Newton, who was designated by the Governor as general counsel in response to the jury's request for executive aid so that the investigations might be taken from the jurisdiction of the New York County prosecutor.

In accepting the appointment Colonel Rand said he would make a statement today. He was asked if he had acted as attorney for a member of the Extraordinary Grand Jury, Clinton T. Brainard. He replied that he might have acted as counsel for him many years ago, that he would look it up and refer to it in his statement, but he did not consider that incident a legal barrier to his proceeding as counsel to the jury.

The new legal aid to the jury has been an Assistant Corporation Counsel and an Assistant District Attorney. He is a member of the law firm of Jerome, Rand & Kresel, 37 Wall Street. He is an independent in politics, with Democratic affiliations. During the war he was a member of the Judge Advocate General's Department of the army and assisted Brig. Gen. Edward A. Kreger in France in the review of cases from general courts-martial.

The appointment is the fourth attempt made by the Governor in an effort to satisfy the jury. The jury wanted two assistants, one a Republican and the other a Democrat, to assure the investigation freedom from any suspicion of partisan politics. It was rumored that another appointment may include either Leonard M. Wallstein, ex-Commissioner of Accounts, who is now counsel to the Citizens Union, or Royal H. Weller, a Republican, and a former Assistant District Attorney. District Attorney Swann expressed approval of Colonel Rand's professional ability, and said:

"I asked Attorney General Newton to appoint a Republican, an enrolled Republican, and a member of the Republican Club, not a half-way Democrat, so that there could be no question of partisan politics when the investigator renders his report to the Attorney General, as he must do, and which will show that there is nothing against the men who have been so grossly maligned by Almirall."

POLICE STOP MUSIC PICKETS

Strikers Have Enlisted the Aid of Lambs and Actors' Equity.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 12.—The dismissed musicians of the Boston Symphony Orchestra were barred by the police from picketing the stage entrance to Symphony Hall at rehearsal today. Six pickets selected from members of the newly formed union gathered near the door, but were made to "keep moving" and were unceremoniously hustled along by policemen apparently stationed there especially to prevent the strikers from doing picket duty.

While the orchestra management was revising its concert programs the strikers were arranging for a benefit concert, to be given by themselves and union sympathizers in the Colonial Theatre a week from Sunday night and in various other enterprises in connection with the continuance of their strike.

The concert is being arranged by Mr. Dodge, who is the originator of the ten band concerts that are conducted annually in Mechanics' Building. He has been in touch with the Lambs and the Actors' Equity Association, and through these associations a number of prominent stars are to appear at the concert, which will be conducted by Emil Mollenhauer.

AIRMEN BREAK ICE JAM.

Bombs Scatter Susquehanna Barrier —Floods Start in Ohio.

PORT DEPOSIT, Md., March 12.—The tremendous ice jam in the Susquehanna River, extending from this town to Havre de Grace at the river's mouth, finally succumbed today to the heavy bombardment from airplanes of the last three days, combined with the influence of mild weather, and passed out into Chesapeake Bay.

It is believed that the dangerous flood menace to this town has been removed and the citizens are planning a banquet to the army aviators in appreciation of their work.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 12.—Boats and cottages along Rocky River were buried today under miniature mountains of ice, following the breaking of a large ice gorge last night and the flooding of the lowlands.

There was grave danger, it was said, that further breaking of the ice with continued mild weather would crush and sweep away many cottages and boats.

CONNEAUT, Ohio, March 12.—Bessemer and Lake Erie Railroad tracks are under water for a mile to the depth of two or three feet, and the grounds of the United Brick Company and a large section of adjacent low land are buried under three feet of water today as a result of Conneaut Creek overflowing its banks following an ice jam last night.

STRIKE TODAY MAY TIE UP COAST SHIPS

Owners Refuse Increased Wage Demands of 8,000 Longshoremen, Checkers and Stevedores.

TALK SEABOARD BLOCKADE

Union Official Says Strike Vote Is Being Taken in Atlantic Coast Ports.

A strike of all the coastwise longshoremen, checkers and stevedores engaged in the Port of New York, numbering 7,000 or 8,000, will begin at 8 o'clock this morning. Following the refusal of the steamship owners, in conference with the union leaders yesterday, to grant their demands for increased wages, the various locals of the longshoremen, checkers and stevedores last night voted unanimously to strike this morning. It was announced by a union official that a strike vote was also being taken last night at all ports along the Atlantic Coast and that its result would be known today.

The longshoremen struck last week, partly tying up coastwise shipping, but most of them had returned to work by Tuesday pending consideration of their demands. The steamship lines involved in the strike are the Mallory, Clyde, Morgan, Old Dominion, Southern Pacific and the Ocean Steamship Company, which operates the Savannah line.

The coastwise longshoremen are seeking the same rate of pay that the deep sea men receive, which is 80 cents an hour and $1.20 cents for overtime. They now receive 65 cents an hour, with $1 an hour for overtime. The differential was established last fall by the National Adjustment Commission, at about the same time that the deep sea men were awarded an extra 5 cents an hour. Later the commission raised the pay of the deep sea men to 80 cents an hour, but no further action has been taken on the demands of the coastwise men.

The steamship owners say they are bound by the award of the National Adjustment Commission, which was to remain in effect until Sept. 30, 1920. The commission agreed to "reconsider the case without prejudice if present prices persist and if a general increase of freight rates should in course of time occur." The steamship owners say that they "frankly admit that there has been no decrease in the cost of living since October," but that "we must at the same time draw especial attention to the fact that the plight of our lines has become steadily, progressively worse."

BRITISH NAVY BUDGET CUT.

Estimates Call for £84,372,300, Against £157,528,800 for 1919.

LONDON, March 12.—Revised naval estimates issued for 1920 and 1921 provide for the expenditure of £84,372,300, as against £157,528,800 for the previous year.

The estimates calls for a total personnel of 136,000 men, as against 280,000 last year.

Saks & Company

Will Place on Sale Saturday

1300 New

$5.95 Wonder Hats

the best values in trimmed millinery ever seen in America

Gay Flowered Hats, Feather Brimmed Styles, Hair Lace Hats for Dress Wear, Tailored Styles, Smart Wing Hats, Turbans, and Fan-effect Models that turn gracefully off the face—in fact almost every type of hat for both matron and miss predicted to enjoy a wide vogue for spring.

In the face of the present high cost of material and labor, to offer such beautiful chapeaux at $5.95 is remarkable, to say the least!

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th Street

STORE HOURS 9.00 A. M. to 5.30 P. M.

Store Closes at 5 P. M.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

The Smart Spring Coats That Women Are Wanting

Featured Today at

$49.50

HANDSOME Bolivia Cloth, in the season's fashionable colors, finely tailored and lined throughout with Peau de Cygne—one of the important March offerings not to be overlooked.

Polo Coats for Town and Country Wear

Camel's Hair Polo Cloth. Belted model, three-quarter length, convertible collars, strapped cuffs and smart pockets. $45.00

Third Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32ND STREET—BROADWAY—33RD STREET — — NEW YORK CITY

The Authentic Presentation of the Millinery Mode for Spring

Features the Largest Number of Parisian Creations We Have Ever Had—Together With Gimbel Reproductions Developed in Imported Materials Identical with Those of the Originals.

Superb hats of Varon, Hamar, Georgette, Lancret, Talbot, Reboux and other great designers are here. And displayed with them, the Gimbel reproductions, just as beautiful, just as painstakingly fashioned—and *developed in the same materials as the originals*, down to the last tiny flower.

And another outstanding feature of this magnificent showing is not one of beauty, nor of perfect duplication, but of price. For you may not know that under prevailing conditions today, it would be utterly impossible to offer such hats at prices within reach. Due to the abnormally low value of the franc, however,

Prices Are as Distinctly Moderate as Always—$22.50 and higher

Gimbels—French Millinery Salon—Third Floor

The Store is closed at 5 P. M. daily

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Men's Spring Suits

ready-made, by custom tailors

from fabrics imported by B. Altman & Co. are now assembled on the Sixth Floor

It is not necessary for the discriminating wearer to have clothing made especially to measure in order to insure skilful tailoring and the use of the finest, selected cloths. The present assortments are in a full range of sizes and meet individual requirements in every particular.

Prices: $75.00 to 110.00

Some of these Suits are handsomely finished with silk.

Men's Hats

in the new shapes and shades for Spring are being featured in the Department on the First Floor

Soft Felt Hats . $6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 10.00

Derby Hats 8.00, 10.00

(Prices are exclusive of tax)

GLOVES Tan, Gray, Kid, Buckskin For Men and Women

The World's Greatest Leather Store

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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
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THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.
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AN ACCEPTABLE RESERVATION.

After all these months of obduracy and hair-splitting, Senator LODGE has finally proposed a compromise reservation to Article X. to which, it seems to us, no reasonable friend of the Treaty can object. In presenting his reservation Mr. LODGE said that if he thought that it "affected in any way "the principle or substance of the "reservation as it stands [that is, his "own reservation] I should not offer "it and would vote against the "Treaty which contains it." That is a question for Mr. LODGE himself. To us it seems that this new draft leaves Article X. vital and valid, while the Lodge reservation was intentionally made destructive. But if the compromise form suits his difficult taste no one else will haggle over the point. This compromise reservation does not affect the principle or substance of Article X. of the Treaty. It is declaratory of our perfectly well understood constitutional practice. If a reservation is necessary to preclude in any quarter, either at home or abroad, the foolish belief that the League covenant would require us to employ our military or naval force without the sanction of Congress, this proposal of Mr. LODGE'S will answer the purpose. And as interference in a dispute might lead to military action, it is not unreasonable to invoke the antecedent sanction of Congress. That process will cause delay; it may be fatal to the effort to prevent a resort to arms. But the point is not at the moment important enough to delay or defeat ratification.

It is believed in Washington that at least thirty-two Democrats stand ready to vote for this reservation. That is half of the two-thirds majority. The responsibility for its adoption, for the ratification or non-ratification of the Treaty, therefore, rests just where it has always rested, with the Republican Senators.

THE DIVIDED FLEET.

The United States Navy was not ready for active service when war was declared upon Germany in April, 1917, according to Admiral SIMS. It may be some consolation to know, if need be given to the charges of Sir PERCY SCOTT, that the British Navy was not ready in August, 1914. Some of his countrymen regard him as too stern a critic, but he is always prepared with facts and figures to show that the Admiralty had often turned a deaf ear to the naval reformers like Sir JOHN FISHER and himself. Admiral SIMS would not be offended to be compared with Sir PERCY SCOTT as a critic and reformer. Both have been devoted to their profession and have risked court-martial and neglect to point out what was wrong with the navy. Admiral SIMS is just as bold and explicit as Sir PERCY. The only way to answer either of them is to present evidence in rebuttal that is stronger. Secretary DANIELS will have his turn before the Senate committee, and Admiral BENSON must prepare the case for the defense.

Admiral SIMS declares that months were lost in sending a squadron of battleships to reinforce the British fleet, although he was persistent in urging expedition. And when the squadron came it was not homogeneous. Ships were not ready or they had to go into the repair dock. Not a submarine was sent for four months, and then a small flotilla of five arrived; four months later five more appeared. The truth, of course, is that the navy was not strong in submarines. The Admiral scored heavily when he read a cablegram from the department, dated July 10, 1917, which gave notice that, "while "a successful termination of the "present war must always be the first "allied aim and will probably result "in diminished tension throughout the "world, the future position of the "United States must in no way be "jeopardized by any disintegration of "our main fighting fleet."

Admiral SIMS maintained that the fighting zone was the place for the fleet, that the war could not be won on the Atlantic seaboard, and that not an hour or minute should be lost in reinforcing the British and French Navies to grapple with the submarine menace and close with the enemy's fleet if it should come out again. That certainly would have been Admiral MAHAN'S strategical plan, and it would have had the approval of the country. It becomes the duty of the head of the Navy Department and the Chief of Operations to present the reasons why the policy of separation and distribution was pursued.

DIRECT ACTION BEATEN.

The British Federation of Miners has been or pretended to be eager for the nationalization of the coal mines. Its radical leaders have committed it to the policy of direct action—that is, of the general strike, for the purpose of securing nationalization. Among the members of the Triple Alliance there has been an evident lukewarmness to this extreme policy. Referred to a Trades Union Congress, called for the special purpose, direct action as a means of forcing the Government to nationalize the coal mines has been badly defeated. To the referendum were submitted two questions: Should political action take the form of "intensive propaganda" in preparation for a general election? The majority of the yeas over the nays was 2,717,000. Should trade union action be direct, take the form of a general strike? Nays, 3,370,000; yeas, 1,050,000; majority against direct action, 2,820,000.

The Coalition Government has not been too brave or decided in regard to nationalization. The election of Mr. ASQUITH at Paisley seems to have been due largely to his clear and strong opposition to nationalization of industries. Now Mr. LLOYD GEORGE has his instructions. The verdict of the Trades Union Congress must be regarded as a verdict against nationalization not merely of the coal mines but of any industry. It shows that the mass of British trade unionists are sensible, conservative, not awed by the violent Socialism or Bolshevism of some of their chiefs. The London and Liverpool police strike was a sufficient British lesson in direct action, just as the Boston police strike was to America. Aside from the folly and danger of direct action, and its substitution for orderly and constitutional political and parliamentary methods, nationalization of the mines would be fatal, is indeed impossible, economically and financially. Like all other countries, Great Britain needs to reduce expenditures. The British trade unionists know that, and are not deceived by the sophistications and objurgations of the Smillies and the Tom Manns.

SYRIA AND MESOPOTAMIA.

The Syrian Congress sitting at Damascus has proclaimed the independence of Syria, and Mesopotamian notabilities are talking of independence for Mesopotamia. Whether a son of the King of the Hedjaz has actually been proclaimed King as yet is not certain, but something of the sort is likely to happen. British and French statesmen specializing in the Near East may well be somewhat disturbed, and doubtless it does not add to their peace of mind to remember that their neglect of Turkish questions and the protection of Ottoman Christians was largely due to their absorption in arrangements with the Arabs, which have now apparently broken down.

The King of the Hedjaz and his active son, the Emir FEISAL, were of considerable use to the Allies in the campaigns which ended with the victory at Megiddo; but the Arabs were not fighting for England and France, they were fighting for themselves. Through 1916 there were negotiations between England and the Arabs, on the one hand, and England and France, on the other. France had a traditional position in Syria, going back to the Crusades and emphasized by French action in the nineteenth century. To this sentimental interest was added the desire to get something which should counterbalance the great acquisitions which England was on the way to making in Mesopotamia. French and Arab interests clashed in Syria, where apparently support for France is confined to the Catholic element of the population. And even the Catholics have a good deal of Nationalist feeling.

For a while Lord ALLENBY prevented the French and the Arabs from coming into conflict, but French diplomats were disturbed at the continued presence of the British, even as shock absorbers. So presently the British left and the French began to make adjustments with the Emir FEISAL. That gentleman, who seems to need no guardian, realized that French assistance could be useful in the development of Syria and that it might be bought at what to the Arabs would seem too heavy a price. A conflict was in the interest of neither party, but popular sentiment was becoming irritated at many places. The Emir's orders have been necessary already to prevent clashes between the Arabs and the French, and some of the wilder spirits are talking about co-operating with MUSTAPHA KEMAL Pasha if an arrangement cannot be made with France. Meanwhile the French, trying to find compensation in Cilicia for what was endangered further south, encountered Turkish troops at Marash and are likely to have a fight on their hands to make much progress in this quarter.

The differences between the Arabs and the French are not incapable of adjustment, but it begins to be apparent that both French and English will have to realize that the Arabs are going to have a good deal more to say about what happens in Arab countries than had been expected. Colonel LAWRENCE, the Frankenstein of the Emir FEISAL, must be somewhat alarmed at the activity of his creation. Optimists in Washington see in the possibility of the erection of a great Arab State from Persia and Cilicia down to Aden a power which should compensate Moslem pride for the expulsion of the Turks from Europe, but optimists have not often been right in recent times. British and French statesmanship in the Near East has shown a great deal of ingenuity since 1914, but talent of a different sort seems to be needed now.

"STAGGERING" TAXES.

The piling of Federal and State tax duties and payments on each other is staggering, but in a wrong sense. Engineers "stagger" by alternation, not by addition, and that is the salutary effect of Controller TRAVIS'S postponement of the limit for filing State income tax returns, but with a penalty of interest for the period of delay which he has not the power to waive. The approval of the separation of the Federal and State dates and payments is so unanimous that the relief might well be made permanent by amendment of the law before the Legislature adjourns. The wonder is why it was ever thought desirable to pile this Pelion on the Federal Ossa. Taxpayers are not able to do this "staggering" for themselves, as the real estate interests are now seeking to do in order to relieve themselves from a like inconvenience. They are now co-operating with the intent that their business shall be "closed" on the 5th, 10th, 20th or 25th of each month instead of being accumulated at the end, the beginning, or the middle of the month. The reason is that it troubles both the traders and the banks to deal with many things as a total when they can be dealt with as items just as well and more easily.

There is no such escape for those who must comply with the tax laws. But why should not the laws be modified in this respect? The proposal is timely, for there are other pending proposals. One is for the communication of information between the State and the United States regarding incomes. If teeth are to be put in the law in this manner, why should not something be done for the convenience of the taxpayers as well as the tax collectors? Neither the State nor the nation has need for such great sums as are paid on the tax days when they are so few. The State allows only a single payment for a year's income tax payment. The nation allows four, but one of them is the same as the State's. This cumulation of payments has some recompense for the banks, which are alternately starved and flooded with funds, and some of them are mere book entries. There is no such relief for the taxpayers, who part with their funds once for all when paid over. The State allows payment of realty taxes in installments and might well make a similar arrangement regarding the income taxes.

If the payment due March 15 were made to fall on April 15, and if the date for filing the returns were made different from the Federal date, there would be considerable convenience both in the preparation of the returns and in the payment of the funds. When the State requires the State returns to conform to the Federal returns, an opportunity to make them up after the Federal returns are filed would be a reasonable accommodation to those harried and flurried by intricate calculations.

SECURITY FOR POLAND.

Dispatches from Warsaw report the conclusion of an agreement between the Polish Government and the United States Shipping Board and Liquidation Commission which promises to help Poland where help was most needed. The Liquidation Commission has agreed to sell to the Poles as much of the surplus American Army supplies as they may need, on six years' credit. The Shipping Board will see that the goods are carried to Danzig. Already, according to Warsaw, there is en route a quantity of supplies including "military equipment for 2,000,000 "men, 80 locomotives, 4,500 cars for "troop transport, 5,000,000 pounds of "margarine, 100,000 tons of flour "and a considerable quantity of mis-"cellaneous material."

This is a good deal to be on the way at one time, but it may be supposed that at any rate it indicates the extent of Polish purchases. No wonder the Poles feel that "almost overnight the "complexion of the whole Polish situ-"ation has changed." The Poles are excellent soldiers and ought to be able to hold their own against the Red Army if they have adequate supplies. During the Winter they were painfully lacking in equipment, but this need now seems to have been met. If the quantities of goods bought are as large as represented, and if they arrive without interference or too great delay, Poland may be considered as fairly safe against Bolshevist Russia.

It is not likely that the question of peace with the Bolsheviki will be much affected by this transfer. The idea of a Polish offensive against Moscow, which offered dubious chances of success and jeopardized everything that the Poles have won in the last year and a half, seems to have been abandoned; it was a French idea always which found less support in Warsaw than in Paris. The Poles would be quite unwise in undertaking an offensive against Russia, but this sale of equipment should mean that on the defensive they can hold their own. With their army well supplied they will probably be ready now to make peace on some such terms as those lately suggested by General PILSUDSKI. The great danger has always been that other Powers would make peace and leave Poland standing alone. That danger seems to be passing; the precipitate eagerness of certain Governments to make peace and get trade has been somewhat abated, and the Poles will soon be able to depend more fully on themselves. It is a transaction which is good politics and good business; by helping Poland we help Western Europe and America.

TALK AND WORK.

Isn't Governor SPROUL of Pennsylvania rather epigrammatic than positively helpful to his fellow-citizens when he tells them that there is too much talk and not enough work in the United States at present? "The "American people learned to talk dur-"ing the war drives," he says, "and "some of them haven't stopped." Was more work ever done in the United States than in the time of the war drives? And talk is necessary to the health of a great many people. Governments, political campaigns, "banquets," to go no further, cannot be carried on without it. What is a parliament but a talkery? Like poetry, talk is relieving to the talker. In every village and city, wherever articulate-speaking men and women exist, are many, many persons who must speak or they will die, die with all their music in them.

There is a time for speech and a time for work. There is time enough for both. Still, if we consider the search for new sources of taxation, where could one be found more productive than a tax, a graduated tax with surtaxes, on talk? Of course, there would have to be ample deductions and exemptions for politicians, after-dinner speakers, public forum orators, and Mr. BRYAN; but a talk tax would be solid economically, easily collected and highly productive. We offer the idea respectfully to Governor SPROUL and to all other statesmen and speakers. A talk tax, honestly collected, would furnish so much revenue that the excess profits tax and the State and Federal income taxes could be taken off the backs of a patient people.

NO PLACE FOR RHEUMATISM.

There appears to have been a rupture of diplomatic relations between Mr. "NICKY" ARNSTEIN and the District Attorney's office. For a while the gentleman accused of being "the master mind" in the little matter of five million dollars' worth of securities conducted long-range negotiations, acting in his own name and by his own proper authority, with the State of New York, and there seemed for a time some hope that he would accept Judge SWANN'S fourteen points and sign an armistice. But at the last moment he seems to have feared that he would be made the victim of a Carthaginian peace; so he resumes his peregrinations between long-distance telephone booths in Cleveland, Syracuse, Pittsburgh and way stations, leaving the neutral mediator, Mr. MCGEE, deprived of his excellent chance of winning the Nobel peace prize.

Now by the long-distance telephone, which he seems to be able to employ with much better success than the average citizen, he issues a statement of war aims. In the first place, he is absolutely innocent. He would like to come home because he misses his family, but he can't raise a hundred thousand dollars bail. And "I am ill with "rheumatism and don't want to lie in "the Tombs for three or four "months." Here is a frank statement which ought to be useful as a basis for further discussions looking toward a negotiated peace. Brushing aside all propaganda, it is evident that Mr. ARNSTEIN'S minimum demands are concerned principally with strategic guarantees against the rheumatism. If the District Attorney's office can make arrangements to confine him in some bathing establishment instead of the vulgar institution on Centre Street, perhaps he will come home. If he refuses an honest proposal of that sort, one can only suspect that he is a humorist even more gifted than his wife.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Situation Viewed by Experts.

It will not add anything to the immediate popularity of the Bar Association that it has cast a coldly critical eye on the various bills relating to rents now before the State Legislature and for most of them expresses only disapproval. This is due, probably, to the fact that the members of the association are wont to take the constitutionality of a proposed law into consideration before approving its enactment, and besides it probably is not enough for them, as it is for a good many enraged tenants, just now, that a proposed law, passed and enforced, would make life miserable for all landlords and so punish them for their sins.

The bill reviving the law repealed two years ago, the law that made the duration of occupancy, when not a matter of explicit contract, run until the following May, is advised by the association, but for the Dimin bill, which has received more of commendation in and out of the Legislature than any of the others now waiting action, it has no good words to say and with it many faults to find.

The report of the association is not very helpful, except as it may move both the Legislature and the public to realize that much care will have to be exercised, and not a little wisdom, before a real solution of the equally serious and difficult rent problem can be found. Any merely vindictive measure would be worse than useless, and it is hard to see much else than the desire to punish in many of the bills that have been drawn. Perhaps if the Bar Association were asked for advice, its combined knowledge and ingenuity could produce a law that at least would mitigate the renting situation.

Utilizing a Noble Precedent.

While tenants are waiting relief from Albany that may be long in coming, it would be judicious for those who have the resources required for determined litigation to find out if there is not help for them in the laws we already have. They should ponder the hint to be found in the recent decision that he who charges for a ham $11 more than it is worth cannot collect the excess, but must be content with a reasonable profit. This is just what the revolted tenants of the big apartment house in Forest Hills seem to have done, for they have hired a lawyer and purpose to get a court decision as to whether they can be forced either to move or to submit to a doubling of the rents they now are paying. Nobody will object to that—least of all lawyers, associated or other—and it is a plan of considerable hopefulness, especially at a time like this, when the traditional uncertainty as to what a petty jury will do in a given case has been much decreased in cases like this one.

The Forest Hills controversy is a particularly interesting one because of what may be described as the literary skill of both the landlord's agent and the leader of the rebels. Each of them, for an amateur, shows notable command of satire, but the agent should have been—and in the future probably will be—more cautious in the use of that often dangerous weapon, satire. He rather severely wounded himself when he referred to the price of oil, in which, it seems, his antagonist is a large dealer. For the return blow was a comparison between oil prices and rents that was decidedly in favor of the former.

Next time the landlord's man will fortify himself with figures before he begins. As it is, he has lost the first skirmish, but that is not enough to make a real warrior despair.

His Object Was Not a Record.

Those who have assumed that an altitude record was the only object sought by Major RUDOLPH SCHROEDER when he climbed nearer to the sky than man ever went before must have felt, or at any rate had an excuse for feeling, that he put his courage to rather futile use. It would not be really worth while to risk life and endure much cruel suffering merely to beat other altitude hunters by spending a few minutes in a region as unfitted for human abiding as is the bottom of the sea.

That the Major did have his eye on a record he does not deny, but he explains that the setting of a new height mark was only incidental to effort at a far less sterile achievement. What he wanted to discover was whether they are right or wrong who contend that if a plane flies high enough it will find two mighty currents of air, one moving toward the east and another, above it, going the other way.

If these currents do exist, they are likely to be the future's best pathways for the making of long journeys at enormous speed. The difficulties and dangers of travel in air much rarefied and intensely cold are not insuperable. Already Major SCHROEDER knows why he had such a terrible experience, and he confidently expects his next trip toward the stars to be a fairly comfortable one. Oxygen and warmth, fortunately, are portable and may be carried almost anywhere.

A Death Purely Accidental.

Lamentable as was the fatal injury of young MILTON STERNFELD while he and another young man, his close friend, were giving a brief exhibition of very amateur boxing, it has practically no bearing on the question whether the exercise or sport that brought them into the semblance of conflict is one to be commended or reprehended.

What happened evidently was an accident, and it was an unavoidable accident, except that an examination by a doctor before the bout began just possibly might have revealed the unwisdom of strenuous physical exertion by young STERNFELD. The need of such an examination before a contest so far from fierce between two boys in seemingly perfect health was very far from obvious, however—so far that failure to make it cannot fairly be said to render anybody worthy of blame or criticism.

Such blows as the one that was struck a few moments after the bout began are endured with impunity so often and by so many young men that reasonably enough they excite no apprehension. Perhaps they should excite more of it than they do, for the point of the jaw is a place where severe shocks to the whole nervous system can be given.

MARCH MORNING.

A pale sun glints across the swirling drifts,
Bent trees are crackling with a silver load,
A wild gale shrieks in mischief as it lifts
A stinging screen of flakes across the road.

It seems midwinter still, and still the world
Lies wrapped in sleep upon the year's high shelf,
But March is such a rogue, his challenge hurled
In fury cannot hide his other self.

A softer azure tints the sky's cold blue,
Sometimes, for moments, all the wind is quiet,
Ice jewels melt to tears, the rendezvous
Of ruffled sparrows teems with April riot.

Still roars the lion, but the lamb is bolder,
The madness has a subtle touch of play,
The night was Winter, but the Spring, grown older,
Knows what a sham of Winter is today.

EDNA MEAD.

WOMEN DELEGATES.

A Complaint That the City Republicans Are a Man's Party.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As evidenced by their choice of delegates and alternates in New York City to the Chicago Convention, the Republican Party has completely failed to take women "at their word" and estimate them "on equal terms" with men. Instead of basing its choice of the absurdly small number of women delegates on their record and qualifications, as it professes to do with men, it has almost uniformly selected merely those women who were placed in certain party positions after the granting of equal suffrage two years ago, regardless of whether their claims to actual achievement equaled or surpassed the claims either of other women or of the men in the party. Conspicuous initiative and leadership have usually counted for nothing in these selections. On the contrary, it is perfectly evident that in many cases a premium is placed upon the woman who is content to be a submissive understudy to the men with whom she is associated. A great cry has been raised as to the menace of a "woman's party." Is this a mesh to hide the self-evident fact that in New York City, at any rate, the Republican Party intends to be a "man's party," leavened, by cruel necessity, with a very few feminine "rubber stamps"?

As far as the selection of delegates goes, the Democratic Party has been far more astute, and to that extent it is securing enthusiastic support among its alert women. It has chosen as delegates not merely holders of small organization offices, but women who, by reason of energy and initiative, whatever their handicaps may be, are recognized as leaders among its women and as genuine assets to the party. To the casual observer, the names of these women are associated with political achievement of some sort.

The suspicion that, in this part of the world at least, the Republican Party is suffering from a bad attack of "dry rot," that it is falling back into the sluggish reaction which brought about the disaster of 1912 and condemned it to eight years of "innocuous desuetude," would seem to be substantiated by the stupidity and injustice shown in the number and choice of women delegates to Chicago, by the sorry showing made by its present leaders at Albany, and by its extraordinary determination to risk a seat in the United States Senate rather than supplant a Senator deserted by a large part of his constituents because they fear his close association with a discredited political machine, and his inability to keep step with the steady, forward march of progress. We have had dreams of a party arising from defeat, chastened, renewed in strength; we have had visions of a nation which, during these tragic years of war, had learned the beauty of sacrifice for a great ideal, of self-forgetfulness in service. Has it all counted for nothing?

A. B. C.

New York, March 8, 1920.

The Russian Church.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent issue of your paper there appeared an article headed "America's Russian Archbishop Is Safe." In that little article there is so much misinformation about the Russian Church that I deem it my duty to write these few lines.

Here are the plain facts: Former Archbishop Evdokim, head of the Russian Church in America, left this country in July, 1917. His place was taken by the First Vicar, Bishop Alexander Nemolovsky. That was done in accordance with the Church law and also at the special request of Archbishop Evdokim by cablegram from Moscow. That the present Archbishop Alexander is not "without authority from the Elected Synod," as the article states, I am inclosing an affidavit from Metropolitan Platon, former President of the Elected Synod, in which it is plainly stated that "Archbishop Evdokim transmitted to his First Vicar, Bishop Alexander, his right in the ruling of the Russian Church in America," and that "Bishop Alexander by virtue of these instructions was obliged to exercise the right of ruling Archbishop." This affidavit of the President of the Elected Synod of Russia, established just after the revolution, surely must have more value than bare assertion of any professor.

Soon after arrival in Russia Archbishop Evdokim was appointed by the Patriarch as Archbishop of the Kostroma Diocese. That appointment automatically cut his connection with the American Church.

In March, 1918, at the Cleveland convention, the Russian-American Church elected Alexander Nemolovsky as its ruling Archbishop. The right of election of Bishops was established at the Ecumenical Church Council at Moscow (1917-1918); no one can dispute it. As to the return of former Archbishop Evdokim, nobody wants it, and no faction endeavors to communicate with him. There is no need for that. Our Church has been reorganized on the truly democratic principles; we know our rights and we cannot allow any one to take them away. We are trying to communicate with the Patriarch Tikhon, but, unfortunately, that is impossible at present.

As to the reference to the Red Cross funds having been misused, improper tax returns, &c.—all that had been done during the incumbency of Archbishop Evdokim, insinuations of the article to the contrary. The visit of the revenue officers, arrest of papers, receivership—all that was due to former sins for which the present Archbishop cannot be held responsible.

ALEXANDER KUKULEVSKY,
Secretary Diocesan Council of the Russian Church in America, Member All-Russian Ecumenical Council at Moscow.

New York, March 1, 1920.

Lodge Quoted for Lodge.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The moral obligation of the United States, as one of the Allies in the late war, to assist in establishing the League of Nations, and thus to do whatever is possible to prevent the recurrence of another war is incontrovertible. It is a grave discredit to our institutions and their practical working that so statesmanlike a conception should be held up, month after month, by petty differences and party jealousies.

I should like to call the attention of your readers to the following sentence from Senator Lodge's "Life of Alexander Hamilton," which repeats as nearly as possible the condemnation which all internationally minded men must feel to be due to the present hair-splitting and self-defeating manœuvring; he is speaking of the Congress before 1787 (p. 39): "Hamilton looked with absolute disgust upon this dogged refusal to pay the price of freedom; this stupid indifference to honor, rapidly degraded by the practical disregard of all just claims."

JOHN R. STRONG.

New York, March 10, 1920.

For Trade with Russia.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I note in your columns of March 5 a letter signed by Jerome Landfield containing an attack on the American Commercial Association to promote trade with Russia and on the American business men who compose its memberships.

I wish to state that the American Commercial Association was formed of, by and for American business men; that it was not formed by or for any foreign agency or individual, that it was formed for the purpose of serving a real need to American commercial interests at the present time, and that its organization, purposes and activities are open to the inspection and scrutiny of all reputable American business men at all times.

EMERSON P. JENNINGS,
President American Commercial Association; President Lehigh Machine Company, Lehighton, Pa.

New York, March 6, 1920.

18,279 SCHOOLS CLOSED.

Unable to Get Teachers Because of Low Salaries Paid.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The country is faced with a serious shortage of school teachers, chiefly through failure to provide adequate salaries, according to reports to the United States Bureau of Education. Conditions are becoming slightly better, however, the report states, in some sections, compared with those of last October.

Based on returns from State school officials, the reports show that on Feb. 13 last 18,279 schools were closed because of lack of teachers and 41,900 were being taught by teachers characterized as "below standard, but taken on temporarily in the emergency." Greater shortages are shown in Southern States.

A great majority of the States in which schools were closed report that children are being transferred to other districts, while the others report pupils losing the grade.

Taxpayers are reported almost unanimously for an increase in teachers' salaries. Salaries paid in 1918 were, on an average, $806 for elementary teachers and $1,031 for those in high schools. Wages paid rural teachers fell far below the foregoing average in many States, many localities showing salaries as low as $150 and $200 a year.

In 190 State, county, city and private normal schools, representing 60 per cent. of the total normal schools in the country, there were 11,503 fewer students enrolled Nov. 1, 1919, than during the pre-war period. A similar falling off is shown in teacher-training departments in colleges, while other departments show great increases in enrollment.

A. O. Neal of the bureau's Division of Rural Education said today there was an increasing withdrawal of men teachers from the profession, the percentage in 1918 being only 17 per cent., or one in every six.

FOR A CONSTRUCTION CORPS

House Approves Separate Army Unit Despite Charge of Lobbying.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Existence of an "organized lobby of contractors," aided by interested army officers with the motive of amending the Army Reorganization bill so as to provide a separate construction corps, was charged in the House today by Representatives Madden of Illinois, Anthony of Kansas, Knutson of Minnesota and Wood of Indiana, all Republicans.

Representative Harrison, Democrat, of Virginia, a supporter of the proposed amendment, replied that there was "as much lobbying on one side as on the other." Other supporters declared that continuance of the corps as created during the war would result in great savings.

The amendment was adopted tentatively by a vote of 133 to 74, the House thereby making the first change in the bill as reported by the Military Committee.

Provision is made in the amendment for a corps of 250 officers and 8,000 men to have charge of all real estate purchases and construction by the War Department, except miscellaneous work now done by the Engineers' Corps. The House later reaffirmed its action by voting 77 to 47 to discharge the Quartermaster's Corps from such duties and transfer from the Quartermaster branch the officers and men necessary to fill the places created in the construction service.

The Republican leader, Mondell, chided Republican members for joining with the Democrats in approving the separate organization.

DEMOTE 300 OFFICERS.

Regulars on Staff Duty in Washington Get Pre-War Rank.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Return of more than 300 officers of the regular army on staff duty in Washington to their pre-war rank is provided in orders being issued by direction of General March, Chief of Staff.

Among the officers are Lieut. Col. John M. Milliken and Major J. M. Swing, aids to and son-in-law of General March. Under the orders, which are effective Monday, both will revert to the rank of Captain. Colonel Grant will return to his regular rank of Major.

Orders for return to permanent rank also are being prepared for more than 100 officers with the American forces in Germany.

AMERICANS EAT LESS BEEF.

High Prices Turn Consumers to Veal and Mutton.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—High retail prices in 1919 reduced the per capita consumption of beef in America almost eight pounds, and caused the consumer to turn more frequently to veal and mutton, according to a statement today by the Department of Agriculture. Slightly less pork was eaten, but the total consumption of pork products was much larger than in 1917, and the exports of pork and lard were greater than ever shown in the records of the department.

The total meat consumption was less than in 1918, the per capita for 1918 being 150.08 and that in 1919 141.98.

Beef exports were shown to have fallen off 56.8 per cent., but the shipments of pork and lard to foreign ports showed a great increase. The exports were equivalent to 18,000,000 hogs weighing 200 pounds each. Less pork and lard were consumed in America, but the number of hogs slaughtered was a million more than in 1918.

Reduction in foreign orders was the heaviest blow received by the beef industry. Exports declined 58.8 per cent. from the previous year. The department attributed this to the return of European countries to the cheaper sources of supply in South America and Australia. The decrease in foreign orders for beef was so large as to bring the total meat production in America 4 per cent. lower than in 1918, when packers were supplying a great part of the European market.

Figures supplied by the department show the American people ate more veal and mutton than during the war, but the per capita consumption of goat meat, never large, was only 0.09 per cent.

GROW DISEASELESS PLANTS

Cambridge, Eng., Scientists Also Develop a Triple-Yield Wheat.

CAMBRIDGE, England, March 2.—Cambridge University botanists maintain that it is now possible to breed disease-proof plants. A special body of investigators who have been devoting themselves to the practical testing of the Mendelian heredity law, are engaged in immunizing wheat, oats, barley, potatoes and roots, the results of which will be shown in the Summer to a distinguished assembly of medical men.

The "plant doctors," as they are called, have already succeeded in breeding a new wheat known as "Yeoman," which has yielded twelve quarters (96 bushels) to the acre—three times an ordinary crop.

DAYLIGHT SAVING APPEAL.

Citizens Urged to Request Legislators to Oppose Repeal.

Marcus M. Marks, President of the National Daylight Saving Association, made an appeal yesterday to those who favor daylight saving to ask their Senators and Assemblymen to oppose the bill for its repeal now in the New York Legislature.

Mr. Marks asserted that 93 per cent. of the people favored daylight saving, but that the strongly organized 3 per cent. might succeed in the movement for its repeal, unless the friends of the plan became active in support of it.

Population Gains in Three Cities.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Population statistics for 1920 announced today by the Census Bureau included. Macon, Ga., 52,523, an increase of 11,580, or 29.2 per cent., over 1910; Chattanooga, Tenn., 57,895, an increase of 13,291, or 29.8 per cent., and Coatesville, Pa., 14,513, an increase of 3,431, or 31 per cent.

GEDDES SEES CLOSER BOND WITH AMERICA

New British Ambassador, Guest of American Luncheon Club, Predicts Stronger Friendship.

COMMON LANGUAGE A BAR

It Has Disadvantage as Well as Advantage, He Says—Proud of Nations' Records.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 12.—Sir Auckland Geddes today received from the American Luncheon Club here what he termed his first American welcome in his new capacity as British Ambassador to Washington, and he took the opportunity to point out some dangers to a real understanding between the American and British peoples that lie in the use of the same "literary language."

Ambassador Davis, in proposing the health of the newcomer to the ranks of diplomacy, admitted that he felt the same keen delight as when he had to initiate a new boy at school, but he paid a high personal tribute to Sir Auckland and said: "He has given the best proof of his opinion of America by choosing from American soil the real mistress of his destinies, Lady Geddes."

To make his point clear concerning the superficial difficulties which Americans and Englishmen have in understanding each other Sir Auckland indulged in personal reminiscences. He told how as a young and undistinguished student he had wandered through Europe and part of Africa and found extraordinarily close resemblances between the men he met and himself. Then he went to America, to a people with a like language to himself. He continued:

"I dare say that at first I was more than disappointed. I felt that I could not penetrate the crust that seemed to separate the Americans from myself. The people seemed quite different."

In a little while, however, the truth dawned on him that he had been misled by the common tongue. He had gone to Europe expecting great differences and had found great similarities. In America he expected everything to be similar and had found differences.

"But," he said, "suddenly the crust broke and I found myself living among a people who, despite superficial dissimilarities, mainly due to climate and history, were most remarkably like me."

Sir Auckland spoke of his warm admiration and appreciation for Americans, and then uttered a warning against criticism of a nation based on an unfortunate experience with one of its members. An Englishman, he remarked, who had seen his best girl go off with an American soldier is likely enough to declaim against all Americans, when his real meaning is that he hates seeing his girl take notice of any other male.

"What we all want to realize," he said, "is that nations cannot be judged by the few chance citizens, but by the expression of their collective will in hours of crisis. Judge Britain by her action as a nation during the war—or even during one month of the war, April, 1918—and I think no friend of Britain need be ashamed of his friendship. Judge America by her action when she came into the war, her whole-hearted adoption of compulsory military service, and even more striking voluntary rationing of food and fuel in millions of households, and I think no friend of America need be other than proud of his friendship.

"These are great things. These are the pure gold of unselfish idealism in national souls, and long after the hysterics and exaggerations have passed away and false generalizations have been exposed, the ultimate essential verity, the capacity to forget self for a common ideal, will bind our nations in a yoke of service to mankind."

$450,000 IN A. I. C. P. FUND.

Association Confident of Reaching $975,000 Goal, Says President.

Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., President of the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, which has raised $450,000 of the fund of $975,000 which it is seeking to carry on its work in the face of increasing costs, said yesterday:

"Restoring the family to a position where more of its members can act as wage-earners is the goal sought. The preventive and remedial factor consists of guarding the health of the children, guiding their education so that at the earliest time practicable they can take up the burden.

"We feel that money spent wisely for relief of this kind is an investment for the ultimate well-being of the city. Because of this we regard with every confidence our present effort to raise the $975,000 fund that will make possible the continuance of this work."

SMITH NAMES McGOLDRICK.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Nominated for Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 12.—Governor Smith today nominated Edward J. McGoldrick, Assistant Corporation Counsel of New York City, to be Supreme Court Justice to succeed the late Justice Philip H. Dugro. The nomination was sent to the Senate and is expected to be confirmed next week.

Since 1908 Mr. McGoldrick has been closely associated with legislative life in Albany as the legislative representative of the New York City administration.

He is 48 years old and was born and educated in Albany. He was private Secretary to Lieut. Governor William F. Sheehan and at Mr. Sheehan's request went to New York City to study law. He was graduated from the New York University Law School in 1897. In 1907 he was appointed Assistant Corporation Counsel of New York City and has held that position since.

HUNTINGTON BOOKS SOLD.

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SOCIETY ACTS FOR THE SHELL-SHOCKED

Play and Fantasy to Equip Soldier-Farmers at Danville Hospital.

YOUNG BUDS AS BLOSSOMS

Plant, Flower and Fruit Guild Stages Bright Affair at the Plaza.

The "Shakespeare Garden Club," a one-act play by Mrs. Mabel M. Moran of Larchmont, was performed last evening in the Hotel Plaza ballroom under the auspices of the National Plant, Flower and Fruit Guild to raise funds for farm implements and seeds for 250 shell-shocked soldiers at the Danville Hospital and to help reconstruct devastated gardens in St. Quentin, France. A large and brilliant audience was generous in its applause.

In the play Mrs. Lee Hill French, Jr., was Anne Hathaway; Miss Sylvia Brown, Mistress Page; Miss Marion Lentilhon Gilford, Mistress Ford; Miss Geraldine Hall, Lady Macbeth; Miss Constance De Lanoy, Cordelia; Virginia De Haven, Perdita; Madeline Rees, Desdemona; Dorothy Haight, Katherine; Mrs. Connor Lawrence, Portia; Miss Louise Jongers, Rosalind; Mrs. Bradley Coley, Titania; Miss Mary Stichan, Ophelia; Miss Elizabeth Haldane, Rosaline; Miss Zillah Thompson, Jessica; Miss Ada Heinze, Cleopatra, and Miss Alice Macy Beers, Octavia. Miss Florence Gerrish was the coach.

The play was followed by a fantasy, "The Banks of the Avon in Spring," arranged by Miss Janet Jackson, which included the lover and his lass at work and play, by Lillian Jackson; play dances by the Misses Janet Jackson and Ruth Cramer and an old French pavanne by Miss Marion Whitman and Harold Van Doren. Miss Heinze as Cleopatra did an Egyptian dance and the Misses Marian Gilford and Sylvia Brown did a gossip and dance in the Merry Wives of Windsor. Mme. Anita Rio sang a group of old English songs, including Fisher's "Sigh No More, My Ladies," Haydn's "She Never Told Her Love" and Laighter's "It Was a Lover and His Lass." Pauline Bourne did the "Awakening."

Miss Lentilhon Gilford was a primrose; the Misses Dorothy Battle and Faith Hayden were sweet peas; the Misses Almy Gilford and Amy Sparks were larkspur and the Misses Ruth Hayden and Alice Hall were hollyhocks.

Society girls sold flowers and potted plants sent by Adolph Lewisohn from his Adirondack estate and other flowers to swell the fund.

The boxholders included Mrs. James Roosevelt, Mrs. Oliver Carter, Mrs. Coleman du Pont, Mrs. John Henry Hammond, Mrs. Seward Webb, Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James, Mrs. Russell Benedict, Mrs. Daniel P. Mays, Mrs. George D. Pratt, Mrs. Victor Guinsburg and Adolph Lewisohn.

Among the patronesses and ticket-holders were Mrs. E. S. Harkness, Mrs. Charles de Rham, Mrs. Elliott F. Shepard, Mrs. James Speyer, Mrs. F. S. Witherbee, Mrs. W. Watts Sherman, Mrs. Frederic Courtland Penfield, Mrs. W. B. James, Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Benson B. Sloan, Mrs. W. O. B. Field and Mrs. John Jay Chapman.

HELEN CURTIS ENGAGED.

Daughter of Alfred Halsey Curtis to Wed Joseph H. Lentilhon.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Halsey Curtis of 270 Park Avenue will give a dinner this evening, at which they will formally announce the engagement of their younger daughter, Miss Helen Curtis, to Joseph Lentilhon, the only son of Mrs. Joseph de Tours Lentilhon and the late Mr. Lentilhon of 15 East Tenth Street, this city. Miss Curtis was a member of this year's Junior League. She was to make her début at the last holiday season, but owing to the serious illness of her mother refused to do so. She will be married to Mr. Lentilhon on June 5, and immediately afterward they will start for Manila, to remain two years. Miss Curtis is a sister of Miss Maurine Curtis, who married Grayson Lathrop five years ago.

Mr. Lentilhon enlisted in the army as soon as the United States entered the war and served abroad in the Tank Corps, returning here from Germany last September. He was graduated from the Pomfret School not long before he enlisted and is related to many old New York families.

OUTDOOR DANCE CONTESTS.

Held at Palm Beach for the First Time This Season.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 12.—The first outdoor dance of the season, for even at Palm Beach it has been colder than usual, was a charming affair last night in the Cocoanut Grove. The affair was for the benefit of a local hospital.

In the dancing contests, Harold Whitney of Boston, was given first prize in the waltz, a gold flask, and his partner, Miss Emily Pierson of Newport, received a diamond and platinum hatpin. In the foxtrot contest the winners were James Cromwell of Philadelphia and Mrs. H. P. Bingham of New York. Mrs. Laura Maverick and Charles Rhinelander of New York won an ostrich feather fan and a camel's hair sweater as first prizes in the one-step competition.

Legacies for Ten Charities.

Legacies to ten charities feature the will, offered for probate yesterday, of Mrs. Amelia Meinhard, who died at her home, 38 West Thirty-sixth Street, Feb. 28. It bequeaths $500 each to the Home for Crippled Children, Hebrew Orphan Asylum, Mount Sinai Hospital, Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids, Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, Israel Sisterhood of Harlem, Emanu-El Sisterhood, United Hebrew Charities, Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases, and Hebrew Infant Asylum. It also provides for three legacies of $5,000 each, two of $1,000 each and four of $250 each to distant relatives. The residuary estate is divided alike between the decedent's three children, Leo I. of 38 West Eighty-sixth Street, Alice Miller of 940 Park Avenue and Minnie H. Hermann of 85 East Seventy-ninth Street. The three children of the testatrix are named as executor and executrices.

Miss Gilman to Wed in September.

The wedding of Miss Edith Gilman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Ives Gilman of Boston, whose engagement to William Adams Brown, Jr., son of the Rev. Dr. William Adams Brown and Mrs. Brown of this city, has just been announced, is expected to take place next September. Miss Gilman is a student of medical social service in New York. Mr. Brown is a grandson of the late John Crosby Brown.

SOCIAL NOTES.

New York.

Mrs. Newbold Morris entertained at dinner last night at the St. Regis.

Mr. and Mrs. James W. Gerard are occupying their new home at 1,015 Fifth Avenue. Mr. Gerard plans to leave for Palm Beach next Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert H. Dean have returned from Pinehurst and are at the Plaza.

Mr. and Mrs. Ogden L. Mills have gone to Palm Beach.

Mrs. H. McK. Twombly gave a large dinner last night at her home, 684 Fifth Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. William Gage Brady, Jr., will sail on March 17 on the Vauban for an extended trip through South America.

Mrs. Edgerton Parsons, who left Wednesday for Richmond, Va., to visit Mrs. Beverley Munford, stopped off in Baltimore to speak in connection with the Smith College Fund.

Cecil Barret is sailing for England today on the Baltic.

Washington.

The Peruvian Ambassador and Mme. Pezet entertained a large dinner company last evening in honor of William Gonzales, the Ambassador to Peru from the United States.

Mme. Cremer, wife of the Minister from The Netherlands, was at home yesterday afternoon for the last time this season. Mrs. David F. Houston, Mrs. Breckenridge Long and the ladies of the legation staff assisted.

The Assistant Secretary of State and Mrs. Breckenridge Long entertained a dinner party of twenty-two covers last evening in honor of the Chilean Ambassador and Mme. de Mathieu.

The Postmaster General and Mrs. Burleson were the guests in whose honor Mrs. Henry F. Dimock gave a large dinner last evening.

Representative William McKinley of Illinois entertained a large company at his home in Farragut Suare last evening in a compliment to Mr. and Mrs. James R. Mann.

The Assistant Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt were the guests in whose honor Captain Thomas Key Craven entertained at dinner last evening.

Mrs. Eliphalet Andrews entertained a supper party at the Café St. Mark last evening in compliment to Miss Helen Taft and Miss Charlotte Harding, with whom Miss Taft is spending the week-end. The company included the friends and former classmates of Miss Taft while at the Cathedral School for Girls.

Newport.

Prince and Princess Lobomirski of Poland have ended their visit here and are leaving for Washington today. They have been looking for a cottage for the Summer. It is not known if they found one that satisfied them.

Mrs. Charles L. Hussey, the wife of Captain Hussey, is giving an informal musicale this afternoon at her home on Rhode Island Avenue.

Mrs. Edward C. Post of New York is to have a conference at her home Sunday afternoon on the new method of applying the Georgian chant to church music.

Hot Springs.

Mrs. Robert W. Locke of New York arrived yesterday from Morristown with her son, Harvey L. Williams. They will remain until March 25.

Mr. and Mrs. William W. Fitler of Philadelphia gave a luncheon yesterday at Valley View.

Alfred M. Coats and Miss Elizabeth Coats of Providence drove over to the Cascades in the afternoon.

Ernest Thompson Seton left last night for New York, after spending two weeks here.

St. Augustine

Walter de C. Poultney and Edgar F. G. Miller, Jr., of Baltimore arrived yesterday from Palm Beach.

Theron R. Strong of New York is another newcomer.

Mrs. Philip H. McMillan of Detroit is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Lars Anderson of Washington on board their houseboat, Roxana.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Dix of New York are here for a fortnight's visit. They gave a dinner last night for their cousins the Misses Nannie Duval of New York and Elizabeth Gordon of Baltimore.

William Dyer of Providence arrived last night.

Mr. and Mrs. John Claflin of Morristown also registered yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick B. Snyder are here from Minneapolis.

Miss Annie Rose Walker and John G. Walker of Richmond are other new arrivals.

TELLS OF PICTORIAL LOSSES

Witness Says Its Books Showed Decline of $683,000 in 1917.

Isador Schlanger, an ex-employe of the Bureau of Internal Revenue, testifying yesterday at the trial of Jay A. Weber, Secretary of the Pictorial Review Company, charged with trying to bribe Nathaniel W. Gropper, a revenue agent, to swear falsely to the company's income, said that the records of the company showed it made $700,000 in 1916 and only $17,000 in 1917. He said it was explained that $400,000 was lost in stock transactions.

In March, 1917, the witness said, the company declared a dividend of $300,000, half the capital stock, which was rescinded in November, 1917. The stockholders were asked to return the money and 95 per cent. of them gave promissory notes. William P. Connell, President and principal stockholder of the company, gave such a note, Schlanger said, and had not redeemed it.

E. Barrett Prettyman of the Internal Revenue office refused to produce tax returns of the company without permission of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue or of the Secretary of the Treasury, Frank M. Rosen for the defense asked for a warrant for Colonel Daniel L. Porter, Supervising Revenue Agent, for not producing the returns. Benjamin P. De Witt, the Government prosecutor, asked that the subpoena served on Colonel Porter be quashed. The Court decided not to compel production of the return but, if the defendant was convicted, to grant a new trial if it was shown that the testimony of Gropper and Schlanger was contradictory.

STOKES ASKS 'SHOWDOWN.'

Jersey Chairman Wants Delegates to Announce Their Choices.

State Republican Chairman Edward C. Stokes of New Jersey suggested yesterday that every candidate for delegate to the national convention should make known in advance his choice for the Republican nomination for President.

Mr. Stokes declared himself for General Wood.

German Singing Societies Merge.

It was announced last night that the Liederkranz Society, with headquarters in Fifty-eighth Street near Park Avenue, and the Arion Society of 226 West Seventy-second Street, had decided to combine. Both are German singing societies, the first-named having 850 members and the second 400. The only explanation offered was that the Directors of both organizations felt they could do better together.

STAINER'S ORATORIO

"CRUCIFIXION"

Elizabeth St. Ives, Soprano; Mary Kent, Contralto; Chas. Harrison, Tenor; Andrea Sarto, Baritone. Chorus of 20 Voices.

CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS

Sunday, March 14, at 7:45 P. M.

Henry and Remsen Sts., Brooklyn. Two blocks from Borough Hall Station of both East and West Side Subways.

Rev. Richard Roberts will preach at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.

Solo, Quartet and Chorus Choir at both services. Seats Free.

CALLS BONUS GRANT A MATTER OF VOTES

New Yorker's Blunt Statement at Hearing Stirs Fordney, Who Styles It an "Insult."

RAINEY SUPPORTS WITNESS

Legion Member Asserts Majority Do Not Want Gift—Opposition in Committee Growing.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The statement by a witness that members of Congress would support soldier relief legislation to get votes started a dispute today in the House Ways and Means Committee.

The witness was Frank P. Keech of New York, a former Lieutenant Colonel in the Inspector General's department.

"I consider that an insult to members of Congress," declared Chairman Fordney.

"I did not mean it as an insult, but it is true" Keech replied.

"Members of Congress are influenced by the will of the people and rightly so," said Representative Garner, Democrat of Texas.

"I consider it an insult for any person to say that I would spend two billion dollars of public money to be elected to Congress," insisted Chairman Fordney.

Representative Henry T. Rainey, Democrat of Illinois, told Keech he did not consider his remark an insult and that he would appeal to the committee to overrule Chairman Fordney's effort to suppress freedom of speech among witnesses.

"What was your salary before and after the war," asked Representative Frear, Republican of Wisconsin, after the wrangle had subsided.

"I don't wish to give that," Keech said.

"You are a broker and you speak from the Wall Street viewpoint," said Mr. Frear. "Do you know if boys on the farm who lost everything feel as the people do who lived in New York?"

"From conditions in New York, I would say that a bonus is not desired or needed by the average discharged soldier," Keech replied.

Fears for Bond Values.

He was concerned over the predicted decrease in bond values. He objected to the suggestion of Representative Rainey that a tax be placed on the 23,000 men who became millionaires during the war. He quoted statements from a report compiled by army officers that 80 per cent. of the men of the Canadian Army spent their bonuses in several weeks.

G. M. Rushmore, a bank clerk of New York City, who fought at Château-Thierry and was a voluntary witness, opposed bonuses. He said he was a member of the American Legion, and that out of his pay as a Sergeant he saved more than from his civilian salary.

"The soldiers do not actually want a bonus," he asserted. "They do not want to be rewarded for their services. At least that is the opinion of men I meet, who, like myself, are working for small salaries. The position of most of the ex-service men regarding the proposed bonus is that they will take it if they can get it. But they are not making any demand upon Congress for it.

Means Heavier Burden Says Veteran.

"I believe if the ex-service men could learn just what such a bonus would mean to themselves and the taxpayers generally they would be more generally opposed to the proposition. It does not matter how you raise the money, the result would be the same, an increased cost of living and a heavier burden on the people. If the money is obtained by a consumption tax, it would fall heaviest on the poor."

The ill-effect of floating a loan of $2,000,000,000 for bonuses revealed by Treasury officials has tended to lessen support for such legislation in the Ways and Means Committee and, according to a member, a casual poll made today shows that it stands 13 to 12 against bonuses, with the prospect that it will refuse to report any of the numerous bills. He also said 80 per cent. of the House members deemed it inadvisable to expend any large sum.

Representative Mondell, Republican House leader, said the thorough presentation of the financial situation by Treasury officials had confirmed his belief that disaster might follow if any heavier burden was placed on the country.

Representative J. I. Nolan of California, who testified today, suggested that there should be bonus legislation to cover five years and that the revenues therefor should be raised by a tax of 1 per cent. on gross sales.

VERMONT LEGION FOR BONUS

Rhode Island Posts to Meet and Decide Position.

MONTPELIER, Vt., March 12.—The Vermont department of the American Legion voted tonight in favor of a Federal bonus for World War veterans.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 12.—A meeting in this city on March 20 of commanders of American Legion posts of the State was called tonight to determine their sentiment on the Federal bonus question. The result will be presented to Congress.

MID-LENT CELEBRATION MADE PARIS GAY AGAIN

"Queen of Queens" Ruled on Thursday and the Whole City Frolicked.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 11.—For the first time since Armistice Night Paris has shown today something of its pre-war gaiety of spirit and love of fun. It was Mi-Carême, and after the tragic interval of six years the "Procession of Queens," which dates from the Middle Ages, was revived.

Preparations for the celebration had been going on for weeks. Each trade at which women work chose for itself the prettiest queen it could find in its ranks, and of the ten selected Mlle. Lucile Bataille, a stenographer, was elected "Queen of Queens."

Today Queen Lucile ruled in Paris, and as a sign of her sovereignty received the kiss of the President of the Republic when she called on him in her state chariot. With her went an immense procession of wonderful vehicles built for the occasion and representing trade incidents or jests.

The Queen's own chariot, which was twenty-one feet long and eighteen high, represented the colonnade of a temple in gold and white, with lions at the foot of the throne and cupids for drivers. Behind her the other queens came in a chariot representing a huge basket of flowers, and one, the Queen of Food, in an immense saucepan. Charlie Chaplin, too, had a chariot all to himself, with a grotesque figure of the famous movie actor enthroned, and others dealt with such topics as the recent transport crisis. The number of queens was increased by two this year. One of them, Mlle. Suzanne Wurtz, famous as a swimmer, who has challenged the feminine world, represented sport, and the other came as representative of the recovered town of Metz.

The sun shone on the procession, and practically the whole population of Paris and its suburbs gathered on the boulevards to see it pass. Hundreds were in fancy dress, and although the use of confetti was forbidden by the police the gaiety was not less on that account. Over the whole five miles the procession traveled the crowds were dense and Parisians laughed and cheered as they have not for years.

REJECTION OF COLBY MIGHT HIT SUFFRAGE

There Would Be No Official, It Is Said, Authorized to Proclaim Ratification of Amendment.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Failure by the Senate to confirm the nomination of Bainbridge Colby as Secretary of State might cause an awkward situation if the suffrage amendment is ratified by the necessary thirty-six States. The amendment provides that it become effective on ratification, and this is construed to mean that it becomes part of the Federal Constitution when the Secretary of State issues a proclamation setting forth the fact of the ratification by the requisite number of States.

Under the law the President may designate an Acting Secretary of State or a Secretary of State ad interim to serve in that capacity for thirty days. Frank L. Polk, the Under Secretary of State, has been serving as Acting Secretary of State for nearly that period. His tenure will expire Monday, and unless a way can be found to have him continue to exercise the prescribed duties of the Secretary of State beyond that period there will be no officer of the Government authorized to proclaim an amendment to the Constitution and perform other important acts.

Mr. Polk will be able to preside over the affairs of the State Department as an administrator, but his hands will be tied when it comes to signing and issuing certain State documents.

The Attorney General has been asked to render an opinion as to whether, in the event that there is a vacancy in the office of Secretary of State, a person may be designated to serve as Acting Secretary or Secretary ad interim for a period longer than thirty days. It is expected that the Attorney General's opinion will be rendered tomorrow. On the face of the law however there appears to be no way to issue a Federal proclamation until some one nominated to and confirmed by the Senate has qualified as Secretary of State.

It is taken for granted, however, that should Mr. Colby be confirmed he would proclaim that the amendment was embodied in the Constitution from the date the State Department received formal notice from the thirty-sixth ratifying State.

WASHINGTON, March 12 (Associated Press).—Passports now being issued at the rate of from 650 to 800 a day may be held up after tomorrow until it is determined who is the head of the State Department, as Bainbridge Colby's nomination has not yet been confirmed by the Senate and the tenure of Frank L. Polk as Acting Secretary will expire tomorrow night by limitation.

Sixty per cent. of the passports now issued are for travel in Europe and 20 per cent. in Cuba.

Virtual decision not to call further witnesses in connection with Mr. Colby's nomination was reached today by the Senate Foreign Relations Committee after it had heard Walter Mack, of New York, formerly official of the War Trade Board. Some members thought committee action might be taken tomorrow.

Women Oppose Wadsworth.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., March 12.—In a conference of the women voters of the Thirty-fourth and Thirty-seventh Congressional Districts of the New York State League of Women Voters in session here today, members of the league and representatives of other women's organizations unanimously voted to oppose the nomination and re-election of Senator James Wadsworth.

DELAWARE GOVERNOR LOOKS FOR SUFFRAGE

But States That He Has No Poll Showing Just How the Legislators Will Vote.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., March 12.—Governor Townsend, who returned today from a business trip to Boston, was asked as to the prospects for the woman's suffrage amendment at the special session of the Legislature, which will convene here March 22.

The Governor said he never had a poll of the members of the General Assembly assuring the passage of the suffrage amendment, but reiterated the statement made a week ago that he believed the amendment would pass. All the assurances he had as to its passage, he said, was from verbal expressions of the members some months ago, when he first considered calling a special session.

At the Delaware equal suffrage headquarters here an effort was made to secure the poll of the legislators the organization had made, but it was said that when the poll was taken assurances were given that the names of those who had pledged positively would not be revealed.

It is generally conceded at the State Capitol that neither the Governor nor the suffrage advocates will have any idea how the members will line up on the amendment until they meet here a week from Monday.

One report coming from a prominent Sussex County Republican was that not a single Republican member of the Legislature from that county would vote for the amendment.

GIVES BAIL IN BOXING DEATH

Columbia Treasurer Surety for Lockett, Pending Autopsy.

Andrew Lockett, the Columbia University student who was arrested on Thursday night following the death of Milton Sternfeld, a fellow student with whom he had been boxing in Earl Hall, was arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Schwab in the Washington Heights Court on a technical charge of homicide. He was released in $2,000 bail, provided by Frederick A. Goetze, Treasurer of Columbia, for examination on March 18.

The hearing was postponed on motion of Assistant District Attorney Carlino, who told the Court that an autopsy would be held to determine the cause of Sternfeld's death. There was doubt as to whether the student was killed by the blows his friendly opponent had landed on his jaw or by reason of an organic trouble, Mr. Carlino said.

Friends of both Lockett and Sternfeld were in the court, as well as members of the Columbia Faculty. Edward Hymes, a lawyer, who is an uncle of Sternfeld, told Magistrate Schwab that Lockett and his nephew were close friends, and he believed the death was not due to the blows the student received.

Plan Airplane Landings on Roof.

CHICAGO, March 12.—Plans for converting the roof of the proposed new Union Station here into a landing field for airplanes were before the Chicago Air Board today. They were presented by William J. H. Strong of the American Association of Engineers. The station roof will have an area of more than two city blocks, he said, affording adequate room for low speed planes to land. It would be particularly valuable for the use of mail planes, he stated, adding that the high speed ships could transfer their cargoes to the slower planes in mid-air outside the city limits.

Reading Matter for the Sick Needed

The Hospital Book and Newspaper Society, which for forty-five years has been collecting newspapers, books and magazines for the inmates of hospitals and charitable institutions, calls attention in its annual report to a decrease in its receipt of reading matter, and makes an appeal to the public for support. The society's office is at 105 East Twenty-second Street, and it has boxes at railroad stations and ferries.

MORGAN & COMPANY TAKE MILLS BUILDING

Acquire 84-Year Leasehold and Will Replace Famous Wall and Broad Street Structure.

DETAILS NOT GIVEN OUT

New Development, Which Will Be Home of Subsidiaries, Will Be Completed in Two Years.

It was announced yesterday by J. P. Morgan that J. P. Morgan & Co. had acquired an eighty-four-year lease on the L-shaped plot forming the eastern and southern boundary of the Morgan banking house, at Broad and Wall Streets, and within two years would replace the old Mills Building, that has stood upon the site for thirty-five years.

Although negotiations on other terms of the lease have been completed, the papers have not been signed, and, pending signature, all clauses of the contract are not to be made public. This formal conclusion of the deal probably will take place early next week.

In the financial district it is expected that the price will establish a record, because the plot is one of the best sites there. Not only is the site in a good strategic position, with frontages on Wall Street, Broad Street and Exchange Place, but it is virtually the only site available near the intersection of Wall and Broad Streets.

Although the Morgan bank had streets on both sides on its site on the southeast corner of Wall and Broad Streets, there was always the menace that the Mills Building, on the L-shaped plot on the other sides, might be replaced by an objectionable structure. The completion of the new four-story Morgan building in 1914 made it more desirable that the new structure be protected at the rear.

No Plans for Building.

No plans have been made for the new office building on the site of the old building, which was erected by Darius O. Mills. Neither representatives of the Morgan firm nor the Mills estate were able to say how far the height of the new building would be restricted by the zone laws.

Speaking of the application of the zone law to this site, real estate men said yesterday that it was permissible to erect a building two and one-half times as high as Broad Street is wide at this point, which is about eighty-five feet. They pointed out that a fifteen-story building could be put up, although the depth of the plot on Exchange Place might permit the erection of a side or tower there of almost any height desired, merely by use of the "set-back," thus tapering the side of the tower in accordance with the zone law.

The present Mills Building is eleven stories high, and covers about 23,000 feet of surface area. It runs about 138 feet on Broad Street, 220 on Wall Street and 126 feet on Exchange Place. The present building thus has entrances on three sides and three streets in the financial section, increasing its desirability as an office structure.

Mills Building Famous.

The Mills Building was erected thirty-five years ago, and because of its location, size and cost, as well as the prominence of the tenants, became famous throughout the country. Among its 800 tenants during its early history was Collis P. Huntington, James B. Haggin, some of the Morgan subsidiaries, and many mining and railroad men whose names were known over the world.

On rainy days the broad halls opening upon Broad Street, as well as on Exchange Place and Broad Street, were filled with the members of the old Curb Market Association, who, on fair days, traded at its front doors in Broad Street. Unmolested, the traders continued their deals in the broad rotundas.

The site of the building is assessed at about $3,000,000, and, with improvements at about $4,150,000. The Morgan site, on the southeast corner of Broad and Wall Streets is valued, land alone, at about $4,100,000, and the cost of the four-story building there was about $1,000,000.

Although the Morgan building was erected on especially heavy foundations, so that additional stories might be added above the present height of four, there is as yet no idea of carrying the height of this building on up with the new structure. Representatives of the Morgan company said yesterday that this would probably require the erection of heavy pillars in the present banking rooms, causing undesirable obstructions.

Subsidiaries in New Building.

There has also been the idea that in other arrangements, as well as in architecture, the present building was too desirable to be surmounted by another structure. The building is large enough for the accommodation of the banking business and to provide offices for the Morgan partners, with dining rooms and other conveniences.

Gradually the Morgan subsidiaries have been established in quarters outside the banking house, many of them in the Mills Building itself, and all of these will be gathered together in the new building. One of the departments, called the Foreign Trade Department, is organized by E. R. Settinius early in the war to take care of the purchases for British and other allied Governments here, had quarters in the Wall Street side of the Mills Building.

Other Morgan companies with offices in the Mills Building are the newly organized Foreign Finances Corporation, of which Arthur M. Henderson, formerly head of the bond department of J. P. Morgan & Company, is President, and Foreign Commerce of America, of which Lieut. Col. Grayson M.-P. Murphy is President. It was recalled in Wall Street yesterday that when Thomas W. Lamont recently announced the formation of the Foreign Commerce subsidiary he recalled that the founder of the Morgan house, Junius Spencer Morgan, was primarily a merchant, and that Mr. Lamont also predicted great expansion in the foreign trade field.

Many Wall Street Changes.

Improvement of the Mills site is one of many changes in Wall Street. It was announced in February that the New York Stock Exchange, directly across Broad Street from the main entrance of the Mills Building, had acquired an eight-year lease on the southwest corner of Wall and Broad Streets from the Wilks estate and would erect an extension of the Exchange there as soon as the expiration of leases permitted the tearing down of the old building. Running along Wall Street, between the Wilks Building and New Street, the Stock Exchange acquired also the Mortimer Building. A new office and banking building is under construction on the north side of Wall Street adjoining the United States Sub-Treasury, so that this centre of the financial district at Wall and Broad Streets soon will be greatly improved with new buildings.

Many of the leases in the Mills Building have years to run, but it is expected that the structure may be vacated so that construction of the new building may begin within two years. Among the present tenants are Henry Clews & Co. and the Continental Bank of America.

Roosevelt Homestead Drive.

Mrs. John Henry Hammond, President of the Women's Roosevelt Memorial Association, announced yesterday at its national headquarters, at 1 East Fifty-seventh Street, that a campaign would be conducted from April 5 to April 15 for funds for the restoration of the old Roosevelt homestead, at 28 East Twentieth Street, which has been purchased by the association, to its appearance at the time when Colonel Roosevelt was born in 1858.

VOCATIONAL BOARD CALLS FOR INQUIRY

House Committee Will Investigate Charges of Neglect of Disabled Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The Federal Board for Vocational Education has asked for an investigation of charges that it had instructed its agents to be "hard boiled" in dealing with soldiers seeking educational rehabilitation.

Chairman Fess of the House Education Committee announced today that the inquiry would be started by his committee tomorrow night and members of the board and others would be called. The committee decided several days ago that unless the board asked for the investigation one would be made by the committee on its own responsibility.

Charges that the board had neglected disabled soldiers and had delayed their re-education as much as a year were made in a memorandum presented to the committee today by Harold Littledale, a New York reporter, who will be one of the witnesses at the inquiry.

Mr. Littledale charged that, while the board had 200,000 cases registered with it on Jan. 17, nineteen months after its creation, it had placed in training only 24,000 men and had trained and placed in employment only 217. He said the men became so tired of waiting that 30 per cent. of all passed for training did not take advantage of it. Ten per cent. of those who took the training, he added, abandoned it "because the training is often a pretense."

Referring to the "hard boiled" order, the memorandum said it appeared in a circular written in the central office of the board.

WANT TO JOIN TICKER CASE.

Dow, Jones & Co. Test Suit May Have Additional Plaintiffs.

Martin C. Ansorge, attorney for Gaston Jaillet in the action against Dow, Jones & Co. for stock losses alleged to have been suffered through the erroneous report of the United States Supreme Court's decision in the Macomber case, said yesterday that several attorneys had notified him that they had clients with similar causes of action and desired to participate in the test case.

Mr. Ansorge said that one of these clients was a resident of Washington, who left an order with his broker here to sell 1,000 shares of Crucible Steel short if the decision proved unfavorable. Mr. Ansorge said that the broker carried out these instructions upon receipt of the Dow, Jones & Co. ticker report, with the result that the customer lost $30,000.

Referring to the contention prevalent in Wall Street that he would have a better cause of action if his client were a brokerage firm getting the ticker service, Mr. Ansorge said that no contractual relation was involved in the case. "The case is based upon the dissemination of false information," he said. "The brokerage firms maintain the tickers for the information of their customers, who are invited to make free use of the tape and who rely upon the information printed on it in their business transactions."

TWO HELD IN FUR ROBBERY.

Charged with Chloroforming Woman for $2,000 Loot.

Richard P. Russell, 22 years old, and Patrick Lacey, 23 years old, both of 1,204 Second Avenue, were held in York-ville Court yesterday in $2,000 bail, on the charge of stealing furs and silks worth $2,000 from the store of George Ratka, 711 Lexington Avenue, at 11 o'clock on Thursday night, after compelling Mrs. Ratka to open the door and then chloroforming her.

Mrs. Ratka, who lives at 245 East Sixty-seventh Street, said she was going to enter the store when two men seized her, compelled her to unlock the door and drugged her while they looted the place. Russell and Lacey were arrested after a special policeman had fired two shots after two men carrying bundles into the address in Second Avenue had refused to halt. Policeman King and Bagley later entered the place, arrested Russell and Lacey and recovered a quantity of silks and furs.

CHARLES N. TAINTOR DEAD.

Publisher Was Head of U. S. Savings Bank for Ten Years.

Charles Newhall Taintor, a book publisher for fifty years and President of the United States Savings Bank for ten years prior to his retirement in January, died yesterday morning in his eightieth year at his residence, 41 West Seventy-sixth Street. He had been in failing health for several months.

Mr. Taintor not only found time in his long life for publishing and banking but was active in public affairs. From 1881 to 1889 he was State Commissioner of Emigration, Police Justice in this city from 1889 to 1895, and twice a delegate to the Republican National Convention. He was senior member of Taintor Bros. and E. M. Taintor & Co., Director of the Astor Place and Union Exchange Banks and of the U. S. Life Insurance Company, of New York. He graduated in 1865 from Yale, where he belonged to Psi Upsilon and Scroll and Key. His clubs here included the Yale and University. Services will be held Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the house.

F. J. WILLIAMSON DIES.

Englishman Was Sculptor of Many Statues of Queen Victoria.

LONDON, March 13.—Francis John Williamson, the sculptor, died at Esher, a suburb of London, last night, according to The London Times.

Francis John Williamson, born in 1833, was the creator of the statues of Queen Victoria in Australia, India, London and other places. His work also included statues erected in various parts of the British Isles.

Obituary Notes.

Deputy Sheriff FREDERICK C. HULL, old-time skipper of packet boats between New York and Providence, is dead at his home in Providence, aged 74.

GEORGE SEWARD BROOKS, chief engineer of the steamship James McGee of the Standard Oil fleet, died at sea off the coast of South America. He was 55 years old.

FRANK A. CLARK died Thursday at his home, 87A Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn. He was formerly manager of the Star Theatre and treasurer of the Casino in Brooklyn. He was 56 years old.

WILLIAM RYERSON HUNTER, a retired banker, died in his eighty-first year on Thursday at his home, 156 Clinton Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. JOSIE BALL, wife of Captain George Ball, an insurance broker, died on Thursday, at her home, 1,226 Pacific Street, Brooklyn, aged 64 years.

Mrs. SUSAN FORD DE CASANOVA, widow of Jose de Casanova, who was Consul to Panama under the Cleveland Administration, died at her residence, 845 President Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday, in her 78th year.

ALFRED FISTER, janitor of schools, died on Wednesday at his home, 1,054 Fifty-ninth Street, Brooklyn. He was 74 years old.

ROBERT LENOX MAITLAND, a retired tobacco exporter, died Thursday at his home in New Rochelle, aged 66 years. He was a great-nephew of James Lenox, founder of the Lenox Library.

GEORGE A. WEINMAN, Secretary of the Emery-Beers Company, makers of hosiery, died Thursday of heart disease at his home, 170 West Seventy-third Street, aged 63 years. He previously had been with Lord & Taylor for fifteen years, leaving to join the other concern on its formation in 1912.

THOMAS HADE, a steward in the Astor family for over fifty years, died Wednesday at his home, 306 East 207th Street, Bronx. He first went to work for Mrs. William Astor when the family lived on the site of the Waldorf-Astoria.

LEOPOLD MOSCHCOWITZ, 58 years old, who practiced law here for thirty years, died Thursday at his home in Yonkers. For seventeen years he was counsel for the Independent Order B'rith Abraham.

HENRY AYLETTE SAMPSON, formerly a journalist and verse writer, later a fire insurance adjuster, died Thursday, aged 50 years, at his home in Richmond, Va. He was a great-grandson of Patrick Henry.

GUILLERMO THORN, 84 years old, one of the first photographers to use tintypes, died yesterday in Muhlenberg Hospital, Plainfield.

IRVING P. GALLUP, 55 years old, whose ancestors came to Connecticut in 1631, died yesterday in Oneco, Conn., in the old Gallup homestead.

GOVERNOR APPEALS FOR PEOPLE'S HELP

Makes Plea at Syracuse for Support of His Reconstruction Program.

FOR MORE EXECUTIVE POWER

Would Make Governor Responsible for Good Government—Addresses Women and Business Men.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 12.—Governor Alfred E. Smith today made a direct appeal here to the people for the support of his program for the reconstruction of the State Government, which has encountered opposition in the Legislature, and for the other measures which he believes make for the betterment of conditions in New York State. It was his first up-State trip in his campaign to crystallize public sentiment behind the things he believes are necessary.

The Governor addressed an audience of women Democrats late today, was guest at a dinner given by the Reconstruction Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, which was non-partisan in character, and tonight addressed a gathering of business men, at which he outlined changes he advocates in the State Government.

One effect of these changes would be to centralize authority in the Executive, making him responsible for the proper conduct of State government, make the Governor's term four years, and reduce the number of elective officers. Another would permit the Executive to establish a budget system. Governor Smith asserted that under the present system an Executive is handicapped by division of authority and restrictions.

In his address to the women Democrats, the Governor advocated the following measures:

Legislation to make school teaching more attractive financially, completion of the Barge Canal and terminals, development of water power for State benefit, minimum wage law for women and minors, eight-hour day for women, State subsidized community health centres, better care of the insane, compensation for industrial diseases, immediate relief of housing situation, State control of the production and distribution of milk, and abolition of the Council of Farms and Markets.

Born.

NETTER—Mr. and Mrs. J. X. Netter of 240 Riverside Drive announce the birth of a son, Thursday, March 11.

RABINOVICH—To Mr. and Mrs. Sam Rabinovich of 216 West 80th, a daughter on March 12, 1920.

Engaged.

GREEN—O'BRIEN—Mr. and Mrs. John Fell O'Brien of Englewood announce the engagement of their daughter, Harriet Cox, to Mr. John Orne Green, son of Mrs. George T. Green of Englewood.

HEILLIG—KUPFER—Mrs. Joseph C. Kupfer of 302 Central Park West announces the engagement of her daughter, Lucille, to Mr. Lyon Heillig of Montreal.

Died.

BARTEL—Emma, on Thursday, March 11, in her 45th year. Emma Bartel, beloved wife of Max, and s

Skolny Clothes

FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS

Factory Morale

The fabrics chosen for SKOLNY Clothes are the finest that are woven abroad and at home.

Our tailors are not only willing to do the best work, but they know *how* to do it.

They realize that skimped, insincere workmanship would discredit Skolny Clothes, and this would reflect upon them individually and collectively.

All our people share the sentiment that poor needlework would be treason against the organization—and a palpable fraud upon the public.

The honor of labor is the unchartered union that keeps them true to the Skolny ideal.

In the arithmetic of the Skolny shops two and two still make four. There is no attempt to have them make five or six.

The pace is not so rapid that no time remains for care, and slow, painstaking attention to details.

RESULT:

Stylish, fitting Ready-for-service Clothes at prices so economical that the custom-tailor exists simply as an extravagant habit and vanity of man.

Sold by Leading Retailers in the United States.

JOS. SKOLNY & CO.
906 Broadway
New York City

N. Y. U. AND RUTGERS BASKETBALL TEAMS WIN IN NATIONAL TOURNEY

N. Y. U. AND RUTGERS TO PLAY IN FINALS

Rivals Will Meet for National A. A. U. Basket Ball Title in Tourney at Atlanta.

VIOLET FAVORED TO WIN

New Yorkers Defeat Kansas City A. C., 45 to 22, While Jersey Collegians Beat Y. M. O. of Detroit.

ATLANTA, March 12.—Two Eastern college teams, New York University and Rutgers, will fight it out for the Amateur Athletic Union's national basket ball championship here tomorrow. N. Y. U. went into the finals tonight by defeating the Kansas City Athletic Club, 45 to 22, and Rutgers won from the Young Men's Order of Detroit, 33 to 17.

The New York University five, conquerers yesterday of the last year's champions, the Los Angeles Athletic Club team, had a comparatively easy time with the Kansas City team. Faster and more accurate, the New York collegians worked the ball surely to the basket, while the Kansas City men took chances at long shots which paid poor dividends.

Some brilliant scoring was done by the New Yorkers, Goeller making eight goals from the floor, Cann seven and Mooney five. In addition Mooney scored five goals from foul in seven tries. Singer made five of Kansas City's nine goals from the floor.

The lineup:

N. Y. U. (45).		KANSAS CITY (22).
Cann	R. F.	Singer
Goeller	L. F.	Moberly
Mooney	C.	De Barnard
Delaney	L. G.	Joyce
Baker	R. G.	Peabody

Goals from field—Cann (7), Goeller (8), Mooney (5), Singer (5), Moberly (2), De Barnardi (2). Goals from foul—Mooney (5), De Barnardi (4).

Substitutions—Vanice for Joyce, Gettlish for Moberly.

Referee—Mr. Lange. Umpire—Mr. Yates. Timekeepers—Messrs. Ditmaas and Tichener. Scorer—Mr. Thorp.

In the Rutgers-Detroit game the Michigan quintet did not show the form it had displayed in other games and proved fairly easy for the New Jerseyites. The Detroit players repeatedly were forced to try for long shots.

The line-up:

RUTGERS (33).		DET. Y. M. O. (17).
Benzoni	R. F.	Fisher
Taliferro	L. F.	Dermody
Hall	C.	Voss
Moni	R. G.	Kershner
French	L. G.	Whitmarsh

Goals from floor—Benzoni (3), Taliferro (6), Hall, Moni, French, Fisher, Dermody (4), Whitmarsh (2). Goals from foul—Taliaferro (5), Dermody (3).

Substitutions—Detroit: Whitmarsh for Voss, Houser for Kershner.

Referee—Tom Thorp, Columbia. Umpire—Mr. Yates. Scorekeeper—Mr. Lang.

Officials here who have been estimating the strength of the teams daily are tonight declaring their belief that nothing can prevent N. Y. U. from winning the A. A. U. championship of the United States when it plays the final game tomorrow. They point to the week's record as evidence of the complete superiority of the New Yorkers over the strongest fives sent here from coast to coast.

In the first game New York trounced the Houston Y. M. C. A. quintet by the overwhelming count of 86 to 21, a score rarely reached in the indoor game on the floor court.

Yesterday N. Y. U. won its way to the semi-final by drubbing no less a headline aggregation than the Los Angeles Athletic Club, champions of last year. Followers of A. A. U. basket ball said tonight that perhaps Los Angeles was slightly weaker than last year when the title was won, but they marvel at the stamina of the New Yorkers. The strain of game after game on successive days proved too much for such leading teams as the Crescent A. C. of Brooklyn and Atlanta Athletic Club, both of which were eliminated yesterday in the second round, but tonight New York University lined up against the Kansans with seeming greater strength than shown on previous days.

This post-season schedule is entirely new for New York athletic but the good care taken of the players by Physical Director Frank H. Cann is regarded as a strong factor. After the regular schedule of games was completed, N. Y. U. first met in an extra game the C. C. N. Y. five, conquerers of Yale, Columbia and West Point, and defeated them for the championship of the metropolitans at the 22d Regiment Armory, New York. Then Faculty permission was given for the trip to Atlanta and all members in the squad were ordered to continue in training for the extra games.

The scores of games leading up to the final round for the championship resulted as follows:

First Round (Wednesday).

Crescent A. C., Brooklyn, 45; Northern Paper Mills, Green Bay, Wis., 20.

New York University, 86; Houston Y. M. C. A., 21.

Rutgers College, 36; University of Georgia, 35.

University of Utah, 61; Charlotte, N. C., Y. M. C. A., 20.

Kansas City A. C., 65; Spartanburg, S. C., Y. M. C. A., 28.

Los Angeles A. C., 45; Kentucky-Indiana Terminal Railroad, Louisville, Ky., 28.

Atlanta A. C., 57; University of Tennessee, 20.

Young Men's Order, Detroit, 53; Union Club, Belvidere, Ill., 20.

Second Round (Thursday).

N. Y. U., 35; Los Angeles A. C., 22.

Kansas City A. C., 27; Crescent A. C., 19.

Rutgers College, 35; University of Utah, 32.

Y. M. O. of Detroit, 51; Atlanta A. C., 26.

Semi-Finals (Friday).

N. Y. U., 45; Kansas City A. C., 22.

Rutgers, 33; Y. M. O. of Detroit, 17.

CHURCH HOUSE FIVE WINS.

Defeats Grace Club Team in 135-Pound Title Tourney.

A remarkable rally in the second half gave the Bronx Church House basket ball team a victory over the Grace Club quintet last night in the first round of the Metropolitan A. A. U. 135-pound championship tournament in the City College gymnasium. The score was 17 to 14. The Bronx five, trailing through the first half, which ended with Grace Club in front by 12 to 8, rallied strongly in the second half, and kept the play continually in Grace Club territory.

In the only other game played the Madison Square Boys' Club quintet scored a close victory over the Henry Street Settlement by the score of 20 to 18.

The semi-finals and finals will be decided at City College Gymnasium March 23.

The lineups:

Metropolitan A. A. U. 135-pound basket ball championship tournament.

FIRST ROUND.

B. C. H. (17).		GRACE CLUB (14).
Reiffender	R. F.	Fredericks
West	L. F.	Kuchuit
Haynes	C.	Schulz
George	R. G.	Jacobs
Francka	L. G.	Worster

Field goals—Reiffender, West (6), Fredericks (3), Kuchuit, Schultz (3). Goals from foul—Reiffender (2), West.

Substitution—Grace Club: Schroeder for Worster.

Referee—Charles G. Carry, East Side House. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

MAD. SQ. B. C. (20).		HENRY ST. SET. (18).
H. Cohen	R. F.	Mollinsky
D. Cohen	L. F.	Girdin
McCue	C.	Hershbury
Witsky	R. G.	Cherry
Morfesi	L. G.	Tilkit

Field goals—H. Cohen (3), D. Cohen (2), McCue (2), Morfesi, Mollinsky (2), Girdin, Hershbury (2), Cherry, Tilkit. Goals from foul—D. Cohen (3), McCue, Mollinsky, Hershbury.

Referee—Charles G. Carry, East Side House. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Penn Downs Tigers on Mat.

PRINCETON, N. J., March 12.—Penn's wrestling team defeated Princeton here tonight in a match in which every bout was closely contested. The Tigers were handicapped by the absence of Captain Fentz, who broke his ankle in the Harvard meet. The final score was 23 to 10.

Columbia Athletes to Avoid Faculty Ban by New Scheme

The very newest model in the way of safeguards against 'Varsity candidates failing in their studies appeared at Columbia yesterday. The athletes themselves, acting through the 'Varsity "C" Club, decided to relieve the Faculty and the Student Board of the responsibility of keeping the team candidates in line. Hereafter the marks of each athlete will be examined once a month by a committee composed of the baseball Captain, a former football leader and the star guard on the eleven.

The monthly investigation was decided upon to forestall action by the Faculty, which looks into the academic standing of the students only once every three months. Any delinquents among the athletes at the end of the first month will be haled before the committee and the graduate manager of athletics, and a member of the committee will be assigned to each case. This unofficial supervision will continue until the back work is made up and the grades are restored to the proper level. The committee will consist of Jack Kennedy, Al Schnaars and J. H. Hinch, the last named of whom recently won the Football Cup for the best grades last semester.

NO CHANGES MADE IN FOOTBALL RULES

Committee Considers Proposals, but Adjourns Without Taking Action—Meets Again Today.

Thirteen sleepy, yawning, fatigued men filed out of Room 151 at the Biltmore Hotel in the early hours of this morning, worn out but fairly well satisfied. They were the solons of football, the high and mighty Football Rules Committee, and they had finished a tediously long meeting which began last night at 8 o'clock.

After hearing scores of proposals, after weighing, balancing and deliberating a whole medley of plans to change football in one form or another, the governing board of the greatest of intercollegiate sports adjourned until 10 A. M. today without having arrived at a single decision. Changes made be made today—in fact, considerable support was evident last night for the plan to make more difficult the point after a touchdown, but until the adjourned session is finished about noon today the gridiron game will remain without alteration.

The necessary organization was effected, however, and the committee, which represents every part of the country except the Pacific Coast, was started on another year of work. E. K. Hall of Dartmouth was re-elected Chairman, and Walter Camp of Yale will again serve as Secretary. Clyde Williams of Iowa State College was the only absentee, but two changes were made in the committee. Captain W. E. Pritchard of Penn represents West Point, having been named to succeed Lieut. G. H. Francke, and W. W. Roper is the new Princeton representative in place of Parke H. Davis.

Those present were E. K. Hall, Dartmouth, Chairman; Walter Camp, Yale, Secretary; Dr. J. A. Babbitt, Hartford; C. W. Savage, Oberlin; Dr. H. L. Williams, Minnesota; W. A. Lambeth, Virginia; Captain V. E. Pritchard, West Point; Dr. Carl Williams, Pennsylvania; Commander Paul J. Dashiell, Annapolis; W. W. Roper, Princeton; A. A. Stagg, Chicago; Fred Moore, Harvard, and Al H. Sharpe, Yale. Nathan A. Tufts of Brown, one of the leading referees of the country, was present for part of the meeting as an adviser.

Great Assortment of Proposals.

No meeting of the Football Rules Committee has been held since 1917, and consequently no changes have been adopted in three years. That was the reason why the round table was covered copiously with letters, briefs and proposals sent in from many college coaches and many officials, suggesting alterations. The scope of changes which the moguls will finally discard or adopt this morning covers a range from the ridiculous to the really meritorious. Of chief value, perhaps, were the Harvard proposals to abandon the present free kick after a touchdown and substitute in its place a play from the 20-yard line directly in front of the goal posts in which the teams will line up for scrimmage and the point obtained either by a drop kick or a goal from placement. The proposal of some Harvard men to substitute quarters of forty plays each instead of quarters of fifteen minutes was another before the board, and other suggestions included the award of a point for five sequential first downs or for rushing the ball to within five yards of the goal, narrowing goal posts to approximately fourteen feet, compelling teams to number players and to create an extra official to whom incoming players shall report.

More than the expected allotment of time was given to the radical proposals to eliminate the stop watch and the element of time from football games and to substitute as a measure forty plays for each period and 160 plays for each game. Harry R. Coffin, Harvard, '94, long an enthusiastic Harvard football supporter, but never a player, was the originator of this plan.

He was the first of the outsiders called into the executive session, and after a preliminary conference he was called back at 10:30 P. M., when he presented in detail the features of his proposals.

Princeton Less Guilty of Stalling.

Coffin showed by carefully recorded statistics that the present game of periods of fifteen minutes was open to exceptional opportunity for "stalling." He spared none of the "big three" in declaring they were offenders, although he did say that Princeton was less guilty than Harvard or Yale. Tennis, golf and baseball, he emphasized, are not governed by minutes or time. The measure is plays, not seconds.

Harvard and Yale have played thirty-eight times, said Coffin, and, barring the 1916 game, when the first and second periods were wrongly timed, the side that scored first always won. Moreover, he presented another fact of interest. He declared that except in 1892, 1893 and 1905 the second half has never changed the result.

In the last eight Harvard-Yale games the number of plays have been as follows, according to Coffin's statistics: 1919, 144 plays; 1916, 169; 1915, 148; 1914, 163; 1913, 147; 1912, 145; 1911, 121; 1910, 125. The variation, therefore, was from 121 plays to 169 plays a game, or 39 per cent. The smallest number in any period was 24, in the first period of the 1911 game, and the largest was 51, in the fourth period of the 1916 game. Variations by periods, therefore, exceed 100 per cent.

In the last five Harvard-Princeton games the periods have varied from 27 plays to 48 and in the last six Yale-Princeton games the shortest period was 20 plays and the longest 46 plays.

Coffin then explained why he had resolved on the number of 160 plays a game, forty a period. He exhibited statistics compiled by Nathan A. Tufts, prominent referee in recent games of the "big three." Seven games in which Tufts officiated averaged 159 plays and varied from 178 to 140. William S. Langford officiated in seventeen games where the average was 145 plays.

Crimson Captain to Wrestle.

CAMBRIDGE, March 12.—James A. MacDonell, Captain of the Harvard wrestling team, will be allowed to compete against Yale tomorrow in the 145-pound class. MacDonell, however, will not be permitted to serve as Captain. This decision was reached at an informal meeting of the Athletic Committee today.

WILDE OUTPOINTS MASON DECISIVELY

World's Flyweight Champion Excels American in 9 of 12 Rounds, with Two Even.

BRITON FORCES FIGHTING

Chases Fort Wayne Boxer Around Ring—Latter's Effort to Break Through Guard Futile.

TOLEDO, Ohio, March 12.—Jimmy Wilde of England, recognized flyweight boxing champion of the world, proved his right to the title tonight by decisively outpointing Frankie Mason of Fort Wayne, Ind., the American claimant of the title.

Wilde was the aggressor throughout the fight with the exception of the fifth round, when Mason braced himself and put the Englishman on the defensive. Two of the rounds were even, the fourth and tenth. The ring, which was twenty-one feet square, gave the little American plenty of room to jump away from the pressing Britisher.

Mason started to bleed from the mouth early in the battle, but he wore a smile of confidence while the little Briton, from the time he entered the ring, seemed set and determined.

Time after time Mason, when urged on by his enthusiasts, attempted to break through the Britisher's guard, but the plucky little Briton dodged, feinted, shifted and retaliated with a right and left, chasing the American about the ring.

After the fight Referee Ed Smith declared never in his life had he seen a young fellow, or any fighter, who was so willing to carry or mix matters as Wilde. Smith was of the opinion that it was a very even match, but declared that, according to the rules of the commission, he was not at liberty to announce the winner.

The following are the opinions of sporting authorities present at the ringside:

Sam Hill, Chicago Herald-Examiner—"Wilde won easily."

J. E. Wray, St. Louis Post-Dispatch—"Wilde won by yards."

Joe William, Cleveland News—"Wilde won seven rounds."

Tom Andrews, Milwaukee Journal—"Wilde easily the winner, although Mason fought a great battle."

Ollie Pecord, Toledo Referee of the Willard-Dempsey fight—"Wilde won."

C. W. Howard, Toledo Times—"Wilde easy winner."

Ad. Thacher, promoter of the fight—"Mason won by a shade."

Mason First in Ring.

Mason stepped through the ropes first at 10 P. M., closely followed by Wilde and Referee Ed. Smith of Chicago. In Wilde's corner were Benny Williams of England and Al Thompson of Cincinnati. Mason's chief second was Jimmy Barry, former bantamweight champion, assisted by Ralph Cook.

Referee Smith called the boys to the centre of the ring at 10:06 P. M., instructing them as to the rules. Time was called at 10:07 P. M. Both boxers received an ovation.

In the first round Wilde landed the first blow, a light right to head, and followed with two more jabs to head. Mason landed a right to jaw. Wilde landed a left to stomach. Mason landed a right uppercut as Wilde swung to Mason's body. Mason held twice. Wilde hooked to body as the round ended.

Mason blocked a left hook at the start of the second round and jabbed a left to the jaw. Wilde landed a straight left. Wilde scored twice to the body in sharp fighting. Mason missed a right cross, but scored a hard left hook to the jaw. Mason landed a left and a right to the head. Wilde landed two right jabs as the gong sounded.

Wilde landed a hard left to the head, and as Mason landed a straight left they clinched. Wilde jabbed three times without receiving a return. Wilde drove Mason back with a right and a left to the head. Wilde landed a left to jaw. Mason scored with a right cross, forcing Wilde to ropes. Wilde missed two lefts and jabbed a right to chin.

Wilde put a straight right to the jaw and a left to the body at the start of the fourth round. He followed with a left to Mason's face and a right to his stomach. Wilde landed a hard right to body. Mason landed a right cross and a left hook. Wilde covered up when Mason landed a hard left to the head. Mason jabbed four hard lefts to his opponent's jaw without a return.

At the start of the fifth round Mason landed three hard rights and two hard lefts to Wilde's face. Mason landed a light right and a left to face. They fell into a clinch. The infighting that followed was even. Wilde landed a left and a right to the face and a right to the body as the gong sounded.

Wilde landed a left just as the sixth round began. Wilde tried to force the fighting, with Mason showing great foot work. Wilde jabbed a left to the jaw. Mason tapped Wilde three light lefts without a return. Mason missed a hard right swing. Wilde scored a hard left to the face. Mason was bleeding at the mouth. Wilde scored two light lefts to the head.

Wilde scored with a right to the body and landed a solid right to the head at the start of the seventh round. Wilde landed a straight left and Mason countered with a right uppercut. Mason had the edge on hard infighting. Mason added a hard right to the head and Wilde scored a hard right to the head and a stiff jab to the stomach.

Wilde Is Aggressive.

Wilde continued to force the fighting in the eighth round, Mason retreating. Wilde tried a dozen lefts, landing nearly all of them. Wilde scored a left and a right, Mason countering to the head. Wilde landed a hard right and a left to the face just before the bell.

Mason started the ninth round and scored with a right to the jaw. Wilde countered with a left. In long-range boxing Mason landed a right and then a left uppercut. Wilde scored a right and a left to the head. Mason put a left to the jaw. Wilde put a straight left to the body. Wilde put a left to Mason's head and missed two rights to the head as the round ended.

Wilde put a left to the jaw and a left to the body in the tenth round. Wilde put a left and a right to the face, Mason countering with a right to the body and a left to the face. Mason put a left and a right to the face and forced Wilde to the ropes with a right to the chin. Mason was smiling. Both missed rights and lefts in a hard clash as the bell sounded.

Wilde landed a straight left and they indulged in long range boxing. Mason scored a right to the body. They stood toe to toe slugging, Wilde forcing Mason.

They shook hands at the start of the twelfth round. Wilde drove Mason back with a left to the head and landed a right to Mason's chin. Wilde landed two rights to the head, forcing Mason backward. Mason landed two lefts and then clinched. Mason landed two lefts to the body. Wilde countered with a right to the face. Wilde landed a left to the chin and Mason clinched. The gong sounded as they exchanged light blows in mid-ring.

Mason and Wilde, contestants in the international bout for the flyweight championship of the world, weighed in shortly before 3 o'clock today. Mason tipped the beam at 106½ pounds, one and one-half pounds under the weight required at 3 o'clock. Wilde's weight was 106¾. Wilde was a favorite before the bout at odds of 10 to 8.

O'Dowd Knocks Out Madden.

DENVER, Col., March 12.—Mike O'Dowd of St. Paul, middleweight champion of the world, tonight knocked out Tommy Madden of Brooklyn in the third round of a scheduled twelve-round bout here.

RECUPERATION SYSTEM ENDORSED. Arthur McGovern's system of restoring vigor to men and women has the endorsement and patronage of New York's best people. 3 West 68th Street. Telephone Columbus 2928-9100.—Advt.

Prince of Wales Will Race Horses on Canadian Tracks

Special to The New York Times.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 12.—The thoroughbred horses and the famous silks of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales will be seen on Canadian race tracks during the coming Summer. Word to this effect has been received by J. Caryle, manager of the ranch which his Royal Highness purchased during his Canadian tour last Summer. The thoroughbreds, most of them two-year-olds, seven in number, will be shipped from the Prince of Wales's stables at Windsor and will arrive in Canada early in May or June. The horses, which are of pure English stock, are being sent to Canada primarily for breeding purposes, but some of them will be raced around the Canadian circuits.

OPPORTUNITY WINS NEW ORLEANS RACE

Takes Mile and Seventy Yards Event and Wins Lafitte Purse on Heavy Track.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 12.—Showing considerable improvement and a liking for the distance, despite a heavy track, William Woodward's Opportunity proved today at Jefferson Park that he could go a mile and seventy yards, though most of his successes have been been over the sprint route. Under a hustling ride by Wida he got down in front to capture the Lafitte Purse, which was the feature of the day's racing. Opportunity defeated Peccant and Warsaw, among others.

Though the track was anything but suitable for good racing, only two of the nine named for the race were withdrawn, these being Stepson and Docod, and Opportunity was made a 13 to 10 choice at post time. This was due largely to the fact that his previous race had indicated he was in need of a test over a mile and seventy yards distance to show at his best over the route.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For two-year-old maiden fillies; claiming; purse $600; three and a half furlongs. Loch Levon, 102 pounds (Richcreek), 10 to 1, 5 and 2 to 5, first; Mary Erb, 102 (Whitterington), 7 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, second; Letty Ree, 107 (Pierce), 7 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, third. Time—0:43 2-5. Vera Twyford, Crutches, Fading Star, Maudie Wilson and Kathleen K. also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Ragazza, 111 pounds (Lyke), even, 2 to 5 and out, first; Plain Bill, 109 (Wida), 10 to 1, 3 to 1 and 6 to 5, second; Kirah, 106 (Heinish), 16 to 5, even and 2 to 5, third. Time—1:09 3-5. Valley Park Maid, Colonel Murphy and Old Sinner also ran.

THIRD RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Archie Alexander, 112 pounds (Whittington), 4 to 1, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, first; General, 119 (Rodriguez), 4 to 1, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, second; Tiger Rose, 107 (Hopkins), 7 to 5, 2 to 5 and 7 to 10, third. Time—1:16 1-5. Lady Leona, Cock o' the Main, Sammy Boy, Gorham, Propaganda and Pilsen also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Sasin, 115 pounds (Williams), 11 to 5, even and 1 to 2, first; Green Mint, 109 (Morris), 10 to 1, 4 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Brynlimah, 110 (Zoller), 4 to 1, 3 to 2 and 7 to 10, third. Time—1:53 4-5. Silvery Shapiro, Miss Kruter, Vindictive, Bronner, Marie Rappold, Dancing Carnival and Milton Roblee also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $700; one mile and seventy yards. Opportunity, 100 pounds (Wida), 13 to 10, 1 to 2 and out, first; Peccant, 92 (Kennedy), 12 to 1, 4 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Warsaw, 100 (Willis), 5 to 2, 7 to 10 and 1 to 3, third. Time—1:51. Heavy Weapon, Hunteman, Speedster and Duke of Lancaster also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Redland, 111 pounds (Kennedy), 3 to 1, 1 to 4 and out, first; Napthalus, 107 (Zoller), 7 to 2, 4 to 5 and out, second; Ben Hampson, 106 (Richcreek), 10 to 1, 2 to 1 and 3 to 5, third. Time—1:51 3-5. Twinlwin and Phillistine also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and seventy yards. Corson, 114 pounds (Lyke), 8 to 5, 7 to 10 and 1 to 3, first; Kingling 2d, 110, (Morris), 10 to 1, 4 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Bogart, 115 (Rodriguez), 4 to 1, 8 to 5 and 7 to 10, third. Time—1:53. Durella, Prince Douglas, Miss Sterling and Dr. Levy also ran.

Weather cloudy; track heavy.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $600; allowances; for two-year-olds. Four Furlongs. Twinkle Star 103 pounds, Lands End 105, Madeline Linnian (formerly Petunia) 105, Eye Opener 108, Omar K. 110, Joe Goodman 109, Tenite 118, Silver Springs 118.

SECOND RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs. *Peggy C. 95 pounds, *Valerie I. 103, *Madras Gingham 103, Cortland 105, *Kohinoor 106, Safranor 108, *Yodels 108, *Ettah 108, *Mack Garner 111, Alf. Vesina 113, Neg 113, Doctor Zab 113, Marasmus 113, Huzzas 116, Ninety Simplex 116.

THIRD RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. *Cobalt Lass 100 pounds, Bonstelle 107, *Pullux 108, *Trusty 112, *Opportunity 110.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700; allowances; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Diamond Girl 100 pounds, Le Bluet 105, Our Birthday 105, Big Idea 105, Lady Brummell 107, Sweet Liberty 107, Who Cares 110, Anticipate 112.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; mile and three-sixteenths. *Kimpalong 101, *Sun God 110, Tantalus 11, *Franklin 112.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. *Rookery 102 pounds, *J. C. Stone 110, *Tit for Tat 105, *Rappahanock III. 108, Bond 107, Corson 111, Umbala 111, Little Cottage 112, Ponderosa 114, Le Baltre 114.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. *Margaret N. 102 pounds, *Shamrock Green 106, *Green Mint 106, *Brickley 107, *James F. Cummings 107, *Yorkist 107, *Mayor Galvin 109, Mar Tom 112, Dr. Levy 112, P. G. King 112, Brookland 112.

Weather cloudy; track muddy.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

McATEE IS REINSTATED.

Jockey Set Down Last Season Is in Good Standing Again.

More fortunate than a number of other riders who sought reinstatement, Jockey L. McAtee has been granted a license by The Jockey Club. He was set down during the meeting at Aqueduct last Autumn.

McAtee was in the employ of W. R. Coe, and may ride for him again this season. Twenty-eight jockeys were granted licenses and 131 trainers had their applications favorably considered.

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FOLWELL TO COACH ANNAPOLIS ELEVEN

Former Mentor of Quakers Succeeds Dobie in Charge of Navy Gridiron Team.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., March 12.—Bob Folwell, late gridiron mentor of the University of Pennsylvania, will coach the football team of the Naval Academy for the coming season. At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Navy Athletic Association, held here this afternoon, he was offered the position, the terms being based upon a tentative agreement reached with Mr. Folwell while he was in Annapolis this week. He succeeds Gilmour Dobie, who has accepted the position of coach at Cornell.

Folwell talked the matter over thoroughly with Commander Howard, athletic officer at the Academy, and others connected with athletics here. The situation here was outlined to him and it is believed that he will fit into the position admirably. Prospects for a winning team are excellent and the spirit among the midshipmen is such that he will be given enthusiastic backing. The schedule for next season is the most formidable for many years and the Middies are confident that Folwell will turn out a team which will give the best possible account of itself.

FAVORITES HAVE BAD DAY.

Only One Public Choice Among Winners at Havana.

HAVANA, Cuba, March 12.—Another very ordinary card was run off at Oriental Park today and only one favorite was able to get down in front.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Purse $600; for three-year-old maidens; claiming; six furlongs. Mineral, 97 (Wilson), 7 to 2, 7 to 5 and 7 to 10, first; Donatello, 103 (Barnes), 5 to 2 even and 1 to 2, second; Virgie Lee, 103 (Pickens), 4 to 1, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, third. Time—1:13 2-5. Miss K. R. Lester, Rockaree and Sea Prince also ran.

SECOND RACE—Purse $600; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; six furlongs. Kernan, 107 (Tryon), 3 to 1, 6 to 5 and 3 to 5, first; Prince Bonero, 112 (Garner), 7 to 1, 2 to 1 and 6 to 5, second; Bulger, 110 (Barnes), 3 to 1, 6 to 5 and 7 to 5, third. Time—1:14. Mae Murray, Grasmere and Will Soon also ran.

THIRD RACE—Purse $600; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; six furlongs. Magic Mirror, 108 (McGrann), 8 to 1, 6 to 5 and 3 to 5, first; The Snob, 105 (Wilson), 2 to 1, 4 to 5 and 2 to 5, second; Sophie K, 108 (Pickens), 3 to 1, 6 to 5 and 3 to 5, third. Time—1:13 1-5. Vulcanis, Frost Royal, Br'er Fox, Flash of Steel, Farnum and James G also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $600; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and one-half furlongs. Harlock, 103 (Carmody), 8 to 5, 7 to 10 and 1 to 3, first; Avion, 103 (Barnes), 3 to 1, 6 to 5 and 3 to 5, second; Encore, 105 (Pickens), 7 to 2, 7 to 5 and 7 to 10, third. Time—1:08 2-5. Doubting Thomas, Eunice, Golden Chance, Mike Dixon and Sky Man also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $600; for three-year olds and upward; claiming; five and one-half furlongs. Jr., 105 (Pickens), 6 to 2, even and 1 to 2, first; Jeymar, 105 (Chiavetta), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, and 4 to 5, second; Helen Atkin, 108 (Barnes), 6 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, third. Time—1:06. Buster Clark, Allah, Betterton, Sister Susie and Blanchita also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $600; for three-year olds and upward; claiming; one mile and fifty yards. Koran, 102 (Chiavetta), 3 to 1, even and out, first; Saintly Lady, 103 (Carmody), 6 to 5, 1 to 2 and out, second; High Gear, 103 (Wilson), 2 to 1, 4 to 5 and out, third. Time—1:43 1-5. Lucky Pearl and Arascon also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; purse $600; five furlongs. Wishing 108 pounds, Whiz 108, Roseate 107, Charmant 107, Little Pointer 103, Fiction 100, Spugs 109, Vic Munoz 110, *Ascutney 110.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five furlongs. *Gleamer 99 pounds, *Red 101, *Frank Burke 104, *Precious Jewel 104, *Seabeach 104, *Hasty Cora 107, *Blanch Donalton 107, *Martyloa 107, James G. 114, Jutland 114.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Mary Fitzhugh 91 pounds, *Unwise Child 99, *Jack Dawson 104, Stiletto 104, *Toprung 104, Ironboy 106, *Clip 105, *May Maulsby 107, *Leoma 109, Tranby 114.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. *Lowell 101 pounds, *El Coronel 101, *Bill Simmons 104, *Snow Queen 104, Little Cote 106, *Plantarede 106, *Shasta 107, Lampost 109, Delancey 114, King Worth 114.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. *Picker and Stealer 99 pounds, *He's a Bear 103, *Babylonian 103, *Hush 104, *Incinerator 105, Steve 105, *Spectacular Girl 105, *Little One 106, *Major Bradley 106, *Annapolis 108, Northern Belle 110.

SIXTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; Mile and a sixteenth. *Eda Herrman 108 pounds, *Guidepost 106, *Native Soil 107, Fortune's Favor 107, *Front Royal 109, *Royalty 108, *Royal 108, Wildthyme 111, Frank Keogh 113.

SEVENTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; Mile and three sixteenths. *Attorney Muir 99, Slippery Silver 100, *Great Gull 102, *Woodthrush 102, *Bucknall 106, *Little Nearer 112.

Weather clear; track fast.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

GOULLET KEEPS HIS TEAM IN THE LEAD

Australian Cyclist Safeguards Advantage by Brilliant Riding in Sprints.

SCORE AT 2 A. M.
122d Hour.

	Miles.	Laps.
Goullet-Magin	2,069	6
Egg-Madden	2,069	6
Coburn-Kopsky	2,069	6
Buyssee-Spiessens	2,069	6
Kaiser-Hill	2,069	6
Godivier-Vannek	2,069	6
Dupuy-Hanley	2,069	6
Lang-Chapman	2,069	5
Belle-Madonna	2,069	2
Bowker-Bowker	2,069	1
Byron-Markey	2,069	1

Leader, Goullet. Record, 2,390 miles and no laps, made by Lawson and Drobach in 1914.

That dark and sinister villian, Alfred Goullet, again held the centre of the stage last night in the six-day cycling melodrama at Madison Square Garden. With the crown of the hapless Maurice Brocco perched rakishly on his head, the Australian gave the most impressive demonstration of recent years in the evening sprints that began at 9:30.

If there had been any doubt as to the unpopular racer's superiority as a sprinter, it was effectively removed and exiled for some time to come by the veteran's performance in the evening's dashes. While the fans booed and groaned with their usual gusto, he circled the track in front four times out of six sprints, and maintained his team's lead against repeated onslaughts by the other ten combinations.

Goullet's brilliant riding was the only factor that prevented him and his partner from being left behind in the racing score. The final results gave Goullet and Magin 49 points for the evening. Egg and Madden 46 and Kaiser and Hill 37. At 10:45 Goullet and his partner were heading the field with a 44-point advantage, and the Garden quieted down to spasmodic murmurs of disapproval at the victory of the Australian and his mate.

The point score at the end of last night's sprints was as follows:

Goullet-Magin	330	Godiver-Vannek	100
Egg-Madden	306	Lang-Chapman	104
Buyssee-Spiessens	206	*Byron-Markey.	
Kaiser-Hill	228	*Bello-Madonna.	
Dupuy-Hanley	200	*Bowker-Bowker.	
Coburn-Kopsky	158		

*Do not figure in the point score.

In the forty-five minutes between 11:30 P. M. and 12:15 A. M. Goullet further enriched himself and his teammate by capturing two special prizes, one of $100 and the other of $50, offered by patrons. The $100 sprint, which the Australian snatched from Oscar Egg for the fifth time in the evening, ended in a jamboree that forced three teams—Bello-Madonna, Bowker-Bowker and Byron-Markey—one lap further in the ruck.

Gus Lang, who is one lap behind the others, attempted to close up the gap by a sudden dash at the end of the sprint. Goullet and Egg took up the pursuit of the fleeing Jerseyite and the field followed, while the three trailers emerged from the tussle minus another lap. They are now five laps behind, and Lang-Chapman are one in the rear. At 12:15 another fan offered $5 to the winners of each of ten successive laps, and $50 to the winner of the eleventh. Goullet, riding in masterly fash

GIANTS MEET SAN ANTONIO TEAM TODAY WHILE YANKS AND ROBINS START THEIR LONG SERIES

M'GRAW LINES UP HIS 1920 INFIELD

Kelly, Doyle, Fletcher and Frisch Work Together in Game Against Recruits.

REGULARS ARE WINNERS, 6-2

Phil Douglas Makes First Appearance on Mound—Statz's Work Is a Feature.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, March 12.—Manager McGraw lined up his first team this afternoon as they will probably start the championship season. Frisch was at third, Kelly at first, Doyle at second and Fletcher at short. With this array the regulars defeated the recruits in the first nine-inning game of the training season by a score of 6 to 2.

While Manager McGraw is skeptical about Larry Doyle's physical condition and is fearful that the veteran second baseman may break down at a critical time of the season, as he did last year, he, nevertheless, is planning to start the season with Doyle unless some deal is made in the meantime for a veteran third baseman. In that event it is probable that Frisch will go back to second.

As it looks now, however, Doyle will start the season at second. Today's nine-inning game brought shuffling Phil Douglas into action for the first time this year. Phil is the only member of the Giants' pitching staff who uses the spit ball. Phil pitched three innings for the recruits and allowed two hits. Although the sun was warm enough at the ball park today, there was a strong wind which interfered with the fielding of high fliers.

Fletcher made his first appearance in a practice game and he showed his old enthusiasm and fighting spirit. He made a double and a single and did a lot of high class fielding. To Frank Frisch fell the honor of smashing the first home run over the fence. He soaked the ball over the right field barricade in the third inning.

The regulars got after Virgie Barnes nard in the first inning after two were out. Frisch and Fletcher got doubles. Doyle and Benny Kauff followed with three-base drives and than a single by George Kelly brought the run total for the inning up to five. After that the regulars did not have to extend themselves.

Statz played a fine game in centre field for the recruits and got a three bagger off Winters on his first trip to the plate. Fletcher and Doyle played only six innings, when they gave way to White and Bates. The game today was punctuated with three double plays, but two of these were made possible by bad base running.

Kinsella kept up his hitting pace among the youngsters and got a triple and a single. Six pitchers got a good workout in the game, Winters, Paul Johnson and Burfield for the regulars and V. Barnes, Douglas and Stryker for the recruits.

The Giants are slated to play the San Antonio Club tomorrow and Sunday and McGraw will probably use his regular line-up at the start of both contests.

The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Regulars	4	0	1
Recruits	2	0	4

Batteries—Winters, Johnson, Burfield and Snyder; V. Barnes, Douglas, Stryker and Smith.

Home run—Frisch. Base hits—Doyle, Kauff, Statz, Kinsella. Two-base hits—Frisch, Fletcher.

Umpire—Bill Ryan.

ROBINS HIT BALL HARD.

Brooklyn Regulars Defeat Second Team by Score of 9 to 2.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 12.—The Brooklyn Regulars, judging by their stick work this afternoon, are prepared to face the Yankee hurlers tomorrow in the first game of their exhibition series. The outfit which will be sent against the American Leaguers cracked out seventeen base hits in the eight-inning game against the Yanigans. The safe blows, coupled with errors, enabled them to trot off with an easy triumph over the cubs, 9 to 2.

Zack Wheat and Hy Myers were on the Regulars and stayed in the game from start to finish. Hy made two of the four doubles credited to his side, and Wheat made two singles in five times at bat.

Ed Pfeffer hurled the first four rounds for the Yannigans and John Miljus succeeded him on the slab. Sherrod Smith pitched the first half of the contest for the Regulars, and Joe Conlon finished. The Regulars found Pfeffer for four hits and two tallies during his stay on the slab, but in the fifth frame they pounced on Miljus and scored four more runs on five safe blows. In the eighth session they collected five more base hits and their final three runs off the youngster.

Sherrod Smith held the youngsters to two singles in the first four frames, and they failed to score off Uncle Robbie's crack southpaw. In the sixth session, however, with Joe Conlon, one of the rookies' left-handers, opposing them, they scored their first tally. They added another run to their score in the seventh session.

The Robins' new infield worked to perfection during the abbreviated fray, and two double plays were executed by Ward, Olson and Konetchy.

Zack Wheat appeared at the plate for the first time in the opening round, and Pfeffer struck him out. In the fourth round, however, Wheat, after fouling off five, lined out a single to centre. Myers made his first two-bagger in the first inning, and it scored Olson, who opened the session with a double to left.

Hugh Duffy, the manager of the Toronto Club of the International League, was a visitor at the Robins' training park this afternoon. Duffy looked over the promising youngsters, and tried to grab one or two of the future greats.

The score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Regulars	1	0	0	1	4	0	0	3	—	9	11	1
Yanigans	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	4	4

Batteries—Smith, Conlon and Beyers; Pfeffer, Miljus and Krueger. Umpire—Mr. O'Day.

WHITE SOX GO SOUTH.

American League Champions Leave for Waco Training Camp.

CHICAGO, March 12.—The Chicago American League baseball team left tonight for Waco, Texas, for Spring training. Manager William Gleason and twenty-two members of the White Sox, including Eddie Cicotte, the veteran pitcher, who has been holding out for a better contract, made up the party. Cicotte announced yesterday he was ready to sign a contract "if an amicable agreement can be reached," and said he would accompany the team South regardless of whether he had signed.

Eddie Collins, second baseman, did not accompany the team tonight. He is in Philadelphia and has asked permission to remain there a week, after which he will leave to meet the team in Dallas next week for the opening of the Spring series.

The White Sox are the last major league team to go into training.

Milton Stock Joins Cardinals.

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., March 12.—Third Baseman Milton Stock, who has been a holdout, today notified Manager Branch Rickey of the St. Louis Nationals in training here, that he would reach Brownsville tonight. If he signs up, Pitcher Oscar Tuero will be the only Cardinal holdout.

Davis Sails to be Physical Director of All Rumania

John A. Davis, Director of Physical Education at Stevens Tech and coach of the basket ball, tennis and track teams, is sailing this morning for Rumania, where he has been requested by the Government, on recommendation of the Y. M. C. A., to take charge of the physical education of the country. With the help of six assistants he plans to establish physical education departments in all of the existing schools and to build new schools where necessary. He will be gone for about a year, and will then leave the running of the affairs to assistants whom he will instruct. For several weeks he will stop in Belgium as physical adviser of the Belgium and Polish entries in the Olympics.

In the absence of Mr. Davis, Leroy Durburow, coach of the football and baseball teams, will supervise the physical education department of Stevens.

YANKEE YANIGANS TROUNCE REGULARS

Second Team Clearly Outplays Veterans and Wins by Score of 8 to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 12.—After enjoying one brief spell of success, the Yankee regulars dropped back into losing ways today and were beaten again by the Yanigans. They were beaten thoroughly, too, the score being 8 to 1. The weather was hot, and tomorrow the Yanks are to have it out with the Brooklyns in the first game of the Spring series. Here were two reasons why a show of dash and speed were to be expected from the regulars, but they had neither.

The Yanigans all week have batted better and played with more spirit, and such was the case this afternoon. The best hitting of the week was done today by the second side, which jolted Shore and Quinn for a combined yield of thirteen hits. Shore did right well for three innings, but four seemed to be too many for him, and he was pounded in his last round for two triples, a double and a single.

Quinn also experienced an inning in which hits were bunched on him. Four singles in sucession, with O'Doul, Ward, Meusel and Geiser making them, sent in three runs. For the Yanigans Shawkey and Thormahlen were much more effective workmen. The regulars started a batting rally on Shawkey in the fourth inning when Peck and Pipp singled with nobody out. Pipp wandered away from second with too big a lead and was nipped by a quick throw from Hofmann. His untimely demise halted an onslaught.

Hofmann and Shawkey stabbed Shore for hits in the second after Biemiller had waited it out successfully. A throw by Ruth to the wrong base accounted for one of the runs, for it allowed a runner to advance who otherwise would not have reached the plate. On another occasion Ruth made a splendid pick-up with one hand of a sharp bounding ball and held it to a single. His fielding is decidedly good but his batting continues to be poor.

A bag full of Babe's own special fence wrecking brand of ordnance arrived and one was in action today for the first time, but the ball, in contrary mood, went high instead of far. The Babe became irritated once when the orb did this and showed his golf training by flinging his club far into the adjacent rough.

Huggins called for a nine-inning game as a preparation for tomorrow, and the expectation is that he will ask Mays and Mogridge to do his pitching. Mogridge has been going fine, but Mays has been doing only fairly well. More animation is looked for from the regulars tomorrow when they get into a regular game, as so far brushes with the recruits apparently have not been much of an incentive to them to cut loose, or else the second team simply has been too fast for them. However, the race is not won by Spring speed.

The score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Yanigans	0	2	0	3	0	0	3	0	—	8	13	4
Regulars	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—1	6	2	

Batteries—Shore, Quinn and Hannah; Shawkey, Thormahlen and Hofmann.

Hits—Pewster, Reck Pipp (2), Bodie, Hannah, Gleich, O'Doul (2), Ward (2), Meusel (2), Geiser (2), Rice, Biemiller, Hofmann, Shawkey. Two-base hits—Hannah, Ward, Rice. Three-base hits—Gleich, Biemiller. Double plays—O'Doul, Hofmann, Biemiller and Ward; Thormahlen, Biemiller and Meusel. Errors—Pipp, Pratt, Gleich, Meusel, Biemiller, Thormahlen. Hits—Off Shore, 7 in four innings; Quinn, 6 in five; Shawkey, 3 in four; Thormahlen, 2 in five.

I. R. A. BARS BRODIL.

Oarsman Will Not Be Allowed to Row for Columbia This Season.

The Intercollegiate Rowing Association, which conducts the annual Poughkeepsie regatta, yesterday disqualified Franklin Brodil, stroke last year on the Union Boat Club and now at Columbia, from rowing in either the freshman or 'Varsity races of the Hudson River classic this Summer. Charles Halstead Mapes, Chairman of the Board of Stewards, informed Brodil that he was barred because he had rowed on a junior boat club crew and was in only his first year at Columbia. A rule of the association requires a one-year residence for former boat club rowers.

The University Committee on Athletics at Columbia at the same time decided to bar Brodil from the 'Varsity eight in all races this season. He will be permitted to row in the freshman boat in every event except that at Poughkeepsie, where he will be completely out. Technically Brodil is a sophomore, but in all other respects he is a first-year student. He is President of the freshman class.

CLARK EXPLAINS PLANS.

Choice of United States Gunners for Olympic Games Deferred.

That he has not picked the trapshooting team which will represent the United States at the Olympic games in Antwerp next July, and that final selection will be deferred as long as possible, in order to select the country's best shooters, were stated in a message to American Trapshooting Association headquarters tonight from Jay Clark, Jr., of Worcester, Mass., captain of the team.

Competition to make the team is open to every shooter, regardless of his means, as funds will be raised to send the team to Antwerp, he said.

Clark called attention to the fact that scores made under adverse weather conditions here will receive greater consideration than those made under ideal conditions, inasmuch as the Olympic shooting will be held on scheduled time, regardless of weather. Mr. Clark, who has been empowered by the Association, to pick the team and to make all arrangements for the European trip, will confer with other members of the Olympic Committee here tomorrow.

Buffalo Gets Bowling Tourney.

PEORIA, Ill., March 12.—Buffalo, N. Y., was awarded the 1921 tournament of the American Bowling Congress at the annual meeting of the delegates here today.

Wesleyan Swimmers Elect Captain.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., March 12.—S. M. Williams of Philadelphia was elected captain of next year's Wesleyan swimming team this afternoon. Williams has been on the team two years.

PRIMAKOW IN LEAD IN CAROM TOURNEY

Defeats Blumenthal in National Three-Cushion Billiard Tourney at Thum's.

NATIONAL THREE-CUSHION BILLIARD STANDING.

Player.	W.	L.	H.R.	P.C.
J. Primakow	4	0	5	1000
W. Blumenthal	3	1	4	.725
H. Frisch	2	1	6	.667
J. Cosgrove	2	1	5	.667
H. Frantzen	2	2	6	.500
F. G. Owles	1	2	7	.333
C. Maxwell	0	3	4	.000
G. E. Van Arsdale	0	4	5	.000

Joseph Primakow forged into the lead in the national three-cushion billiard championship tournament being held under the auspices of the American Amateur Billiard Association, at Joe Thum's Academy last night. He met William Blumenthal and defeated the veteran by a score of 50 to 38. As a result of this match, Primakow is in front with four games won and none lost. Blumenthal is in second place with three won and one lost. Primakow now is the only player who has not lost a game.

Primakow scored such a decisive victory over his nearest rival that he now seems certain to win the A. A. B. A. title. In scoring all of his victories he has shown a superiority that has been impressive. Playing a match last night that may decide the title, Primakow was as cool as the proverbial icicle. Never throughout the match was he ruffled; never was he nervous. He was out after the shots whenever they offered but, at the same time, he was a cagy player. Not once during the game did he take any chances. Only twice during the match did he call deliberate safeties, and only eight times did Blumenthal call them, but there was a great deal of covered safety. They both continually shot off the white ball, giving each other the "oil" without declaring themselves.

Primakow started off in the lead and held it until the twelfth inning, when Blumenthal made four and he held the lead until the twenty-third inning. Primakow came with a rush, and soon recovered the lead. Thereafter it was a battle royal, with neither player able to gain a decisive lead until toward the end of the game, when Primakow went out and took a good working margin and held it until the end of the game.

SPEAR AND SHEA WINNERS.

Score Victories in Handicap Billiard Tourney for Poggenberg Cup.

George Spear and J. M. Shea were the winners in the handicap 18.2 balkline billiard tournament for the J. F. Poggenberg Cup at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn last night. Spear defeated J. R. Johann by a score of 115 to 68. Both men are Class C players. Shea defeated James R. Langdon, 115 to 99. Both these men are Class C players. Therefore, these two matches were played on an even basis.

The scores by innings follow:

AFTERNOON GAME.

G. Spear (115)—1 2 0 1 4 2 10 1 0 2 2 9 1 7 1 0 0 6 4 2 1 4 7 2 4 6 3 5 0 0 10 7 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 2 0 3 2. Total—115. Average—2 25-45. High run—10.

J. R. Johann (115)—1 0 9 0 0 0 3 3 4 0 1 2 4 0 2 0 2 0 4 3 1 0 0 0 0 0 4 2 8 0 0 2 6 0 0 2 6 2 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0. Total—68. Average—1 24-44. High run—9.

EVENING GAME.

J. M. Shea (115)—0 3 1 3 1 0 4 14 2 4 2 0 14 0 0 2 0 1 2 2 0 2 0 0 5 12 1 0 4 0 1 2 4 0 23 5 0 0 1. Total—115; average, 2 37-39; high run, 23.

J. R. Langdon (115)—1 10 0 2 3 1 0 9 0 1 4 0 3 1 1 5 5 2 0 0 2 0 0 0 8 2 1 1 0 2 0 10 8 0 0 9 2 0. Total, 99; average 2 13-33; high run, 10.

TEACHERS COLLEGE WINS.

Defeats Barnard in Swimming Meet, 40 to 37.

By winning the relay race, the final event of the program, the Teachers College swimming team yesterday defeated the Barnard team in their dual swimming meet held at the Teachers College pool. The final score was 40 to 37. When the relay race got under way Barnard led by the score of 37 to 35.

Parkdale Team Wins at Hockey.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 12.—The Parkdale Canoe Club of Toronto defeated the Cleveland hockey team 4 to 1 here tonight.

Navy and Marine Athletes Will Enter Olympic Games

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Plans to enter athletes of the Navy and Marine Corps in practically all of the Olympic games to be held at Antwerp next Summer were announced today by the Navy Department. Events for which teams will be entered include swimming, rowing, boxing, wrestling, track events and shooting.

The Great Lakes training station will be utilized as the chief training quarters for the swimming, boxing and wrestling aspirants.

PALM BEACH TITLE FALLS TO WEBER

Inverness Golfer Defeats Bingham Easily in the Final Round by 5 and 3.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 12.—H. P. Bingham of New York succumbed to Harold Weber, Inverness, in today's final for the golf championship of Palm Beach. He played good golf, but was outclassed. At the turn he was 4 down, low scores, five men, Bingham, Weber, and the match was over at the fifteenth, Webber winning, 5 and 3.

The tournament has been notable for low scores, five men, Bingham, Weber, John Gammons of Wannamoisett, J. S. Thompson, St. Paul, and Hugh J. Willoughby, Jr., Merion Cricket Club, having gone through at a gait ranging from 75 to 70, the lowest tournament scores here in years.

Winners of all other divisions came through by wide margins.

The summaries:

Final, First Flight—Harold Webber, Inverness, defeated H. P. Bingham, New York, 5 and 3.

Second Flight—G. W. B. Bartlett, Hangar Hill, defeated George Nicholai, Oakland, 4 and 3.

Third Flight—George E. Warren, Essex Country Club, defeated W. J. Gliddon, Willock, 6 and 4.

Fourth Flight—A. T. Ashton, Whitemarsh, defeated E. E. W. Wylde, St. Andrew's, 3 and 1.

Consolation, First Division—H. H. Marden, Belmont, defeated K. T. Smith, Oakland, 6 and 5.

BOSTON A. A. SEVEN WINS.

Quaker City Hockey Team Thrashed by 10 Goals to 2.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 12.—The Boston A. A. hockey team easily defeated the Quaker City A. A. team at the Philadelphia Ice Palace tonight by the score of 10 to 2. The team work of the visiting players was admirable, while the local boys did not play strongly.

Downing and Synott did splendid work for the New Englanders, the former scoring 3 goals, all in the second period. Raycroft also scored three goals.

The Quakers did not score until the final period, when Hill and Henriques put the puck across for goals by sterling stick work. Gelmore played in good form at the goal, blocking a number of hard drives.

WORLD'S RECORD FOR ROSS.

American Swims 500 Meters in New Zealand in 6:44 2-5.

AUCKLAND, New Zealand, March 12.—Norman Ross, the American swimmer, today established a world's record for 500 metres (550 yards), swimming the distance in 6 minutes 44 2-5 seconds. He also swam 100 yards in 60 seconds, equalling the New Zealand record.

PRINCETON WINS IN TANK.

Pennsylvania Swimmers Are Beaten by 33 Points to 20.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., March 12.—Princeton defeated Penn's swimmers here tonight by 33 points to 20. The result of the meet was in doubt until the final event, the relay race. Shields of Penn was the best individual performer, winning both the fifty and the 220 yard events, and swimming anchor man on the Penn relay team. Captain Johnson of the Tigers won the hundred in 0:59-1-5, was placed second in the fifty, and also swam anchor on his relay team.

OLYMPIC TRIALS SET FOR JUNE 26

American Committee Names Date for Sectional Tryouts for Games at Antwerp.

Sectional track and field try-outs for the Seventh Olympic Games at Antwerp, Belgium, will be held throughout the country June 26. This date was selected yesterday at a meeting of members of the American Olympic Committee, attended by Gustavus T. Kirby, President, and Frederick W. Rubien, Secretary. Following the conference Mr. Rubien disclosed the date for the sectional trials, which will be held simultaneously, under present plans, at Pasadena, Cal.; Stagg Field, Chicago, and Franklin Field, Philadelphia. In his announcement after the session Mr. Rubien made no provision for Southern try-outs. Absence of specific mention of that section of the country was accepted as significant in view of the fact that doubt has existed as to whether there would be try-outs below the Mason-Dixon line.

This plan, together with other plans which were tentatively adopted yesterday, will be submitted for ratification this afternoon at the meeting of the American Olympic Committee in the New York A. C. The meeting, contrary to original arrangements, will be open for representatives of the press. Mr. Kirby brought up this question in the course of the session and convinced his fellow-committeemen of the advisability of this arrangement. It was also determined to hold another meeting Sunday afternoon, at which complete details of the plans for America's preparations for the coming world classic will be divulged. Tomorrow's meeting will be an Executive Committee session, at which the matters submitted this afternoon will be reviewed and either approved or disapproved.

Considerable doubt exists as to the advisability of conducting tryouts for the Eastern section of the country at Franklin Field. The officials are understood to be undecided on a plan which provides for holding this meet, and the National A. A. U. outdoor championships, which will be the final trials, at Soldiers' Field, Cambridge. The prospect of financial success will guide the committee in its deliberations, and for this reason it is probable a decision will be reached awarding both meets to Cambridge. The final tryouts will probably be held July 17.

Representatives of the fifteen different sports governing bodies affiliated with the American Olympic Committee will attend today's session. The army will be represented by Major Gen. William M. Wright and the navy by Commander C. B. Mayo. The sports which will be represented include track and field athletics, fencing, trapshooting, revolver shooting, collegiate athletics, skating, rowing, cycling, rifle shooting, rugby football, golf and tennis.

SQUADRON A TRIO WINS.

Defeats Riding Club Polo Ists by 4½ Goals to 3.

Led by Captain R. K. Cooke, the Squadron A indoor polo trio last night defeated the Riding and Driving Club in the return game between the two teams at the Riding and Driving Club by the score of 4½ goals to 3. This success gave the Squadron A players their second victory of the week over the Riding and Driving Club. The soldiers outscored their rivals by a margin of 5 to 3, but a penalty of half a goal for foul on Captain Cooke reduced the final score. Captain Cooke accounted for but one goal, but was a material factor in the four remaining tallies which gave his team victory.

The lineup:

SQUADRON A (4½).	RIDING & D. C. (3).
No. 1—R. K. Cooke.	No. 1—E. S. Reynal.
No. 2—M. Rockwood.	No. 2—H. B. Guthrie.
Back—S. C. Abernathy.	Back—W. D. Lyon.

Goals—Cooke, Rockwood (2), Abernathy, (2), Reynal, Guthrie, Lyon. Penalty—Captain Cooke, ½ half for foul. Time of perids—Ten minutes.

BOXING BILL IS PASSED.

Twelve-Round Bouts with No Decisions Legalized in Kentucky.

Special to The New York Times.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 12.—Boxing in Kentucky is legalized by a bill passed this afternoon in the Senate, the House having passed the measure a week ago. Matches may go twelve round, with no decision, the participants to received a fixed sum, win or lose. The gloves must weigh not less than six ounces.

HUDSON SURPRISES CORDIER IN SQUASH

National Champion Wins Match at Yale Club Only After Dropping Opening Game.

Auguste J. Cordier, national amateur squash tennis champion, ran into a surprise yesterday afternoon when he faced E. R. Hudson in the opening round of the scratch tournament for the championship of the Yale Club. Although the top ranking player of the United States won the match, it required three games for him to turn the trick, the first going against him by the decisive count of 15—10. Once Cordier struck his stride, however, Hudson had little chance, and the remainder of the match was one-sided.

The loser made good use of a low-bounding service in the first game, and also seemed able to kill the champion's delivery with smashing drives straight up and down the inclosure. Cordier was sluggish in his movements, and could neither follow the ball to the limit of its bound nor put it away once he got his racquet on it. While the champion made a number of errors, Hudson fully earned the opener by consistently better play.

Cordier pulled himself together in the second session, however, and, warming gradually to his task, soon had the match squared by a count of 15—6. In the rubber he ran away from his rapidly tiring opponent and it was all over at 15—4.

Other winners yesterday were C. J. MacGuire, runnerup of the last Fall scratch tournament; Stuyvesant Wainwright, a semi-finalist in the national Class A event, and K. O'Brien, R. F. Potter, H. R. Stern, D. S. Baker, winners of second honors in the national handicap event tournament; R. S. Saltus, S. H. Johnson, and A. A. Gammell advanced by default.

MacGuire was given a hard fight by J. Walker, who reached double figures in both games of their match, almost setting the opener for extra points. After wining this close battle at 15—12, MacGuire increased his speed and took the second by a count of 15—10.

Wainwright allowed T. M. Day only two points in the opening game and four in the second, playing brilliantly all the way. O'Brien was carried into extra points by S. S. Walker in their first game, winning by the narrow margin of 18—16, but completed his victory somewhat more easily at 15—10.

The draw of the Yale Club tournament, which has an even division of thirty-two entries, brackets the remaining players in the first round as follows, and these matches will be played today: G. J. Carr vs. R. M. Wolfe, L. A. Lightener vs. Livingston Platt, Otis Guernsey vs. H. C. Holt, I. O'Rourke vs. A. L. Gates, J. C. Tomlinson vs. J. F. O'Rourke, Reginald Roome vs. J. F. Trounsdine.

EAST GAINS TENNIS STAR.

W. T. Hayes of Chicago to Join Philadelphia's Group of Experts.

Another high-ranking lawn tennis player from the Middle West has joined the forces of the Eastern stars of the game. Walter T. Hayes of Chicago, rated at No. 9 in the United States for the past season, has accepted an important business position in Philadelphia and will henceforth make the Quaker City his home. His play will distinctly strengthen an already famous group of experts of the racquet, which includes William T. Tilden, 2d, Wallace F. Johnson, Craig Biddle and Stanley W. Pearson.

SEEKS OLYMPIC GAMES.

Philadelphia Starts Movement to Get Events in 1924.

PHILADELPHIA, March 12.—A movement to build a great stadium in Philadelphia, if successful, to make an effort to have the Olympic games held here in 1924 was started tonight at a meeting of representatives of athletic, automobile clubs and other interests under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce.

One of the speakers in favor of the project was Samuel Dallas, President of the Amateur Athletic Union, who said the Olympic events could be brought here if Philadelphia could show it had the equipment for the games.

TRACK CHAMPIONS TO DEFEND TITLES

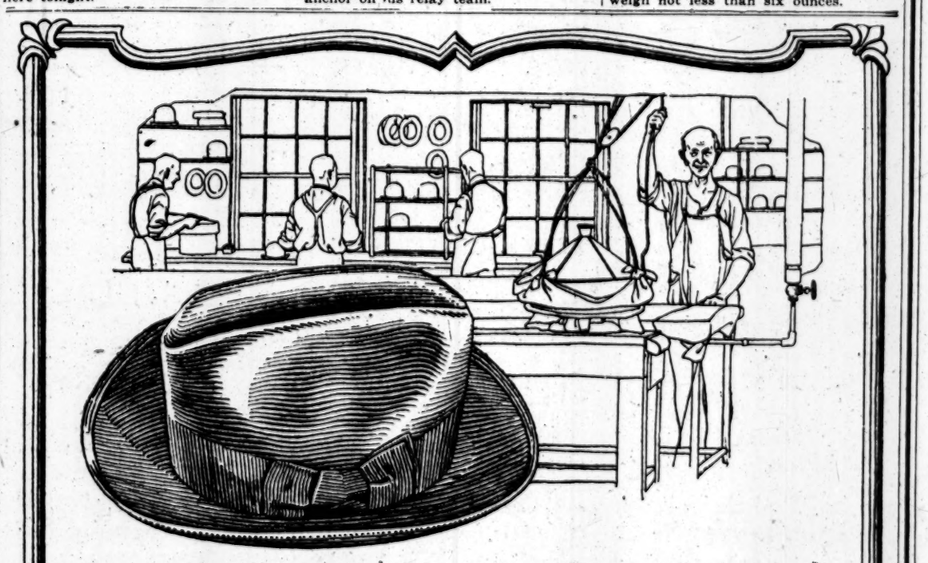
Record-Breaking Performances Expected at Senior A. A. U. Games Here Tonight.

With possibly one or two exceptions every champion athlete in the country will strive for titular honors this evening in the 22d Regiment Armory, Broadway and 168th Street, on the occasion of the annual national A. A. U. senior indoor track and field championships. Many of the athletes upon whom Uncle Sam will depend for a winning point total in the coming Olympic Games at Antwerp, Belgium, will compete under the critical gaze of members or the American Olympic Committee, who will attend as guests of the A. A. U.

Records are in danger in the 60-yard dash, 300-yard run, 600-yard run and 1,000-yard run. Several of the stars who have entered for these titles have demonstrated in their latest races that they are in superb condition. In anticipation of new marks, A. A. U. officials have treated the armory track to a special composition designed to eliminate slips or spills on the turns.

Loren Murchison of the New York A. C. will seek titles at 60 yards and 300 yards. In both events the former St. Louis flyer will be opposed by top notch fields. Earl Eby, University of Pennsylvania middle distance crack, is another who has entered for two events. Eby plans to compete in the 600-yard and 1,000-yard races. In the latter event Joie W. Ray, Illinois A. C., the champion, will defend his title. Jack Sellers of the New York A. C. will defend his 600-yard title.

Thirteen events are scheduled. In addition, the Championship Committee has added the national title tug-of-war test for the first time in the history of the games. The meet promises a record in point of attendance, if the advance sale of tickets is a criterion. More than $2,000 worth of pasteboards has been purchased already. This is a record sale for this fixture. The meet is scheduled to start at 8 o'clock with the trials in the tug-of-war.



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SIMS SAYS U-BOAT SCARE WAS COSTLY

Asserts That Department Held Ships Here That Should Have Been Hurried Abroad.

KNEW ALL ABOUT RAIDERS

Says Word Was Sent Three Weeks Ahead—Failure to Adopt Convoy Earlier Again Criticised.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—More shipping was saved by keeping track of German submarines and routing vessels clear of them than by any other single measure, Rear Admiral Sims today told the Senate investigating committee.

The Admiral's statement was in support of his charge that the Navy Department had a "fundamental misconception" of the problem of defending home waters in keeping American naval forces on this side of the Atlantic rather than by giving "whole-hearted and vigorous co-operation" to the Allies.

Actual experience has shown," the witness continued, "that we could depend upon keeping reasonably accurate track of all submarines at sea. We were certain we would never have to deal with but one or two submarines at a time on our own coast, and it was possible to do a great deal toward providing for the safety of shipping in our home waters without the use of any anti-submarine craft at all."

Admiral Sims presented cable dispatches announcing the departure from Germany of the first raider for the American coast, sent more than three weeks before the vessel appeared in American waters. The messages he read, he said, were remarkable for the accuracy with which every move of the enemy was foretold, adding that they were founded on absolute information obtained by the British Admiralty. They proved, he argued, the soundness of his original recommendations to the department that all available forces should be concentrated in European waters.

"It was, of course, in the German interest," he said, "to create abroad the impression that they were about to undertake submarine attacks upon the American coast, and it is to be noted that such rumors were continually circulated by German agents in Europe and America for the purpose of influencing the Navy Department and to retain craft on the American side.

"The fact that such propaganda was not without effect on the Navy Department was illustrated by numerous cables from the Department, mentioning these reports of probable submarine activity on the Atlantic coast."

Admiral Sims said that early in 1917 the Allies were compelled by the submarines to adopt the convoy plan for protecting shipping, and that on May 1 he "urgently recommended" that the United States give its co-operation, but it was not until June 20 that Secretary Daniels replied that he considered American vessels having armed guards were safer when sailing independently.

The British Admiralty desired assurance of American co-operation in the convoy plan so the first convoy might sail from New York July 8. About the same time Admiral Jellicoe wrote expressing grave apprehension for the success of the convoy system unless the United States decided to participate, the Admiral stated.

Finally, on July 22, the Navy Department accepted the convoy plan for troopships and later accepted it for supply vessels, the Admiral stated, but only after great pressure had been brought to bear by the other Allies and after many valuable weeks had been wasted. Even as late as Aug. 10 he said he received messages from the department asking that the convoy system be explained, although "for four months I had been exhausting my vocabulary in attempting to explain the system."

"It is very difficult for me to make clear to you now the desperation in which I found myself almost constantly during the early months of the war," Admiral Sims said. "I reiterate there was no question that these recommendations were right. The fact remains that they were virtually all adopted in the end."

Herbert Hoover, former Food Administrator, will be called by the committee tomorrow to testify in regard to the seriousness of the food situation in Europe in 1918.

NEW ORLEANS CROWDS SEEK CURE BY HEALER

Press at His Houseboat, Led by Cripples, Is So Great That Five Guards Fall Into River.

NEW ORLEANS, March 12.—Led by a score of crippled and ailing men and women, hundreds of persons crowded the Mississippi River levee to-night, trying to reach the ramshackle houseboat of John Cudney, a kindling pedler, known as "Brother Isaiah," from reputed cures by the laying on of hands.

The press was so great that twenty-five policemen were assigned to preserve order, and on a rumor that Cudney was about to appear, there was a rush which bore five of the guards into the river. All were rescued.

Cudney, a native Canadian, 73 years old, has been working as a "healer" for some time, and reports yesterday that he had restored sight to the blind started a rush to the levee, a number of invalids being taken there on cots. He was forced to work all night, only retiring at dawn, when threatened with physical collapse. Many wealthy persons sought treatement, but all their offers of money or other assistance were refused.

State and municipal authorities refused to disturb the pedler. Dr. Oscar F. Dowling, President of the State Board of Health, said no legal action could be taken against the "healer" because he was "accepting no money, prescribing no medicines and violating none of the rules of religious practice."

CARUSO PAYS INCOME TAX.

Tenor Says He Went to Custom House 'Gloomy,' Came Out 'Happy.'

Yesterday was another strenuous day at the Custom House where William H. Edwards, Collector of Internal Revenue for Manhattan, is receiving income tax returns.

Among the callers was Enrico Caruso. He sought the personal aid of Collector Edwards in the preparation of his return. After he had paid his tax Mr. Caruso said: "I come into the Custom House gloomy. I go out happy." The amount paid by Mr. Caruso was not made public.

Last year Mr. Caruso paid his tax on March 13. His total obligation was $153,933.76. The tenor paid for the first quarter, $38,483.42.

Kreisler's Violin to Aid Babies.

A benefit concert for the Babies' Dairies Association will be given next Tuesday afternoon at the Waldorf-Astoria by Fritz Kreisler, whose services have been donated. These dairies furnish food to infants who are living in the crowded tenement districts and suffering from malnutrition. Tickets are on sale at the Waldorf-Astoria and the Plaza, and may also be had from Mrs. Charles E. Mitchell of 933 Fifth Avenue. Among the boxholders are Mrs. William Douglas Sloane, Mrs. Charles Sabin, Mrs. William Pitt Trimble, Mrs. James A. Stillman, Mrs. Oran Root, Mrs. Percy Pyne, Mrs. Adrian Joline, Mrs. C. B. Alexander and Clarence Mackay.

David Warfield's Leg Broken.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 12.—David Warfield, the actor, was struck by an automobile truck here today. His left leg was broken and his face lacerated.

MUSIC

By Richard Aldrich

The Philharmonic Society.

The chief place upon the program of yesterday's concert of the Philharmonic Society was occupied by Rubinstein's "Ocean" symphony, a work that had faded from sight and sound for a good many years. It has been in the repertory of the Philharmonic Society since 1871; and apparently its last previous performance was by Mr. Sapanoff when he was conducting the orchestra, a dozen years ago.

Like so many other of Rubinstein's larger and more ambitious compositions, it has aged sadly. And yet it is probably the most successful of his orchestral works. He himself was so enamored of it that he kept adding new movements to it after it was originally published with the usual number of four, till finally it had seven. Mr. Stransky very wisely disregarded the composer's afterthoughts and played only the original four movements of the composition.

There is enough that is tiresome even in these. The exposition of the first movement is pleasing, but Rubinstein's ideas of symphonic development, both here and in the other movements, were so wooden and so mechanical that what he made of them seems now extremely dull. But in estimating the dulness of a piece of music played by the Philharmonic Society the intervening factor of the conductor's reading must always be taken into account.

Tschaikovsky's fantasy "Francesca da Rimini," Debussy's prelude "The Afternoon of a Faun" and the overture to "Tannhäuser," all familiar to the Philharmonic audiences, were the other numbers of the program.

In speaking of the program played by the Philharmonic Society on Thursday evening in this column it was the intention of the writer to say that Brahms and Wagner are "a not irreconcilable combination" to music lovers of these days. The types defeated this intention by calling it "a most irreconcilable" combination, which it is not; and apologies are tendered to whomever they are due.

Miss Cottlow's Recital.

Miss Augusta Cottlow's piano playing has been heard in New York while she was growing up from little girlhood to young womanhood and has been recognized as a manifestation of talent. She gave her second recital of the present season last evening in Aeolian Hall. She showed, as she has before, an ample equipment of technique and an intelligent understanding of a good many things in pianoforte playing, but also some strangely erratic ideas about some of the compositions she presented.

She brought a good deal of sentimentality, for instance, into her performance of Brahms's variations and fugue on a theme by Handel, a composition whose essence is as far removed from sentimentality as may well be conceived. All the slow variations she took at a lingering pace that robbed them of much of their robust vigor and turned them into something they are not. There was much breadth in her delivery of the final fugue, and a very clear enunciation of the theme at its various appearances in augmentation and diminution, and all through the piece there was clarity in the voices and a constant feeling for beauty of tone.

There was a strangely erratic rhythm in her conception of Chopin's B flat minor mazurka that it would be difficult to construe as a Chopin rubato. The mazurka in C was more naturally given, and there was real beauty in her playing of the C sharp minor nocturne, and the A flat ballade, though in this last a tendency to undue deliberation was again at times manifested.

Miss Cottlow gave four short pieces of MacDowell's that are seldom heard in public, "Of Bre'r Rabbit," "Nautilus," "From the Depths" (these two from the "Sea Pieces"), and the "Danse Andalouse" from "Les Orientales," and closed with Liszt's E major polonnaise, with a final cadenza by Busoni.

"Carmen" Sung at the Opera.

"Carmen" for the sixth time sold out the Metropolitan last evening, with Mme. Farrar in the title rôle and Mr. Martinelli as Don José. Mr. Werrenrath, returning to the part of Escamillo, was applauded in the Toreador song. Mmes. Sundelius, Sparkes, Berat, Messrs. Picco, Dua, Laurenti and de Segurola also sang, and Alfred Wolff conducted.

DAVIS CLAIMS RIGHT TO 'THE BLUE FLAME'

Dramatist Says Theda Bara Play Is Founded on His Novel "Lola."

INJUNCTION MAY BE ASKED

Action Threatened if No Settlement Is Made—A. H. Woods Paid $35,000 for Rights.

The idea and principal story of "The Blue Flame," the play in which Theda Bara is announced to appear at the Shubert Theatre next Monday night, was laid claim to yesterday by Owen Davis, well known as the author of dozens of plays. "The Blue Flame," which is being produced by A. H. Woods, is announced as a melodrama by George V. Hobart and John Willard, founded upon a play by Leta Nicholson Vance. Mr. Davis declared yesterday that he used the identical story in a novel called "Lola," first published in 1910, and subsequently made into a play and acted by Laurette Taylor and others at the Lyceum Theatre on March 14, 1911.

"The Blue Flame," in which Miss Bara has been appearing on the road for four weeks, concerns a scientist who believes that he can restore life, and who successfully experiments upon his fiancée when the latter is killed by lightning. This is accomplished, in the play, by an electrical apparatus, but in the process a blue flame, the soul of the girl, is discerned to leave the body. The girl lives, but without a soul, and the remainder of the play is made up of her adventures as a vampire. Subsequently the entire thing turns out to have been the dream of the young scientist.

In Mr. Davis's play the scientist was the father of the girl, who restored her to life by the use of electrical apparatus after she had died from heart failure. It was then discovered, as in "The Blue Flame," that the soul had fled, and the remainder of the play depicted her career as a creature without a soul. Several references were made in the story to the violet flame. In Mr. Davis's play, as in the Theda Bara play, the creation of the soulless girl turned out to have been a dream of the scientist, although this point was not included in the novel.

"Lola" was produced by Daniel Frohman and acted only for a series of special matinées. Subsequently it was made into a motion picture by Clara Kimball Young, first under the title of "Lola" and later released under the name of "Without a Soul." The Theda Bara play was first known as "The Lost Soul."

Mr. Davis said yesterday that he had received many letters since the play opened out of town, calling his attention to the similarity. He declared that he had brought the coincidence to the attention of Mr. Woods, but that to date no move had been made toward a settlement. If nothing is done by Tuesday, the day following the premiere here, Mr. Davis's attorneys, O'Brien, Malevinsky & Driscoll, will move for an injunction to halt the run of the play.

Martin Herman, speaking for A. H. Woods, said yesterday that he would make no move to compensate Mr. Davis, inasmuch as they had purchased the play outright from Walter C. Jordan, a play agent, for $35,000, and that their contract with Mr. Jordan called upon the latter to defend all claims up to that amount. Mr. Jordan is understood to have paid $10,000 for the rights to the three authors.

Leta Nicholson Vance, who wrote the play on which Mr. Hobart and Mr. Willard based "The Blue Flame," is a motion picture scenario writer. Mr. Hobart has written many successful plays, and Mr. Willard is an actor now appearing in "The Son-Daughter."

The question of the ownership of the play is one of considerable financial importance, for Miss Bara has been attracting an enormous patronage out of town, and is at present doing so huge a business in Boston that the police have been called on several occasions to control the crowds. Miss Bara's income from the play was more than $6,000 last week.

Applaud Thomas in Opera Airs.

John Charles Thomas, a leading baritone of the light opera stage, sang grand opera airs of Leoncavallo and Massenet, accompanied by Romaine Simmons, to a packed house at Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon, his serious pieces even including one from Mendelssohn's oratorio "Elijah," with William Janaushek at the organ. Like a boy out of school the Broadway star ran the gamut of styles—child "comics," the charming "Sleepy Land" by Mana Zucca, novelties or requested pieces by Bossi, Emile Pessard, Francis Hendricks, Eugene Bonner and H. T. Burleigh. Mr. Thomas's diction and use of half-voice in the least of these songs, his sincere ambition and skill in "keeping his depth," so to speak, in the greatest of them, commanded a respect harder sometimes to gain than the applause of a frankly delighted matinée following.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Thunder Mountain," a melodrama by Langdon McCormick, author of "The Storm," will be produced out of town next week.

Arrangements have been made to produce "Shavings" in Australia next season.

"What's in a Name?" will open at the Maxine Elliott Theatre on Wednesday night of next week instead of Tuesday, as originally announced.

The postponed premiere of "Musk" will take place tonight at the Punch and Judy.

Fay Wallace will be in the cast of Owen Davis's comedy, "A Week-End Marriage," now in rehearsal.

Muriel DeForest has been engaged for the Shuberts' revival of "Fiorodora," scheduled to open at the Century Theatre on April 5.

The third play in the New York Drama League's series of Young People's Performances will be Josephine Preston Peabody's "The Piper," soon to be revived by the Shakespeare Playhouse. The league has taken over the Friday afternoon and Saturday morning performances, March 19 and 20.

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WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8:00. MATINEE TODAY. THE PASSING SHOW OF 1919. Sunday Night Concert—Big Bill of Favorites.

44TH ST. Theatre, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:20. CECIL LEAN in "LOOK WHO'S HERE" with CLEO MAYFIELD. Musical Comedy Triumph.

CENTRAL Theatre, 47th & B'y. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30. San BERNARD & IRENE BORDONI in "AS YOU WERE."

PLYMOUTH W. 45th St. Evs. 8:10. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:10. JOHN BARRYMORE IN RICHARD III. Mr. Performance starts 8:10 and ends 11:30.

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Thurs., 2:30. THE STORM With HELEN MacKELLAR

PRINCESS 39th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. HERMAN TIMBERG'S TICK-TACK-TOE. Book, Music and Lyrics by Herman Timberg.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Today, 2:30. JOHN DREW in "THE CAT-BIRD." Beginning NEXT WED. EVE. Seats Now. The New Revusical Comedy, "What's in a Name" WITH A CAST OF 70 PEOPLE

SUCCESS OF TWO SEASONS. EAST IS WEST with FAY BAINTER. ASTOR—Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.

COMEDY Thea., 41st, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:25. Matinees Today & Thurs., 2:25. MY LADY FRIENDS America's Greatest Comedy With CLIFTON CRAWFORD

GARRICK 35th St., near B'way. Mats. Today. Gr'ly 1522. Evs. 8:30. Thurs. 2:30. THE THEATRE GUILD Presents "JANE CLEGG" By St. John Ervine, author of "John Ferguson."

AMERICAN SINGERS OPERA CO. in Gilbert and Sullivan's Comic Opera Burlesque RUDDIGORE. "The best show I ever saw in my life."—Alexander Woollcott, of The N. Y. Times. PARK THEATRE, Columbus Circle. Evs. Matinees Today, 2:30.

BROADHURST, W. 44th St. Evs. 8:30. JANE COWL in "Smilin' Through." Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30.

CENTURY LAST 4 WEEKS. Tonight at 8:15. MATINEE TODAY, 50c TO $2. F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present The Sensation of Paris and New York APHRODITE. COMPANY OF 300 PEOPLE—4 SCENES. CENTURY GROVE, Roof of the Century Thea. Morris Gest Midnight Whirl. Last Time Tonight at 11:30. Special Features.

LONGACRE 48th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present 7TH MONTH ADAM and EVA. "Thoroughly amusing, capitally acted."—Trib.

VANDERBILT 48th St., E. of B'way. Phone 134 Bryant. Curtain, 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. The Musical Comedy Hit "IRENE" with EDITH DAY

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., at 2:30. A SENSATIONAL TRIUMPH! in ARNOLD BENNETT'S New Play SACRED AND PROFANE LOVE. ELSIE FERGUSON

CASINO 39th and Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:20. MUSICAL COMEDY EXQUISITE. THE LITTLE WHOPPER With VIVIENNE SEGAL.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA—Evs. 8:30. Mat. Today 2:15. TEA FOR THREE. Next Week.....MAYTIME. Sunday Concerts Continuous 1:30 to 11:30.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evs. at 8:30. Matinees TODAY & Wed., 2:30. "A GORGEOUS PERFORMANCE."—Tribune. ETHEL BARRYMORE in Zoe Akins' Play. Déclassée

PUNCH & JUDY Thea., 49th St., & B'way. Mats. Fri. & Sat., 2:30. POSITIVELY TONIGHT AT 8:30. DODGE & POGANY Present MUSK —WITH— Blanche Yurka

GEO. M. COHAN B'way, 43d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30. SAM H. HARRIS Presents WILLIAM COLLIER. "Funniest Farce Ever Written." in "THE HOTTENTOT." "A Laughing Riot."

CRITERION B'y, 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30. LIONEL BARRYMORE. "More admirable than his Ibbetson or Neri in 'The Jest.'"—TIMES. in THE LETTER OF THE LAW (LA ROSE ROUGE)

JOHN DRINKWATER'S ABRAHAM LINCOLN. CONT. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Evs. 8:15.

HUDSON WEST 44 ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Booth Tarkington's "CLARENCE"

Knickerbocker B'way & 38 St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Today & Wed., 2:25. THE SUNSHINY CAPE COD COMEDY. SHAVINGS. "Like Going on a Summer Vacation."—World. Best Seats at Box Office, Regular Prices.

Greenwich Village 4th St. & 7th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30. EMILY STEVENS in Philip Moeller's SOPHIE with O. P. HEGGIE. "Like an improper story whispered behind a Valenciennes fan."—Times.

STANDARD B'way, 50th St. POP. PRICES MATINEE TODAY. TWIN BEDS With LOIS BOLTON and SPECIAL CAST. Nat WE.—Laurette Taylor, "One Night in Rome"

NEW AMSTERDAM Thea., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. 2:15. Mat. Today. Prices 50c to $2. NO HIGHER. THE SEASON'S MUSICAL SENSATION. MONSIEUR BEAUCAIRE. The Musical Comedy Triumph.

NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF. NEW 9 O'CLOCK REVUE "ZIEGFELD GIRLS OF 1920" DINNER SERVED AT 7. Table reservations now for first 4 Weeks. Ziegfeld Midnight Frolics Mar. 15

COHAN & HARRIS Thea., W. 42 St. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. THE ABSOLUTE DRAMATIC TRIUMPH. The ACQUITTAL. A Masterpiece in Play Construction. By RITA WEIMAN.

LIBERTY THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:20. CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S Latest Musical Comedy Joy Ride. "THE NIGHT BOAT" By Anne Caldwell. JEROME KERN'S BEST TUNES. MATS. TODAY & WED., 2:20.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS" By Avery Hopwood

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE 124 W. 43rd St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs., Sat. & Mar. 17, 2:30. HENRY MILLER and BLANCHE BATES in "THE FAMOUS MRS. FAIR" by James Forbes. Easter Week: Matinee Daily. Seats Now.

Globe—"Apple Blossoms" Kreisler-Jacobi-Le Baron Operetta with John Charles Thomas. With Bennett-Moulan. Star Cast. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

BELASCO WEST 44th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30. Lenore Ulric in "THE SON-DAUGHTER" By George Scarborough and David Belasco.

FRANK BACON LIGHTNIN. GAIETY, B'y, 46 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE. Today, 2. Double Bill: Cav. Rusticana. Muzio, Perini; Crimi, Chalmers, Moranzoni. Cog d'Or. Barrientos, Galli, Diaz, Zanelli, Reiss, Bamboschek. Tonight, 8:15 ($1 to $3.50). Butterfly. Easton, Ingram; Martinelli, De Luca, Bada. Cond. Moranzoni.

Sun. Eve. (50c to $2). Oratorio Concert. Gallia; Stabat Mater. Matsenauer, Ponselle, Sundelius; Kingston, Mardones. Chorus and Orch. Cond. Setti.

Next Mon., Sp'l. Mat. at 2 ($1 to $5). Faust (Act I.); Lucia (Mad Scene); Aida (Act II.); Pagliacci (Act I.). Music, Matsenauer, Ponselle, Scotney, Sundelius, Caruso, Harrold, Kingston, Mardones, Diktur, Chalmers, Zanelli.

Mon., at 8. Manon. Farrar, Galli; Hackett, De Luca, Rothier, Segurola. Cond., Wolff.

Wed. at 8:15. L'Elisir d'Amore. Barrientos, Sparkes; Caruso, Scott, Didur. Cond., Papi.

Thurs. at 8, Zaza. Farrar, Howard, Egener; Crimi, Amato. Cond., Moranzoni.

Fri. at 7:30 sharp. Parsifal. Matsenauer; Harrold, Whitehill, Rothier, Didur. Bodanzky.

Sat. Mat. at 2. Forza del Destino. Ponselle, Gordon; Caruso, Amato, Chalmers, Mardones, Papi.

Sat. 8:15 ($1-$3.50). Rigoletto. Barrientos, Perini; Hackett, De Luca, Segurola, Bada. Cd. Moranzoni.

HARDMAN PIANO USED.

CAPITOL BROADWAY AT SIXTY-FIRST ST. LAST TIMES TODAY Dorothy Dalton "BLACK IS WHITE" Beg. Tomor. MAURICE TOURNEUR Presents "MY LADY'S GARTER" ST. PATRICK'S WEEK SPECIAL "Gaelic Feis" Irish Musical Festival. ALBERTINA RASCH DANCING SENSATION.

LOEW'S New York Theatre & Roof. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. "THE BELOVED CHEATER," with Law Cody. Loew's American Roof 42 St. W. of B'y. Every Eve. at 8:15. Golden Troupe, Dunham & Edwards, Thomas P. Dunn, 6 others. In Three, "The Copperhead," Lionel Barrymore. All Seats Reserved

Happy Days AT THE HIPPODROME. MATINEE DAILY. HAPPY PRICES. Seats on Sale for 2 Weeks.

Carnegie Hall, Wed. Evg., Mar. 17, at 8:15. Bolm Ballet Little Symphony. GEORGE BARRERE.....Conductor. Seats 50c to $2. Direction of Catharine A. Bamman.

Jewish Art Theatre Madison Ave. & 37th St. Mad. Square 579. TODAY Mat. & Eve. "BRONX EXPRESS" "Cleverest Comedy on Our Stage Today."

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Aft., Mar. 18, at 3. SONG RECITAL BY JULIA CLAUSSEN. MEZZO-SOPRANO. Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, THIS AFTERNOON, at 3. SONG RECITAL—MME. Calloway-John. SOPRANO. Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

GREENWICH VILLAGE Theatre, 4th St. & 7th Ave. TOM'W EVE. AT 8 SHARP. SEATS NOW. RUANO BOGISLAV with Balalaika Quartette. Hungarian, Slavic and Gypsy Songs.

OPERA TICKETS Phone 4189 Greeley. Seats All Parts of House. Subscriptions bought, sold or exchanged, for season. Jacobs Ticket Office, Normandie Hotel, B'way, 38 St.

MOTION PICTURES

RIVOLI B'way 49th St. ELSIE FERGUSON "His House in Order." Comedy—Chorus—Soloists. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA.

RIALTO Times Square. GOOD SPIRITS WEEK. ENTRANT WASHBURN "The Six Best Cellars." RIALTO ORCHESTRA.

B. S. MOSS' BROADWAY at 41st St. CORINNE GRIFFITH "DEADLINE AT 11." 8TH BIG WEEK POWDER-PUFF FOLLIES

PLAZA Madison Ave. at 59th St. VIOLA DANA in "THE WILLOW TREE" FRANK KEENAN. "Smouldering Embers." PLAZA ORCH. NEWS.

DALY'S B'way at 50th St. DOROTHY DALTON in "HIS WIFE'S FRIEND" ORCH.—COMEDY—NEWS.

MARK STRAND B'way, 47 St. CONSTANCE TALMADGE. O. HENRY COMEDY. STRAND ORCHESTRA.

CARNEGIE HALL TODAY, 2:30 Piano Recital JOSEF HOFMANN. LAST TIME THIS SEASON. (Steinway Piano)

Aeolian Hall, Mon. Aft., Mar. 15, at 3. Raymond HAVENS. Recital of Piano Music. (Mason & Hamlin)

PHILHARMONIC CONCERTS. JOSEF STRANSKY.....Conductor. Carnegie Hall, To-morrow (Sun.) Aft., at 3. Assisting Artist, GODOWSKY. LISZT, A Major Concerto; GRIEG, "Peer Gynt Suite"; BRAHMS, SIBELIUS. Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Mar. 16, at 8:15. Beethoven Association. GEORGE BARRERE RUDOLPH GANZ SAM FRANKO GEORGE HAMLIN assisted by GUSTAVE TINLOT, RENE POLLAIN, JULIA GRIFFITH, FRED PATTON and others. N. Y. SYMPHONY and SCHOLA CANTORUM. SAM FRANKO Conducting. Tickets $1 to $3. Steinway Piano.

HIPPODROME, TOMORROW AFTERNOON, at 3. TETRAZZINI WHITEHILL. Tickets on Sale at Box Office. Hardman Piano.

Hippodrome, TOMORROW NIGHT, 8:15. TITTA RUFFO. Assisted by ANNA FITZIU Soprano. Tickets $1, $1.50, $2 & $2.50, at Box Office.

OPERA TICKETS Phone Bryant 7878. Seats CARUSO All Operas. SUBSCRIPTIONS BOUGHT, SOLD, EXCHANGED, AND RESOLD WITHOUT CHARGE. BROADWAY (40th-41st St.) 1418.

6 DAY BIKE RACE. MADISON SQ. GARDEN. Sprints Daily, 2:30 A. M. & 3:30 P. M. 63D ST. MUSIC HALL, SAT. EVE., MAR. 20. At 8—Piano Recital—Gorieade CASRIEL. Tickets 75c to $2.00. Steinway Piano.

THE ZAGAT-BARTH CONCERT Announced to Take Place at the Little Theatre Tomorrow Night Has Been POSTPONED Date Will Be Announced Later.

5th Av. Pres. Church, 5th Av. & 55th St. THURS., MARCH 18, AT 4:30. Organ Recital LYNNWOOD FARNAM. ADMISSION FREE.

COLUMBIA, B'way & 47th St. Twice Daily, Evs. 8:15. MOLLIE WILLIAMS & HER CO.

Under New Management. In the Parisian Cafe. Tea Complet Dansant, $1.00. MISS NELL BASSETT—HOSTESS. Daily, including Sunday from 3:30 to 6. Riviera Dinner, 6 to 9 P. M., $1.75. In the Grill Room. Special Luncheon for Business Men and Shoppers 12 to 2:30, 90c. BEAUX ARTS Table d'Hote, $2.00 and Service a la Carte in all Rooms.

HOTEL ENDICOTT. At 81st St. Station of 6th Ave. "L." Room with running water for one $13.00 per week, for two $15.00. Room with bath for one, $15.00 per week. Room with bath for two, $17.50 per week. Large, up-to-date, sunny room with bath for two, $100 per month, to permanent guests. Restaurant at Most Popular Prices.

HOTEL NEWTON. 2528 Broadway, bet. 94th & 95th Sts. SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST. RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day. Double, $2.00 to $5.00 a day. Phone 3924 Riverside.

Facing Beautiful Central Park. Hotel Netherland. Excellent Cuisine.

BELLAK SYSTEM OF SELECT HOTELS. Magnificent View of Park. 1, 2, & Rooms and Bath. ASHTON HOTEL Madison Ave. at 93rd St. $60 monthly up per room & bath. NOTED FOR SUNSHINE. NOBLETON HOTEL 2 and 3 Rooms & Bath. 125 W. 73rd St. $125 monthly, $35 weekly and up per 2 rooms and bath. Convenient 81st "L" at entrance. COLONIAL HOTEL 2 and 3 Rooms, Bath. 81st St. Cols. Av. $60 monthly up per room & bath. RESIDENCE FOR WOMEN. RUTLEDGE HOTEL Room & Meals $18 weekly up. Lexington Ave. at 30th St. Room, Bath & meals, $25 wk. up. Rooms, w.& w'out Bath, $1.50 Day up. All Above Accessible to All Cars. Express 'Sub' & 'L' & Bus. Restaurant Service. A la Carte. Table d'hote.

Leases Are Not Required But References Are.

Attractively furnished apartments consisting of from 2 to 5 rooms with or without kitchens. Rates from $110 monthly up. Includes complete hotel service, maid service, gas and electricity, &c., &c. Restaurant of quality.

HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS, 305 to 311 W. 98th St., 2 blocks from Subway—¼ block from Bus Line. In the heart of best residential section of New York.

Tea Rooms.

THE GREEN WITCH 49 East 10th Street. Near Broadway. RESTAURANT FRANCAIS—Table d'hote. BUSINESS LUNCHEON, 60c; DINNER, 75c. Chicken Dinner every night. Home made desserts. Closed, Sundays. Phone Stuyvesant 5048.

Dorothy Louise (Opp. Lord & Taylor) 1 WEST 38TH ST. Luncheon 60c. Afternoon Tea. Dinner $1. CHICKEN DINNER TUES. AND SAT.

BILLY ANN 295 Madison Avenue, nr. 41st St. Dinner, 75c. STRICTLY HOME-COOKED LUNCHEON, 50c.

RUSSIAN INN Table d'Hote Luncheon and Dinner. 57 W. 37TH ST. A la Carte & Afternoon Tea.

WASHINGTON IRVING 60 W. 40th St. Opp. Bryant Park. Luncheon, 75c; Dinner, $1. Also a la carte.

SCOTCH TEA ROOM 21 East 47th St. Lunch; Dinner. Home made jams, Scotch scones, shortbread.

COAL FACTIONS WAIT WORD FROM WILSON

President, It Is Said, Will Try to Compose Differences in Majority and Minority Reports.

ACCEPTANCE IS EXPECTED

Representatives of Miners and Operators Keep in Touch with Situation, but Refuse to Comment.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—In all quarters concerned over the bituminous coal controversy the disposition was tonight to await President Wilson's word before taking any action.

The majority report arising from the split in the commission appointed after the coal strike last Fall to make a settlement was at the White House, but the minority report of John P. White, miners' representative on the commission, is still uncompleted. Neither of the documents, it was said at the White House, would be made public until the President determined whether Mr. White and his assistants, Henry M. Robinson, the commission Chairman and public representative upon it, and Rembrandt Peale, the operators' representative, could reconcile their views.

John L. Lewis, President, and other officials of the Mine Workers' Union on the ground, kept in close touch with the situation today, but refrained from comment. It was made apparent, however, that the organization would not move until the President made known his decision. Likewise the operators' representatives said they would await the President's action. Chairman Robinson has left Washington for his home in California and Mr. Peale has returned to New York, leaving Mr. White the only member in Washington.

The majority report recommends that the men receive a 25 per cent. increase in wages, including the 14 per cent. awarded them by Dr. Garfield, and that local differences in pay and allowances between different mining districts be referred to another commission. Mr. White will recommend that the increase be fixed at 35 per cent. and a seven-hour day. It is understood that the only factor regarded as serious in the differences is the hour schedule. The original demand of the Mine Workers was for a thirty-hour week, a 60 per cent. increase in wages and local adjustment of the differentials arising in and between districts.

An effort to compose the differences between the majority and minority will be made by President Wilson, it was said, at the White House today. While the commission failed to reach a unanimous decision asked for by the President, it was said that its labors had not been in vain, and officials generally believed that the two reports could be used as a basis for an amicable agreement.

Secretary Green of the miners said today that the majority and Mr. White were not far apart on the matter of wages, and that he was hopeful that the differences could be smoothed out by direct conferences. The failure of the majority to recommend improved working conditions proved a disappointment to the miners, it was said, as this had been one of the chief demands of the men.

Pipe and Foundry Company Shows Loss.

The annual report of the United States Cast Iron Pipe and Foundry Company for last year shows a loss after the deduction of charges, expenses and taxes amounting to $503,703. In the preceding year there was a surplus of $1,109,037. This, after the deduction of preferred dividends, was equivalent to $2.34 a share on the $12,000,000 common stock.

44-CENT FINANCIER HELD.

Abraham White, Once Backed by Russell Sage, Accused of Larceny.

Abraham White, who bought $1,500,000 of the Federal bond issue of 1896 with no financial backing except 44 cents' worth of postage stamps and made large profits when the deal was later financed by Russell Sage, was held yesterday in $1,000 bail in the Yorkville Court on a charge of grand larceny preferred by Julius Reibert, a builder, of Hartford, Conn.

Mr. Reibert, who is at the Hotel Commodore, said he had paid $2,500 for stock in the Freezproof Corporation, but that Mr. White had not delivered it. Mr. White asserted last night at the Hotel Pennsylvania that he had retained title to the stock to secure a loan he had made on it to Mr. Reibert and an associate.

Mr. White was a well known figure in the financial world ten years ago, when he followed up his coup on Government bond by large transactions in Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, New York City bonds and wireless telegraph promotion enterprises. For a time he was the owner of Shadow Lawn, the mansion at Seagirt which was the Summer home of President Wilson in 1916. Mr. White said yesterday that he had been living in New York most of the last ten years and dealing extensively in stocks and bonds, besides participating in munitions making projects during the war.

YVONNE GALL IN TAXI CRASH.

French Singer Has Narrow Escape in Central Park.

Yvonne Gall, French prima donna, had a narrow escape yesterday, when a taxicab carrying her, crashed head-on in Central Park with a machine driven by Otto Beeler, of 535 West 125th Street. She was thrown partly through a glass window in front of the car, but her hat protected her head and face, and she escaped with scratches.

The singer was taken in an ambulance to Flower Hospital, but left after an X-ray examination showed no bones broken. Both taxicabs were smashed. Beeler was arrested on a charge of reckless driving.

Italian Antiquities Bring $25,190.

Returns from the Neri sale of Italian antiquities at the Clark Galleries yesterday afternoon amounted to $14,003, making a grand total to date of $25,190. A pair of seventeenth century Venetian ivory lacquered chairs, with open fire-shaped backs, went to Mrs. L. F. Hyde for $420; Mrs. Grayson Murphy paid $350 for a sixteenth century Venetian walnut armchair, seat and back covered with red damask; to John Dexter went an Italian wrought iron and bronze fald stool for $330; Warren & Wetmore, architects, paid $240 for a pair of eighteenth century Lucca side chairs. The sale will be concluded this afternoon.

More Roads Accept Guarantee.

Additional railroad corporations which have decided to accept the extended guarantee clause in the Transportation act are the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company, the Illinois Central Railroad Company and the Wabash Railway Company. Others are expected to take similar action today, as Monday is the last day of the period allowed by the act for acceptance of the continued standard return.

United Profit Sharing Earnings.

The United Profit Sharing Corporation in its annual report for last year shows earnings of practically 100 per cent. on the capital stock outstanding. The amount available for dividends was $407,130, as compared with capital stock of $409,537. The shares are of 25 cents par value, and the earnings per share were 24.8 cents. In the preceding year the net profits were $211,525, or 12.9 a share.

BERGDOLL'S LAWYER REBUKED AT TRIAL

Court Warns Weinberger Slurs Against Witnesses Will Be Contempt.

DRAFT OFFICIAL EXAMINED

Federal Agent Swears Alleged Deserter's Mother Had a Pistol and a Blackjack.

Harry Weinberger, civilian counsel for Grover Cleveland Bergdoll in his trial by a general court-martial on Governors Island for desertion, was reprimanded by the court yesterday and admonished that a repetition of alleged slurring remarks about a witness would result in his being in contempt. The remark was made while the courtroom was cleared, and referred to John P. Dwyer, editor of The Philadelphia Record and Secretary of Local Draft Board 32 of Philadelphia, who admitted that he paid $35 a month rent for a nine-room house in West Philadelphia owned by a realty company controlled by the Pennsylvania Railroad, and was in the nature of an insinuation that the witness was in the employ of the railroad. This the witness denied.

Dwyer, who testified several days ago as to Bergdoll's status in the draft, had been recalled for cross-examination.

Leo J. Gorman, a Department of Justice agent, in charge of the officers who stormed the Bergdoll house on Jan. 7 and arrested Bergdoll, confirmed testimony of two Philadelphia patrolmen that Mrs. Bergdoll appeared with pistol in one hand and blackjack in the other and said:

"The first man who comes in here will be shot. I don't give a damn who you are."

The Federal agents didn't give Bergdoll a chance to put on any more clothing than the shirt and trousers he wore, Gorman explained, because they were anxious to get him out of the house, which contained a sawed-off shotgun, an army pistol, a rifle equipped with a Maxim silencer, "and other firearms and enough shells to stand a month's siege."

"How many people had collected in front of the house?" inquired Captain Campbell.

"Two or three hundred."

"Were they trying to hang the accused?"

"Well, they made some threats."

A suit Bergdoll put on in the Federal Building, Gorman testified, had a Pittsburgh tailor's label in the breast pocket showing it was made for "James Carson." This is the name Miss Ima Dayhoff, clerk of the New Vivian Hotel at Hagerstown, Md., testified on Tuesday Bergdoll registered under when he stayed there several months in 1918 and 1919.

The trial was adjourned until Monday.

Otis Steel Company to Expand.

A syndicate is now being organized, with William Salomon & Co. as managers, to underwrite $5,000,000 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock of the Otis Steel Company, to construct eight new sheet mills, doubling the present capacity, and to provide about $2,500,000 more working capital. Application will be made to list this issue on the Stock Exchange, where the present preferred and common stocks of the company already are listed.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Medical Corps.

Eldridge, Capt. W. W.; Freels, Capt. A. M.; Wastell, Capt. F. W., Jr.; Rapp, 1st Lt. J. H., hon. discharged.
Griffin, Capt. J. A., to Charleston, S. C.

Air Service.

Following officers to duty at stations named:
Geiger, Lt.Col. H., Ross Field.
Hightower, Maj. A. J., Buffalo.
Haslett, Maj. E. R., Bolling Field.
Ocker, Maj. W. C.; Daggett, Maj. B. B.; Drayton, Capt. H. C.; Soubiran, Maj. R.; Jacobi, 1st Lt. W. J., Langley Field.
Noble, Capt. G. G., Richmond, Va.
Savage, Capt. C. M., Ross Field.
Street, Capt. St. C.; Edwards, Capt. J. S.; Murphy, Capt. W. H.; Mahan, 1st Lt. L. D., Mitchel Field.
Wieners, Capt. F. B., March Field.
Marquette, Capt. J. J., Kelly Field.
Scott, Capt. G., Rockwell Field.
Elphinstone, Capt. D. C.; O'Connor, 1st Lt. E. A., Middletown, Pa.
Thorndike, Capt. H. A., McCook Field.
Pascale, Capt. H., Kelly Field.
Mackenzie, Capt. K.; Bartlett, Capt. F. M., Carlstrom Field.
Sturcken, 1st Lt. H. E., Kelly Field.
Fonda, Capt. G. L., hon. discharged.

Infantry.

Defuniak, Col. F. R., to Camp Funston, 34th Inf.
Settle, Col. D., retired from active service.
Erickson, Capt. J., to Camp Funston.
McCahill, Capt. P. B., to Ft. McPherson.
Brooks, Capt. J. L., to Chicago.
Scott, Capt. J. F.; Durant, 1st Lt. R. O. B.; Brown, 1st Lt. J. D., hon. discharged.
Finley, 1st Lt. H. P., permanently appointed.
Gooch, 1st Lt. W. G., to Camp Taylor.
Schmitt, 1st Lt. F. S., to treatment, hosp., Ft. McPherson.

Field Artillery.

Helmick, Lt. Col. C. G., to Aberdeen Prov. Grounds.
Austin, Capt. J. M., to Camp Pike.
Blakeley, 1st Lt. H. W., to Camp Stanley.

Coast Artillery.

De Young, Capt. I. A., to Fort Mason for transp. to Manila.
Meserve, Maj. C. A.; Gustaves, 1st Lt. S., U. S. A., hon. discharged.

Quartermaster Corps.

Canby, Col. J., to Dir. of Fin.
Fraser, Capt. A., to Camp Holabird.
Gamble, Capt. C. L., to Camp Normoyle.
Throckmorton, Capt. C. W., to Camp Gordon.
Miller, Capt. T. G.; Mitchell, Capt. R. B., hon. discharged.

Sanitary Corps.

Perry, Maj. C. H., to Ft. McHenry.
Scheve, Maj. J. C.; Follard, Capt. L. J.; Warfield, 1st Lt. S. R., hon. discharged.

Cavalry.

Smith, Lt. Col. C. C., retired from active service.
Dewhurst, Capt. W., to Ft. Ringgold.
Bethel, 1st Lt. J. M., to 11th Cav., Monterey, Cal.

Resignations.

Werlich, Capt. R. E., M.C.
Carlson, 1st Lt. T. C., Inf.
Geyer, 1st Lt. F. P., Inf.

Leaves.

Wolven, Col. F. H., Dent. Corps, 2 mos.
Francis, Maj. J. H., M.C., 20 days.
Dewhurst, Capt. W., Cav., 15 days.
Sibert, Maj. Gen. W. L., U. S. A., 14 days.
Oglesby, Maj. R. H., Engrs., ext. 60 days.
Walsh, Maj. R. L., Air Ser., 15 days.
Douglas, Capt. R., Inf., ext. 1 mo.
Tower, Capt. W. L., San. Corps, 30 days.
Killikelly, Capt. C., San. Corps, ext. 20 days.
Jones, Capt. T. W., Inf., ext. 30 days.
Matheison, 1st Lt. J., Air Ser., 15 days.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The following navy orders were published today by the Bureau of Navigation:

Hoyt, Comdr. R. E., to American Leg., Peking, China.
Ogan, Comdr. J. V., to command the Rainbow.
Zalesky, Comdr. W. J., to command Naval Hosp., Olongapo, P. I.
Meriwether, Comdr. H. T., to command the Neches.
Brown, Lt. Comdr. J. L., to the Comfort.
Connor, Lt. Comdr. E. H., to command the Philip.
Copp, Lt. Comd. C. C., to Bayonne, N. J.
Scanland, Lt. Comd. F. S., to command Submi. Div. 9, Atl. Fleet.
Armstrong, Lt. C. A., to the Branch.
Bilson, Lt. E. F., to the Fairfax.
Bogan, Lt. G. F., to the William B. Preston.
Moore, Lt. C. G., to the O'Brien.
Sease, Lt. H. S. C., to the Minnesota.
Tartre, Lt. J. A., to Mare Island.

Estates Appraised.

EGGERS, HENRY (April 30, 1919). Total assets, $240,695; net estate, $317,980—real estate, $151,150, the principal holdings being an equity amounting to $113,650 in 455, 457 and 459 West 14th St. and 450 West 15th St. and the home, 326 East 87th St., $25,000; cash, $6,832; personal, $122,306; stocks and bonds, $60,406, the larger holdings being Liberty bonds, $32,050. The principal beneficiaries are his wife, Mrs. Herminie C. E., with a bequest of $3,292 and a life estate in $50,000; and his daughters, Hermiule D. W., Helen M. and Elizabeth C. H., all of 326 East 87th St., $43,882 each.

GABLER, EMIL (Sept. 14, 1919). Cash, $15,859; personal, $42,230. His wife, Catherine, of 244 East 84th St., received a bequest of $4,698 and a life estate in $57,264.

JEWELL, DAVID A. (Feb. 11, 1919). Total assets, $101,810; net estate, $97,216—personal, $42,990; stocks and bonds, $58,529, the principal holdings being 374 shares of Jewell Bros., Inc., $37,400; 75 shares of capital stock of Jewell, Koenig & Co., Inc., $16,187. His wife, son and daughter, Carrie L., Wilson R. and Louise T., all of 250 West 128th St., receive $32,405 each.

MOSHER, JOSEPH H. (Oct. 10, 1919). Total assets, $18,767; net estate, $13,337, plus his interest in the estate of his father, George H. Mosher, who died June 2, 1919, $129,634. His cousins, Alice Mosher of Tuxedo Park, Hazel E. Manville and Maud H. Manville of Whitehall, N. Y., are to have $44,211 each; his second cousin, Robert M. Close of Sutter City, Cal., receives the income from $10,000 until he is 50 years old.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Want up-to-date drug store; about $10,000. Samuel Stern, 154 South 3d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

MILL WANTED.
WILL FINANCE OR CONSIDER PARTNERSHIP PROPOSITION WITH KNITTING MILL MAKING MEN'S SILK KNITTED TIES, PRODUCING AROUND A MILLION DOLLARS OR OVER A YEAR; ALL COMMUNICATIONS KEPT STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL AND LETTERS RETURNED UPON REQUEST. Z 366 TIMES ANNEX.

Sales-advertising manager will invest money and entire services with business. J 101 Times.

Will buy millinery manufacturing plant with lease. Box M. K., 324 3d Av.

Will invest $10,000 in established business. J 90 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

HANDLE YOUR OWN MONEY.
Associate wanted with $5,000 to $5,000 by Christian to expand light manufacturing, sales and mail order business; substantial salary and half profits. E 69 Times.

Wanted, man with capital that understands the overall and pants business to invest in well organized and highly prosperous business; to be actively engaged; located out of the city. Z 389 Times Annex.

Accountant—An incorporated machinery concern requires Treasurer and office manager who can invest $10,000 to $20,000; good opportunity for energetic business man. M 157 Times.

Excellent opportunity to invest in growing manufacturing company, staple goods; large profit. W., 1,180 Fulton St., B'klyn.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Highly efficient and well-established selling organization, self-supporting and with strong financial connections, covering Chicago and the Middle West territory, desires to represent manufacturer with large output of metal or household specialties; will assume accounts and pay cash for deliveries. Address Interstate Sales Dept., Morgan Corporation, 25 Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE.

Excellent opportunity for American manufacturer to locate in live industrial centre in Ontario, Canada; site 8½ acres; one-story building, brick and steel construction, containing about 35,000 square feet; saw-tooth roof; good brick construction; transmission equipment will be left in building; ample power and water at low rates; railway facilities on property; labor market good. Full particulars, Home Smith & Co., 16 King St. East, Toronto, Canada.

Owing to the death of the president and principal owner the business of the Malted Cereals Company, manufacturers of Malt Breakfast Food, is offered for sale. Full details will be given to anyone who may be interested. Malted Cereals Company, Burlington, Vermont.

FOR SALE—Controlling interest high grade retail shoe business, established 6 years; 1919 sales $37,000; growing; good location, low rent; 4 years' lease; thriving Connecticut city, 40,000; Gentile firm. Z 377 Times Annex.

WAIST AND DRESS STORE FOR SALE; SPLENDID LOCATION NEAR 42D ST. AND 6TH AV.; BEAUTIFUL, UP-TO-DATE FIXTURES; WILL SELL WITH OR WITHOUT STOCK. M. H., 80 TIMES.

Splendid opportunity for party seeking a variety store; store located in nearby town of 10,000 population; reason for selling other business; principals only. Louis Goldstein, 106 East Broad St., Westfield, N. J.

On account of retiring from business, will sell factory fully equipped to manufacture toilet soaps, castile soap, tooth paste, talcum powders, with trade marks, good-will, &c. A 395 Times.

On Clinton Av., between Park and Myrtle Avs., Brooklyn; 12 rooms; rent $105; income $300. B 927 Times Downtown.

Hand embroidery business for sale; $5,000 to $4,000 necessary; splendid opportunity. S 351 Times.

The Weather.

Since Thursday night the Western storm has moved from Central Illinois to the lower St. Lawrence Valley, with a further increase in intensity, the general depression extending tonight southwestward into Georgia, where there is a moderate secondary depression. Westward through the Mississippi Valley pressure has risen considerably, while further West it has fallen, being lowest over Canada.

There were general rains from the Mississippi Valley eastward, except in Florida, with some snow in the upper Lake region and the upper Mississippi Valley, while in the West, except in the North Pacific States, the weather was fair.

It is much colder in the upper Lake and western lower Lake region the central valleys and the West Gulf States, and generally though slightly warmer over the western half of the country. In the Atlantic States high temperatures continue.

With the exception of local rains or snows Saturday in Northern New England, light snows in interior New York and rains in the morning in the South Atlantic States, the weather will be generally fair Saturday and Sunday east of the Mississippi River.

It will be colder Saturday and Saturday night in the Atlantic States and the upper Ohio Valley and warmer Sunday in the Lake region, the Ohio Valley, Tennessee and the East Gulf States.

FORECAST.

Western New York—Cloudy and colder Saturday, probably local snows; Sunday fair, warmer in west.

Eastern New York—Colder, cloudy Saturday, local snows in north and west; Sunday fair.

Southern New England—Cloudy and colder Saturday; Sunday fair.

Northern New England—Local rains or snows and colder Saturday; Sunday fair.

New Jersey—Clearing and colder Saturday, much colder at night; Sunday fair.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Colder and generally fair today, much colder at night; Sunday fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	50	35	4 P. M.	55	49
6 A. M.	52	34	6 P. M.	57	49
9 A. M.	53	38	9 P. M.	55	45
12 M.	53	43	11 P. M.	54	42

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 52; for the corresponding date last year it was 42; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 36.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 51; at 8 P. M. it was 56. Maximum temperature, 57 degrees at 6 P. M.; minimum, 48 degrees at 5 A. M. Humidity, 61 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 87 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.97 inches; at 8 P. M. it stod at 29.63 inches.

Weather in Grain and Cotton States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Forecast:—

Ill. and Wis.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; rising temp.

Mo.—Fair, Sat. and Sun.; warmer Sat.

Minn.—Fair, warmer Sat.; Sun. increasing cloudiness.

Iowa—Fair Sat. and probably Sun.; rising temp.

S. Dak.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; warmer Sat. in e.

Neb. and Kans.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; warmer Sat.

Mont.—Fair Sat. and Sun., except probably rain w. of the divide; not much change in temp.

Wyo.—Fair Sat. and Sun., except rain or snow in exereme n. w.; not much change in temp.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
2:05	68 North Moore St.; Meyer Sadler	Not given
2:20	561 Melrose Av.; Adolph Goldberg	Not given
2:30	714 Amsterdam Av.; Max Applebaum	Not given
9:00	1,687 Broadway, Herman Levy	slight
9:25	904 Jennings St.; Jacob Eldman	Slight
9:45	221 East 54th St.	Not given
10:30	87 Mulberry St.; Brabio Santucci	Not given
11:10	54th St. and 3d Av.; auto. Side Paper Co.	West Slight
11:35	46 Front St.; Royes-Randall Co.	Slight
P. M.		
12:30	10 East 86th St.; Robert Stuthern	Not given
1:10	In front of 212 2d Av.; auto. Elsoner Paper Co.	Slight
1:15	235 Mulberry St.; David Peshansky	Slight
3:05	246 West 146th St.; Herman Scheppus	Slight
3:50	1 East 15th St.; Donger Brothers	Not given
6:50	Broadway and Manhattan St.; auto, John J. Green	Slight
7:15	59 W. 14 St.; Success Skirt Co.	Not given
7:30	152 Forsythe St.; Joseph Dagenstino	Slight
8:00	3,421 3 Av.; Louis Mantell	Slight
8:15	127 W. 22 St.; United Button Works	Not given
9:05	164 W. 133 St.; Mary Tyvarr	Slight
10:50	235 Broome St.; Abe Feinberg	Slight

The Civil Service.

United States.

The commission announces an examination for unskilled laborer, men only, citizens of the United States, 20 to 50 years of age, to be held at New York City to establish a register for appointments to all branches in the Federal service in New York City and Brooklyn. Age limits are waived in cases of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 6 P. M., as follows:

Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, Cochin China, Netherlands East Indies and Philippine Islands, via Seattle—SS Suwa Maru ..... March 14
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and specially addressed mail for Australia, via San Francisco—SS Moana ..... March 17

INSTRUCTION.

NEW YORK PREPARATORY SCHOOL 31st year. Day and Evening Depts. New York—72 Park Ave., bet. 38-39 Sts. Brooklyn—Corner Franklin and Jefferson Avenues

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Prepares for the better-paid positions. Individual instruction by specialists. 62d Year.

PRATT SCHOOL, 62 West 45th St. Secretarial training, individual instruction; advanced registration and references required. Must be over 16 years old. Day; evening.

Refined young lady wishes to take French conversation with Parisian. Call Sunday, 316 West 94th St., first floor, east.

Lady from Paris, teacher in French and diction, gives private lessons to girls or ladies. E 389 Times.

A Russian lady speaking English, French, Geman and Polish desires to give Russian lesons. C 361 Times.

Dancing.

MODERN SOCIETY DANCING
taught by refined young lady. Hours 9 to 9. Cldasses in the evening. Doris J. Durling, 55 West 46th St. Telephone Bryant 3025.

Superior Dancing Instruction
By Thos. Haskins. Phone Plaza 7885
CLUB de VINGT, 44 East 58th St.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

T. C. NOBLE, Attorney at Law, 415 Oliver Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.—In the Orphans Court of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania. In re Estate of Susanna Pettigrew, deceased. No. 1 December Term, 1916, in Partition. Writ of partition or valuation.

To Ann Smith (nee Gillespie), sister of Susanna Pettigrew (nee Gillespie), if living; or any assigns or heirs of the said Ann Smith, if deceased; or lineal descendants of Ann Smith, their heirs or assigns; or any person having any interest in the real estate of Susanna Pettigrew through the said Ann Smith:

You are hereby notified that an inquisition will be held pursuant to the said writ of partition or valuation on the premises in partition No. 1,222 Herron Avenue, about 80 feet from a corner of said Avenue and Ruthven (formerly Irvine) Street, in the Ward, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, U. S. A., on Thursday, March 25, 1920, at 10 A. M. for the purpose of making partition of the said real estate in partition among the parties interested therein in such manner and in such proportions as by the laws of this Commonwealth is directed, etc., at which time and place you may attend if you think proper. The writ of partition is returnable to the said Court March 27, 1920.

WILLIAM S. HADDOCK,
Sheriff of Allegheny County, Pa.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIPLICATE will be received at office of Constructing Quartermaster, 39 Whitehall St., New York City, until 11 A. M., April 1, 1920, and then opened for furnishing all labor and material necessary for erection of Incinerator and Can Washing Plant, Ft. Hamilton, N. Y. Information on application to Constructing Quartermaster, 39 Whitehall St., New York.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

REFINED COUPLE WISH TO ADOPT attractive, healthy girl, 1 to 3 years of age; excellent home and all advantages of education. Write, giving particulars. All replies confidential. Address "I. C. N.," P. O. Box 922, City Hall Station.

If Ada Elliott, subsequently Mrs. John Parr, supposed to have joined the theatrical profession, will communicate with J. H. W., general delivery, Sheepshead Bay Station, Brooklyn, N. Y., she will hear of something to her advantage.

MY WIFE, ADAH WELLER BONAWIT, left my bed and board on March 9, I will not be responsible for debts contracted by her. DAVID J. BONAWIT.

PROPOSALS.

The Cambria & Indiana Railroad will accept proposals for one Consolidation Locomotive, as follows:

Gauge—4 ft. 8½ in.
Cylinders—23 by 32.
Drivers—63 in.
Weight on Drivers—211,500 lbs.
Tractive Power—45,700 lbs.
Rate of Adhesion—4.4.
Fuel—Soft coal, 14 tons.
Water—8,000 gals.

Complete specifications and other detail may be had by applying to Howard K. Berry, Purchasing Agent, General Office, Land Title Building, Philadelphia.

Bids will be received up to March 26th. Earliest possible date of delivery required, and will receive first consideration.

CAMBRIA & INDIANA RAILROAD CO.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 12.—Fifty-five new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $2,081,000, were chartered today. They include:

Reindeer Tire and Rubber Co., Manhattan, $50,000; M. F. Dennis, P. M. Tonn, A. Foy, 112 West 23d St.

Nightingale Phonograph Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Amster, A. S. Lester, J. Staal, 2 West 123d St.

Gramercy Carting Co., Manhattan, $5,000; L. and J. Prignamo, M. J. Freiwad, 405 East 18th St.

Dorchester Investing Co., Manhattan, $75,000; R. Delevante, S. Marion, M. A. Vogel, 56 Liberty St.

Morganite Brush Co., Manhattan, brushes for electrical machinery, $200,000; I. L. Anderson, G. W. Edward, L. B. Donahue, 27 William St.

Efficiency Auto Renting Co., Manhattan, $5,000; W. Walsh, M. Kirshenbaum, J. N. Halpern, 56 Willett St.

Poughkeepsie Wholesale Grocery Co., Poughkeepsie, $10,000; M. J. Ryan, G. F. Dobler, J. Cook, Jr., Poughkeepsie.

Globe Trots Films, Manhattan, $20,000; H. H. Caldwell, R. S. Harris, A. Weiss, 120 West 41st St.

Century Talking Machine Co., Manhattan, $10,000; H. Gray, S. H. and P. Bergmann, 109 India St., Brooklyn.

Anker Waist and Dress Mfg. Co., Mount Vernon, $10,000; M. and F. Heller, M. Potaschnik, 172 Livonia Av., Brooklyn.

Jesco Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; T. Baruch, E. Clarke, S. Silinsky, 277 Broadway.

211-213 West 29th St. Co., Manhattan, $15,000; D. and A. Weinberg, J. Ackerman, 481 Fairmont Parkway.

Pacific Raw Feather Co., Manhattan, ostrich, $40,000; J. J. Mangin, Jr., N. Kremer, H. J. Finestone, 543 West 162d St.

Dalkieth Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; N. Schreibman, H. Orlean, S. Shilionski, 192 Broadway.

Harris Bros. & Co., Utica, jewelry, $40,000; S. and M. and B. N. Harris, Utica.

Deferred Payments Finance Corp., Manhattan, stocks and bonds, $210,000; H. C. Sykes, C. S. Forbes, R. C. Christopher, Jr., 790 Riverside Drive.

Story & Flickinger Realty Co., Manhattan, $20,000; J. W. Flickinger, H. S. and W. Story, Woodside, L. I.

Shipping Mags, Manhattan, furnishing, $10,000; H. Bennett, E. M. Chute, V. Goodrich, 1,331 Pacific St., Brooklyn.

Curb Holding Corp., Brooklyn, realty, $100,000; M. Klein, E. Donnelly, H. Kravitz, 3141 3d Av., Brooklyn.

Venetian Realty & Construction Co., Manhattan, $20,000; A. Milnarl, S. Cavineto, C. E Sutherland, 15 Park Row.

Universal Export Packing Co., Manhattan, $25,000; M. B. Berk, J. F. O'Keefe, M. Hamburger, 12 W. 119th St.

H. L. Daurnheim & Co., Manhattan, mercantile, $200,000; H. L. Daurnheim, F. Merz, M. B. Dean, 108 John St.

Teeswing Co., Manhattan, $200,000; C. Llnd, A. Waldman, K. Zuppe, 455 W. 50th St.

Rose Witt Realty Corp., Manhattan, $6,000; M. Rosenstein, I. Goldman, H. Witty, 50 Eldridge St.

R. L. & Z. Corp., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; M. Riegel, H. Lemler, M. Ziegler, 113 E. 126th St.

Nippon Film Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; L. and L. H. Soman, F. Landy, 680 St. Nicholas Av.

Browne & Stephenson, Manhattan, real estate, $10,000; M. L. Strauss, R. A. Stephenson, W. J. Browne, 540 W. 112th St.

Pritchard-Peterson-Peebles, realty exchange, Manhattan, $10,000; E. N. Pritchard, C. M. E. Peterson, A. J. Peebles, 1,777 Broadway.

Engineering Co., Jamestown, make foundry and factory supplies, $50,000; G. J. Johnson, J. Stainthorpe, R. L. Buck, Jamestown.

Crescent Woodworking Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; L. Williams, L. Baldasky, J. C. Furest, 445 East 85th St.

Winknic Realty Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; L. L. Winkleman, A. K. Nicholson, L. J. Bondy, 27 Cedar St.

Charles Glass & Co., Manhattan, women's neckwear, $5,000; S. Bernstein, C. Glass, R. Small, 833 East 167th St., Bronx.

Clarence C. Cooper & Co., Manhattan, insurance, $10,000; C. E. and H. A. Cooper, O. S. Blair, 293 Hancock St., Brooklyn.

Fels & Paste, Brooklyn, make soap, powders, &c., $6,000; H. and H. Fels, A. Seibold, 1,522 75th St., Brooklyn.

Empress Gown Co., Manhattan, $10,000; W. and F. Lieberman, M. Rosenberg, 1,434 Prospect Av., Bronx.

Hughes Building Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; J. H. Hills, N. Webb, H. E. Bailey, 1,428 50th St., Brooklyn.

Landstone Trading Corp., Manhattan, exporting and importing, $10,000; J. R. Landy, H. Lesser, G. R. Rubin, 261 Broadway.

Theodore Taylor Finance Corp., Manhattan, bonds and realty, $10,000; F. R. Brady, H. Armstrong, Jr., C. F. Appleton, 1,502 Webster Av., Bronx.

Rogers & Johnson, Niagara Falls, bridge construction, &c.; $25,000; A. W. Gray, C. W. Herrick, E. G. Wright, Niagara Falls.

Royal Burall Fuel Saver, Manhattan, $5,000; J. W. Royal, H. Siefke, Jr., L. G. Bernstein, 61 Broadway.

Duntley Products Co., Manhattan, make cleaning apparatus, $25,000; T. A. Berry, H. I. Stondreil, E. I. Green, 20 Vesey St.

Neuringer & Co., Brooklyn, realty and construction, $5,000; C. Neuringer, J. Seidman, J. Muschmer, 32 West 111th St.

Triangle Audit Co., Manhattan, $25,000; L. G. and M. L. Smith, C. G. Rapp, 552 Riverside Drive.

Arthur Kill Terminal, Richmond Borough, storage and warehouse, $100,000; J. B. Murtaugh, H. D. Putnam, T. E. Burke, 53 Beaver St.

Troy Barracks Corp., Troy, realty and construction, $100,000; J. A. Beattie, J. H. Woodhouse, F. E. Sheary, Troy.

Model Chemical Laboratories, Manhattan, $5,000; L. Broches, A. S. Lewis, A. L. Berman, 55 West 116th St.

S. S. Jones Contracting Corp., Manhattan, merchandise, $10,000; S. S. and M. A. Jones, H. M. V. Connelly, 42 West 44th St.

Bendor Holding Corp., Manhattan, realty and construction, $50,000; D. and B. Antin, B. Bernstein, 522 West 136th St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Rose & Co., dye works, Manhattan, $15,000 to $100,000.

Schneider Jewelry Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $50,000.

Gem Fountain Corp., Manhattan; 3,500 shares preferred stock, $50 each; 4,500 shares common stock, no par value; carry on business with $197,500.

Royd Realty Co., Manhattan, $20,000 to $40,000.

Frank H. Stiasdy Co., Manhattan, $20,000 to $200,000.

Schneider & Erson Building Corp., Manhattan, $12,000 to $60,000.

Rite Form Corset Co., Manhattan, $75,000 to $175,000.

Luberta Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000 to $15,000.

M. J. Grady Co., Manhattan, $20,000 to $100,000.

National Farm Equipment Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

Mercer Cotton Goods Co., Manhattan, $20,000 to $200,000.

Malborough Hat Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $20,000.

Mode Undergarment Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $20,000.

Consolidated Tool Works, Manhattan, $100,000 to $101,000.

Arlon Iron Works, Manhattan, $1,000 to $6,000.

Manhattan Watch Corp., Manhattan, $7,000 to $26,000.

Radior Co., Lim., of London, Manhattan, 1,500 shares common stock, no par value; carry on business with $15,000.

Harding Electrical Co., Kings Co., $5,000 to $50,000.

Mystic Oil Burner Corp., Buffalo, $50,000 to $300,000.

Oswego Shade Cloth Co., Oswego, $125,000 to $2,000,000.

Standard Lock Co., Syracuse, $65,000 to $125,000.

S. Shapiro Co., Syracuse; 4,000 shares preferred, $50 each; 15,000 common, no par value; carry on business with $350,000.

Schreiber Prod. Corp., Buffalo, $250,000 to $350,000.

Clark Land & Oil Development Co., Buffalo, $50,000 to $150,000.

CHANGE OF NAMES.

Guardian Holding Corp., Manhattan, to Stafford Bros.

Slovak American Citizens' Club, Manhattan, to First Hungarian Slovak American Citizens' Club.

Moore Wigman Co., Peekskill, to Moore, Kniffen, Wagner Co.

Will & Baumer Co., Salina, to Will & Baumer Candle Co.

Saratoga Taxicab Co., Saratoga, to Saratoga Taxi Co.

Simmons Garage and Machine Shop, Richfield Springs, to Simmons Garage Co.

REORGANIZATION.

H. P. Andrews Paper Co., Manhattan, carry on business with $20,000 and 2,000 shares common stock, no par value.

AUTHORIZAT

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Fifteen States
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Of this number 465 communities are furnished with electric light and power, 47 with gas, 28 with water, 47 with ice, 18 with heat.

Other interesting information on this company is contained in a booklet by Mr. Martin J. Insull, Vice-President of the company, entitled "The Passing of the Small Town Plant." Sent upon request.

Ask for Booklet T-325

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Toledo Traction, Light and Power Company
Three Year 7% Debenture Gold Bonds
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Rise of Call Money to 15 Per Cent. Brings Pressure Against Stocks.

The stock market ran into extensive selling yesterday after quotations of industrial shares had displayed a generally firm tone during the initial hour of business. When the forward movement was in progress the petroleum group and some of the motor issues recorded more vigor than the others, oil stocks being influenced by emphasis laid in the last few days upon the shortage of crude material and a consequent stiffening in prices of refined products. Two major influences were evident in the reaction of the afternoon, which left net declines of 2 to more than 3 points among the active shares, except a few specialties. Chief of these was a spirited upbidding of call money from 7 to 15 per cent.; the other was the desire of traders with good-sized profits to make sure of them in advance of the week end. Next Monday the first instalment of income taxes falls due, and it is expected that the strain upon the money market will also be increased then by sizable payments on account of State income tax payments, although the period for such payments has been extended by the State Controller to March 31 by an eleventh-hour decision.

It would be easy to lay too much stress upon the ris. of call loan rates, however. The bulk of the day's borrowing was at 7 per cent., a level at which the market had been fairly well stabilized during the week, and whether the total of tax payments to the Government next week reach many hundreds of millions of dollars or are less than estimates, the funds will be distributed among the banks and will shortly be available, in large part, for temporary use in loans. The immediate money and credit situation is to be studied more in the light of time loan rates than in the fluctuations of call loan interest figures. If, as is believed in some banking quarters, bank statements will show shortly the intensive effect of curtailment of credit use in mercantile lines, it is more than possible that some easement of time money quotations will come as improved railroad transportation permits a freer movement of goods to market. Such a development would not of itself facilitate an upward movement of stocks, as the liquidation of goods presupposes lower prices and lessened industrial profits. Also, it is not to be forgotten that information continues to come from shipping circles of light outbound cargoes on North Atlantic ships, a matter of vital import to export trade statistics.

The market for railroad stocks seemed to be rather thin and prices receded easily under realizing sales. Speculation in this department has evidently passed out of the sphere of influence cast by the enactment of the railroad law, and traders are waiting for a fresh impetus. Railroad managers have insisted that the public should not expect too much of the carriers in the readjustment period, and the same sort of patience might be recommended to followers of the securities. There is a deal of financing to be arranged for and it is not impossible that the roads will not know how they are to fare in this respect until the six months' period of continued Government assistance has advanced far.

The foreign exchanges were again reactionary. Sterling hesitated for a time around Thursday's final quotation of 3.72 for sight drafts and then receded to 3.69. The recessions of rates on other allied countries were moderate and business was reported light.

Foreign Exchanges.

LONDON, March 12.—Bar silver, 70d per ounce. Bar gold, 112s 1d. Money, 3½ per cent. Discount rates: Short bills, 5 11-16; three months' bills, 5 11-16@5¾ per cent. Gold premiums at Lisbon, 140.

PARIS, March 12.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 57f 60c. Exchange on London, 49f 50c. Five per cent. loan, 88f 5c. The dollar was quoted at 13f 41½c.

Dollar in Denmark at 5.75 Krone.

COPENHAGEN, March 12.—The value of the dollar within a week has dropped from 7 krone to 5.75 krone. The Social Demokraten attributes the fall to the stopping of the importation of American luxuries.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

FRIDAY, MARCH 12.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

High.	Low.	Renewal.	Last.
15	7	7	15

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....5½@6

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	8½	Sixty days	9
Ninety days	8½	Ninety days	9
Four months	8	Four months	8½
Five months	11½	Five months	8½
Six months	8	Six months	8½

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper—
15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days, 6

Liberty Bonds, Victory Notes—
15 days, 5¼; 16 to 90 days, 5½

U. S. Treas. ctfs. of indebtedness—
15 to 90 days, 5

Bankers' acceptances, 90 days, 5

Open Market Rates, Bankers' Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Banks 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6

Nonmember and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6¼

Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....7¼@6½

Commercial Paper.

3 to 6 months.....7

Other Names.

3 to 6 months.....7

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$3.72	$3.69¼	$3.69	—.03
Cables	3.71¼	3.67	3.69¾	—.03
France—				
Demand	13.38	13.45	13.43	—.04
Cables	13.36	13.43	13.41	—.04

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	$3.69	$3.69¾
5.1813 Paris	13.43	13.41
5.1813 Belgium	12.87	12.85
China—		
Hongkong	94.00	94.10
Shanghai	133.00	133.50
Peking	145.00	145.50
40.20 Holland	36.00	36.125
19.30 Greece	11.00	11.10
5.1813 Italy	18.12	18.10
5.1813 Switzerland	5.92	5.90
32.44 India—		
Bombay	48.00	48.50
Calcutta	48.00	48.50
Straits Settlements	44.00	44.25
49.85 Japan—		
Kobe	47.00	47.25
Yokohama	47.00	47.25
19.30 Spain	17.70	17.60
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.125	49.375
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	20.00	20.15
Christiania	18.00	18.15
Copenhagen	17.00	17.15
South America—		
Buenos Aires	43.625	43.75
Rio	27.80	27.125
81.44 Russia (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
100 rubles	3.00	3.25
500 rubles	2.50	2.60

The following exchange rates are quoted in the open market:

	Cents per Kronen. Checks.	Cables.
2383 Germany	*1.25	.136
23.23 Poland	.68	.70
20.28 Austria	.52	.55
20.28 Jugoslavia	.70	.71
20.26 Czechoslovakia	1.50	1.55
19.30 Belgrade	3.65	3.60
19.00 Finland	†5.00	5.10
19.30 Rumania	1.60	1.65

*Cents per mark. †Finmarks. ‡Lei. §Dinar.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers'—		Commercial—	
60 Days.	90 Days.	60 Days.	90 Days.
Nominal.		$3.68¼	$3.67¾

Clearing House Statement.

Exchanges, $839,349,852; balances, $82,031,856; Sub-Treasury credit balances, $790,808; Federal Reserve credit balances, $48,187,622.

Domestic Exchange.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par.

Canadian Exchange.

New York funds in Montreal, $128.75 premium per $1,000; Montreal funds in New York, $115 discount per $1,000.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 70d; in New York, $1.17; Mexican dollars, 89¾c.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	89.44	88.51	88.63	—.77
25 industrials	117.61	114.71	115.17	—1.74
50 stocks	88.52	86.61	86.90	—1.25

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Mar. 11	89.32	87.56	88.15	+ .28
Mar. 10	88.51	86.17	87.77	+1.67
Mar. 9	87.37	85.16	86.10	+ .44
Mar. 8	85.94	84.69	85.66	+3.59
Mar. 6	82.24	81.30	82.07	+ .05
Mar. 5	82.57	81.61	82.02	+ .21

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

Mar.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1920.	89.32 Mar. 11	79.84 Mar. 1	86.90
†1919.	78.12 Mar. 12	73.58 Mar. 5	76.37
1918.	80.78 Mar. 11	68.40 Mar. 23	67.40
1917.	86.17 Mar. 21	79.42 Mar. 1	84.35
1916.	90.73 Mar. 14	83.49 Mar. 1	87.52

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1920.	92.18 Jan. 5	75.45 Feb. 13	86.90
†1919.	78.12 Mar. 12	69.73 Jan. 21	76.74

Full Years.

1919.	99.59 Nov. 5	69.73 Jan. 21	80.80
1918.	80.16 Nov. 12	64.12 Jan. 15	73.39
1917.	90.46 Jan. 4	67.47 Dec. 20	65.88
1916.	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month	Year.
40 issues	71.12	—.02	+1.92	—6.45

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Mar. 11	71.08	+.08	Mar. 3	70.60 —.20
Mar. 10	71.06	+.01	Mar. 2	70.80 —.04
Mar. 9	71.05	+.10	Mar. 1	70.84 +.27
Mar. 8	70.95		Feb. 28	70.57 +.01
Mar. 6	70.95	+.04	Feb. 27	70.56 +.15
Mar. 5	70.91	+.14	Feb. 26	70.41 —.26
Mar. 4	70.77	+.17	Feb. 25	70.67 —.42

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.	Last.
*1920.	72.51 Jan. 10	60.20 Feb. 13		71.12
†1919.	79.01 Jan. 3	77.45 Mar. 8		77.57

Full Years.

1919.	79.01 Jan. 3	71.05 Dec. 3	72.00
1918.	82.98 Nov. 12	75.65 Sep. 27	78.78
1917.	85.43 Jan. 20	74.24 Dec. 20	76.80

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

Hines Named for Railroad Suits.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—President Wilson by proclamation today designated Walker D. Hines, Director General of the Railroad Administration, as the agent of the Government against whom actions at law, suits in equity and proceedings in admiralty which might arise from the Government control of the railroads should be directed.

ASK 'CHANGE TO LIST STANDARD OF JERSEY

Oil Company's Assets Expected to be Uncovered in Conforming to Rules.

STOCKS NOW IN LIMELIGHT

Fifteen Issues Prominent with $269,467,600, as Week's Increase in 44 Securities.

The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey has made application for the listing of its preferred and common stocks on the New York Stock Exchange. When the preferred stock issue was put out last Summer it was announced then that the company would apply for listing, and it was inferred that the common stock would also be placed on the Exchange. There was, however, nothing definite regarding the junior issue until it was announced yesterday that the application to list had been received by the Stock Exchange.

Standard of New Jersey is the second of the Standard Oil group of companies to apply for listing. The Atlantic Refining Company stock was listed on the Exchange several weeks ago. It is believed that the applications to list the stocks of these companies are merely the forerunners of a general move on the part of the Standard companies to have their stock traded in on the Exchange. While in recent years the Standard Oil companies have been much more free in discussing their affairs in reports than in the earlier days before the dissolution, it is believed that in conforming to the listing rules of the New York Stock Exchange all hidden asset values will be uncovered.

The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, for instance, in its last report places the value of stocks in other companies at $25,000,000, a figure which is merely nominal and not indicative of the real asset value in the subsidiary companies. There have been several reports regarding the asset value which would be shown when the Stock Exchange listing papers are put out. These range from $4,000 to $5,000 a share for the common stock. The listing papers it is understood will be the most voluminous ever drawn up by a company seeking a place on the Stock Exchange. They have been in process of preparation for many weeks.

The Standard Oil securities have been in a place of prominence during this week, reflecting to a marked degree the stock dividend decision of the United States Supreme Court. Some of the gains have been phenomenal. Atlantic Refining, for instance, had advanced $200 a share up to last night, and Continental Oil $135 a share. The increase in the market price of all of the Standard Oil securities during the week has been $269,467,600, a figure which has not been equaled in a long time for one week of trading. The advance in the Standards has not been by any means general, for some are practically unchanged. About fifteen of the total of forty-four issues have been in the limelight, this being the reflection of speculative sentiment as to the possibility of stock dividends.

In the case of the Standard of New Jersey, John D. Rockefeller owns 140,130 shares of stock, this having been attested to at the time the preferred stock was issued and underwritten by J. P. Morgan & Co., last August. This is about 15 per cent. of the total outstanding common stock. If the same holdings are in his possession now the increase in value during the last week would amount to $13,570,630. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., owns $630,020 of the common stock, and William Rockefeller's holdings on Aug. 15, 1919, were $90,000. At yesterday's market price John D. Rockefeller's stock in Standard of New Jersey was worth $119,304,000. There is no definite information to be had on the extent of his holdings in other of the Standard oils. Some of his stock was listed on the smaller companies, it is believed, was given to his various endowments.

It has been reported for some time that the Standard of New Jersey shares would be divided if there was a favorable decision on stock dividends from the Supreme Court. There was no information to be had on this point yesterday from Standard Oil officials. The listing of the shares on the Stock Exchange is, however, believed to be in line with a policy of popularizing Standard Oil issues, and this could hardly be attained by letting the shares remain at their present high price. During yesterday's trading, in the over-the-counter dealings, Standard of New Jersey touched 805, the highest price ever recorded since the shares were set apart following the dissolution of the old company.

The following table shows the par value of the stock of the fifteen Standard Oil issues which have been prominent this wee, also the market value yesterday and the gain for the week:

	Par of Stock	Market Value Yest'd'y	Gain Per Share This Week
Atl. Refining	$5,000,000	$76,500,000	$200
Continental Oil	3,000,000	19,650,000	135
Ill. Pipe Line	20,000,000	34,000,000	14
Ohio Oil	15,000,000	58,250,000	35
Prairie Oil & G.	18,000,000	119,700,000	40
Prairie Pipe Line	27,000,000	88,850,000	22
Solar Refining	2,500,000	7,400,000	20
Sou Penn Oil	20,000,000	68,000,000	20
S. O. of Cal.	100,000,000	343,000,000	29
S. O. of Ind.	30,000,000	250,500,000	155
S. O. of Kan.	2,000,000	12,600,000	55
S. O. of Ky.	8,000,000	28,600,000	52
S. O. of N. J.	99,338,300	786,706,400	91
S. O. of N. Y.	75,000,000	351,000,000	70
Vacuum Oil	15,000,000	66,750,000	65

Standard Oil of Indiana was one of the outstanding stocks, there being an impression on the part of some that this company will be the first to make a stock distribution. The shares sold up as high as 870 early yesterday and later reacted to 835. Even with this fall of 35 points the gain for the week was 155 points, or the second largest recorded by any of the Standard issues.

NEW CLEARING PLAN READY.

Head of Stock Corporation Invites Members to Demonstration.

Samuel F. Streit, President of the new Stock Clearing Corporation of the New York Stock Exchange, has mailed letters to members announcing that the new system of clearing stocks is ready to function. He invites members to attend daily demonstrations of the new methods which are employed so that the corporation may begin to operate without unnecessary delay. Mr. Streit's letter reads:

"The facilities and working force of the Stock Clearing Corporation are now prepared for the purposes intended. Before we can place the same in operation it will be necessary, however, for you and your partners and those of your staff whom you may designate to become thoroughly familiar with the operations thereof, and the changed duties of your force in connection therewith.

"To acquaint all those that will have to familiarize themselves with the new methods of operation, which at first will only include the clearing of security balances as shown by balance tickets of night clearing branch of Stock Clearing Corporation, the Board of Directors has arranged with the management for its force to give demonstrations daily at 12 o'clock, 3 o'clock and 4:30 o'clock, except Saturday, and requests that you take advantage of the opportunity offered at your early convenience, so that the new operations may be inaugurated without unnecessary delay."

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

March 15 Financing.

The expected flurry in the call money market occurred yesterday afternoon, when the rate shot up from around 7 or 8 per cent. to 15 per cent. But it came along so late in the afternoon that it is doubtful if any one really suffered much. This flurry was in natural anticipation of Monday's big turn-over, when something like $400,000,000 Treasury certificates are expected to be presented for payment in this district and when tax payments probably of $100,000,000 more will go into the coffers of the local collectors. As the certificates will be paid promptly and the tax payments, so far as they are made in checks, may take a day or two to be cleared, the chances are that conditions will be easy enough on Monday and Tuesday. By the end of the week, however, the adjustment should be about completed and then things should be back to normal—or abnormal, if you prefer.

***

Government Deposits.

It will be interesting to note how the Government's deposit accounts with the Reserve Bank and with the associated banks stand in today's bank statements. There should be some considerable expansion in view of the big demands to be made on the Government Monday, and after the settlement is over, or in the statement of next week, there should be increases as the result of tax payments. The shrinkage of Government deposits in the associated banks, a shrinkage which has taken deposits down from $312,000,000 to less than $27,000,000 since the first of the year, has been one of the most potent factors thus far in making for tight money.

***

Possible Gold Supplies.

In casting about for possible stores of gold which may, or may not, be sent to this country in the liquidation of the $500,000,000 Anglo-French loan, bankers and others interested in the subject yesterday were discussing the possible availability of the $40,000,000 gold which the Kolchak Government pledged last year as collateral for the $38,000,000 loan which a syndicate of American and British bankers arranged. That operation, after several months of negotiation, was closed last December, and is to run for eighteen months. The collateral, about $40,000,000 in gold, was trusteed with the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, at Hongkong. In the event of a default, or of liquidation of the collateral, the gold, naturally, would revert to the bankers who advanced the loan. The advance was $22,500,000 by Americans and between $15,000,000 and $16,000,000 by British. If liquidated, the British would have about $17,000,000 of the gold, and it was said that it was even possible the American lenders might arrange to sell their portion of the gold to the British interests, too. But it was also said that nothing of the kind had been considered by the leading group.

***

Bank of England Rate.

The London cables spoke of a possible advance in the minimum rate of discount at the Bank of England. Nothing official was said, of course, but the thing was hinted at in several places. If this should be actually done, and the much-talked-of gold exports to the United States should be arranged, the world would be treated to an anomaly of greatest rarity. Ordinarily, the advancing of the rate of discount served primarily to attract gold to London, but when governments deal in finance unconventional things sometimes happen.

***

Cutting Financing Programs.

It has been asserted in railroad banking and operating offices that the actual requirements of the railroads for this year is in the neighborhood of $1,000,000,000. The money is needed for the purchase of new equipment and for additions and betterments, but the opinion is almost universal that only a small portion of these requirements will be met this year. Bond men who follow the market for railroad securities especially say that there will be no sudden return of the investment appetite for securities of this class, but that the growth of demand will be a slow affair. It is expected that before the end of the year, if the railroads have demonstrated that they can operate their properties and serve the public better than the Government, some choice paper may be absorbed. But, say the bond men, the investor will not buy until he is satisfied that the future of the railroads is assured.

***

To Ease the Strain.

It is understood that several of the railroad companies have decided to meet the condition of tight money when new funds for transportation properties are almost unobtainable by starting intensive car repair campaigns. These plans, according to information obtained in the financial district, call for the repair and rebuilding of a great amount of equipment which under normal conditions would have been consigned to the scrap heap during the period of Federal control. Motive power conditions on many of the lines do not meet the demands of traffic, and it is understood that in paring down financial budgets for the year the companies will pay special attention to locomotive repair work.

***

Find So-Called Jokers.

A closer study of the Transportation act than was possible in the week following its passage has convinced counsel for many of the roads that the bill contains several clauses which may easily be misinterpreted. One of these, and the one most talked of, is that portion of the law which explains why the provision for a recapture of earnings above 6½ per cent. was written. In the opinion of some the section is characterized as the "weak" spot in the bill. On the other hand, there are those who take the opposite view and consider it as the strong point. Both contentions are based on the premise that the section has been lifted from taxation. Those who consider it constitutional say that this is the proof, while those of the opposite side say that being lifted out of taxation the bill was beyond the province of the Congress which passed it. Several other so-called jokers have been found, but this is the most important one, in the opinion of railroad men.

***

Market Reactionary.

Prices eased off in the stock market during the late trading of yesterday, apparently influenced by the advance in call money rates. At no time during the day, however, was there the buoyancy to the market that was exhibited earlier in the week. This was doubtless due in part to profit taking sales and also to a renewal of short selling which was pretty much abandoned following the Supreme Court stock dividend decision. To the bears a heavy punishment was meted out at that time and they were a bit timid about putting out short lines against the advance on succeeding days. The sentiment among traders is, generally speaking, optimistic, but there is an inclination to cautiousness in view of the tax payments on Monday and the effect on the money market.

***

Oil Gas Standards.

The shortage of petroleum has been reflected to the gas situation, as oil for making gas is in none too plentiful supply. This condition brings up the question as to whether a new gas standard should not be adopted. The present candle power requirement is based on lighting, whereas the great proportion of gas is used as fuel. It is the opinion of some that the British thermal unit should be adopted as the standard, in which case there would be a saving of some 25 per cent. in the amount of petroleum used for making gas.

***

Stock Dividend Rumors.

Gossip concerning stock dividends is running rampant in the financial district. If one is interested in any particular issue one can, without much difficulty, learn in the rumor mart that the stock is going to benefit by the Supreme Court decision. As a matter of fact, the issues which are in a position to declare stock dividends are not anywhere near so numerous as some seem to believe.

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THE PHILADELPHIA NATIONAL BANK

ATLANTIC National Bank
Broadway-Opposite City Hall

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	1,081,489	999,209	309,970
Year to date	52,249,118	34,266,969	28,956,242

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
82	83	300	Adams Express	32½	32½	32½	32½	— ½
40	40½	400	Advance Rumely	40½	40½	40½	40½	+1½
72	73	700	Ajax Rubber	74⅜	74⅜	74⅜	74⅜	— ½
1¾	2	500	Alaska Gold Mines	2	2	1⅞	1⅞	...
2¼	2¾	300	Alaska Juneau	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	— ⅛
41½	42	1,700	Allis-Chalmess Mfg.	43⅜	43⅜	42	42	— ¾
82½	85	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	83	83	83	83	— ½
88	90	200	Am. Agricul. Chem.	90⅜	90⅜	90	90	+1
91¼	96	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	92	92	92	92	+ ½
82½	83½	200	Am. Beet Sugar	84	84	83⅜	83⅜	—1⅛
116½	117½	1,900	Am. Bosch Magneto	117	119⅛	116⅜	118½	+1½
90	105	300	Am. Brake S. & F.	100½	102	100½	102	+7
220	230	500	Am. B. S. & F. pf.	224½	227	224½	225	+20
44½	44⅞	9,100	Am. Can	46	46⅝	44½	44½	—2
137⅝	139	1,900	Am. Car & Fdry	139¼	140¾	138	138	—2½
12½	12⅝	600	Am. Druggists	12½	12½	12½	12½	—⅞
108	110	900	Am. Express	118	118	107½	107½	—7½
22¼	22½	900	Am. H. & L. Leather	23	23½	22⅜	22⅜	— ⅛
103	104	2,100	Am. H. & L. pf. x d.	105	105¼	102⅜	103	—1½
45	45½	100	Am. Ice	45½	45½	45½	45½	— ½
97⅜	97¾	6,000	Am. International	99	99¼	97⅛	97⅜	—1⅛
13⅜	13½	900	Am. LaF. Fire Eng.	13⅜	13¼	13	13⅜	+ ⅜
82	83	4,500	Am. Linseed	82½	83	82	82¾	+ ¾
94	96	200	Am. Linseed pf.	95	95	95	95	+2
97½	98	5,100	Am. Locomotive x d.	99	99⅛	97¾	97¾	—1
25½	28	4,400	Am. Sugar Ref.	27¼	27½	25⅞	26	—1¼
65¼	65¾	2,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	66½	66½	65¼	65½	—1½
		100	Am.Sm.S.pf.A cash.	82½	82½	82½	83½	
80½	82	100	Do. x d.	80½	80½	80½	80½	+1
44⅝	45½	1,700	Am. Steel F'dries	45⅝	46	45	45	— ½
114	116	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	114½	114½	114½	113¼	—1½
90	91½	1,200	Am. Sumatra Tob.	91	92	90	90	— ¾
98	98½	3,000	Am. Tel. & Tel.	99⅝	100	99	99	...
260	265	300	Am. Tobacco	264½	264½	260	260	—4½
64⅜	65¼	25,400	Am. Tob. Securities	65½	67	64⅜	64⅜	+ ½
125	125½	14,100	Am. Woolen	126½	129	124½	125¾	—1½
45⅜	46¼	300	Am. Writing P. pf.	46⅝	46⅝	46	46	— ½
18½	19	1,200	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	19¼	19¼	18½	18½	—1¼
59	59¼	4,200	Anaconda Copper	59⅝	60¾	59⅝	59⅝	— ⅝
14	16	100	Ann Arbor	15	15	15	15	— ¼
24½	29	100	Ann Arbor pf.	25	25	25	25	— ¾
4½	4⅝	2,100	Assets Realization	4	5¼	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
47¾	49¼	100	Asso. Dry Goods	50	50	50	50	+1
84	85	1,000	Atch., Top. & S. F.	85⅝	85⅝	84½	84½	— ⅞
70¾	79½	300	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	79	79¼	78⅝	79⅛	+ ⅝
8½	8⅝	100	At., Birm. & At.	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	...
89	90	700	Atlantic Coast Line	89½	89½	89	89⅜	—⅜
155	157	200	At. Gulf & West I.	158½	158½	156	156	—3
1540	1585	50	Atlantic Refining	1540	1560	1540	1550	...
118	118¼	63,800	Baldwin Loco.	121¼	122¼	117¾	118¼	—2⅝
36½	38½	2,500	Baltimore & Ohio	37⅜	37⅞	36½	36⅝	— ⅞
48¾	48¾	300	Balt. & Ohio pf.	49	49¾	48¼	48¼	...
124	124½	500	Barrett Co	125	125⅜	124⅜	124⅜	— ⅝
25	25¼	12,700	Bethlehem Motors	23⅜	27	25	25	+ ⅜
83	88	100	Bethlehem Steel	87⅜	87⅝	87⅛	87⅛	—1⅛
91	94	13,100	Beth. Steel, Class B.	92¾	93⅝	90⅜	91	—1½
11¾	11¾	200	Booth Fisheries	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
95	97	25	Brook. Edison Elec.	97	97	97	97	...
16¼	16½	12,600	Brook. Rapid Tran.	14⅝	16⅝	14⅛	16	+1⅝
11⅛	11⅞	3,300	B. R. T. ctfs. of dep.	10½	12⅜	10½	12¾	+1⅝
55	58	800	Brook. Union Gas	54½	57	54½	57	+3½
107	108	200	Burns Brothers	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾	...
9⅝	9⅞	200	Butte Copper & Z.	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	...
26¾	27	1,500	Butte & Superior	27	27	26⅝

STUDEBAKER GAINS $6,400,000 INCOME

Corporation's Net Sales Last Year $66,383,307, Against $52,087,997 in 1918.

SOME LINES DISCONTINUED

Manufacture of Horse-Drawn Vehicles Abandoned Except Farm Wagons and Trucks.

A big increase in earnings is shown in the annual report of the Studebaker Corporation for last year. The net sales amounted to $66,383,307, compared with $52,087,997 in the preceding year. Manufacturing costs increased by nearly $8,000,000, but the net operating income of $11,283,463 is about $6,400,000 greater than in 1918. After all charges and Federal taxes the amount available for dividends was $9,312,283, or the equivalent after preferred disbursements of $28.54 a share earned on the $30,000,000 common stock. It was not until December of last year that $15,000,000 additional common stock was issued, so that this stock hardly figured in the year's earnings. In the preceding year the amount available for dividends was $3,884,194, or the equal of $10.38 a share.

The company is one of the few that has thus far reported for 1919 that shows an increase in the provision for Federal taxes in 1919 as compared with 1918. The amount set aside in the current report is $1,854,229, as compared with $637,754 in the preceding year. The balance sheet shows that cash increased by about $1,300,000, and that holdings of Liberty bonds were $3,020,000 as against $980,750 in 1918. The assets also include $2,000,000 in short time loans. Inventories placed at $20,607,338 are an increase of $3,000,000 over the same item in the report of a year ago.

A. R. Erskine, President of the company, in his remarks to stockholders says in part:

"Last year was the first year since 1916 in which the commercial operations of the corporation were not curtailed by the manufacture of military supplies for war purposes. In 1918 and 1917 our plants were serving the Government, and our profits from these operations were considerably below normal. The results of these two years are no criterion whatever of the capacity and ability of the corporation in commercial transactions, and it would be, therefore, misleading to compare last year's results with either those of 1918 or 1917. Instead, these results should be compared with those of the last preceding normal year, 1916, in which sales amounted to $61,988,594 and net profits to $8,611,245, after deducting $183,554 for income taxes.

"In both the automobile and horse-drawn vehicle divisions business offered was in excess of our capacity throughout the year. Production was hampered by shortages of materials, freight cars and labor, which increased costs and curtailed output, and these conditions continue today. Availing ourselves of the opportunity afforded by conditions, we discontinued the manufacture and liquidated our investments in all horse-drawn vehicle lines of product, including harness, except farm wagons and farm trucks, which lines are retained. The factory space and investments previously devoted to these discontinued lines are now more profitably employed in the manufacture of closed bodies and other parts for automobiles."

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.
Argentine (sterl.)	6	May, 1920	98½	99
Argentine	6	May, 1920	98½	99¼
†B'ig'm (Rest'r'n)	5	1934	74½	77½
†B'ig'm loan of '20	5		80	85
†British, funding	4	1960-1990	267½	270½
†British, Victory	4	1920-1940	300	303
†British, Nat.W.L.	5	1922	363	367
†British, Nat.W.L.	5	1929	358	361
Canada	5½	Dec., 1922	86	88
Canada	5½	Nov., 1925	86	88
Canada	5½	Nov., 1924	83½	86¼
Canada	5½	Dec., 1925	81½	85½
†French Victory	5	1931	65½	68
†French Loan, '17	4	1943	52¾	55¼
†French Loan, '18	4	1944	53¼	55¾
†French Loan, '20	5			74.62
Italy, Treas. 5-yr.	5	1922	58	61
Italy, Treas. 5-yr.	5	1925	58	61
Russia	5½	Dec., 1921	32	34
Russia, ruble b'ds	5½	Feb., 1926	42	47
Sweden	6	June, 1939	91¼	92
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1929	86½	87¼

*Per £100. †Per 1,000 francs.

The Harvard University Committee on Economic Research

offers to business men its **Statistical Service**, including an **Index of Business Conditions**, for the year 1920. This Service, which is now entering upon its second year, is based upon new methods of analyzing and interpreting business statistics. It also includes studies of current economic problems. Circulars and sample publications on application. Subscription price $100. Address

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INDUSTRIAL EXECUTIVE

Trained along plant management lines, Tech. graduate 1908, Assoc. A. S. M. E., has had broad manufacturing experience, foundry, machine shops, progressive assembly, engineering department and executive offices, understands present problem of handling men; energetic and resourceful action, based on practical experience; available soon for connection that will afford hard work and chance to develop. For personal interview address F 432 Times.

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with established clientele, by a New York Marine Corporation desiring to disposed of additional stock for expansion purposes. Write for appointment to make investigation of proposition and state full particulars as to salary and commission expected. Address W 768 Times Downtown.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

SUN COMPANY

TEN-YEAR SIX PER CENT. SINKING FUND GOLD DEBENTURE BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the Sinking Fund provision of Mortgage dated May 1st, 1919, proposals will be received at the office of Commercial Trust Company, Trustee, City Hall Square, Philadelphia, for the sale to the Trustee on May 1, 1920, of a sufficient number of bonds to consume the sum of $90,741.02 in the Sinking Fund, at a price not to exceed par and accrued interest. The right is reserved to reject any or all proposals in whole or in part.

Proposals should be sealed and marked "Proposals for the sale of Sun Company Ten-Year Six Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Debenture Bonds," and be presented to the undersigned before 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday, March 24, 1920.

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
Mark Willcox, Treasurer.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY.

Coupons due April 1st, 1920, from the First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Sinking Fund 6% Gold Bonds of this Company will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the office of the Company, 9 Broadway, New York.

For registered interest, checks will be mailed.

H. G. PHILIPS, Treasurer.

March 13th, 1920.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$13,590,900	$9,739,500	$3,122,000
Year to date	802,985,150	633,106,750	231,173,500

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-47: 10 90.32; 5 90.14; 35 90.20; 75 90.16; 6 90.08; 5 90.06

$332,000 1st conv 4s, 1932-47: 10 90.70; 2 90.50; 5 90.76; 10 90.74

$27,000 2d 4s, 1927-42: 8 89.48; 30 89.50; 7 89.40; 10 89.54; 6 89.56; 6 89.40; 6 89.56; 10 89.36; 2 89.54; 2 89.42; 10 89.54

$119,000 1st conv 4½s, 1932-47: 3 91.00; 10 91.10; 7 91.02; 17 91.08; 1 91.04; 1 91.00; 22 91.02; 1 91.00; 10 91.04; 2 91.10

$84,000 2d conv 4½s, 1927-42: 10 89.90; 14 89.94; 19 89.90; 10 89.88; 63 89.84; 29 89.90; 75 89.80; 50 89.84; 5 89.78; 30 89.82; 36 89.84; 8 89.86; 104 89.80; 24 89.88; 6 89.86; 25 89.82; 10 89.88; 25 89.90; 5 89.82; 10 89.88; 30 89.88; 27 89.82; 25 89.90; 2.5 89.92; 14 89.86; 40 89.90; 23 89.88; 2 89.84; 20 89.90; 3 89.84; 50 89.86; 88 89.84; 25 89.88; 1 89.80; 82 89.82; 20 89.80; 2 89.82; 1 89.88; 35 89.86

$1,086,000 3d 4½s, 1928: 10 93.14; 22 93.08; 19 93.10; 12 93.08; 47 93.16; 131 93.06; 94 93.10; 5 93.08; 28 93.10; 47 93.12; 5 93.06; 6 93.10; 20 93.08; 60 93.06; 40 93.10; 16 93.12; 131 93.06; 94 93.10; 5 93.08; 28 93.10; 47 93.12; 5 93.06; 6 93.10; 20 93.08; 60 93.06; 5C 93.06; 5 93.08; 77 93.10; 25 93.06; 48 93.10; 10 93.08; 5 93.06; 40 93.10; 7 93.08; 11 93.06; 10 93.10; 6 93.08; 11 93.08; 5 93.06; 60 93.12; 193 93.06; 7 93.10; 2 93.12; 18 93.06; 2 93.08; 58 93.12; 1 93.08; 5 93.10; 25 93.06; 60 93.10; 25 93.12; 4 93.06; 1 93.10; 26 93.12; 8 93.06; 20 93.10; 25 93.12

$1,587,000 4th 4½s, 1933-38: 184 90.12; 2.5 90.16; 57 90.12; 100 90.14; 5 90.12; 1 90.10; 4 90.16; 12 90.12; 4 90.08; 33 90.14; 11 90.12; 40 90.16; 2 90.12; 1 90.10; 1 90.12; 10 90.18; 5 90.12; 1 90.08; 45 90.12; 15 90.16; 1 90.10; 80 90.12; 54 90.14; 2 90.12; 22 90.16; 28 90.12; 1 90.14; 119 90.16; 1 90.10

$1,227,000 4½s, 1922-23: 40 97.34; 8 97.32; 22 97.30; 42 97.34; 16 97.32; 70 97.34; 25 97.36; 4 97.38; 12 97.36; 5 97.38; 14 97.38; 2 97.36; 2 97.34; 6 97.36; 5 97.38; 2 97.36; 2 97.38; 23 97.38; 2 97.40; 5 97.34; 17 97.34; 75 97.38; 29 97.40; 5 97.42; 10 97.38; 55 97.34; 17 97.38; 5 97.34; 20 97.32; 2 97.38; 2.5 97.30; 5 97.34; 1 97.32; 45 97.34; 123 97.36; 83 97.32; 13 97.30; 3 97.34; 49 97.36; 2 97.30; 6 97.34; 1 97.32; 2 97.34; 1 97.30; 2 97.34; 1 97.32; 45 97.30; 2 97.32; 1 97.34; 1 97.36; 1 97.38; 8 97.38

$1,188,000 Anglo-French 5s: 61 97½; 48 97¾; 5 97⅝; 5 97⅝; 10 97½; 30 97¾; 10 97½; 25 97¾; 114 97⅝; Argentine Gov 5s: 8 74; 10 71½; Chinese Ry 5s: 10 71; Cy of Copen'n 5½s: 1 79½; Cy of Paris 6s: 9 90¾; 50 90⅝; 22 90¾; 28 90⅝; 7 90¾; 5 90⅝; 1 90¾; 5 90; City of Marseilles 6s temp ctfs: 1 90¼; City of Tokyo 5s: 1 58½; Dom Rep 5s: 5 79; Dom of Can 5s, 1921: 5 97⅛; 5½s, 1921: 11 97¾; 5½s, 1929: 1 93⅝; 5s, 1931: 1 91⅛; 4 91¾; Jap Gov 4½s, ster loan: 20s30f.. 75; 5s30f.. 75½; 5 76; 10s30f.. 75½; 1 75½; 15 76; 10 75½; 19 75; 2 90½; 2 90¾; 1 90⅝; 1 90½; 4 90¾; 5 90½; 10 90⅝; 2 90¾; 1 90½; 4 90¾; 2 90½; 51 94; 10 93½; Chic Gt Wn 4s: 27 55; Chic M & St P 4s 1925: 5 77⅛; 4s 1934: 2 62; gen 4s ser A: 4 60; gen 4½s: 1 75½; conv 4½s: 13 72; 4 72¾; 1 72½; 2 73; 7 72; refund 4½s: 22 65; 15 66¾; 1 61; C & Northwn gen 5s: 5 95½; gen 4s: 20 75½; gen 3½s: 2 66; C R I & P gen 4s: 2 72½; Chic R I & P Ry ref 4s: 4 67¼; 4 67½; 10 67¼; 1 67¼; 1 67¼; 20s30f.. 68¾; 2 67½; 5 67; C Un Station 4½s ser A: 8 78; 1 79½; Chic & W Ind con 4s: 1 61; 3 60½; 1 61; Chile Cop 7s: 5 103; 11 102½; C C C & St L: 1 66; 1 66½; Clev'd'n L 4½s: 2 85½; Col & Southn ref&Ext 4½s: 3 72¾; 17 72½; Col & 9th Av 1st 5s: 1 40; ConGas cnv 7s: 4 100¾; 1 100¾; 4 100¾; 2 100¾; 5 100¾; D R&G con 4s: 4 64; 1st ref 5s: 8 42¾; 10 42¾; 1s30f.. 42¼; 10 42¾; Det Edison col tr 5s: 1 94½; 10 94; Dul & IronR 5s: 3 89¾; Erie 1st gen4s: 3 45¾; 5 45¾; Erie conv 4s ser A: 3 40¾; 1 39¾; ser B: 4 40½; 2 41; Gt Falls Pow 5s: 5 89; Hoc Val 1st 4½s: 4 71; 1 70½; Hud & M 1st & ref 5s, Ser A: 1 58½; 2 58½; adj inc 5s: 17 18; 11 18½; 4 18; Ill Cent 4s, '52: 2 69; 10 69¼; 2 71; 4s, 1953: 1 67; 2 67½; temp 6½s: 1 92; ref 4s: 5 72½; 2 72¾; Ind Steel 5s: 3 92½; 1 92½; Int-Met 4½s: 10 18½; 10 18¾; 2 18½; 5 18½; 5 18¾; 20 19; 46 19¼; 10 19½; 39 19¾; 20 19⅝; 68 19; 2 19½; 10 18¾; 12 18¾; 5 18¾; 10 18⅝; 18 19; 10 18⅝; 65 18½; 20 18⅜; 2 19; 10 18¾; 11 18¾; 50 19; 2 19½; Int Rap Tran 1st & ref 5s: 22 56½; 1 56⅝; 5 56¾; 5 56½; 5 56⅝; 43 57; 4 56¾; 10 57¼; 10 57⅝; 1 57¼; 2 57⅝; 46 57⅞; 5 57; 1 57¼; 8 57⅝; 1 57¼; 5 57⅝; 10 57⅞; 10 57⅝; 2 57¾; 30 57½; 30 57¾; 44 57½; 50 57⅝; 1 57¼; 5 57⅝; 8 57⅝; 1 57¼; 5 57⅝; 10 57⅞; 10 57⅝; 18 57½; 2 97½; 2 97¼; 1 97½; Arm & Co 4½s: 1 82½; 10 82¼; At, Top & S F gen 4s: 3 78; 5s30f.. 77; 3s30f.. 77; 25 77½; 6 77½; 4 77¾; 1 77½; adj 4s: 5 68¾; 2 68½; 35 65½; 7 68; stamped: 1 68¼; cv 4s, 1955: 3 64¾; cv 4s, 1940: 2 85; Atl C L 1st 4s: 5 76½; gen unif 4½s: 1 75½; L & N col 4s: 8 68¼; 6 68; Balt & Ohio pr lien 3½s: 1 83½; 7 83¼; gold 4s: 2 64½; 2 64; 6 64½; conv 4½s: 1 64¾; 18 64¾; 1 64¾; 8 65; 22 64½; 2 64½; ref 5s: 1 64¾; 2 64½; 5 64¾; 6s: 1 86¾; 2 86½; 21 87; 1 86¾; Sowest div3½s: 1 74; 1 74½; 1 74; Tol Cin div 4s: 4 49½; Beth Steel 1st & ref 5s: 1 85; pur money 5s: 1 84½; Braden Copper s f 6s: 10 92; Bklyn R Trans 7s 1921: 8 47; 4 46; 10 45¾; 5 47½; 5 47; 10 46; cfs of deposit: 5 45; 10 46½; Bkl Un El 1st 5s stamped: 1 62¼; Cal G & E 5s: 1 85; Cent of Ga Ry 6s: 5 90; C Pac gtd 4s: 2 72¾; 9 72¾; C of N J gn 5s: 2 89¼; Ches & Ohio con 5s: 1 90½; gen 4½s: 1 76; 2 76½; conv 4½s: 1 74½; 3 74¾; 1 74½; 5 74; conv 5s: 17 73½; 7 73¾; 8 73½; Chic Bur & Qr Joint 4s: 10 83¾; 1 84; C B & Q gn 4s: 4 73; 1 73½; Chic & Alt 3s: 3 46½; 3½s: 7 34; C R & Q gn 4s: 4 73; 1 73½; Chic Bur & Qr Joint 4s: 10 83¾; 1 84; Int Mer Mar s f 6s: 4 80¾; Int Paper s f 5s, 1947: 1 83; Ia Cent ref 4s: 5 42½; KC,FtS&M 4s: 2 65½; 2 65¾; 1 65½; Kan C So 5s: 3 70; 2 69¾; 3s: 2 55; 3 55½; Kan C Ter 4s: 6 71; Lack Steel 5s, 1923: 1 93; LS&MSo 4s '26: 1 87½; 1931: 3 82½; Leh V of N Y gtd 4½s: 1 87; Leh V coal tr 6s, temp rcts: 5 100¼; Long Isl con 4s: 1 91½; ref 4s: 1 65½; Lorill'd Co 7s: 1 108; L & N, Atl, K & Cin 4s: 5 60; unified 4s: 1 81½; 4 81½; So Mon 1st 4s: 6 48½; Mich Cen 3½s: 7 70½; Midv Steel col tr 5s: 1 88; 1 82½; Minn & St L 1st & ref 4s: 2 43; 1 42¾; 1 42¾; 2 42½; 3 43¾; 1 43; 1 43½; Mo, Kan & E 1st 5s: 18 36; Mo,K&T 1st 4s: 5 57¾; 16 57½; Mo Pac gen 4s: 1 56¾; 7 56½; 8 56¾; 5 56½; 8 56¾; Mon Pow 5s, Ser A: 1 84½; 1 85½; Morris & Es 1st & ref 3½s: 7 69½; N O Term 4s: 5 61½; 1 61¾; 1 61¾; NO, Tex & M inc 5s: 9 54½; N Y Central deb 6s: 1 92½; 1 92¾; 1 92¼; 18 92¼; gen 3½s: 1 65¾; 5 65¾; con 4s ser A: 1 70; 15 69½; 5 69¾; deb 4s 1934: 3 76¾; 5 76½; ref & imp 4½s ser A: 3 77¼; L S col 3½s: 1 58; N Y G E L H & P pur money 4s: 1 49; N Y N H & H conv 3½s: 1 50; 1 49; non conv deb 4s 1955: 8 55; 1956: 2 54; N Y Q & W ref 4s: 5 61; N Y Railways adj 5s: 5 7½; 18 7½; ctfs of dep: 1 7; N Y Tel 4½s: 1 79½; s f deb 6s: 9 95; N Y W'chester & Bos 4½s: 3 41; North'n West conv 6s: 7 102; 1 102¼; 3 102; conv 4s: 3 75¾; 5 75¾; 6s30f.. 75; 10 75½; North Pac 4s: 2 75¾; 4 75¾; 5 75¾; 10 76¼; North Pac 3s: 5 53¾; 3 53; Oregon & Cal 1st 5s: 1 93¾; Oreg Sh Line gtd ref 4s: 2 81¼; 5 81; Ore-Wash R R & Nv 1st & ref 4s: 1 68¾; Pac G & E 6s: 12 79¼; 3 79¾; Pac T & T 5s: 1 85½; Penn R R gen 4½s: 3 81¼; 11 81¼; 1 81¾; gen 5s: 5 80¼; 10 80; Penn Co gtd 3½s ser A: 1 80¼; P & E 1st 4s: 5 56; Pere M 1st 5s: 1 85¾; Phila Co conv 6s 1922: 1 87¾; Pitts C C & St L gtd 4½s ser A: 1 85; Pub Ser Corp s f 5s: 2 63½; Reading g 4s: 2 79½; 2 79¾; 3s10f.. 73½; 2 79; Rio Gr W 1st 4s: 1 62⅞; R I Ark & L 4½s: 10s30f.. 61¼; 2 62¼; 5s30f.. 61¼; 11 62; 3 61⅞; 3 61⅝; 5 61½; St L Ir Mt & So gen 5s: 1 88; 1 88½; unify & ref 4s: 3 74¼; Riv & Gulf 4s: 4 69; 4 68½; St L & S Fr prior lien 4s ser A: 9 58½; 5 58⅝; 10 58⅝; 2 58⅜; 2 58½; 3 58⅝; prior lien 5s ser B: 1 60⅞; 4 60½; 10 60; prior lien 6s ser C: 13 86¼; 5 86½; adj 6s: 5 64⅞; 5 65¼; 1 65; 2 65½; 4 65½; 2 65¼; 3 65½; income 6s: 31 50¼; 2 50½; 50 50; 2 50¾; 5 50½; 5 50; 7 49¾; 4 50; 2 49¾; 11 49¾; 9 50; St L So Wn 1st 4s: 10 63; con 4s: 3 55; 1st Term 5s: 1 57; St Paul M & M Mont ext 4s: 5 82; San An & A P 4s: 2 55½; Seab Air Line ref 4s: 5s30f.. 45¾; adj 5s: 28 39; 50s30f.. 38½; 3 39; 1 38¾; So Pac conv 4s: 5 79¼; conv 5s: 10 103¼; 1 103½; 21 103; 3 102¼; 11 102¾; 11 103; So Pac 1st ref 4s: 12 75¼; 2s30f.. 75; 6 75; So Ry 1st 5s: 4 85; 2 84¾; gen 4s: 14 58; 1 58½; St L div 4s: 1 66½; Tex Co deb 6s: 13 103; Term As of St L 1st 4½s: 10 80; 3d Av adj 5s: 11 29½; 10 30½; 2 29¾; 40 30; 71 31; Tol,St L&Wn 4s: 1 47; Un Pac 1st 4s: 3 82¾; 3s30f.. 81½; 18 82¾; conv 4s: 1 85; 4 84¾; 1 84½; 1st & ref 4s: 5 72¾; 6s: 2 101; UnRRofSF 4s: Un Tr e of d: 1 27½; U S R & I 5s: 12 75½; 11 76; U S Rubber 1st & ref 5s: 3 84⅜; 11 84¼; 11 84; US Sm. R & M cv 6% notes: 15 102; U S Steel Cp s f 5s: 1 96⅜; 1 96½; 8 96¾; 7 96⅝; 3 96¼; Utah P & L 5s: 4 80½; 1 81; VirgnRy 1st 5s: 2 82¾; Wabash 1st 5s: 2 88; 1 89; 8 88; Westn Elec 5s: 1 95¼; Westn Pac 5s: 1 82; 5 81⅞; West Shore 4s, registered: 2 70; Wheel & L E 1st con 4s: 1 85; Wilson & Co 1st 6s: 8 96¼; 1 97; cv s f 6s: 1 92¼; 8 92½; 18 92; Wis Cen, S&D div & ter 4s: 1 70

COMMERCE BODY FOR FEDERAL AUDIT

New York State Chamber Wants It Made Part of National Budget System.

SEES SAVING OF MILLIONS

Adopts Report Demanding Reform of Taxation—Upholds School Board Here.

The report of the Committee on Finance and Currency Inflation of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York, of which Frank A. Vanderlip is Chairman, was not presented at yesterday's special meeting of the Chamber, but will be laid before the regular April meeting, according to an announcement made by President Alfred E. Marling. This report had been eagerly awaited, not only by the members of the Chamber of Commerce, but by the general financial community as well, and there was much disappointment when it was learned that it would not be forthcoming. It was said that the Committee on Finance and Currency Inflation had been unable to agree on the final draft in time for yesterday's meeting.

Three other reports were read to the members and the resolutions proposed in each were unanimously adopted. Howard C. Smith of the Executive Committee submitted the report of that body on the proposal to create a national budget system: Leonor F. Loree, Chairman of the Committee on State and Municipal Taxation, read his report on taxation, and William G. Willcox of the Committee on Commercial Education presented the report which opposed the bills which have been introduced in the State Senate and Assembly proposing to abolish the local Board of Education and the creation of a City Department of Education and a Board of Appeals.

In the report of the Executive Committee on a national budget system Mr. Smith reviewed the history of legislative appropriation systems. He called attention to the great lack of efficiency under present methods, where each department of the Government, and at times even sub-divisions of the departments, prepare plans calling for the expenditure of considerable sums. In addition, each individual member of Congress is able to offer special bills for appropriations.

The committee suggested the establishment of a national budget bureau, consisting of a competent staff of expert accountants and men versed in the details of Governmental activity, under a chief reporting directly to the President. Adequate salaries and permanent tenure of office were also recommended as means by which first-class talent would be procured.

"One or more of these men," said Mr. Smith, "should be assigned as liaison officer to each department or independent bureau to keep in touch with what is going on and by a sound follow-up system to prepare for the President, with departmental co-operation, but with independent authority, regular periodic reports of activities and results. Such reports, being assembled centrally, would automatically reveal duplication of work and plans which could be taken up and adjusted. Failures to obtain results of any agency would also be brought immediately and automatically to the President's attention.

"Once a year, in the light of their activities and results during the year, the estimates of all bureaus and departments should be brought together for review by the budget bureau, together with the probable revenues available in the coming year. These estimates should then be reduced or expanded and welded together into a unified budget plan which the President, after approval, could submit to Congress.

"Had such a central supervisory system existed during the last two years it is probable, in spite of the importance of the element of time, that the aircraft production story would have been quite different.

"Had such a bureau been in existence the recent exposure relative to the Federal Board for Vocational Education in its work for the rehabilitation of injured soldiers would never have been necessary, for the trouble would have been found and corrected substantially at its inception.

"We would probably not have had the picture of the Assistant Surgeon General asking for large appropriations for reconstruction hospitals almost coincident with the sale of a Government hospital costing over $2,500,000 for $106,000.

"The frightful extravagance and mismanagement of the Housing Corporation, as reported by the Senate Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds on Dec. 16 last (Senate Report 336), would have been checked early in its operation, to the considerable advantage of the national finances."

The resolution offered by Mr. Smith and passed by the chamber stated the conviction of the body that a national budget and audit system, combined with a centralization of Congressional appropriations in one committee, as formerly was the case, is the "only means of saving the country from undue extravagance, on the one hand, or penny-wise economies on the other," and provided for the creation of a special committee of the chamber to be known as the Special Committee on a National Budget.

The report which Mr. Loree read recommended the repeal of the excess profits tax features of the Revenue Act of 1918, the repeal of the surtax on personal and corporate incomes and the modification of the inheritance tax which the Federal Government collects and the allowance of a deduction of the amount of inheritance tax imposed by the States. In place of these taxes he proposed a consumption tax.

"The mechanism of production, transport, distribution and finance is a most delicate organization," said the report. "Already it has been grievously wounded by the great war. It is not a prudent thing to shake the confidence of those who accumulate its capital by attacks upon the institution of private property, nor to discourage their abstinence and self-denial by draining from them the fruits of their labor."

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CISCO TEXAS PAVINGS 6's

Dated Nov. 10, 1919—Due serially May 10, 1920 to 1948.

Legality approved by Attorney General of Texas and by Messrs. Squire, Sanders and Dempsey of Cleveland, Ohio.

Actual valuation, estimated	$10,000,000.00
Assessed valuation	6,915,000.00
Total indebtedness, including this issue	663,000.00
Population, estimated	10,000

CISCO is one of the chief cities of Eastland County, in central Texas, on the main line of the Texas & Pacific, and Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroads. The city is favorably situated in a well established farming country, noted for its live stock, cotton, grain and general agricultural products. It supports four banks, with deposits of $3,125,000.00, and at present over $3,000,000.00 of private improvemnts are under construction.

Denomination $500 and $1000—principal and semi-annual interest payable at the Continental and Commercial National Bank, Chicago, Illinois.

PRICE: Par and Interest, yielding 6%

The Brown-Crummer Company

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Kansas City, Mo. First Nat'l Bank Bldg — WICHITA, KANSAS — Omaha, Neb. First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

Write for our list of Municipal Securities, yielding from 4¾ to 6% Net.

Republic of France

Progress in the recovery of France from the World War has already given fresh evidence of the characteristic vitality of the French people.

We are receiving subscriptions for account of the French Government to

The New French Internal 5% Loan of 1920

Redeemable within 60 years by semi-annual drawings beginning September 16th, 1920, at 150% which is equivalent to 1500 francs for each 1000-franc bond

Subscriptions are payable in dollars at the rate of exchange fixed each day by the French Financial Agency in the United States, which is based on the closing rate of exchange for the previous day. This price will be announced daily in these advertisements.

Price Today $74.62 per 1000-Franc Bond

At the normal rate of exchange the cost of this bond to the American investor would be $193

Our interim receipts calling for temporary bonds of the French Government will be issued against payment in full in dollars.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.

Bremen, Berlin, Coblenz, Cologne, Dresden, Frankfort, German Govt., Hamburg, Leipzig, Munich, Mannheim, Stuttgart

Municipal Bonds GERMAN CITIES

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French, Belgian, English, Italian Government Bonds.

Farson, Son & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange.
115 Broadway, New York

Tax Returns

Individual and Partnership returns are due Monday.

The United States Treasury Department has granted a general extension to Corporations to May 15th providing a tentative return is filed and one quarter of the estimated tax paid on or before MONDAY, MARCH 15th.

I have been representing Corporations and Individuals in tax matters exclusively for the past five years.

A telephone call today will allow me time to estimate the tax and to arrange for an extension. I will then have sufficient time to prepare your final return.

L. E. FULLER
Tax Specialist
280 Madison Avenue

Telephone Vanderbilt 3885

BATTERY PARK NATIONAL BANK

YOUR BEST ASSET

A Merchant's best asset is his good name. A substantial Bank balance enables him to take immediate advantage of the opportunities which that good name opens up to him. We welcome both small and large deposits. We pay interest on balances exceeding one thousand dollars, and offer the secure and substantial services of a progressive National Bank.

PRODUCE EXCHANGE BUILDING

DIVIDENDS.

Kolb Bakery Company

Preferred Stock Dividend No. 33

New York, March 11th, 1920.

A dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company will be paid on April 1st, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 20th, 1920.

GEO. E. FAWCETT, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

General Baking Company

Preferred Stock Dividend No. 33.

New York, March 11th, 1920.

A dividend of Two and One-Half Per Cent. (2½%), being 1½% regular and 1% on account of accumulated dividends, on the Preferred Stock of this Company will be paid on April 1st, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 20th, 1920.

GEO. E. FAWCETT, Treasurer.

MARCH COTTON PRICE EQUALS HIGH RECORD

Contract Sells at 40 Cents, Duplicating Quotations of Dec. 3 Last.

FOREIGN TONE BRINGS RISE

Day's Exports Large, with Week's Total of 223,179 Bales, the Greatest Since Jan. 16.

There was a good deal of bullishness in the cotton market yesterday, due to reports of heavy foreign buying and of big foreign demand likely to develop in the near future and on the wide circulation around the ring of reports that the Senate would very shortly pass the Peace Treaty. This latter was used extensively to inspire the local crowd, and served its purpose well. On the bulge in the afternoon, March, the spot month, got up to an even 40 cents, thereby duplicating the high contract record made by December on Dec. 3 last. Other months, however, were slightly lower yesterday than the corresponding months had been on that earlier date. Spot cotton, on the other hand, which was quoted unchanged at 41 cents yesterday, was three-fourths of a cent higher than it had been last December.

Reports from the South indicated that the spot markets there were somewhat stronger than they had been recently, but these quotations are also lower than they were at the top of the big movement last Fall. The demand for spots in the South yesterday was good and there were some large sales made, but the turnover in most places was not above normal.

The Liverpool market did better than was expected of it. This was explained in private cables on the ground that the recent process of hedging by selling there and buying here and been reversed. Most of this operation is based on the exchange market, and it was presumed that at Liverpool, where the transaction is very popular, had been somewhat overdone in recent days and that yesterday some of the big operators there were undoing some of their trades.

Exports for the day were again large, amounting to 45,312 bales, making the total for the week 223,179 bales, the largest total for any week since that of Jan. 16, and a big increase over last week's exports of 128,126 bales. On this showing the trade is now looking for a big return of exports for the month, as it is understood that arrangements are being made for forwarding a cosiderable amount of the staple the next fortnight. Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open	High	Low	Close	Previous Day.
March	39.65	40.00	39.65	39.99	39.50
May	36.40	37.05	36.44	36.95@37.05	36.53
July	33.81	34.35	33.68	34.22@34.25	33.77
Sept.	.....	.....	.....	32.75	32.45
Oct.	31.50	31.97	31.35	31.95@31.97	31.55
Dec.	30.50	31.00	30.37	30.95@30.99	30.60

The local market for spot cotton was steady, unchanged at 41c for middling uplands; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 42.50c; New Orleans, 41c; Savannah, 40c; Augusta, 40c; Memphis, 40c; Houston, 41c; Little Rock, 40c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	32,105	25,365	58,715
Exports	45,312	21,940	61,471
Exports, season	4,6..2,820	4,459,739	3,183,038
New York stocks	52,781	51,347	86,791
Port stocks	1,315,505	1,423,873	1,306,628
N. Y. arrivals	2,529	2,367	.....

Liverpool cables; spot cotton quiet at 22.65d for middling. Sales 5,000 bales of which American 3,000. Imports, none. Future opened steady, 17 to 24 points up and closed steady 6 points down to 11 points up on the day. Prices, March, 20.49d, May 20.37d, July 24.39d, Oct., 22.48d. Manchester, Yarns and cloths were quiet and firm.

Bank of France Statement.

PARIS, March 12.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand increased	376,000
Silver in hand decreased	1,553,946
Notes in circulation increased	109,067,740
Treasury deposits decreased	8,417,858
General deposits decreased	57,671,250
Bills discounted decreased	298,594,000
Advances increased	27,972,011

There were no fresh advances to the State during the week.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. Cot. Oil.	6	Sept.2,'24	96	96¼	6.35
Am. T. & T.	6	Oct., 1922	94⅝	95	8.25
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1923	94¼	94⅝	7.80
Am. Thread.	6	Dec.15,'28	99½	100¼	6.00
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1920	100⅛	100⅜	6.00
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1921	100½	101¼	6.10
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1922	101	101⅜	6.35
Am. Tobacco.	6	Nov., 1923	101¼	101⅝	6.45
AnacondaCop.	6	Jan., 1929	95	95¼	6.60
Armour & Co.	6	June20,'24	99⅜	100⅜	....
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	99⅝	100	7.00
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar. 2,'24	93⅝	94	7.70
C. Argen. R.	6	Feb.,1927	80¼	83	....
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	99½	100¼	5.65
Cudahy Pack.	7	July 15,'23	99⅜	100½	6.85
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug. 2,'20	99	99¼	6.00
Fed. Sug. R.	—	Nov., 1924	95	96¼	6.90
General Elec.	6	July, 1929	103¾	104¼	6.60
G. North. Ry.	5	Sept.,1920	98¼	98¾	7.15
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1921	97½	98¾	6.90
Hocking Val.	6	Mar.,1924	92	95	7.45
Int. Rc.	6	Sept.,1921	74	76	....
Kan. C. Ter.	6	Nov., 1923	97	98	6.60
Laclede Gas.	7	Jan., 1929	95¼	96¼	7.55
Lig. & Myers.	6	Dec., 1921	98¼	98⅝	6.80
Moline Plow.	7	Sept.,1920	99½	101	5.95
N. Y. Cen.	6	Sept.,1921	99¼	99¾	6.00
Phila. Co.	4½	Feb., 1922	94½	95¼	8.60
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	98⅜	97¼	6.35
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	100	100⅛	6.00
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	100¼	101¼	6.30
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	101¼	102¼	6.15
Pub. S. Corp.	7	Mar., 1922	85½	87¼	14.40
R. J. Reynolds Tobacco	6	Aug., 1922	98	98¾	6.60
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	94	94½	9.10
Swift & Co.	6	Aug.15,'21	98¾	99¼	6.55
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sept.15,'22	84½	85½	12.40
War F. Corp.	—	Apr., 1920	99¼	99¾	4.03

EARNINGS.

Public Utilities.

AMERICAN GAS COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1920.	1919.	1918.	1917.
Gross	$7,180,482	$6,524,069	$5,287,706	
Net	2,291,175	1,784,665	2,052,200	
Total income	2,580,343	2,115,583	2,316,833	
Total revenue	1,216,612	838,700	974,327	
Bal. aft. chgs.	1,364,490	*84,063	438,348	
Cr. P. and L.	1,215,040	933,286	1,178,548	

HELENA LIGHT & RAILWAY CO. for January—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
Gross	34,275	32,837	1,438
Net aft. tax	9,665	9,717	*52
12 mos.' gross	356,035	318,372	37,663
Net aft. tax	71,266	51,415	19,851

KEYSTONE TELEPHONE CO. of Philadelphia, the Keystone Telephone Co. (of New Jersey) and Eastern Telephone and Telegraph Co. for year ended Dec. 31—

	1919.	1918.	Increase.
Gross	1,636,449	1,605,721	50,728
Net aft. exp.	560,522	664,042	*103,520
†Surplus	6,735	8,620	*1,885
Pf. divid.	58,108	116,211	*58,108
Prec. sur.	353,702	273,530	*39,801
P. and L.	882,423	953,792	*51,369

†After interest charges, bond discount and renewal reserve.

Jan. gross	247,587	214,040	33,547
Net aft. tax	65,511	101,778	*36,267
12 mos.' gross	2,537,704	2,251,820	305,884
Net aft. tax	871,701	1,055,075	*183,284

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous.

LA BELLE IRON WORWS for the year ended Dec. 31:

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Tot. income	3,852,789	9,479,129	14,198,404
Net income	2,462,466	7,715,679	12,791,560
Charges	1207,853	5,130,263	6,394,632
Net profits	2,254,613	2,585,416	6,396,928
Dividends	1,586,464	1,983,080	1,983,080
Sur. for year	668,149	602,336	4,413,848
P. & L. sur.	10,791,098	10,122,948	9,520,611

†Net income after provision for exhaustion of minerals, general depreciation, adjustment, &c., and bond interest.

*Only special charges in 1919 were provision for Federal taxes.

UNITED PROFITS-SHARING for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Net op. earn.	$407,130	$211,525	192,968
Net profit	407,130	211,525	241,106
Sur. for year	284,269	129,617	159,198
P. and L. sur.	*453,459	*255,545	*192,334

†Includes other income of dividends on investments, &c.

*Subject to change on account of Federal excess profits war taxes.

UNITED STATES CAST IRON PIPE & FOUNDRY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1919.	1918.	1917.
*Net op. loss	76,213	$1,541,581	$1,820,744
Total income	6,344	1,600,585	1,863,095
Loss for yr.	303,703	$1,100,037	$1,324,140

*After maintenance, taxes, adjustments of inventories, &c.

†Income.

BUY AIR BRAKE COMPANY.

Kidder, Peabody & Co., John F. Alvord and Goethals in Control.

Kidder, Peabody & Co., John F. Alvord and George W. Goethals & Co., Inc., have acquired a controlling interest in the Automatic Straight Air-Brake Company, and the company has arranged to enter actively into the manufacture and sale of its new device, which is expected to revolutionize present practices in railroad train brake control. New Directors elected to the board are John F. Alvord, President of the company; William L. Benedict of Kidder, Peobody & Co.; Robert E. Graham of George W. Goethals & Co., Inc.; Edward D. Kenna, formerly Vice President of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railway Company, and Robert Winsor of Kidder, Peabody & Co.

Other Directors are Carl H. Ganter of Shattuck, Gleen, Huss & Ganter; Harry L. Miller, James B. Mortimer, President of the North American Company, and Morgan J. O'Brien of O'Brien, Boardman, Parker & Fox. Harry L. Miller and Harry B. Hunt are Vice Presidents. The stock of the company has been placed in a five-year voting trust, with the following as Voting Trustees: Messrs. Alvord, Benedict, Kenna, Miller and Mortimer.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

The trade reviews of the week state that there are indications in some lines of growing conservatism. Better weather is held responsible for an improvement in business, but there is decided resistance to many of the high prices now being asked in many lines.

Dun's Review says:

Recovery of production and distribution of goods from the disorganizing effects of repeated storms of unusual severity is in progress, though serious transportation handicaps remain in some sections, and encouragement is derived from the accumulating indications that the high point of some commodity prices has at last been witnessed. While a decline of only about three-tenths of 1 per cent. in Dun's Index Number as of March 1 seems trivial in comparison with the preceding extraordinary upturn, yet it is significant as reflecting a change in the main price movement, and may conceivably be the forerunner of a gradual, if irregular, downward readjustment.

Bradstreet's says:

While business in wholesale lines continues at a good pace a progressive tendency is reflected, in the week's trade advices, and this with inclement weather in many sections has had an influence in bringing about a quieter tone in retail trade. Purchasing for immediate needs is reported as in general satisfactory, but there is a more pronounced disposition to limit commitments for the future. The main influence in inducing caution in respect to providing for more distant requirements is the feeling reflected in dispatches from many quarters that prices have about reached the top and that readjustments in a downward direction may be looked for in the not distant future.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The stockholders of the Mahoning & Shenango Railway & Light Company have voted to change the name of the company to Pennsylvania-Ohio Electric Company. The Pennsylvania Utilities Commission, it is said, has granted the company permission to increase fares from 6 to 7 per cent.

The Habirshaw Electric Cable Company has sold to a syndicate headed by Potter, Bros, & Co. $2,000,000 7 per cent., fifteen-year convertible debenture bonds and 40,000 shares of common stock, which will shortly be offered to the public.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Stutz Motor Car Company has been called for March 26 to vote upon an increase in the number of shares of the company from 100,000 to 120,000, without par value. If the proposal is acted upon favorably it is said to be the plan to have the new stock given to shareholders as a stock dividend. A transfer of $5 per share from surplus to capital account is also contemplated.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Receune receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$11,370,666	$208,546,919
Internal Revenue—		
Inc. and prof. tax.	96,872,934	2,196,199,585
Miscellaneous	50,611,599	1,049,004,757
Miscel. revenue	9,118,959	425,848,155
Total	$167,974,159	$3,879,599,417
Exc. of rects. over disb., excl. of principal of pub. debt.	6,727,180	.....
Exc. of disb. over receipts, excl. of principal of public debt	.....	768,980,597
Expenditures	161,259,882	4,268,902,633

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ariz Exten.	12	13	Mex Met.	15	18
Ariz Silver	1⅜	1½	Midway M.	50	70
Black H.	7/8	85	Mojave T.	8	15
Bohemia	1¾	2	Mon. Shore	70	75
Bost Mon.	63	64	Nat L & Z.	5	8
Calaveras	....	1⅛	New Doug.	10	14
Chief Con.	4⅜	4¾	New Baltic	3	4
Cons Cop.	4¾	4⅞	Nixon	14	17
Crown R.	45	46	Onondaga	15	40
Crystal	33	36	Orpheum	31¼	31½
Denbigh	31	34	Pilgrim	14	17
Eagle B B.	2¼	2⅝	Pioneer	80	1
Fortuna	1¾	2	Ranger P.	....	45
Gadsden	....	1⅜	Rainier	1⅛	1½
Homa Oil	11	12	Seven Met.	21	22
Houghton	50	75	S W M. f p	3¼	4
Iron Blos.	30	40	Silver Reef	17	19
Iron Cap.	1¼	1⅝	Tecoma	21	24
Jerome	42	43	U V Exten	38½	39
La Rose	40	50	Yukon	1⅝	1⅞
Majestic	18	24			

VOTES $1,140,000 FOR 200 CITY BUSES

Board of Estimate Calls for Bids and Specifications as Soon as Possible.

TAX NOTE ISSUE PLANNED

Whalen Sees Boon in Citywide System That Will Rid Streets of Cars and Tracks.

The report of the Finance and Budget Committee of the Board of Estimate recommending an appropriation of $1,140,000 for the purchase of 200 motor buses for use in place of abandoned surface car lines, was yesterday unanimously approved by the board. The money is to be raised at once by the issue of tax notes, and Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, was directed to prepare contracts and specifications for competitive bidding for the buses, to submit these forms, together with a full description of the type, style and size of vehicles to the board as quickly as possible. Later, routes on which the buses are to be operated will be laid out.

Then followed a discussion as to where the buses were to be employed. Mayor Hylan told Mr. Whalen to be sure that some of the buses be sent to Staten Island for use along the routes abandoned by the Midland Railway Company. President LaGuardia of the Board of Aldermen said that a line of buses should be operated in Richmond County between the St. George Ferry and the Army Base Hospital at Fox Hills for a five-cent fare. This suggestion, in the shape of a motion, was adopted, thus overruling the contention of President Van Name at a recent hearing that the privilege was held by a private party who should be allowed to retain it.

Later in the day Mr. Whalen made this comment:

"The action of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment in appropriating a million dollars for the municipal operation and ownership of a bus system throughout the City of New York is a great step along the line of progress. When the buses are placed in operation and the street cars and street car tracks are eliminated from the roadways, it will completely revolutionize the city's traffic problems and will be a solution of the many difficulties occasioned by the present method of surface car transportation, which have been most aggravating to the people.

"The policy of the city in connection with the operation of the bus system by the Department of Plant and Structures will be one of courtesy and efficient service. It will also afford to the City of New York an additional source of revenue which is very much needed. It will relieve, in a measure, when the municipal bus operation is made city wide, the great burden of taxation. It will also help largely to build up the sparsely occupied territory in the city."

Mr. Whalen estimates that the buses will cost $5,500 each, that each bus will have a seating capacity for twenty-seven passengers and that the enterprise will net the city an annual profit of $275,064. It is expected to have the buses in operation within sixty days. They are to operate at a five-cent fare.

La Belle Iron Profits $2,254,613.

The La Belle Iron Works report profits, after all charges and Federal taxes, of $2,254,613 for last year. This is equivalent, after preferred dividends, to $14.74 a share on the common stock. In the preceding year the earnings were equal to $18.07 a share on the common.

American Gas Surplus Increases.

The American Gas Company in its report for 1919 shows a surplus after the deduction of charges and taxes amounting to $344,490. This was equal to $4.41 a share earned on the $7,804,100 capital stock, as compared with $1.07 earned in 1918.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	9.25	....	9.25	9.50
Spelter	....	9.15	....	9.25
Antimony	11.00	11.50	11.25	11.50
Quicksilver	....	$89.00	....	$89.00
Aluminium	*32.00	33.00	*32.00	33.00
Iron, No. 2X Silicon	44.80	45.80	44.80	45.80

Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 18¾c, 30 days; on Metal Exchange 18½c for spot.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	110	0	0	108	5	0
Copper, futures	113	5	0	111	10	0
Tin, spot	357	15	0	388	0	0
Tin, futures	392	5	0	395	0	0
Spelter, spot	55	0	0	55	0	0
Spelter, futures	58	0	0	58	0	0
Lead, spot	48	10	0	49	5	0
Lead, futures	50	15	0	51	15	0

METAL STOCK INCREASED.

American Company Votes to Raise Capital to $14,000,000.

The Directors of the American Metal Company yesterday voted to increase the company's outstanding capital stock from $7,000,000 to $14,000,000 by the sale of 70,000 shares of stock at par, $100, pro rata to stockholders of record at the close of business March 15. The new shares will be issued on or about June 15 and all the shareholders will take their pro rata allotment. The company has an authorized capital of $25,000,000.

The American Metal Company was sold by the Alien Property Custodian some time ago, but the sale was set aside. At a subsequent sale the company was purchased by a syndicate headed by C. D. Barney & Co. Later the company acquired the entire business of L. Vogelstein & Co., an independent metal producing and trading concern.

Britain Exports Gold and Silver.

LONDON, March 12.—It was officially stated tonight that the amount of bullion and specie exported during the week ended March 10 amounted to £460,822, of which £338,588 were in gold and the remainder in silver.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,800 ‡Acme Coal	2¼	2¼	2¼	100 ‡LincolnM,A	50	50	50
300 ‡Aetna Expl	8½	8½	8½	100 ‡Loco, n	20	20	20
2,800 Am Saf Raz	9⅝	9¼	9¼	1,000 Marc of Cand	5⅝	5¼	5⅝
500 Armour L	16⅜	16½	16½	1,000 N A P & P	6⅝	5½	6⅛
800 ‡BenfordAE	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	1,500 ‡OrpheumCir	32	31⅛	31⅛
300 ‡B-A Chem	8	8	8	100 Patch-Ply	40	40	40
5,000 ‡B-ATob,cp	20½	19½	20	1,500 Perfec Tire	4¼	4	4
4,000 ‡B-ATob,rts	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜	1,500 ‡Press T&T	3½	2½	3½
1,100 B-ATob,reg	20	19⅜	20	1,100 ‡Radio, w i	2⅞	2⅜	2⅞
500 ‡B-ATrts,reg	7½	7½	7⅜	1,400 ‡ Do pf, wi	3	2⅞	3
200 ‡Butler Bros	52	51½	52	2,800 ‡Repub Rub	4⅝	4½	4⅝
100 ‡Car L & P	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	100 ‡StandParts	40	40	40
300 ‡Conley Foil	26½	26¼	26½	4,000 Sub Boat	17½	16	17
100 ‡CurtissAero	7⅛	7	7⅛	500 ‡U S H S T	32	31½	32
700 ‡EastCFish	11½	9⅝	11½	500 ‡UnPicProd	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
100 Fire Tire pf	70	70	70	2,500 Un Prof Sh	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
12,000 ‡Gen Asph	105½	98½	102	900 ‡UnRsCandy	14⅞	14⅜	14⅞
500 ‡Gen Tire	1	¾	1	100 ‡U S Distrib	52	52	52
150 ‡Gil Saf Raz	177	176	176	6,000 ‡U S S Co	3	2¾	2⅞
500 Grape-Ola	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	600 U S Transp	10½	10⅜	10½
700 Do pf	2½	2	2½	400 ‡Wm Davies	43	42	42½
100 ‡Hall Signal	6	6	6	200 ‡Wyills Corp	20	19¾	19¾
1,200 Indian Pack	15	14⅝	14⅝	800 ‡World Film	¾	¾	¾
800 ‡KayCoGas	2	1⅞	1⅞	1,600 ‡ Do 1st pf	1	1	1
200 KeySolether	13¼	13⅛	13⅛	1,500 ‡ Do 2d pf	½	½	½
100 Lima Loco	90	90	90				

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

35 ‡Sou Pa Oil	343	340	340	300 ‡St Oil, N J	805	790	795
85 ‡St Oil, Cal	345	340	340	150 ‡St Oil, N Y	472	465	465

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

18,000 ‡Allen Oil	2⅝	2⅜	2⅜	2,050 ‡Midw Ref	175	168	170
60,000 ‡Allied Oil	½	½	½	700 ‡Midw-Tex	½	½	½
32,000 ‡Amal Roy	50	38	45	1,600 N Am O & R	4	3¾	4
5,300 ‡Anna B-Wyo	84	82	83	5,000 ‡Ohio Ranger	¾	¾	¾
100 ‡Assoc'd Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼	300 ‡OklaNatGas	39	38	38
700 ‡Boone Oil	4¼	4¼	4¼	200 ‡Pennok Oil	7	7	7
800 ‡Bos-Mex Oil	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	500 ‡Phillips Pet	....	....	....
6,000 ‡Boat-Wyo	1½	1⅛	1½	100 ‡ (x 100%)	41	40¼	41
1,500 ‡Carib Synd	31	29	....	4,500 ‡Prod & Ref	9¼	8¾	9¼
200 ‡Circle Oil	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	1,000 ‡Red Rock	⅜	⅜	⅜
2,000 ‡Cosden & Co	8	7⅞	8	200 ‡Rickard Tex	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
600 ‡Domin Oil	17½	16¾	16¾	3,500 ‡Ryan Pet	2¾	2⅝	2⅝
700 ‡DuquesneOil	7½	7	7⅜	500 ‡SaltCkProd	52⅜	51⅛	51⅛
2,000 Engin Pet	1½	1½	1½	500 ‡Sapulpa Ref	6¼	6	6¼
12,000 ‡Elk B Pet	11¼	10⅞	10⅞	3,500 ‡Sequoyah	½	½	½
1,500 ‡Em Oil & T	1¼	1¼	1¼	2,500 ‡Simms Pet	35⅜	34⅜	34⅜
10,000 ‡Federal Oil	4	3⅝	3⅝	1,000 ‡Skelly Oil	11⅝	11⅛	11⅝
100 Fensland Oil	6¼	6¼	6¼	400 StatesCon	1¾	1¼	1¾
1,000 ‡Glenrock Oil	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	1,100 Spencer Pet	22⅜	22¼	22⅜
800 ‡Guffey-Gill	32⅜	32	32	2,500 ‡Stanton Oil	½	½	½
100 ‡Gulf Ref	38⅜	38¼	38¼	400 Steiner Oil	6	5	5
1,000 ‡Hus Oil	123	116	116	600 ‡Texas Chief	30	30	30
3,300 ‡Hudson Oil	½	½	½	10,000 ‡Tex Con Oil	51	45½	49½
1,500 ‡Inter Pet	71	70	71	600 Tex & P Coal	96½	94	94
1,500 ‡InvincibleOil	37	35½	36	1,500 Tex-Ranger	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
5,000 ‡Island Oil & T	5	4⅛	4⅜	9,200 ‡Texon O & L	½	½	½
1,500 ‡LanceCreek	½	½	½	1,000 ‡Tropical Oil	21	20½	20½
1,500 ‡LivingstonOil	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜	2,200 ‡United Tex	1¼	1	1¼
600 ‡Lone Star Gas	36	35	35	900 ‡Victoria Oil	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
3,400 Magna Oil	4½	4¼	4⅜	400 ‡Vulcan Oil	7½	7	7½
100 ‡Manhat Oil	20	20	20	800 ‡Whelan Oil	1	1	1
1,200 ‡Mar'c'bo Oil	23	20½	20½	6,000 ‡White Oil	2	2	2
1,500 ‡Merritt Oil	21¾	21	21¾	1,000 ‡W'dburn Oil	6½	6¼	6½
1,010 Met Petrol	3¼	2⅞	3				

MINING STOCKS.

3,900 Ala-Br C M	1¼	1¼	1¼	6,500 ‡‡Knox Div	13	12	12
1,100 ‡Am Mines	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	1,000 La Cons	½	½	½
900 ‡Ariz Silver	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1,000 ‡‡MacN C M	½	½	½
2,500 ‡‡Atlanta	3½	3	3¼	68,000 ‡‡MacN Min	¾	¾	¾
5,700 ‡Bel Div p	13	11	12	2,500 ‡‡Marsh Min	19	18	19
2,500 ‡Bel Ext p	14	12	13	200 ‡‡M M & Exc	76	76	76
1,700 Big Ledge	⅞	⅞	⅞	800 NY H & R M	15	13½	15
2,000 ‡‡Booth	6	6	6	1,500 Nip Mines	10⅝	10½	10⅝
3,000 ‡Bos & Mon	65	62	65	700 Ophir Sil M	1⅛	1	1⅛
2,000 ‡‡Caledonia	35	34	34	700 Prince Con	42	41	42
400 Canada Cop	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	200 Rand M, Ltd	39	38½	39
2,000 ‡CandelariaS	½	½	½	9,400 Roper-G M	⅜	⅜	⅜
2,500 ‡‡Cashboy	9	8	9	700 Seneca Cop	15⅝	14⅜	15⅛
2,200 ‡Cons Vir S	4⅜	4¼	4⅜	1,100 ‡Sil Dol Min	½	½	½
300 Cons Cop	4	4	4	1,000 Sil Reg of Ar	½	½	½
1,200 ‡Do B C M	41¼	41	41½	25,700 ‡‡Silver Pick	23	18	18
8,500 Divide Ext p	⅛	⅛	⅛	2,000 Stand Sil-Ld	⅜	⅜	⅜
2,500 ‡Eu Cr M Co	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜	2,000 ‡‡Success M	5½	5½	5½
14,800 ‡‡Eureka H	1½	1	1	3,500 ‡Suther Div	6	6	6
100 ‡Fed Sil Silver	25¼	25¼	25¼	100 ‡StandParts	40	40	40
900 ‡Forty-nine	1½	1⅜	1½	4,350 ‡Ton Divide	2¼	2¼	2¼
3,500 ‡‡Gold Z Div	28	26	27	570 Ton Exten	2¼	2¼	2¼
300 ‡Golden Gate	1	1	1	430 ‡Ton Mining	2¾	2¾	2¾
3,700 ‡‡Goldfield C	14	14	14	2,700 Un Eastern	4	3⅞	3⅞
15,700 ‡‡Goldfield C	8	7	8	1,000 ‡U S C-M	8	7	8
2,700 ‡‡ Do Merg	4	3½	4	6,500 ‡‡Vic Divide, (a' pros.)	10	9	9
4,500 ‡‡Gt Bend	3	3	3	‡‡Wash G Q	1½	1½	1½
31,500 ‡Harmill Div	65	45	65	2,700 ‡W E Cons	2¼	2¼	2¼
375 Hecla Min	4¾	4¼	4¾	2,000 ‡Wenden Copa M	17	15	16
400 ‡Hond Am Min	18⅜	18	18⅜	17,000 ‡W Caps Ex. (a pros.)	3	2½	3
500 ‡Iron Blossom	⅜	⅜	⅜	30,500 Wilbert Min	10	6½	9
2,700 ‡‡Jim Butler	24	23	23				
12,500 ‡Jumbo Ext	12	8½	11				
3,700 ‡‡Kewanaa	4	3½	4				

BONDS.

$6,000 ‡Al'd Pk 6s	78	77	78	$50,000 ‡GenE6s,'40	100	99¾	99¾
1,000 ‡Bond Am 6s	22	20	94¾	3,500 ‡Ky Caps M	17	15	91½
15,000 ‡ Do 1924	94¼	93⅞	93⅞	195,000 ‡Inf R T 7s	75	72	75
16,000 ‡Belg 6s, '21	97⅜	97⅛	97⅛	1,000 ‡SwissG5½s	87½	87	87
6,000 ‡ Do 6s, '25	95¾	95½	95⅝				

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note—Thursday, sales in Pan American Pet. com. and pf. should be Panhandle Pet.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Thurs-day. Bid.	Ask.
4½s July, 1967	96	96½	95¾	96
4½s June, 1965	96	96½	95¾	96
4½s Mar., 1963

DIVIDEND.

DIVIDENDS AND INTEREST.

BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND TO HOLDERS OF ORDINARY AND PREFERENCE SHARE WARRANTS TO BEARER.

Notice is hereby given that the Directors have declared a Second Interim dividend on the Ordinary Shares for the year from the 1st October, 1919 to 30th September, 1920 of 6% (being 1s., 2 2-5d. per share) free of British Income Tax, payable on the 31st March, 1920.

Holders of Share Warrants to Bearer for Ordinary Shares will be entitled to be paid the said Interim Dividend on or after the said 31st day of March, 1920, at the office of the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, 33 Lombard Street, London, E. C. 3. Coupon No. 77 must be left for examination at the office of the said Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, 33 Lombard Street, E. C. 3, three clear business days (excluding Saturday) before payment is made.

Notice is also given that the Directors have declared a dividend at the rate of 5% per annum on the Preference Shares for the half year from the 1st October, 1919 to 31st March, 1920. The said dividend (less British Income Tax at the rate of 6s. in the £) that is to say 4 1-5d. per share net, is payable on the 31st March, 1920. Holders of Share Warrants to Bearer for Preference Shares will be entitled to be paid the said dividend on or after the said 31st March, 1920, at the office of the National Provincial & Union Bank of England, Ltd., Savoy Court, Strand, London, W. C. 2. Coupon No. 33 must be left for examination at the office of the said National Provincial & Union Bank of England, Ltd., Savoy Court, Strand, W. C. 2, three clear business days (excluding Saturday) before payment is made.

Dated 26th February, 1920.

By order, A. M. RICKARDS, Secretary.

Westminster House, 7, Millbank, London, S. W. 1.

V. Vivaudou, Inc.

Times Building, New York

March 11, 1920.

DIVIDEND No. 2

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared a quarterly dividend of fifty cents (50c) per share on the Common Stock, payable April 1, 1920, to stockholders of record March 15, 1920.

S. M. SCHATZKIN, Treasurer.

REIS

ROBERT REIS & CO.

March 2nd, 1920.

FIRST PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 2.

The Board of Directors has today declared a quarterly dividend of One Dollar Seventy-Five Cents ($1.75) per share, payable April 1st to stockholders of record at the close of business March 15th.

Checks will be mailed by Columbia Trust Company, Dividend Disbursing Agent.

ERNEST KRUSE, Assistant Treasurer.

THE BARRETT COMPANY (N. J.)

A quarterly dividend of Two Dollars ($2.00) per share has been declared on the Common Capital Stock and a quarterly dividend of One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents ($1.75) per share on the Preferred Capital Stock of The Barrett Company, New Jersey, Payable on April 1st, 1920, to Common stockholders of record as at the close of business March 15th, 1920, and on April 15th, 1920, to the Preferred stockholders of record as at the close of business March 22nd, 1920.

ERNEST J. STEER, Treasurer.

KAUFMANN DEPARTMENT STORES, Inc.

Preferred Dividend No. 29

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 10, 1920.

The Directors have this day declared a Dividend of $1.75 per share on the Preferred Stock, payable April 1, 1920, to all holders of record March 20, 1920.

Cheques will be mailed.

ISAAC KAUFMANN, Treasurer.

United Shoe Machinery Corporation

The directors of this corporation have declared a dividend of 1½% on the preferred capital stock. They have also declared a dividend of 50c per share on the common capital stock. The dividends on both preferred and common stock are payable April 5, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 16, 1920.

L. A. COOLIDGE, Treasurer.

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE RAILWAY CO.

DIVIDEND No. 34.

The Board of Directors have this day declared out of surplus earnings of the calender year 1919 a semi-annual dividend of three and one-half per cent. (3½) on the Preferred Stock and a semi-annual dividend of three and one-half per cent. (3½) out of surplus earnings of the calendar year 1919, on the Common Stock, both payable April 15, 1920, to stockholders of record at 3 P. M., March 22, 1920.

G. W. WEBSTER, Secretary.

Minneapolis, March 9th, 1920.

GREAT STATE PETROLEUM CO.

320 Fifth Ave., New York.

DIVIDEND NO. 3.

The Board of Directors of the Great State Petroleum Co. have declared a monthly dividend of 2% payable April 1st, 1920, to stockholders of record March 20, 1920.

WALTER H. MARSHALL, Treasurer.

ENDICOTT JOHNSON CORPORATION.

DIVIDENDS NO. 4.

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly Preferred Dividend of One Dollar Seventy-five Cents ($1.75) per share and a Common Dividend of One Dollar Twenty-five Cents ($1.25) per share, payable April 1st, 1920, to Stockholders of Record at the close of business March 15th, 1920.

Checks will be mailed by Columbia Trust Company, Dividend Disbursing Agent.

MAURICE E. PAGE, Secretary.

H. R. MALLINSON & COMPANY, INC.

136 Madison Avenue, New York City.

March 10, 1920.

Preferred Dividend No. 2.

The Board of Directors of this Corporation has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the Preferred Stock, payable April 1, 1920, to stockholders of record at close of business March 22, 1920.

E. IRVING HANSON, Treasurer.

NEW NETHERLAND BANK OF NEW YORK

The Board of Directors of this bank has declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 4% and an extra dividend of 1% on the capital stock of this bank, payable April 1, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 24, 1920.

C. J. BEARD, Cashier.

March 11, 1920.

Office of The United Gas Improvement Co., N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets, Philadelphia, March 10, 1920.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. ($1.00 per share), payable April 15, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 31, 1920. Checks will be mailed.

C. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of two dollars per share has been declared, payable on April 15, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business hours on March 20, 1920. The stock transfer books will not be closed for this dividend.

By order of the Board of Directors.

M. F. WESTOVER, Secretary.

UNITED STATES WORSTED COMPANY.

The Board of Directors of the United States Worsted Company has declared a regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share on First Preferred Stock, payable April 15th, to stockholders of record April 7th.

CHANNING S. SOUTHER, Treasurer.

GENERAL CIGAR CO., INC.

New York, March 11, 1920.

A quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share, will be paid on the debenture preferred stock of this Company on April 1, 1920, to stockholders of record on March 24, 1920, at 3 P. M.

H. V. SHICK, Secretary.

MERCK & CO.

A quarterly dividend of two dollars ($2.00) per share has been declared upon the preferred stock of this corporation, payable on April 1st, 1920, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business March 17th, 1920.

GEORGE W. MERCK, Treasurer.

SEIZE BANANA CARGO IN AGREEMENT TEST

United Fruit Line Asks That Colombian Planters Be Made to Sell to It Exclusively.

GETS WRIT OF REPLEVIN

Other Consignments Are Reported to be Coming from Central America Soon.

A suit described as a test to determine whether the United Fruit Company could compel Central American planters to live up to an agreement to sell their fruit exclusively to the United Fruit Company by seizing the bananas when they arrived here consigned to other dealers was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday when Sheriff Knott took possession of 9,186 bunches on board the steamship Cherokee of the Caribbean Steamship Company's line.

The Sheriff and his deputies, Murray and Curtin, decided that there wasn't room enough in his office in the Hall of Records to store the bananas pending determination as to their ownership, and he knew of no legal mandatory writ that could be obtained to keep them from spoiling while the case awaited trial. He put a keeper on board the Cherokee to watch the fruit, where he planned to keep the bananas until the courts decided whether or not the United Fruit Company was entitled to the $20,000 worth of bananas. Meanwhile there is a cargo South awaiting the Cherokee as soon as this one is discharged.

Stuart McNamara, attorney for the steamship company, arranged to let the United Company unload and take the bananas upon giving a bond for $20,000 to pay for the bananas if the United Fruit Company loses the suit.

The case filed was a replevin action brought against the steamship company, Alejandro Angel & Co., an importing concern, and Joseph A. Caspary, an importer, who is alleged to have had something to do with the consignment of the benanas from a Colombian port to Angel & Co.

The affidavit of Victor M. Cutter, Vice President of the United Fruit Company, upon which the writ of replevin was granted in the Supreme Court, stated that the United Fruit Company had a contract with the planters at the Colombian port from which the bananas in question were shipped, by which all their product was to be delivered to the plaintiff. Mr. Cutter said that in violation of the agreement some persons unknown to the plaintiff "maliciously persuaded" certain planters to sell to others than the plaintiff, and the bananas were shipped Feb. 27 and reached here several days ago.

It was said yesterday that shipments to other dealers than the United Fruit Company were either on the way or would be started soon, and the suit was to decide whether the planters could be held to their arrangement. A jury will be empanelled in the Sheriff's office to determine the ownership of the Cherokee's cargo.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hldrs. of Record.
Am. Gas & Elec...	2½	Q	April 1	Mar. 18
Do. pf	1¼	Q	May 1	April 17
Avery & Co.....	1¾	Q	April 1	Mar. 22
Certain-teed Prod. 1st and 2d pf....	1¾	Q	April 1	Mar. 19
East Coast Fisheries	1	Q	April 1	Mar. 27
Do. pf	1¾	Q	April 1	Mar. 27
Gt. States Pet.	2		April 1	Mar. 20
Imperial Tob. ...	1½	Int	Mar. 30	— —
Do. pf.	3½	SA	Mar. 31	
Transue & Wms...	$1.25	Q	April 15	April 1
V. Vivaudou	50c	Q	April 1	Mar. 1
West Jersey & Seashore	2½	SA	April 1	Mar. 15

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.			
Alta	.07	Hasbrouck	.11
Andes	.30	Herculea	.02
Best & Belcher...	.20	High Divide	.02
Caledonia	.40	Horseshoe	.02
Challenge	.40	Hull City	.02
Chollar	.10	Jims	.12
Comstock Silver...	.40	Kernick	.05
Concordia	.12	Keystone	.02
Con. Imperial	.50	Myra	.04
Con. Virginia	2.40	Pay	.03
Exchequer	.06	Revert	.17
Gould & Curry....	.08	Rosetta	.02
Hale & Norcross..	.13	Royal	.02
Jacket	1.25	Silver Age	.02
Ophir	.65	Silver King	.06
Potosi	.15	Smuggler	.02
Savage	.10	Sutherland	.04
Seg. Belcher	.07	Thomson	.04
Scorpion	.06	Toggery	.03
Sierra Nevada	.14	Victory	.07
Silver Hill	.60	Zone	.24
Union	.02	GOLDFIELD.	
TONOPAH.		Atlanta	.02
Belmont	2.70	Booth	.04
Cash Boy	.08	C. O. D.	.02
Halifax	.14	Consolidated	.13
Jim Butler	.23	Crackerjack	.07
McNamara	.75	Daisy	.02
McNamara Cresc..	.20	Development	.08
Midway	.15	Florence	.20
Mizpah	.19	Fraction	.03
Monarch	.09	Grandma	.03
Montana	.12	Jumbo Extension...	.10
North Star	.10	Kewanis	.02
Rescue	.29	Lone Star	.05
Tonopah Extension..	2.35	Merger	.02
Tonopah '76.....	.08	Red Hills	.03
West End	1.95	Silver Pick	.16
West Tonopah	.06	Sandstorm	.04
DIVIDE.		OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Alta	.05	Argo	.14
Apex	.02	Arrowhead	.15
Belcher	.03	Climax	.24
Belcher Extension.	.03	Carrie	.17
Ben Hur	.03	Como	.60
Brougher	.14	Eureka Croesus...	1.75
Butte	.06	Eureka Holly	.5
Chariot	.02	Manhattan	.03
Consolidated	.02	Morrington	.35
Divide City	.02	Packard	.12
Divide Extension..	.61	Round Mountain...	.30
Divide Tonopah ..	2.10	Fairview R. M....	.40
Dividend	.11	Simon	1.70
East Divide	.02	Simon Extension..	.04
Florence	.02	White Caps	.15
Gold Reef	.04		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson ...	1⅝	1⅞	Isabella ..	3¾	4⅜
Dr. J'pot..	2¼	2⅝	Mary McK.	4	6
Elkton ...	2½	2⅝	Portland ..	75	80
El Paso ...	12	18	U. Gold M.	10	12½
Goldne C..	.137	138	Vindicator.	30	34
Granite ...	10	11½	Rose Nicol.	5	7½

DIVIDENDS.

CUBA CANE SUGAR CORPORATION. THE ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY COMPANY.

Allegheny Avenue and 19th Street. Philadelphia, March 3, 1920.

The Directors have declared a quarterly dividend of two 50-100 dollars ($2.50) per share from the net earnings of the Company on both Common and Preferred Stocks, payable April 1, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 15, 1920. Checks will be mailed.

WALTER G. HENDERSON, Treas.

Universal Leaf Tobacco Company, Inc.

The Board of Directors of the Universal Leaf Tobacco Company, Incorporated, have declared a regular quarterly dividend of two (2) per cent. on the preferred stock of the company, payable on April 1st, 1920, to Stockholders of record on March 15th, 1920. Checks for said dividend will be mailed to the Stockholders. The stock transfer books will be closed from 3 P. M., March 15th, 1920, to 10 A. M., April 1st, 1920.

W. A. WILLINGHAM, Secretary.

DULUTH EDISON ELECTRIC CO.

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND No. 56.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¼% on the Preferred Stock of the DULUTH EDISON ELECTRIC COMPANY has been declared, payable April 1st, 1920, to holders of record of Preferred Stock at the close of business March 20, 1920.

T. C. HARTMAN, Treasurer.

Preferred Stock Dividend.

A quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Corporation for the quarter ending March 31st, 1920, payable April 1st, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 15th, 1920.

March 8th, 1920.

H. F. KROYER, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING 1920.

National Lead Company.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of National Lead Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 1 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., on Thursday, April 15th, 1920, at 12 o'clock noon.

For the purpose of this meeting the transfer books for both Common and Preferred Stock will close at 3 P. M., March 25th, 1920, and remain closed until April 16th, 1920.

By order of Board of Directors.

CHARLES DAVISON, Secretary.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....7 per cent. for the best names
Thursday .....7 per cent. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Anticipating Payments.

One reason advanced for dilatory payments in the various dry goods lines by a local credit man has to do with the increased interest rates of banks. He believes that the higher rate asked for money makes it quite unprofitable for debtors to anticipate their bills and take advantage of discounts. In fact it is to be questioned, he remarked, that there are any advantages connected with some discounts under present conditions. Many concerns unable to get their usual accommodations from the banks are falling back on private loans, for which higher rates are sought.

Better Fabrics in Boys' Clothing.

Since boys' clothing attained the distinction of being operated as a branch apart from the lines of men's wear, there has been a notable tendency, according to mill agents, to purchase better materials for use in it. Formerly the cheapest kinds of materials, most of them with a liberal percentage of cotton, were used in the boys' lines. Now that even longer service is expected of a boy's suit than a man's, sturdied materials are chosen. Mill representatives do not think that this new factor has had so important a bearing in adding to the output of finer goods, but they welcome the switch from the cheaper to the more expensive weaves.

New Dress Goods Shown.

Next week will see the general opening of the Fall 1920 line of the Forstmann & Huffmann Company. In the line of dress goods prepared for the new season the predominant color notes are said to be gray and green. The color range of twenty shades shows these hues in a number of variations and also gives a place to a few brown tints. Among the constructions to be shown are all-wool duvetyns selling at $7.50 a yard, and a silk and cashmere fabric at $16.50. Prices of other numbers are about the same as they were last Fall, due, it is explained, to large purchases of material made some time ago.

They Want American Yarns.

Little fault can be found with the export demand for American yarns at the moment, particularly that from Central and South America. While practically all of the yarn-using countries south of the Panama Canal are represented in the orders placed here this week, particularly active buying seems to have been done for Colombia and Argentina. One of the features of the week's transactions has been the call for hosiery yarns from Colombia, where considerable strides have been made in the manufacture of hose in recent years. A single order for hosiery yarns that totaled about $30,000 was received here yesterday from a mill in that country.

Fabric Now Is Wanted.

Some months ago many garment manufacturers designed and made up models in velour checks. The material was not much of a favorite then, but lately it seems to have sprung into sudden popularity, judging from the call it is getting from the retail trade. From the rapid change in sentiment regarding this fabric, manufacturers argue that the trade is getting rapidly back to a normal basis and one where styles in both garments and materials may be expected to see some changes during a season. Although the trade has never expressed a liking for quick style changes, yet there are those who are of the opinion that such changes bring them a more profitable business.

Gray Goods Market Stronger.

Gray goods continued strong and active in this market yesterday, with some of the recent increased strength of printcloths visible in sheetings as well. March-May deliveries of 5.50-yard sheetings were sold at 16½ cents while, for shipment during the remainder of this month and through next, buyers paid 21 cents for 4.70-yard sheetings. Liberal March-April sales of 39-inch 68-72s were made at 24½ cents. Buyers freely paid 25 cents for April, May and June deliveries of 38½-inch 64-60s, and also bought July-August deliveries of the same construction at 21½ cents. Trading in fine-yarn cloths and specialties did not show the activity or price strength visible in other parts of the market.

Hard Coal Demand Improves.

As the 1st of April draws nearer the mand for anthracite coal strengthens, Saward's Journal will say today, partly because retailers are in need of tonnage for current use, but more particularly because they wish to stock up against the possibility of a strike and the certainty of higher prices. While the April price may not show an advance over the Winter circular, it is taken for granted that the usual Spring discount will not be made. This means that coal can be purchased just as advantageously now as next month and it will prove to be a good asset, whatever may be the outcome of the wage negotiations. Improvement in the bituminous situation is largely in the future, the storm at the end of last week and the subsequent freezing weather having given the railroads another setback in their efforts to straighten out the traffic tangle.

Bond Business Over.

In different business quarters the belief is expressed that the "Liberty bond business is over." What is meant is that most of the buyers of bonds who used them for speculation and extravagant spending have about sold out one way or another their Government securities. For many people, it was pointed out, the bonds they bought through patriotism represented their first attempt at saving and, not being accustomed to having some money or its equivalent to their credit, they fell an easy prey to both stock promoters and dealers of various kinds who were more than willing to take the bonds in payment for something "just as good." The bonds were so easily negotiable that they led to extravagance by those not trained to save. But now, it is said, a large part of the securities has reached less extravagant owners, and the prediction is made that inflated buying has very nearly reached its end.

Urging Commercial Arbitration.

With the end of the boom era in sight, if not actually at hand, and with the consequent possibility of increased disputes between buyers and sellers of merchandise, stress is again being laid on commercial arbitration by the National Association of Credit Men. The March letter to the members of the association draws attention to the fact that that organization has emphasized for many years the importance of arbitration of this kind. "But," the letter goes on, "right now only in a few cities, notably New York and Chicago, is such an economy available. Within some commercial bodies there are systems of arbitration, but the kind of arbitration favored by the National Association rests upon legislative approval and removes the danger of one of the parties to the matter refusing to accede and compelling eventually a resort to a court of law."

Dry Goods Exports Fair.

While a fair amount of business has been booked for export in the local dry goods trade during the week, buying for foreign account is nowhere nearly as active as it was a few months ago. The European demand is irregular and, while it has picked up somewhat as a result of the improved situation in foreign exchange, there is considerable speculation on the part of exporters regarding the permanency of the improvement. In view of this, the tendency is not to push for business in the countries most affected. Latin American countries are good buyers along certain lines. Ecuador, Colombia and Cuba are taking colored cottons well, from all accounts, and Cuba is buying hosiery freely. Business with the West Coast countries of South America, notably Chile and Peru, is not active, chiefly because importers there are well stocked with goods for which they paid less than the present replacement costs here.

BUSINESS NOTES.

There will be a special divisional meeting of the American Cloak and Suit Manufacturers' Association in the Corinthian Room of the Masonic Temple, West Twenty-fourth Street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock, at which problems confronting the trade will be discussed.

The Werbro Ribbon Manufacturing Company, which recently purchased the Odenwelder hosiery plant at Bath Station, has announced the purchase of the Larch Brothers Bath Knitting Mills.

BUSINESS RECORDS.

FAILURES OF A WEEK—Bradstreet's reports 108 failures in the United States for the week, against 129 for the previous week and 118, 225, 250 and 385 for the corresponding weeks 1919 to 1916. The New England States had 11, Middle 32, Western 26, Northwestern 7, Southern 21, Far Western 11. Canada had 6, against 14 for the previous week. In the United States about 82.4 per cent of the total number of concerns failing had $5,000 capital or less and 13 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

In Town.

R. T. C. COMPANIES, INC., export and import, at 80 South Street, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $98,564 and assets of $26,063, consisting of cash on hand, $280; bills, promissory notes, &c., $5,277; stock, $7,252; machinery, tools, &c., $7,746; accounts due, $5,052, and deposits of money, $476. Judge Hand has appointed Charles E. Hughes, Jr., receiver in $10,000 bond. The International Corporation of Canada is a creditor for $49,142 and the Merchants National Bank for $43,061, the latter claim being drafts for goods sold and discounted at the bank from December, 1919, to date.

J. M. W. CO., INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the J. M. W. Co., Inc., 1,416 Broadway, by the following creditors: Paul Arlington, Inc., $1,050; W. J. Fallon, $2,500, and Thomas Naughton, $500.

L. WEISS — Judge Hand has appointed Mary G. Potter receiver for "Louis" Weiss, trading as L. Weiss, jobber in women's hats, at 656 Broadway, in $1,000 bond. Liabilities are said to be about $5,000 and assets about $1,000.

OVERSEAS PRODUCTS CORPORATION, importing and exporting, at 67 Wall Street—Through an error the assets of this concern were reported as being $100,000 and printed as such. Allen R. Meinhard, attorney for the petitioner, states that the assets are $100,000.

JUDGMENTS

Filed yesterday the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Brumnerger, Levine & Marcus Dress Co., Inc.—I. Liebman et al.....$146.20
Hartel, Charles Max Klein and David Dreyfus—M. Aronson..... 144.66
Bobbs: Merrill Co.—Sanger & Orbin.....1,673.93
Braunstein, Max and Albert Saunders—A. Gordon.....1,234.73
Cipolla, Anthony and Claudio Arezzo—E. Scerno et al.....109.45
Goitman & Co., Inc.—Butler Bros.....209.05
Castagne, Angello—Bankers' Commercial Co.....1,185.40
Curran, Andrew—S. W. Theo.....1,134.15
Crowell, Thomas P.—M. O'Neill.....500
Cohen, Solomon—S. Suffin.....129.54
Donaldson, Walter A.—F. Flynn.....244.36
Dinamore, James T.—M. Lehr et al..588.39
Duffy, John—W. Brown.....215.02
Dumain, Aaron (Dumain Clothing Store)—Newport Clothing Co.....163.23
Deponte, Callas Carlos De La Puente—People, &c.....500
Dauth, Henry—Obermeyer & Liebman..179.11
Fred Adee Co., Inc.—J. Hoar.....2,084.60
Fitzsimmons, Thomas F.—D. B. Gallbally 451.41
Federal Supply and Manufacturing Co.—Petroleum Products Co.....135.45
Furman, William—Lenox Wall Paper Co., Inc.....181.16
Flaxolyn, Inc.—S. S. Childs.....130.93
Fleming & Patterson, Inc.—B. Greef et al.....1,415.36
Geller, Isidor and Minnie—H. Eidlinger et al 101.72
Geller, Isidor, Minnie and Rosie Ringel (Geller & Ringel)—H. Rodstein et al.....167.49
Goodman, Harry—N. Newman.....1,065.41
Grossman, Herman—W. F. Morang..647.90
Hoagland, Herbert C.—Broda-Meyer, Inc.....345.63
Hershkowitz, Joseph—A. Woroner et al..380.65
Hannan, John J.—M. Needham.....380.40
International Provision Co.—J. Newman 500.00
Jackson, Joseph A., Maud Jackson and Meril Arbugast—Morris Plan Co. of N. Y.....163.90
Kerner, Bennie—A. Stieglitz et al.....542.20
Kelly, Michael J.—W. F. Morang.....647.90
Levinson, Louis—Rosenberg, Neugass Co., Inc., costs.....109.45
Levin, Leo—Massachusetts Bonding & Ins. Co.....185.67
Lee, Franklin W.—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.....234.40
Lake View Dairies, Inc.—Commercial Repair Co., Inc.....127.22
Lusk, Roy A.—L. Lusk.....100.00
National Casket Co.—G. Falcone.....9,563.95
Parks & Co., Inc., Frank J. Parks and Wm. H. Parks—Philip Buxton, Inc..2,108.92
Rotman, David—I. K. Rotman, costs..122.56
R. T. C. Co., Inc.—W. Schultheiss....1,803.87
Santello, Charles, and New Amsterdam Casualty Co.—People, &c.....1,000.00
Severling, Sam—P. Preha et al.....140.78
Savate, Herbert, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c.....1,000.00
Schiller, Charles—State Industrial Commission 135.00
Schiff, Otto, Wm. Cambridge, Georges Greensmith and Right Hon. Viscount Acheson (Bourke, Schiff & Co.) and Cecil A. Greenfell—H. F. Keen et al..2,356.24
Shamen, Isidore—A. Cohn.....4,221.33
Titian Attractions, Inc.—People, &c....150.00
Ullman, Mulla (Ullman & Co.)—S. Deutsch 105.83
William H. Knox & Co., Inc.—O. Friedlander Chemical Co., Inc.....2,192.72
Wiener, Joseph, and Henrietta—B. Stricker et al.....3,318.40
William M. Crane Co.—H. Brlanzi....2,403.20
Wye Knitting Mills—D. Barnes.....1,254.84
Weintraum, Bernard—A. A. McRae....466.08
Same—Cory & Reynolds Co.....463.95
Same—C. W. Abbott.....147.32
Wesley, Frances E.—H. M. Saddlemire 1,880.68
Same—M. W. Brooks.....1,880.68
Yacoviello, Marco, or Yockayello, and Nat. Surety Co.—People, &c.....500.00

In Bronx County.

Bolky, Meyer—N. Y. C. Inter. Ry.....$117.70
Budnick, Isador—Damarest Mabie Co., Inc.....741.00
Mollenhauer, Armand H., Jr.—Nassau National Bank of Brooklyn.....$6,083.42

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Grossman, Herman—W. F. Morang, Feb. 9, 1920.....$647.90
Vail, Elizabeth A., executrix—D. Jones, Feb. 26, 1920 .....91.40
Ntl. Surety Co.—E. Mayer, March 10, 1920 .....1,357.19
Gefaell, John E.—A. L. Thorne, Jan. 10, 1920 .....525.95
Goldberg, Meyer, Abraham, Benjamin, Moses, William and Lawrence—D. Zadonik 361.26
Fritz, Margaret M., and Ralph F. Gerstle—L. Franco, March 4, 1915..122.41
Fried, Henry—S. Geiles, Jan. 20, 1920..165.12
Consumers' Park Brewing Co.—City of N. Y., May 15, 1915.....1,223.40
U. S. Leasing and Holding Co.—City of N. Y., May 6, 1912, vacated.....264.41
De Lorenzo, Filomena, and Frederick—De De Lorenzo, Sept. 2, 1913.....2,187.26
Dorfman, Isaac and Julius L.—Atlantic Louis, Dec. 20, 1910.....2,294.45

In Bronx County.

Schaefer, Lesley C. and Clinton W.—C. V. Schieffelin et al, Dec. 9, 1919..$108,348.48
Union Chemical Glassware Co.—Barnes Realty Co., Feb. 5, 1920.....86.54

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.
NOTICE OF MEETING.
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Pacific Company will be held at the office of this Company in Anchorage, Jefferson County, Kentucky, on Wednesday, April 7, 1920, at twelve o'clock noon, standard time, for the following purposes, viz.:

1. To elect fifteen Directors.
2. To consider and act upon all questions and matters which may legally come before the meeting relating to Federal control of the Company's properties under the act of Congress of March 21, 1918, or any agreement or settlement with the Government in respect thereto or relating to the termination of such Federal control by the return of the properties or otherwise, and/or relating to conditions resulting from or succeeding such Federal control, and generally all questions and matters growing out of or incident to such control, termination thereof, or following conditions.
3. To transact all such other business as may legally come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all acts of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company.

For the purposes of the meeting, the books for the transfer of stock will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., Tuesday, March 23, 1920, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., Thursday, April 8, 1920.

By order of the Board of Directors.

HUGH NEILL, Secretary.

NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting, will be held at the Offices of the Company, Room 3714, Grand Central Terminal, New York City, at noon, on Tuesday, April 13th, 1920, at which all Stockholders of record on March 27th, 1920, will be entitled to participate.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

R. D. Rickard, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Consolidated Clearing House of New York (limited) will be held at the office of the Company, 36 Beaver St., New York, Tuesday, April 6, 1920, for the election of seven Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be presented.

Polls open from 1 to 2 P. M.

G. W. LIEBMANN, Secretary.

A MEETING OF THE LOT OWNERS OF THE Green-Wood Cemetery will be held at its office, No. 170 Broadway, New York, on Wednesday, March 17th, at 12 o'clock noon, to receive the annual report of the Trustees.

ALFRED L. SEAVER, Secretary.

COMMODITIES PRICES.

Declines in Those of Foodstuffs a Feature of the Week.

The pendulum swung the other way in the wholesale commodities price changes this week, as reflected by Dun's list, and there was again an excess of declines over advances. As compared with last week's changes, this excess was due less to an increase in the number of declines than it was to a shrinkage in the number of advances. A much larger percentage of the changes than usual was supplied by the foodstuffs, considerably more than a third of them being confined to that part of the general list. Only 67 revisions were shown this week, of which 34 were declines, compared with 34 declines in 80 changes last week.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on selected standard commodities. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.....	$4.50	$4.50	$6.00
Beans, mar., c., 100 lbs..	11.50	11.50	10.25
Butter, cream, ex., lb...	.67	.63	.61
Butter, S. D., c. to f., lb.	.43	.43	.43
Cabbage, per bbl.....	4.00	4.00	1.50
Cheese, w. m., spl., lb....	.29½	.29½	.38½
Codfish, Gd.Bks., 100 lbs.	13.00	13.00	11.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio, lb....	f.15¼	f.14¾	.09¼
Coffee, Santos, No. 4, lb..	.24	.24	.21
Eggs, nearby, fancy, doz	.53	.59	.46
Eggs, West., lsts, doz...	.43	.53	.40½
Flour, patents, 196 lbs...	12.75	12.75	10.85
Onions, bag	5.00	5.00	2.25
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs.....	6.25	6.25	1.50
Potatoes, bbl.....	10.00	10.00	
Rice, fancy head, lb....	.14½	.14½	.10¼
Sugar, fine gran., 100 lb.	14.00	14.00	*9.00
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb...	.20	.20	.25
" Japan, best, lb.....	.50	.50	.45
Bacon, 140s down, lb....	.23	.23½	.24¼
Beef, live, 100 lbs.....	9.75	9.65	10.65
Hams, big, in tcs., lb...	.27	.27	.28
Hogs, live, 100 lbs....	15.00	14.60	19.15
Lard, Mid. West, 100 lb.	21.20	20.40	27.60
Pork, mess, bbl.....	40.00	39.00	48.00
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.....	12.00	12.00	11.25
Barley, malting, bu.....	1.70	1.65	1.03
Corn, No. 3 yellow, bu...	1.75½	1.72¼	1.53
Hay, prime tim., 100 lbs.	2.80	2.70	1.75
Oats, No. 3 white, bu...	1.02½	1.03½	.71½
Rye, No. 2, bu.....	1.93	1.91	1.55
Wheat, No. 2, red, bu..	*2.38½	*2.36½	*2.03½
Aluminum, pig, lb.....	.31	.32	.31
Copper, electro, lb.....	.18½	.18¾	.14¾
Iron, pig, No. 2X, ton...	45.35	45.35	36.15
Lead, lb.....	.09¼	.09	.05¼
Spelter, lb.....	.09¾	.09¾	.06½
Steel billets, Bess., ton..	60.00	60.00	43.50
Tin, lb.....	.63½	.63¼	.71
Brown sheeting, yd.....	.20	.20	.17
Cloths, pri., 64x60, yd...	.22½	.22	.09¼
Hides, pack., No. 1, lb...	.29	.27	.27
Hides, cows, hvy., lb....	.30	.40	.26
Leath., b'lock, No. 1, lb.	.54	.54	
Leath., un. b'ks, t. r., lb.	.84	.84	.68
Rubber, up-riv., fine, lb.	.42	.42	.56½
Silk, China, at. fil. lst., lb.....	17.50	17.50	6.50
Silk, Japan, fil. No. 1. Sinshiu, lb.	14.25	14.50	..

*Government maximums. †Nominal.

Twenty-eight revisions were shown in the foodstuffs this week. Fifteen were declines. The only local change in provisions was a decline in bacon, and at Chicago the only drop was seen in short ribs. Live sheep did not change, but the prices quoted on live beef and live hogs, as well as on mess pork and Middle Western lard, were higher.

TRAVIS IS ACCUSED OF 'JUGGLING' JOBS

Civil Service Reform Association Alleges Bad Faith in Two Appointments.

CONTROLLER GIVES REASON

One Candidate Passed as Non-Voter —Thought Other Not Best Fitted for Post.

State Controller Eugene M. Travis was charged yesterday by the Civil Service Reform Association with "juggling" jobs in the income tax bureau. The association, in a letter to the Controller, cited two instances in which, it alleges, the Controller was guilty of violating the spirit of the merit system in appointments.

The two cases mentioned were those of H. R. Armour, whom, it is charged, the Controller would not appoint to a district directorship "because he has not voted for the last four or five years" and that of F. W. Osburn, first man on the eligible list for the city districts, who, after being asked whether he would accept appointment in any one of seven different positions, replied, he asserts, in the affirmative, but, according to the Controller's ruling, was declared to have declined.

Controller Travis had not received the association's letter last night, but when a copy of it was read to him by a NEW YORK TIMES reporter he said: "I refused to appoint Armour because he had not voted in several years. I will not appoint any man who has not enough civic pride to vote. Governor Smith approves my position in that respect. Osburn was one of three men from whom I might choose under the Civil Service law. I chose the one I believed to be best fitted for the position."

The Civil Service Association's letter to the Controller, headed "Travis Juggles Jobs in Income Tax Bureau," and containing the charges, says, after presenting a statement of Armour and Osburn's cases:

"The association does not allege that in this action you have committed a violation of the civil service law. It believes, however, that if the integrity of the merit system in the State service is to be maintained, appointing officers must confine themselves in good faith to the selection of one of three men for every vacancy and that any attempt upon the part of an appointing officer to secure a waiver of a candidate's right to appointment is evidence of bad faith in the administration of the civil service, as provided for in the Constitution and the laws of the State of New York."

With the letter were inclosed statements by Armour and Osburn. Armour asserted that on Feb. 13 he went to see Mr. Travis, in response to a telephone message. The Controller, Armour asserted, told him that he could not give Armour one of the five places to which Armour was eligible because the Controller had to take care of his provisional appointees. Armour asserts that Mr. Travis asked him to waive appointment. Three days later, Armour says, he saw Mr. Travis again, and the Controller asked him again to waive.

Osburn in his statement asserts that on Feb. 13 he received a telegram from the Controller enumerating seven different positions and asking whether he would accept any one of them. Osburn said that that evening he wrote a reply saying that he would accept five of them, but did specifically decline the other two. On Feb. 17, he said, he saw the Controller, and was told that, according to law, he had declined the appointment.

SAYS TAXES CURTAIL LAND BANK USEFULNESS

Federal Impost Thus Hinders Farm Development, Bank Superintendent Skinner Reports.

ALBANY, March 12.—The use of the Land Bank of the State of New York as a means to aid in the solution of the housing problem is suggested by George I. Skinner, State Superintendent of Banks, in his forthcoming annual report to the Legislature.

Present inability of the Land Bank to furnish money at reasonable rates for this purpose and for the development of agricultural resources results from the bank's bonds being subject to the Federal income tax, it is stated.

"If any way could be devised by which the bonds of the Land Bank of the State of New York could be exempted from Federal taxation," the report says, "there never has been a time at which its special powers could be exercised to such a great advantage for the benefit of the citizens."

Bonds of Federal farm land banks are exempt from the Federal income tax, Mr. Skinner points out, and these institutions accordingly have been able to lend large sums of money on real estate. As the mortgages which form the basis of the bonds are limited to 50 per cent. of the value of the land, the funds, however, have been available only to persons of considerable means.

"As a consequence, only the comparatively rich have been benefited by such funds, and the money has been used by them to a considerable extent in speculating in land values," the report says. "The comparatively poor man could not obtain these funds for the purchase of a small farm from which production would be increased by intensive cultivation under his personal supervision; in fact, he was placed at a disadvantage in endeavoring to buy one of the abandoned farms of the State because he would have to pay much more for the money that he was able to borrow than his wealthier neighbor. The tendency has therefore been to build up large farms rather than to increase the number of farm owners and the number of persons directly interested in increasing production.

"While it was intended that the Land Bank of the State of New York should be a central institution for all the savings and loan associations of the State, owing to the discouraging conditions under which it has operated since its organization only a comparatively small number of the associations of the State have become members, and the number of shares for which member associations have subscribed is in most cases merely nominal."

Referring to the operation of credit unions, another class of co-operative financial institutions recently authorized, Mr. Skinner says: "The growth of these institutions was somewhat impeded by the demands made upon all classes of our population for money to support the national Government during the period of the war. A comparatively large number of credit unions have, however, been incorporated, and applications are still frequently received."

The resources of the credit unions of the State increased during the last year from $568,034 to $1,041,000, or a gain of $472,966.

Prince Christopher Retains Rights.

A cable dispatch from Frederick Wirth, Jr., as legal adviser of Prince Christopher of Greece, dated at Geneva, Switzerland, was received by The Associated Press yesterday, stating that in view of published reports that the Official Gazette of Athens had announced Prince Christopher's renouncing all his rights to succession, both Greek and Danish, he was directed by Prince Christopher to state that the published reports were absolutely without foundation. The dispatch stated that Prince Christopher had not renounced any of his rights and that the relations of his family "could not be more cordial."

MORE SHIPS, LESS USE, ROSSETER DECLARES

Service Halved Owing to Delays, He Tells Senators—Motion to Dismiss Injunction Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Although the world's ship tonnage is greater than before the war, service rendered is not more than one-half of what it formerly was, J. H. Rosseter, formerly director of operations of the Shipping Board, today told the Senate Commerce Committee. Delays of all kinds have reduced materially the efficiency of the vessels, he said, instancing strikes in many countries.

The statement resulted from an effort by Senator Fletcher of Florida to get an estimate as to what American tonnage should be. The witness replied that a figure "out of the sky" would be 12,000,000 dead weight tons; but it was hard to estimate on the old basis of traffic to be carried because of the low service now obtained.

Mr. Rosseter strongly favored a "bargain sale" of all wooden ships owned by the Government at a rate of $50 a ton and without restrictions as to flag or trade. While not fully agreeing with Senator Nelson of Minnesota that all Government vessels below 5,000 tons were "rubbish," he said that the wooden craft were "a mistake from every viewpoint."

The crying need of the American merchant marine program, Mr. Rosseter said, was for a cargo craft of the "liner class," ships of 10,000 tons with a speed of 13 or 14 knots. These were needed, he said, to establish guaranteed return routes.

"If we are ever to accomplish our dream of making New York instead of London the financial centre of the world," he said, "the only way is to establish these regular lines."

Mr. Rosseter agreed with Senator Nelson that funds derived from the sale of small wooden and steel craft could well be used in adding such new types to the existing program.

Hearing of the application of the Shipping Board for dissolution of the temporary injunction against the sale of twenty-nine former German passenger vessels was continued until next Friday by Justice Bailey today in the District of Columbia Supreme Court. This court, in hearing the dissolution application, will also receive arguments of counsel on a motion filed by the Shipping Board today to dismiss the bill on which the temporary injunction requested by William Randolph Hearst as a taxpayer was granted. The motion to dismiss the entire proceedings was presented in place of an answer to the bill.

Counsel for the board contend that the suit was in reality against the United States, since members of the board have no individual interest in the controversy and therefore the District Supreme Court lacks jurisdiction.

FAY BAINTER BOOMS SALES.

Actress Joins Women Working at Gimbels' for Bellevue Hospital.

Members of the Bellevue Hospital Social Service Committee who have been working as saleswomen at the store of Gimbel Brothers this week, report increased sales each day. They are looking forward to generous returns for the hospital in their 10 per cent. commission on sales. They have also been buyers. Ordinary shoppers do not have the chance to see the stock as the saleswomen do, they say, and Mrs. Joseph R. Truesdale, who is acting as Chairman of the committee, says there has probably not been a saleswoman who has not also made purchases.

A number of professional women assisted yesterday, and Miss Fay Bainter sold a hat almost the moment she arrived, but selling became difficult, for customers increased so swiftly that the floor space was congested. Mrs. George Baker, Jr., has been on duty for three days and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson worked hard all Thursday afternoon. Mrs. F. N. Watriss and Mrs. Mary Hoyt Wiborg are among the more recent workers. Mrs. George Huntington and Mrs. William A. Bours have been the leading saleswomen, Mrs. Huntington having sold $1,000 worth of goods up to the middle of yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Bours sold $1,300 worth of goods in one day.

LOFT BUILDING DEALS.

Estate Disposes of Mercantile Structure at 96 Greene Street.

E. H. Ludlow & Co. sold for the Chichester estate the five-story factory and mercantile building 96 Greene Street, on a lot 25 by 100 feet. As the premises comply with the factory law and early possession can be had, the purchaser will offer the building to substantial concerns for occupancy. Edward J. Crawford represented the purchaser.

The two six-story warehouses, on plot 54.1 by 175.3, at 5 and 7 Vestry Street, through to 26 and 28 Laight Street, are to be taken over by the 5 and 7 Vestry Street Corporation, H. J. Alheim, H. P. Cameron and W. S. Petty Directors. The realty was acquired last month by Benjamin Bernstein at the Helen C. Juilliard executor's sale, conducted by Joseph P. Day. Mr. Bernstein paid $103,000 for each building.

The Charles F. Noyes Company, in conjunction with Pease & Elliman, sold for Elias A. Cohen 7 Burling Slip, a four-story building, 20 by 60, to the Phoenix Asbestos Company, the tenant. The property is valued at $30,000.

The Brooklyn Market.

The Berkshire Realty Company sold to an investor the five-story apartment house at 45 South Elliott Place, 60 by 100, renting for $20,000, and held at $120,000. B. Zasuly was the broker.

Samuel Galitzka and J. Lacov resold, for Milton Hertz, to James F. Heehan & Co., builders, a plot 200 by 250 feet, on Ocean Avenue, Avenue J and East Nineteenth Street. The consideration was $85,000. Eleven high-class one-family houses will be erected on the plot.

F. C. Sauter Agency sold the three-story dwelling, 434A Ninth Street near Seventh Avenue, to Jos. Rand. The same broker resold the house to W. Johansen for occupancy.

Henry Pierson & Co. sold the dwelling at 864 Carroll Street, 20 by 100, for Robert Proddow, to a client who will occupy.

Jerome Property Corporation sold a three-story house, 1,015 Thirty-ninth Street near Tenth Avenue, for Miss Williams.

Charles Partridge sold to Frank Hartman the three-story dwelling at 81 New York Avenue.

Bulkley & Horton Company sold a three-story dwelling, lot 20 by 100 feet, 116 McDonough Street, for Frank B. Cheesman, to a client for occupancy.

Meister Builders, Inc., sold to a client of James Cavollo 621 Baltic Street, a three-story house on a plot 18 by 70.

The Clinton Trading Corporation sold to William G. Whiteley the three-family dwelling at 1,146 East Seventh Street, on a plot 28 by 110. E. S. Piper & Co. were the brokers.

Completing Big Garage.

Work is nearing completion at Laurelton, L. I., on one of the largest garages on the Merrick Road. More than 20,000 cars daily pass the site of the new structure, which is located at the corner of Delaware Street, Laurelton, and the Merrick Road. The site is 160 by 120 feet and the building will house 100 cars on two floors, with ramps leading to the second floor. On the first floor there will be show rooms and also space for accessories and supplies. The estimated cost is $50,000. The Bonded Construction Company of New York City is building the garage for Joseph Bennett.

APARTMENT HOUSES FIND MANY BUYERS

Twelve-Story Lorington, Valued at $1,300,000, Bought by Raymond Marx.

LONG LEASE IS PENDING

Other Deals Involve Holdings on West Fifty-eighth Street and Audubon Avenue.

The income producing possibilities of New York City residential properties continues to draw considerable capital into the realty market. Yesterday's trading involved a number of valuable apartment houses, including the Lorington, at the north corner of Central Park West and Seventieth Street, which was sold to Raymond Marx. This building, one of the finest on the upper west side, is on a plot 100 by 150 in size. It is twelve stories in height and was erected about twelve years ago by Peter Banner.

Negotiations are under way covering the lease of the entire property for a period of twenty-one years with renewals on a net rental basis to a well known hotel man who will at the expiration of the present leases, alter the building into small suites for apartment hotel purposes, from plans and under the supervision of Robert T. Lyons, architect. The selling price is not known, but the property has been held at $1,300,000.

Samuel and Henry Blumenthal, former building loan men, have entered the operating field, their initial purchase involving the Milano apartment at 125-127 West Fifty-eighth Street, a six-story elevator structure, on a plot 100 by 100 by irregular, located between Sixth and Seventh Avenues, and abutting the Catholic Club on Central Park South. The property was purchased from the Milano Company, which had owned it for several years. It was held at $500,000. Albert Field was the broker in the deal.

Charles Kimmelman bought from the College Holding Company the Netherland, a six and a half story apartment house on a plot 217 by 90, occupying the block front between St. Nicholas Avenue and Edgecomb Avenue and 158th Street. The building accommodates eighty families and rents for $50,000, and has been held at $450,000. The seller bought this house from Burns Brothers. S. Wacht, Jr., represented the buyer.

The Condor Realty Corporation has purchased from the Atlantic Realty Company the three five-story apartment houses with stores at 554, 556 and 558 West 181st Street and covering a plot of 125 by 119 directly east of St. Nicholas Avenue. The houses are in the heart of the 181st Street shopping district, where store values have advanced rapidly during the last two years, and the sale marks the continued activity in this section. Slawson & Hobbs and N. A. Berwin & Co. were the brokers in the transaction and Norman Denser has been appointed manager and sales agent for the new owner, who, it is understood, is already negotiating for the resale of the property.

Federman & Bernstein purchased from Irving Augenblick the five-story apartment house at 143 Wadsworth Avenue, 37.6 by 100.

The Progressive Commercial Association of America, Inc., has bought from Charles Murphy the six-story apartment house, 43.9 by 99.11, at 131 and 133 West 145th Street, near Lenox Avenue, held at $65,000.

H. T. Wood has sold for Simon Levy to an investor the Park Court at 405 West 115th Street, near Columbia College, a six-story elevator apartment house, 65 by 100, renting for about $21,000 and held at $165,000.

Charles Wynne and Louis H. Low resold to V. M. Z. Boyajain the five-story apartment house 523 West 123d Street, on plot 33.4 by 100. It rents for $8,000 and was held at $50,000. The broker was O. G. Manss.

E. H. Ludlow & Co. sold for Mary W. Nadal the five-story apartment known as the Livingston at 126 East Nineteenth Street, adjoining Irving Place. There will be extensive alterations made, after which the house will be occupied as co-operative apartments.

L. J. Phillips & Co. sold for Richard Grant the four-story flat, 17 by 100, at 554 West 156th Street.

John Peters sold for Eugenie Lahm estate to James Garvey 61 East 108th Street, the flat on lot 17 by 100.11.

Harry Sugarman, in conjunction with Charles B. Van Valen and Nicholas Mellell, resold for the Harsug Realty Company 527 West 123d Street, near Broadway, a five-story apartment house, size 33.4 by 100, to an investor.

Sisca & Palladino sold for the Isaac Pick estate to Adolph Cappello 2,291 First Avenue, a four-story tenement with stores, on a plot 28 by 75.

E. H. Ludlow & Co. sold for the Bank for Savings the five-story tenement house 60 Henry Street, lot 25 by 100. The purchaser was Rosa Snitkowsky, represented by Michael A. Rofrano.

Queens Borough Transactions.

J. Albert Johntra sold the two-family dwelling at 19 Bank Street, Flushing, for Albert Schorske of Elmhurst.

The Rockaway Park Realty Company sold for the Park Inn & Bath Pavilion Company their bathing pavilion on the ocean front at Rockaway Park. The plot of ground on which this building is erected consists of fifteen lots.

Herman Frankfort sold for Lillian R. Andrews to J. Cohen the property on the southwest corner of Mills and Seneca Streets, plot 100 by 100, Far Rockaway, improved with a dwelling. The purchaser will occupy. The same broker also sold for H. M. Toch to Joseph R. Sheinberg the private dwelling, on a plot 75 by 200 feet, on New McNeil Avenue, facing Windsor Court.

William Ziegler, Jr., representing the corporation that developed the Ingleside section of Flushing, has sold fifteen improved plots in that section. All of the purchasers are home buyers. They are J. F. Keely, O. G. Westley, B. Puff, M. G. Hand, D. W. Walker, F. S. Neill, P. Gaffney, M. A. J. Hickey, H. Helthoff, F. Phillips, W. E. Toombs, W. H. Unban, H. R. Crecellus and W. E. Heim.

M. E. Everitt sold to N. Deiderich a plot 30 by 106, at the southeast corner of Hillside Avenue and North First Street, Jamaica, and to E. N. Swenson a plot 30 by 113, on the east side of Hilldale Avenue, south of North First Street, Jamaica.

Joseph F. Negreen, stamp and coin broker, purchased from Louise M. Elflein the dwelling on a plot 231.62 by 506.35, on the east side of Jamaica Road, between North Hempstead Turnpike and Elseman Avenue, Flushing. W. S. and A. S. Katzenstein, attorneys, represented both seller and purchaser in the transaction.

Westchester Buying.

Stewart C. Schenck sold for Mrs. Zella K. Peet, who recently left for South America, her estate at Rye to Walton S. Keeler of the United States Trust Company, who will occupy.

The Robert E. Farley Organization sold for Mrs. Anna L. Bisland her residence on Tanglewylde Avenue, Bronxville, to Michael Herbert of New York City.

Frederick Brown purchased from Grace S. Simpson her estate at Scarsdale on the old Mamaroneck Road, containing four acres. L. R. & H. C. V. Fish and George Levy were the brokers.

The Duff & Brown Company sold for W. R. Oglesby to the Dunwoodie Country Club twenty acres of land on Palmer Avenue, Yonkers.

Lease of Gardiner's Island.

Gardiner's Island, at the eastern end of Long Island, has been reported leased by Clarence H. Mackay for a twenty-year term. Mr. Mackay will turn the property into a game preserve. The island has a romantic history and for nearly three centuries has been the home of the family whose name it bears. The lessor is Lion Gardiner, the thirteenth white owner.

W.W. ASTOR PROPERTY SOLD

Tenants Buy Six-Story Loft at 569 Broadway.

The Five Sixty-nine Broadway Realty Corporation has been incorporated at Albany with a capital of $25,000 to take over the building at 569 Broadway owned by the estate of the late William Waldorf Astor.

The property consists of a six-story loft building occupying the block front on the north side of Prince Street, between Broadway and Mercer Street, a structure fronting 100 feet on Broadway and 100 feet on Mercer Street and 200 feet on Prince street.

Interests identified with the Lightoller Company, dealers in lighting fixtures, and tenants in the building are to get control of the property. The incorporators of the new company are Charles A. Gottesman, Treasurer of the Lightoller Company; Max Blitzen, and Emanuel Klein, also of the same address.

Manhattan Dwellings Sold.

Everett M. Seixas Company sold for Adele Mahony 505 West 149th Street, a four-story dwelling, to Bertha Frey, who will occupy.

Porter & Co. sold for Charles D. Searle and Harrison A. Searle, to William J. Jones, the three-story brownstone dwelling, 32 West 126th Street.

Oscar D. and Herbert V. Dike purchased for a client from the estate of John A. Fackler the three-story dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100, at 430 West Forty-fourth Street. This building will be altered for business purposes and apartments.

Duff & Conger, Inc., sold the three-story dwelling at 441 East Eighty-fourth Street; also the dwelling at 613 West 147th Street.

Harris B. Fisher sold for Edward Severin Clark to a client for investment, who will improve, 36 East Thirty-fifth Street, a four-story private dwelling, 25 by 98.9.

Albert H. Stout sold to a client 315 West 137th Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 15 by 100.

Samuel H. Martin sold for the estate of Emily Hoyt the four-story stone dwelling at 130 West Seventy-first Street, size 18.9 by 100, to a client.

Sisca & Palladino sold for Dr. Carmel Atonna to Antonetta Cava 422 East 116th Street, a four-story dwelling on a lot 19 by 100.

The Tillie Klingenstein estate sold to a physician the four-story dwelling at 136 East Seventy-ninth Street, near Lexington Avenue.

William Metzger sold for Samuel C. Baum 11 East 129th Street, a three-story dwelling, 16.8 by 99.11, near Fifth Avenue.

Pease & Elliman sold for the estate of Sarah Bacharach the four-story dwelling, 23 by 83.6, at 45 East Eightieth Street to a client for occupancy. The same brokers recently sold 43.

L. J. Phillips & Co. sold for William Miller to Benjamin Slimnott the three-story dwelling, 16 by 102.2, at 123 West Seventy-eighth Street, between Columbus and Amsterdam Avenues.

B. W. Smith, Inc., sold for Abraham Moses 162 West 130th Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, 19 by 100, to a buyer for occupancy.

Henry M. Fitch sold for Jacob Koch to Dominique Wecchini, the tenant, the four-story dwelling, 18 by 100, at 465 West 141st Street.

Simon S. Friedberg, through his attorney, Charles Fredericks, resold the three-story dwelling at 213 West 127th Street to a client of Thomas W. McKnight.

Other Manhattan Sales.

The Louis XIV. Antique Company, Charles P. Miller, President, purchased from the North Madison Avenue Corporation the five-story dwelling, on a lot 23 by 100, at 9 East Fifty-fifth Street, opposite the Hotel St. Regis. A. J. Robertson and Hannah Freud negotiated the sale. The property, which was held at $125,000, will be altered extensively by the new owner for its own occupancy.

Charles F. Noyes Company sold to Elias A. Cohen for J. H. Kean the ten five-story tenements including 83-95 Goerck Street and 314-318 Rivington Street, covering a total plotage of 175 feet on Goerck Street and 60 feet on Rivington Street. The property is assessed at $132,000 by the Tax Department and originally cost about $200,000. Mr. Cohen has re-sold eight of the ten properties to separate buyers who will hold for investment.

Slawson & Hobbs sold to an operator the six lots on the south side of 163d Street, adjoining the corner of Broadway.

Big Mid-Town Rentals.

J. Arthur Fischer has leased from Walter C. Wyckoff as Trustee for the Countess de Montjour the five-story store buildings at the northeast corner of Sixth Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street for twenty-one years at an aggregate rental of $500,000. The size of the plot is 47 by 85. John R. and Oscar F. Foley were the brokers in the transaction. Mr. Fischer also leased for Edward C. Bodie and others to Tony Fabacher, restaurateur of New Orleans, and Morgan Dowling of New York, the four-story building at 105 West Forty-eighth Street for a long term of years at an aggregate rental of $110,000. After alterations the premises will be used as a specialty restaurant.

Bronx Demand.

John J. Gallagher of the Cusack Company sold 658 Manida Street, a two-family house, to Alexander Aizer.

Samuel Cowen sold to a Mr. Castleman 1,226 Evergreen Avenue, a five-story apartment house, on a plot 40 by 100.

Storminger & Junker sold for L. Schaffer the two-family house with stores at 795 Jennings Street.

Alexander Selkin and Carl Jaffe sold for Ida Brantman the three-story dwelling, on a lot 25 by 100, at 763 Dawson Street to a client for occupancy.

Schindler & Liebler resold the two three-story flats at 806 and 808 Jackson Avenue.

J. Clarence Davies sold for Leo Levinson 1,102 East 180th Street, a two-family house on a lot 25 by 75.

Dry Goods Trade for the Week.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 12.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods has been greatly in excess of the corresponding week a year ago and of any previous year. Orders from salesmen on the road for both immediate and future delivery were also far ahead. More customers were in the house than during the same week last year. Collections are excellent."

Pittsburgh Man Buys Here.

Jacob Bloch has hold for the Stevenson Brewing Company the five-story tenement at the northeast corner of Tenth Avenue and Nineteenth Street, on a lot 25 by 100. Mr. Numuch, who is a private banker in Pittsburgh, will alter the property and use it for his business.

REAL ESTATE

Store to Rent
6 Warren St.
18.6x65.6
No Basement.
Apply to
E. A. Tredwell,
261 Broadway (Room 817.)

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

PRIVATE HOUSE
Bet. Mad. and Park Ave.
In Lower 90's
Modern Plumbing
Hardwood Floors
All redecorated within six months.
POSSESSION 60 OR 90 DAYS.
A Bargain for a Homeseeker.
Address Box L. S. 92 Times.

WANTED
DEAD STORAGE SPACE
20,000 to 25,000 square feet. Middle or upper east side or Long Island City. At once.
Call MR. SWITZLER, 130 West 56th St. Circle 500.

FOR SALE
47-49 Maiden Lane
Between Nassau and William Sts.
Opposite Site Acquired by Federal Reserve Bank.
12-Story Office Building
14,500 Net Square Feet
Available May 1st, 1920
BING & BING
119 West 40th St. Bryant 6410
Brokers Fully Protected.

FOR SALE
POSSESSION MAY 1, 1920
166-168 Spring Street
CORNER of West Broadway
5-Story and Basement Building, 37x70
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY
21 Liberty Street.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
S.E. Cor. B'way & 65 St.
5-STORY—25x100
Possession Entire B'lding
MAY 1st, 1920
Your own Broker ONLY
Frederick Brown,
Tel. 4932 Barclay
217 B'd'way, N. Y.

FOR RENT
Light Desirable Corner Building
One Block East of City Hall.
Three floors about 2,500 square feet each Street floor about 2,300 square feet. One basement about 2,000 square feet. Possession May 1st, 1920. Long term leases.
Apply to
SCHMOLL FILS & CO.
38 Spruce Street, New York City, or through your own broker.

ON WEST 14TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV.
7th Av. subway express station at corner; four story building, 25x103 ft., suitable for alteration into stores and lofts; possession April 1st; central, convenient location for almost any business; price low; terms easy (may lease). Owner, WILLIAM D. KILPATRICK, 149 Broadway.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOME SEEKERS OPPORTUNITY.
3 2695 CRESTON AVE.
3 room house, near Concourse, 2 blocks from Kingsbridge Road Station (Jerome Ave. subway); plot 50x100. Garage.
BIG BARGAIN
To Close Estate.
Agent on premises, or
Alexander Selkin, 382 Prospect Av.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

148 HENDRICKS ST.
BROOKLYN
Attractive 2-family dwelling, 12 rooms, 2 baths, electric light, lot 50x100, thoroughly modern; must be seen to be appreciated. Terms to suit. Representative on premises all day Saturday and Sunday.
ASSOCIATED REALTY CO.
1133 Broadway. Tel. Watkins 9498.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kew Gardens
Long Island
16 Minutes from Penn. Terminal
Kew Gardens is the most delightful place in all our suburbs to live and the safest investment.
Present Prices Remain in Effect Until March 31st.
Houses Now Building
Houses Now Ready
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Sales Agents
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Phone Greeley 5250
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Richmond Hill 1713

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PLAN OF TENANT-OWNERSHIP
OF APARTMENTS
For details address
The Queensboro Corporation
Manhattan Office, 50 E. 42d St. Phone Mur. Hill 7637.
Jackson Heights Office, Opp. 25th St. Sta. Phone Newtown 2261.
Queensboro Sub. to 25 St. (Corona Line)

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET.

APARTMENT FOR SALE
At St. George, Staten Island; modern apartment house, containing 16 apartments; splendid investment.
MOFFATT & SCHWAB,
4 Van Duzer St., Tompkinsville, S. I.
Telephone 356 Tompkinsville.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LARCHMONT. Possession April 1st. Stucco, well-built, on large plot; 9 large rooms, 3 baths; 2-car garage. Vapor heating system; $17,500. Easily worth $20,000.
At NEW ROCHELLE. Stucco, in very good condition, on large corner plot; 10 rooms, 2 baths. Price $15,000.
WHITE PLAINS. A bargain in a 2-family house, $12,000; in best section; a chance to have a tenant help pay your rent.
MAMARONECK. Near Station. House 6 years old, 8 rooms and bath; plot 50x200. Price $10,000.
ALSO Houses in PELHAMS & Mt. VERNON.
SMALL FARMS IN THE NORTHERN PART OF WESTCHESTER COUNTY.
OLCOTT & EGGER 31 E. 42nd St., N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 2326.

THE BEST IN WESTCHESTER
ESTATES FARMS COUNTRY HOMES
BUNGALOWS COTTAGES PLOTS and ACREAGE
ROBERT E. FARLEY ORGANIZATION
12 EAST 44TH ST., N.Y.C.

"Along the Sound"
REAL ESTATE
Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
11 East 42d St. Murray Hill 6441.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Garden City Estates
New Houses, 7, 8, 9 Rooms, 2, 3 baths, every convenience.
Ready for Inspection
SATURDAY & SUNDAY
Long Island (electric) trains from Penn. Station to Nassau Boulevard
Details & Photos on request.
185 Madison Ave., cor. 34th St.
Phone—Vanderbilt 8373.

LONG BEACH
Bargain; all-year-round cottage, six rooms, bath, open fireplace; near ocean and boardwalk; sewers, electricity, gas, garage privileges; auto roads; $5,250; $500 down, $700 on taking title; balance easy; this cottage furnished rents for $1,000 a season. Call on WALSH & FARRELL. Take bus from station.

DIRECT FROM OWNER
Good house, 8 rooms, bath and pantry, all improvements, corner plot 50x150; 2 car garage, price $8,500, $2,000 cash. Phone May Egner, 912-J Freeport, any evening between 6 and 8.

OWNER FORCED TO SELL
good house, 8 rooms, bath and pantry, all improvements, corner plot 50x150; 2 car garage, price $8,500, $2,000 cash. Behr, 31a R. R. Av. Phone 1228 Freeport, L. I.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE OR RENT
Two High Class Hostelries at Fashionable West End, N. J.
No. 1. The famous West End Shore Club and Inn, on the Ocean drive, three minutes from West End-Hollywood Station, on one of the most travelled thoroughfares in the world. Selling price $35,000. Easy terms. Rental price $8,000. Make an offer.
No. 2. The West End Hotel, just opposite the Shore Club; modern and up-to-date; 30 bedrooms, 8 baths; running water every room; several suites. Selling price $35,000. Easy terms. Present annual return from rentals $4,100. Is now rented for another year. Make an offer. For particulars see
J. HAROLD FLANIGAN,
Real Estate Broker,
Long Branch, N. J.
Tel. 1616 Long Branch.

MOUNTAIN LAKES NEW JERSEY
TWENTY MODERN HOMES
for year round living ready for occupancy now. $9,000 on easy terms buys a 7 room house with tiled bath and 1-3 acre; $14,000 a 10 room house with 3 baths, garage and 2-3 acre. Many prices, sizes and designs. Easy commutation to N. Y. C.; 800 ft. elevation. A little cash and your rent buys it. Call for details at Mountain Lakes, Inc. 170 Broadway, N.Y.C. Tel. 1521 Cort.

OUT-OF-TOWN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale
Plot of land, called "Tozandepa," property of Mr. Pedro Ruiz, Calle de Colon No. 5, Puerto Mexico, Ver., Mex.
Plot of land, called "San Eulalio," property of Messrs. Ignacio & Eulalio, of Calle dds Juarez No. 22, Puerto Mexico, Ver., Mex.
Above lands produce oil, such having been found on them, in the proximity of the Oil Wells of the Aguila Company, and as tested by the exploring geologist. They are in magnificent position, situated on the bank of the Coatzacoalcos River. For information please write the owners.

FARMS.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FARMS! FARMS! FARMS!
THE CREAM OF THEM ALL. Pictures and details; state requirements. E. E. SLOCUM, Inc., 141 Broadway. Selected farms in N. Y., N. J. and Conn.

For Rent from May 1, 1920
Large and Small
Offices and Showrooms
Broadway, corner 25th Street
Townsend Bldg.
12 story modern fireproof building.
Apply on premises or
BING & BING
119 West 40th St. Bryant 6410
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

FOR SALE
N. E. Corner West End Ave. & 67th St.
5 STORY & BASEMENT BUILDING
SIZE 125x100
2 ELECTRIC ELEVATORS—100% SPRINKLER SYSTEM
POSSESSION ENTIRE B'L'DG MAY 1921
Your Own Broker Only.
Frederick Brown
Tel. 4932 Barclay.
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TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Potter Bldg.
38 Park Row
1700 Square Feet
WARREN & SKILLIN
203 Broadway

OFFICES
For Rent
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APPLY
Dunklin Realty Corp.
24 South William St.
Telephone Broad 5444.

THREE IDEAL INDIVIDUAL LIGHT LOFT BUILDINGS
10,000 SQUARE FEET
10,000 SQUARE FEET
17,500 SQUARE FEET
Suitable for any kind of manufacturing. Premier locations in the new industrial zone at Long Island City.
WILL LEASE FOR TERM OF YEARS OR WILL SELL
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OFFICES
In The
OSBORNE BUILDING
205 West 57th St.
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Ideal location for Doctors, Dentists or any profession or business.
Apply at building or to
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8,000 FEET
at $2.25 a foot
ON FIFTH AVENUE
Centrally Located
INDIVIDUALITY
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
WELD & SUYDAM
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OFFICES
ON 42D ST.
5th and 6th Avs.
Occupancy at once or May 1st.
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17 West 42d St.
Telephone 47 Vanderbilt.

Offices for Rent
in the
FANCHER BUILDING
96 WARREN ST.
Corner of Greenwich Street
Single or two or more Connecting Offices.
Occupancy at once or May 1st
Apply at building or to
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17 West 42d Street.
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Stores for Rent
In Choice Locations for Immediate or future occupancy.
Apply to
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MILLINER WANTED
TO SUBLET ATTRACTIVE 5TH AVENUE FLOOR FROM DRESSMAKER.
Exceptional Trade Arrangement.
BRETT & GOODE CO.,
582 Fifth Ave. Bryant 695.

5 East 3rd St.
Loft & Fireproof Building
2,500 Sq. Ft.
Occupancy April 1st.
Inquire on premises, or
ARTHUR J. MEYERS, Agent,
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TO LET.
For a term of years, finest corner on Hillside Av., Jamaica, for automobile showrooms, service station and accessories. I. Wehl, 99 Union Av., Jamaica.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

FOR RENT
Big Opportunity
To Buy 20 Year Lease
FIVE STORY BUILDING
Located on West 48th St.
PROFITABLE RESTAURANT AND FRENCH PASTRY
AN EXCEPTIONALLY BIG OPPORTUNITY
FOR SOME ONE
Who Has Money to Invest.
Owner has to leave the country.
QUICK ACTION IS NECESSARY
For further information inquire
A. PAUL, 741 Lexington Ave

5TH AVENUE OFFICES
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Floor 27x90 in restricted Building
POSSESSION APRIL 15th, 1920.
BRETT & GOODE CO.,
582 FIFTH AVE. BRYANT 695.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

80,000 SQ. FT. IN NEWARK.
4-story and basement modern mill, constructed brick building; complete power plant; 3-car R. R. siding; elevators; good labor district; immediate possession.

70,000 Sq. Ft. Modern Factory. Very heavy construction; sprinklered; large power plant, electric transmission throughout. Near D., L. & W. R. R. 5 stories. Very light. Elevator.
Walter Baker Co., Factory Brokers.
756 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. Market 5783.

BROOKLYN FACTORY, 32,300 Sq. Ft.
4 buildings, fronting two streets, all brick construction, floor allowance 95 pounds, well power, heating plant, elevators; rentals $20,000. No leases; convenient labor, terminals, &c. Price $125,000. Phone Bedford 832. ESTERBROOK, 1403 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

ALPINE APARTMENTS
Park Avenue at 29th St., Woodcliff-on-Hudson, New Jersey, opposite 75th St., N. Y.
Four and Five Room Apartments, ready to be leased.
Rent $70 to $135.
This apartment is rated as good as any apartment house on Riverside Drive.
References required.
OSCAR HOGRELIUS, Inc.

Three rooms & bath; Immediate possession.
117 WEST 58th ST.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

987 Madison Ave.
S. E. COR. 77TH ST.
Apartment, 8 rooms, 3 baths
FOR RENT
FROM OCT. 1ST, 1920.
APPLY SUPT.

Bronx.

JUST COMPLETED
2409 Creston Av.
3-4-5 Room Apartments
with all modern improvements
ONE BLOCK WEST OF CONCOURSE.
3 blocks east of Fordham Subway station.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan

164 E. 80th—30x102.2, 5-story apartment; 325 West 83d

TODAY AT NOON

Classified advertisements, including Real Estate, for the Sunday edition of The New York Times must be in the Times Building by 12 o'clock noon today, otherwise they will be omitted.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Bronx.

Fordham Section—Two family house, price $11,000; $3,000 cash; possession immediately; steam heat, electric lights; plot 25x100. Robert Wood, Room 4643, Grand Central Terminal Building. Vanderbilt 7458.

Richmond.

Staten Island bungalow, furnished, 6 rooms, improvements, plot 60x500 ft., on Prince Av., 15 minutes to Richmond Valley Station, 6 minutes to bay; large trees; $7,000, terms; smaller plot if desired. Address No. 11740, T. S. Drake, 29 Broadway.

Queens.

All year round residence, 14 rooms, 3 baths, double garage, with chauffeur's quarters above; every modern improvement; corner plot, 125x125. 1,410 Sheridan Boulevard. Tel. 2340 Far Rockaway.

City Houses Wanted.

CASH PURCHASER for 10-12-room house, Park Slope; 8th or 9th Av., Lincoln Pl. to 1st St.; select residences only considered; principals apply. Hoyt & Ray, 20 West 34th. Pennsylvania 1074.

Wanted to lease, furnished or unfurnished, house, 34th to 50th, west side. A 1012 Times Annex.

PRIVATE HOUSE, WEST SIDE, 60TH TO 72D ST.
ASHFORTH & CO., 501 5TH AV.

SMALL HOUSE, 11TH OR 12TH ST., 5TH TO 6TH AV.
ASHFORTH & CO., 501 5TH AV.

Lexington Av. house; 34th to 59th Sts. Ashforth & Co., 501 5th Av.

Private houses, 45th to 65th, Madison to Lexington Avs. Ashforth & Co., 501 5th Av.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

251 East 56th St., 10x100, 5-story American basement residence, four baths, butler's pantry extension, hardwood floors and electric light; possession June 1; price $50,000. Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Av. Phone Murray Hill 6200.

425-427 West 144th St. (Near Convent Av.), 18x100; four-story American basement, 12-room dwellings; can easily be altered to two or three family; every convenience; immediate occupancy; reasonable price. Caretaker or Alexander Selkin, 882 Prospect Av.

Owner wishes to sell at moderate price, vacant plot, near 4th Av., corner in the silk district; splendid location for new building; near subway station; will sell at slight advance over present valuation. S 382 Times.

BUYERS—It's worth while to consult me before purchasing; have great number of bargains in all sorts of real estate; act quickly. Levy, 47 West 34th, Room 1108. Greeley 2119.

BARGAIN FOR INVESTOR.

West 83d, near Amsterdam—Ten families, six rooms and bath; steam, hot water; rentals $7,000; price $35,000, cash $11,000; no commissions. A. J. Cisney, 38 Park Row.

Fine street corner, five-story and basement building, approximately 6,000 sq. ft.; location, light and air excellent; immediate possession; satisfactory terms; brokers protected. W. K., 124 Times Downtown.

Estate Property—Free and clear, two tenements, 341-343 East 53d St.; plot 45x98.9; lowest price $28,000; terms to suit. Sigmund Wechsler, 395 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Have several lofts and commercial buildings to lease and for sale; very attractive terms. The Finkelstein Co., 301 Canal St. Telephone Canal 4315-1456.

For sale, Madison Av., Fifties, building for high class business. Ogden & Clarkson Corp., 605 5th Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 1124.

68th, near Central Park West, 50x100; $106,000; estimated rental $20,000; mortgages $60,000. Flagg, 15 East 40th St.

54th, 319 East—Four-story brick, 25x100, rent $1,750 (OLD RATE), price $16,000. Woersching, 1,008 1st Av.

Modern factory, steam, elevator, fine light; 29,000 sq. ft.; full commission. Attorney, 154 Nassau. Beekman 2685.

Dwelling, 3½ stories, sacrifice $3,000 cash; West 128th. Keller, 28 West 128th.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale—Up to date one-family 12-room corner house and double garage, plot 80x100; Jerome Av. station. Owner, 153 East 179th.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale—13,500 square feet for manufacturing,; Greenpoint elevator, steam heat, in first-class condition; good labor conditions. Four-story loft building, Livingston St., at Borough Hall; contains 7,600 square feet, for light manufacturing. Louis H. Viemeister, 162 Noble St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Telephone Greenpoint 155.

All stucco, one-family house, inclosed porch, 7 rooms, tiled kitchen and bath, 2 toilets; latest improvements; garage space and driveway; 4 minutes to Brighton line, 1 minute to trolley; builder on premises. 1311-1321 East 9th St., Brooklyn. Phone 172 Hammels.

268 Franklin Av., Brooklyn, 3½-story brick building, two to family, business and private purposes; mortgages $4,850; price $7,500. N. H. Kramer, 51 Chambers St., New York.

Corner 78th St. and 20th Av.—Elegant vacant property for immediate improvement; no restrictions; 100x100; present price $10,000. Sigmund Wechsler, owner, 395 Broadway, New York City.

FACTORY BUILDING.

Brick, 4-story and basement; corner; 25,000 sq. feet; convenient to R. R.; good light; immediate possession; $38,000. David Joyce, 375 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Excellent factory and warehouse site, 240 feet front by 100 feet deep; structure now on it can be utilized. E 390 Times.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

KEW GARDENS.

Plot 50x125, 2 minutes from station; price $6,875. Telephone 6060 Richmond Hill, evening; 2500 Richmond Hill, day.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

Westchester County.

PELHAMWOOD.

Modern tapestry brick house, tile roof, 12 rooms, 3 tiled baths, tiled kitchen, sun parlor, sleeping porch, vapor heat, vacuum cleaner, cedar closet, incinerator, brick garage, large trees and fine shrubbery; plot 100x130; fine location, 3 minutes from station; house two years old; price $35,000; terms to suit. George Kremer, 3 West 42d St. Telephone Vanderbilt 1368 or Pelham 2014.

For Sale—Business or pleasure, finest house in South Yonkers, near two stations; property has two street frontages; house and property up to date; has brick garage for four cars. Address 7 Highland Place, South Yonkers, for inspection. Phone 1584 Yonkers.

For Sale—House in Mount Vernon, four blocks from railroad; nine rooms, two baths; modern improvements; garage attached to house; party leaving for California. Phone Mount Vernon 3286 for appointment.

HOME SEEKERS.

Send today for our list of Westchester homes. Prices $8,000 to $30,000.
G. & G. DAHLBENDER,
9 Depot Place, Mount Vernon.

Long Island.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE.

7-room house, all improvements; plot 66x140; price $6,000; cash required $1,500.

7-room house, all improvements, steam heat, oak trim; garage; plot 75x135; price $8,000; cash required $3,000.

10-room house, all improvements, hardwood finish, 2 open fireplaces; garage; fruit trees and grape arbors; plot 62½x148; price $10,000; cash required $5,000.

12-room house, all improvements, hot water heat, open fireplace; garage; plot 75x180; price $10,500; cash required $4,500.

18-room house, near station; all improvements, 2 baths, hot water heat; plot 100x125; suitable for rooming house; modern; 6 years old; price $15,500; cash required $8,000.

HENNINGS,
OPPOSITE STATION. PHONE 634-R.

NORTH SHORE.

No. 1,205—Plot 100x150; very attractive new house; 4 master, 2 maids' rooms, 3 baths; inclosed porch; right of way to the bay; price $25,000.

No. 2,705—Overlooking the Sound; 30 minutes express, electric service; very attractive Southern Colonial, 9 rooms, 2 baths; hot water heat; price $15,000.

L'ECLUSE, WASHBURN & CO.,
1 WEST 34TH ST., NEW YORK.
TEL. GREELEY 2295.

I will sell the best located corner in Kensington, Great Neck, for $5,000; half cash. E. E. Wenck, 176 Broadway. Cortlandt 8800.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

Long Island.

For sale, unusual all-year attractive home, all improvements; first floor, kitchen, maids' room, dining room, sun porch; second floor, three bedrooms, sleeping porch, billiard room and plenty of storage room in the attic; situated on a plot of over 1½ acres with all kinds of young fruit trees and berries all in bearing age, asparagus, rhubarb, everbearing strawberries and raspberries, grape arbors, garage, with chauffeur's quarters, tool house, including all garden tools, chicken houses, including 50 white Wyandottes, laying pullets; a sunken Italian garden with beautiful shrubs and flowers, shade and evergreen trees; 15 miles from city via Penn. Station or by auto, 6 miles from Long Beach; price $35,000. Stamler, 504 Merrick Road, Lynbrook, L. I. Phone Lynbrook 1573, or New York phone, Plaza 2782.

AT FREEPORT.

Seven rooms and bath; all improvements; near station; two bedrooms; electric and gas; plot 50 by 120; price $7,500. Also nine rooms and bath; five bedrooms; open fireplace; plot 60 by 160; price $8,500; terms. New semi-bungalow, four bedrooms; hot water; living room; open fireplace; near Merrick Road; price $7,500. George E. Wheeler, 15 Railroad Av., Freeport, L. I. Phone 438. Opposite depot. Open Sundays.

NEW HOUSES READY.

Six or seven rooms, bath and pantry; all improvements, including steam heat, gas, kitchen and electric light; large plot; three blocks from trains and trolleys in Rochelle Park, N. J.; price $6,000-$8,000; easy terms. Paul M. Thiem, 1133 Broadway, Room 1212, 105 West 40th St., New York. Fitz Roy 2.

FREEPORT BARGAIN.

Seven rooms and bath; steam heat; large living room, open fireplace; plot 50x170; garage; fine location; near station; price $10,000. George E. Wheeler, 15 Railroad Av., Freeport, L. I. Phone 438. Opposite depot. Open Sundays.

Queens Village, L. I.—8 rooms and bath; $8,500; 50 per cent. mortgage; house 1 year old; high class residential section; asphalt street; owner a college professor and is transferring to another college; brokers protected. Kissam Bros. Company, Queens, L. I. Phone Hollis 6150.

6 large room semi-bungalow, 75x160; modern throughout; hardwood floors, garage, cement drive; $7,900; mortgage $2,000. E. C. Dietz, Floral Park. Tel. 175W or Murray Hill 1889.

For sale, Hollis, 8-room, sun parlor, fireplace, garage, high-class house; also two-family semi-detached. S. Gardner, 49 Halcyon Terrace, New Rochelle.

I will sell the best located corner in Kensington, Great Neck, for $5,000; half cash. E. E. Wenck, 176 Broadway. Cortlandt 8800.

Cedarhurst — Modern stucco house, garage, $15,000. Zeckendorf, 303 West 86th. Schuyler 6641.

New York State.

For sale, Hudson River front; good dwelling, garage, boathouse, dock; 4 acres, lawns, shrubery and gardens; $18,500. W. O. Polhemus, Nyack, N. Y.

New Jersey

Bungalow (California style), large living room, open fireplace, dining room, built in china closet, oak beamed ceiling, kitchen, bathroom, with shower, large bedroom and hall on first floor; two bedrooms upstairs; large, airy cellar, with cold storage, laundry and extra toilet; steam heat, gas, electricity; large corner lot; garage and driveway in rear; shade, fruit and rose trees; price $9,000; terms; express commutation on D., L. & W. Owner, 25 Forest Road, Madison, N. J. Phone Madison 922M.

TELEPHONE ME NOW—New six-room modern dwelling; tile bath, parquet floors, hardwood trim, built-in bookcases; sewer, water, gas, electricity; paved street; all assessments paid; $7,500; terms; 30 minutes N. Y. City; 8 cent commutation. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Tel. John 5047.

Built for owner by day's work; all material selected; 7-room residence with every modern improvement; nicely located on corner plot 75x100 with double garage; price $12,500; cash required $3,000, balance on mortgage. Hallberg, Ridgefield Park, office opposite station.

FOR SALE AT HACKENSACK, N. J., TO CLOSE ESTATE, 15-ROOM HOUSE, GOOD REPAIR; PLOT 185 FEET FRONT; BEST PART OF TOWN; LARGE SHADE TREES. APPLY L. F. CLARENDON, 76 GOLD ST., N. Y. PHONE 710 BEEKMAN.

Morristown—Twelve-room modern new house, five baths; completely furnished; all modern improvements, with 120-acre farm; $500 month, with chauffeur's 5-room heated bungalow; three-year lease. Doctor Campbell, 323 West 22d. 1486 Chelsea.

For Sale—A new two-family brick house; electric light, steam heat and gas; garage on premises; owner going abroad; call evenings until 9, Sunday until 4. D 852 Times.

Thoroughly modern house, eight rooms; sun parlor; garage; five-minute walk to Nutley Station; best residential section; price $12,000. Phone Nutley 918W.

For sale, house and lot (100x144), refined neighborhood, ten minutes from station, forty-five minutes from Broadway; Rutherford, N. J. A 913 Times.

For sale only, eight-room stucco cottage, every improvement, at Morris Plains, N. J., on the Lackawanna; three minutes from station. Owner, Rector 8438.

At Cragmere-in-the-Ramapos — Comfortable home, eight rooms, fireplace, sleeping porch, fruit, flowers, shrubs and shade trees; easy commuting. Owner, Rector 8436.

Connecticut.

Pleasant, well-built home; 8 rooms and bath; fireplaces; garage; ¾ acre in plot; 6 minutes' walk to station or trolley; all improvements; price $9,000. Box 65, Oscob, Conn.

Country Houses Wanted.

Wanted, furnished house of ten bedrooms from June 15 to Sept. 1, 1920, suitable for teacher and few students; must be convenient to station, tennis courts and swimming; Westchester or Long Island preferred; might consider buying. D. C. Williams, P. O. Box 72, North Tarrytown, N. Y.

Wanted to rent for Summer months, modern furnished cottage within 25 miles Manhattan; must have all improvements; seashore; state price, location. E. Guckenheimer, P. O. Box 44, Station D, New York.

Wanted to rent, modern house, unfurnished, 8 or 9 rooms, good location, Westchester County preferred. M 142 Times.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Four choice homes near the Columbus Avenue Station in restricted Vernon Park; seven rooms and bath, modern in every detail; plots 50x100; two are corners; must be sold by May 1. See Prunier, 18 Brookside Av. Telephone 3236 Mount Vernon.

HOMES WITHIN THE HOUR.

(Sale) everywhere. Phone, call or write J. Clarence Davies, 32 Nassau St., John 6084.

Sale; 7-room frame house, bath; slate roof; hot water heat; garage; ¼ acre. L. Birdsall, Tarrytown, N. Y.

HOMES WITHIN THE HOUR.

(Sale) everywhere. Phone, call or write J. Clarence Davies, 32 Nassau St., John 6084.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

NORTH SHORE.

EXCEEDINGLY ATTRACTIVE.

GREAT NECK

HALF HOUR—ELECTRIC SERVICE.

100x100 corner plot; new house; 5 bedrooms, 2 baths; immediate occupancy; price $21,000.

DOUGLASTON.

Very attractive English house; 11 rooms and 3 baths, 2-car garage; beautiful grounds; large trees; price $34,000.

L'ECLUSE, WASHBURN & CO., INC.
1 WEST 34TH ST., NEW YORK.
TEL. GREELEY 2295.

AT FLORAL PARK.

An attractive home town, 30 minutes by electric trains; good service.

No. 3—Eight large rooms and bath; all improvements, including gas and coal ranges; plot 50x100; chicken house, fruit trees; good location; 3 blocks to station; $7,500.

No. 10—All shingle, with stucco porch; six rooms and bath; water, electric light, gas, steam heat, parquet; garage; plot 75x100; possession April 1; $7,500.

No. 15—Six rooms and bath; all modern improvements; garage; plot 80x95; 2 blocks to station, 2 blocks to trolley; $8,500; $2,500 cash required.

A. H. Goldsmith. Phone Floral Park 339.

IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY.

A distinctive Colonial dwelling, 7 rooms and 3 baths; would cost $9,000 more if this house had not been contracted for prior to recent advances in cost of building materials. On large plot at Garden City Estates. Terms can be arranged. For further details and appointment to inspect call or phone C. D. Holt, 126 Madison Avenue. Phone Vanderbilt 8373.

For Sale or Rent—Houses and bungalows; also building sites. Bayshore, Brightwaters. H. Mashagen, Bayshore, L. I.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Seven-room stucco house with all improvements, 211 2d Av., Astoria; Washington Av. subway station; garage 17x35, on premises, suitable for repair shop; immediate possession.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Attention!

For sale, hotel, in Atlantic City, N. J.; the popular resort, Summer or Winter; location excellent; price very cheap; 40 bedrooms; will financed; don't miss this opportunity. Reply Room 54, 1,414 South Pennsylvania Square, Philadelphia.

HOMES WITHIN THE HOUR.

(Sale) everywhere. Phone, call or write J. Clarence Davies, 32 Nassau St., John 6084.

OUT-OF-TOWN REAL ESTATE.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE BY OWNER.
CATTLE AND RANCHES.

1,200 Hereford cows in Southern California on range which will carry 4,000 head; good feed; cattle and range sell separately; also large irrigated highly improved alfalfa and cattle ranch outfits in Arizona; if interested address Station C, Post Office Box 926, Los Angeles, Cal.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

CASH FOR YOUR BROOKLYN PROPERTY.
SEND FULL DETAILS.
F. M. McCURDY, 189 MONTAGUE, B'KLYN.

Wanted—Small elevator or new-law walkup apartment house on Washington Heights. Bauer, Milbank & Molley, 51 East 42d.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Long Island.

Six-room, furnished bungalow to rent for season; located on beach, easy commuting distance to New York. Address P. O. Box 822, Sea Cliff, L. I.

Summer Homes Wanted—Furnished.

Completely furnished house wanted from June 1 to Sept. 15 or Oct. 1; within one hour's commuting distance of New York; must have four large bedrooms and sleeping porch with two baths on the first sleeping floor; maid's room and bath is also desired; state rent and give references. Z 170 Times Annex.

Wanted—Small cottage near a lake in the southern foothills of Catskills for the Summer; family of four adults; prefer to have board available in the neighborhood. Address W. H. Insley, care of Insley Mfg. Co., 50 Church St.

Wanted—Furnished house, April 1 to Oct. 1. Beechurst; highest references; give full details. H 776 Times Downtown.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

FIVE-STORY BUILDING,
33 West 37th St.,
Between 5th and 6th Avs.
For lease on long term.
Immediate possession.
Will alter to suit or tenant can do own alteration.
L. K. SCHWARTZ CO., INC.,
110 West 40th St. Phone Bryant 4958.

141-5 WEST 17TH ST.—LOFTS TO RENT, VACANT; ELEVATORS, HEAT, GOOD LIGHT; 6,000 FEET EACH. APPLY ADAMS & CO., 170 5TH AV.

Sublet to May, 1925, 28 West 44th St., ninth floor, one office, 470 square feet, $2,700; for executive office only; new building. Apply to Suite 1610, 55 Liberty St., or phone Rector 6275.

A FEW OFFICES
left with immediate possession; fine light. 170 5th Av., corner 22d St., N. Y. Adams & Co., 7th floor.

Light loft, 1,000 square feet, with skylight in centre, all-day light, opposite Pennsylvania Hotel, suitable for showroom or light manufacturing. Apply Store, 140 West 32d St.

FOR RENT—Fifth Av., Guaranty Bldg., 5th Av. and 44th St., two private offices with use reception and stenographers' room; May 1, $125 each. R. HUNTER McQUISTION, 65 Liberty St.

For Rent—Approximately 3,000 feet office space in new building; will divide. 117 West 46th St., 4th Floor.

Store 1,900 feet, 157 East 32d St., near Lexington Av.; option of additional 800 sq. ft. at 155; alter to suit. Murray Hill 4960.

One loft, 25x110, 24th, near 6th Av.; also one loft, store and basement, 50x100; White St., west of Broadway. Immediate possession. Owner, Greeley 2357.

$60 rent, bakery with 2 large ovens, 25x75 and store, occupied as such for the last 25 years. Inquire Sigmund Lewy, 1064 Lexington Av.

To lease for term of years, three upper floors, six thousand square ft.; at present occupied by school; no brokers. Riley Hogan Co. Inc., 4 to 14 West 126th St.

Office, 42d St., completely furnished, telephone; year lease; rental $75; possession may be had reasonable consideration. Call Vanderbilt 9295, between 10-4.

Sublet about 200 feet, one or two private offices modern building, 5th Av. address, between Union Square and Madison Square. Address Z 404 Times Annex.

Lofts to Let—About 5,000 square feet; freight elevator service; ready for occupancy May 1, 1920. Quaker City Metal Bed Corp., 183 Lewis St., New York City.

NOW VACANT, TOP LOFT, LIGHT FROM 2 LARGE SKYLIGHTS AND SIDES; ALSO CONCRETE, MODERN BASEMENT. 252-268 WEST 29TH. PHONE SPRING 8071.

18th and Broadway—Corner office of about 1,500 square feet in office building; sublet from April 1 for three years, $4,500. Stuyvesant 4000.

Loft to Sublet—Dress plant with 18 machines, 34th St. location; immediate possession. Apply 114 West 26th St., 9th floor.

Front window space, excellent location, lady chiropodist or facial treatment; must have ladies' clientele. Parlor, 20 East 48th.

Small light space for private office Cluett Building, 13-22 West 18th St. P. R., 803 Times Downtown.

Store for rent, 53x100; rent reasonable; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. DRUCKMAN, 136 WEST 23D.

Share office with one who has stenographer; $25 square feet. Room 408, 280 Broadway. Phone Worth 7082.

Ground floor for rent, 10,000 sq. ft.; automobile section. Call at once, Wenke & Petersen, 1,777 Broadway, Circle 640.

Office—Furniture, stenographic, telephone, light service; rental $75. Samuel M. Goldberg, 44 East 23d, Room 1111.

Desk room to let; large, light office; telephone service. Room 805, 109 Broad St.

For lease, store, 3,500 square feet. Inquire Toepfer & Meyers, Inc., 4 White St., city.

Store, with lease; busy thoroughfare; good for any business. 297 9th Av.

Store lease, 20x50, good windows, for wholesale, retail business. 178 East 119th.

Corner store and lofts, 243 7th Av. (34th) and 162 West 24th.

Showroom and office to sublet. Marshall Dress Co., 275 5th Av.

Brooklyn.

Top loft, 8,000 sq. ft., Flushing Av., elevator, heat, sprinkler, very light; 70 cents square foot. Sigman & Cohen, 1,613 East New York Av., Brooklyn.

Lease 50,000 feet, brick mill construction; all light floors, steam power plant, ceilings 12 to 18 feet; excellent location; possession soon. Ludden, 3753 Fulton.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted to rent office or part of office in high-grade building, either in uptown automobile district or downtown below Canal St., by high-class concern, auto accessory line; will consider sharing office with party having stenographer. E. Edelman & Co., 1,731 Broadway. Phone Circle 8378.

WANTED, BY HIGH-CLASS CORSETIERE, ABOUT 300 FEET OF FLOOR SPACE IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF 34TH TO 36TH ST., NEAR 6TH AV.; STATE FULL PARTICULARS. S 251 TIMES.

Lofts and Buildings—Have responsible clients waiting for space; quick action after receipt of particulars by phone or mail. THE FINKELSTEIN CO., 301 Canal St. Telephones Canal 4315-1456.

Wanted by Christian, small private office, unfurnished, 30's to 50's, May 1; some stenographic service desired. Advertising Specialist, Greeley 2900.

Wanted—5,000 square feet or more for light manufacturing purposes, Lexington to 5th Av., 14th St. to 126th St. Tel. and. 226, or call or write, 7th floor, 15 W. 44 St., N.Y.C.

STORE AND BASEMENT FOR RENT ON 47TH AV.; PROMINENT SILK LOCATION; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. WRITE C. B., 520 PRESBYTERIAN BUILDING.

WANTED TO BUY A SHOP FOR MANUFACTURING PARTS OF 40 TO 60 MACHINES. TELEPHONE SPRING 8714.

Wanted to lease, one-story building, between 2,000 and 3,000 square feet, for oil business. Telephone John 2197.

Office, about 400 feet, 3 rooms preferred, downtown, export district, modern building. C. F. Sweet, Vanderbilt 4960.

Small light, private office; telephone service essential; best references. C 207 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Wanted for Business.

OFFICE SPACE WANTED

For immediate occupancy 400-800 feet in desirable, up-to-date building in downtown financial district; two or three rooms at 200-300 feet preferred. Address B 46, N. Y. Times, Brooklyn, or phone Main 515.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV. (N. E. Cor. 45th St.)—High-class furnished bachelor apartment, newly decorated; two rooms and bath; can take immediate possession. For full particulars apply Supt., 547 5th Av.

12TH, 2 EAST—Attractively furnished apartment, living, bedroom and bath. Lelsen.

39TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished, $20 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

40TH, 36 EAST—Most desirable location, between Park and Madison Avs., two rooms and bath; excellent furnishings; elevator house; maid service included; valet and meal service obtainable. Inquire of Superintendent, on premises. Immediate possession.

51ST ST. (Near 5th Av.)—Living room, bedroom, kitchen and bath; also servants' rooms; all large; decorated and furnished by Sloane; rent to October 1, $400 per month. Douglas L. Elliman & Co., Inc., 414 Madison Av.

56TH ST., 2 EAST—Apartment to sublet, two rooms and bath, furnished or unfurnished, from now till October or longer, at the Langdon Hotel. Inquire A. L. Rosener, 4287 Murray Hill.

60TH ST., 44 EAST—Two bachelors, couple; large studio room, private bath; beautiful set furniture, twin beds; new; leaving city; immediate possession; $125 per month, now to October; three windows.

60TH, 44 EAST—Attractive, large, sunny; furnishings made by Sloane's; new; lease now to October or longer, $275.

66TH, EAST—7 rooms, handsomely furnished; 3 baths, 2 bedrooms, each with private bath; 2 maids rooms; exceptional bargain; immediate action necessary. Tel. Vanderbilt 9847.

72D, 162 EAST—Unusually attractive apartment, 2 rooms, bath and large kitchenette; ideal for bachelors; immediate possession. Seen 10 to 6, Kent.

98D ST. (Corner Madison Av.) Apartments—Beautifully furnished corner suite, 2 rooms, bath, $40 per room up. Hotel Ashton.

98D, 172 EAST—Three cosy, light rooms, kitchen; newly decorated; private house.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON.

MADISON AV. (S. W. cor. 90d St.)—Newly decorated apartments, 2 rooms and bath, $60 up; two rooms, bath, $75 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from Park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

Beautiful six-room apartment; southern exposure; 2 master chambers, 3 baths; Park Av. section; rent from 15x35; seen by appointment. M 138 Times.

Just off 5th Av.; two rooms, $160; year's lease; evenings. Plaza 6924.

LEXINGTON AV., near 824—Attractively furnished three rooms and bath, kitchen complete; parquet floors, electric light, steam heat; $125 monthly; references. Lenox 4309.

PARK AV., IN THE 50S, HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENT OF 10 ROOMS, 3 BATHS, COMPLETELY FURNISHED, ON A 3 OR 5-YEAR LEASE; POSSESSION IMMEDIATELY; IMMEDIATE ACTION NECESSARY. R. DeFLOREZ, 402 MADISON AV., TEL. VANDERBILT 9947.

PARK AV.—A delightful home, 8 rooms, 3 baths; immediate to Oct., with option of longer lease unfurnished; beautifully furnished; don't miss this bargain. Hoyt & Ray, 20 West 34th. Pennsylvania 1074.

Two-room suite for men; running water in one room; cooking; independent entrance. Telephone Vanderbilt 7353.

Furnished—West Side.

17TH AV., 840—Completely furnished apartment, 3 large rooms, kitchen; immediate occupancy to Oct. 1; seen any morning or apply Superintendent. Gottlieb, Apt. 10C.

27TH ST., 26 WEST—Two rooms and bath; modern. Adams & Co., 7th floor.

45TH, 241 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references; $60-$125 monthly upward. Tel. Bryant 4256.

47TH, 132 WEST—Four desirable two-room suites; furnished; first-class family hotel; $25 week and up; restaurant.

49TH ST. (West of 5th Av.)—Four-room apartment, beautifully and completely furnished; until Oct. 1; Mason & Hamlin grand piano. Telephone Circle 548.

50TH ST., 4 WEST—Handsomely furnished elevator apartment; 3 rooms and kitchen; piano, silver and linen. Superintendent.

50'S (near 5th Av.)—Apartments, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; handsomely furnished; $135 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

51ST ST., 34 WEST—Beautifully furnished two-room apartment, with bathroom and kitchenette, to sublet; southern exposure; phone, gas, electricity. Steinway piano; immediate possession. Can be seen Saturday 3-5, Sunday 1-5 P. M. Ring bell Apartment 5. Hammer.

51ST, 245 WEST, off Broadway—4 rooms and bath, nicely furnished, all light, high-class elevator apartment house. Landseer Realty Corp., 241-247 West 51st St.

52D, 257 WEST—ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, ALL COMFORTS; REFERENCES.

56TH, 208 WEST.
HOTEL THORNDYKE.
SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE 2-ROOM SUITE, WITH PRIVATE BATH, FULL HOTEL SERVICE, SPECIAL WEEKLY AND MONTHLY RATES.

59TH ST., 222 WEST (Gainsborough)—Partly furnished duplex studio, bedroom, kitchen, bath; overlooking park; ready March 20; lease until October. Telephone Harrison, Circle 5600.

60'S—4 rooms, 2 bedrooms, front; new building; elevator. Phone Columbus 1278.

68TH ST., 1 WEST.
Overlooking Central Park.
Handsomely furnished, complete 7 rooms, 2 baths, to lease responsible party.

69TH, 19 WEST, two rooms and bath; apartment hotel; immediate possession. Address Apt. 6-C.

72D, 210 WEST (corner Broadway)—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, elevator, restaurant, southern. Columbus 9301. Richards.

72D, 210 WEST (cor Broadway)—Two rooms, kitchenette, foyer hall, bath, elevator, restaurant front. Tel. 9543 Col. Smith.

72d St. West—Office to lease, and equipment for sale. Dr. Brahdy, Lenox 4010.

73D ST., 126 WEST (Hotel Noblesten)—Several beautifully furnished two-room suites with bath; moderate weekly and monthly rates; $125 monthly up, $35 weekly up.

73D, 128 WEST—Small, handsomely furnished apartment, suitable for three people. Willing.

74TH, CENTRAL PARK WEST—Attractive, furnished apartment, 2 rooms, bath, sublease October. Apt. 91S, San Remo Hotel.

76TH, 126 WEST—Unusual newly furnished apartment; one flight; 2 rooms, bath, kitchen, gas range; $150 month; October lease or longer. Huggins.

76TH, 156 WEST—Completely furnished, silver, linen; 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath. Danforth.

77TH ST., 50 WEST—Hotel suite (outside), parlor, bedroom, private bath and shower; $150 a month.

78TH ST., 108 WEST—Two-room, kitchenette and bath apartment, elegantly furnished, until October; references. Apply to Superintendent.

83D, 214 WEST—May to October, 6 rooms, lightly furnished; telephone, conveniences; $65. Call Sunday, ring Berkley's bell.

84TH, 156 WEST—4 rooms and bath; electricity, telephone. Earl.

87TH, 323 WEST (Riverside Drive)—Private house; sunny, large second floor, bath, kitchenette; $115.

90E—2 rooms, 2 baths; new building; beautifully furnished. Phone Columbus 1278.

92D, 306 WEST—2-3 spacious, well appointed rooms, bath and kitchenette; new Steinway grand, linen, silver, maid service, elevator; $200-$250. Telephone Riverside 1931.

93TH, 139 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, newly decorated, till June; electricity.

95TH, 150 WEST—4 rooms (kitchen)), all outside. River 5820, Schneider.

95TH Subway (near)—Eight rooms, two baths; furnished, unfurnished. Telephone Riverside 8093.

97TH AND BROADWAY—Sunny eight-room apartment, newly and expensively furnished; will sell lease and furniture; desirable opportunity. Phone Bryant 5802.

97TH ST., 311 WEST—Six large, light, attractive, well-furnished rooms, near Riverside Drive, until October. Taliaferro, Riverside 8700.

98TH ST., 203 WEST—Beautifully furnished apartment in modern apartment house; contains living room, bedroom, complete kitchen, bathroom, 3 large closets; to sublet to Oct. 1, at $170 per month; may be seen from 11 A. M. to 6 P. M.

102D, 211 WEST—Beautiful bargain; beautifully furnished 7 rooms, housekeeping, sky, sunny; $675 for six months; responsible party immediately. Call evenings, Academy 1195, Wilson.

103D, 349 WEST—Elegantly furnished apartment; two exceptionally large rooms; private bath; board optional; private house; all conveniences.

103D ST., 128 WEST—Three attractive outside single and double rooms, kitchenette, maid service, elevator, steam heat, gas and electricity included; rent $170 per month, or would sell immediately four rooms furnished complete, at new, with lease; wonderful location; reference. Little.

106TH, 320 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette apartment; complete housekeeping; telephone; ideal for bachelor; ground floor front; very reasonable.

107TH, 201 WEST (Near Riverside Drive)—Three large rooms and bath; all modern improvements; apply on premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

105TH, 201 WEST (5B)—Beautifully furnished seven rooms; bath, shower. Apply Mr. Mitchell, Superintendent, or call Cortland 8727 (Clerke).

106TH, 220 WEST (near Riverside)—Opportunity to get exquisite homelike 2-room kitchenette apt. $475 monthly; exclusive neighborhood.

112TH AND BROADWAY—2 large rooms and kitchenette; modern house; $135. Cathedral 5635.

112TH AND BROADWAY—5 beautifully furnished rooms; piano; $175. 5635 Cathedral.

113TH, 511 WEST — Furnished apartment, five rooms and bath, from April 1 to Sept. 15. Apartment 33.

120TH, 434 WEST—Beautiful, 3 rooms, bath. Apt. 8E. Morningside 8440.

121ST, 501 WEST—Attractive 4 or 5-room apartment. Apt. 4A.

122ND, 50 WEST—Six rooms and bath, elevator, furnished, piano, &c.; six months May 1. Somerville.

140TH, 500 WEST—An exceptionally large, light, well-furnished three-room apartment; nice neighborhood; lease to responsible party until October; $100 per month. Superintendent.

143D ST., 501 WEST (Apartment 1)—Two beautiful, large connecting front rooms; warm, sunny, modern, refined home; Broadway 145th subway; $100 monthly.

147TH, 460 WEST—Beautifully furnished three-room apartment sublet to October; outside, sunny; elevator, telephone, shower, &c. Superintendent.

150TH—BROADWAY 4 rooms, nicely furnished apartment; April 1 to October 1. Call Audubon 6110, Apt. 6-D, for particulars and appointment; references required. H 715 Times Downtown.

169TH, WEST—4 rooms, 6th floor, nicely furnished, beautiful view overlooking Hudson; March 25th-Aug. 25th; for couple only; call noon-6 P. M., Wadsworth 4218. Superintendent.

170TH ST., 629 WEST—Excellent private 5-room furnished apartment; newly decorated. See Sup. Siegel. Wadsworth 4600.

APARTMENT SPECIALIST ($175 upward). Wickliffe Gray, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.

ARE YOU PARTICULAR?—Apartments of the better class, east, west of 5th. Hoyt & Ray, 20 West 34th. Pennsylvania 1074.

AUDUBON AV., 185—Four rooms, newly furnished, ready for housekeeping; steam, electricity, telephone; 30 minutes Wall St.; $90. Superintendent.

Beautifully furnished large living room, bedroom, kitchenette, bathroom; off Riverside; $200 monthly; immediate possession. Phone 579 Academy.

BEAUTIFUL 7, 8 rooms, 2, 3 baths, $300 up. 70th to 180th St., to October. Hoyt & Ray, 20 West 34th St. Pennsylvania 1074.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 467 (near 107th St)—Just completed, beautiful modern apartments, furnished, electricity, parquet floors, showers; 1 room and bath, $75 and $100 per month; 2 rooms and bath, $150 per month; 4 rooms and bath, $300 per month; one apartment has kitchenette; seen by appointment only. Phone Academy 1310 or Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 West 57th.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 333, (93d)—Eight rooms, two baths, corner, open view; baby grand, linen, &c.; $300 October, $400 July. Apply superintendent. Riverside 3521.

12 O'CLOCK TODAY.

It is necessary that advertisements for the Classified or Real Estate columns of tomorrow's New York Times be in The Times Building not later than 12 o'clock noon today. Advertisements received after that hour cannot be inserted.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

DRAFTSMAN, junior, neat, accurate tracer, knowledge mechanical and assembly drawing, desires position in city. D 838 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, specialist in gasoline and oil engines, desires additional work; developing of patents. Write T 143 Times.

EXECUTIVE.

nine years' automobile accounting, finance and office manager, experience with one concern, two years banking, desires permanent position of responsibility; young, energetic; married; ready to locate any reasonable place for right proposition; satisfactory references, credentials, &c., guaranteed. Address reply T 140 Times.

EXECUTIVE, 30, EXCELLENT CREDENTIALS, EDUCATED, PLEASING PERSONALITY, PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING, ABLE CORRESPONDENT, DESIRES POSITION LEADING TO SELLING OR AS ASSISTANT TO BUSY EXECUTIVE. C 287 TIMES.

EXECUTIVE POSITION desired by Latin American, familiar with export, selling, shipping, banking, correspondence; six languages. D 846 Times Downtown.

MAN, 30, ex-soldier, wishes position; previous experience, selling and canvassing rugs through Middle Western States; can drive car, do minor repairs; had charge of construction gang. E 126 Times.

MAN, 24, Gentile, neat,, all-round clerical, pleasing personality, good penman, wishes immediate connections. M 760 Times Downtown.

MANAGER store, window dresser, card writer, experienced; best references. Z 395 Times Annex.

OFFICE MANAGER—Capable office man, possessing executive ability, comprehensive knowledge of office routine and accounting methods as applied to mercantile and manufacturing lines, desires permanent connection with high-grade, progressive house. H 746 Times Downtown.

PAYMASTER, timekeeper, cost distribution, large payrolls, desires position. Fisher, 1,342 Arthur Av., Bronx.

REAL ESTATE MAN—Energetic young man, versed in real estate management, renting, leasing, taxes, supervision of collections and repairs, experienced in construction, accountancy, correspondence, desires worthwhile connection in field or office, or take charge of property on commission basis. E 430 Times.

SALESMAN, age 28, live wire, with ten years' selling experience, at present employed as manager and buyer for large furniture house, would like to make change to wholesale line, furniture or dry goods; if you are looking for high-class salesman I am the man for you; no objections to road. Box 106, 649 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN—Specialty, of 10 years' experience, desires connection with reliable growing New York concern; has had great success in handling men; drawing account and commission preferred. D. 4537 Diamond St., Philadelphia, Pa.

SALESMAN, "live wire," wants connection with reliable firm; ten years' department store experience; knowledge buying and manage business; married; age 30; speaks Spanish; best of references; willing to leave city. T 141 Times.

SALESMAN, producer type, experienced, open for immediate engagement; college graduate, 33, single, Jewish; good personality. F 427 Times.

SALESMAN, traveling, thoroughly experienced; 50 years of age; very responsible; salary and commission. D 900 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, automobiles; technical graduate; 10 years' experience automobiles; references. F 294 Times.

SALESMAN wants line for Pacific Coast; hosiery, silk underwear and knitted neckwear; commission basis. C 272 Times.

SALESMAN, Christian, capable and reliable, wishes good line. N 643 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, young man, Christian, 3 years' experience; references. F 28 Times.

SECRETARY and traveling companion; a refined young man; have traveled extensively. F 424 Times.

SOLICITOR—Young man desires outside position, preferably with real estate firm dealing in higher class real estate. A 427 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English, American, 24, thoroughly experienced, dictation both languages, desires position; $35. F 394 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 21, experienced, desires position; $20. F. Vito, 320 East 109th.

VIOLINIST wants position Saturday and Sunday evenings. Zeitz, 846 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

WINDOW DRESSER, card writer, salesman, men's and women's clothing and furnishings; references. Delson, 147 Broad St., Westfield, N. J.

YOUNG MAN, 25, COLLEGE GRADUATE, 5 YEARS' NORMAL AND COLLEGE TEACHING; BEST REFERENCES; WILL LEAVE TEACHING FOR POSITION WITH FUTURE; IMMEDIATE SALARY UNIMPORTANT; NO CANVASSING. ADDRESS ROOM 1, 19 CHARLES ST.

YOUNG MAN, high school education, knowledge stenography, typewriting, correspondence, wishes any position that will, through intellect, perseverance and hard work lead to something real. J. Schlesenger, 1,445 St Nicholas Av.

YOUNG MAN, 22, experienced typist, bookkeeper, salesman, desires position with reliable firm, where hard work will be rewarded by promotion. M 796 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, high school graduate; knowledge bookkeeping, typewriting, desires position with chance to learn business; industrious; best reference. Marshall, 321 Hopkinson Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN wants connection large advertising agency or department; energetic, knowledge poster art, good education; salary secondary. P 422 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, fair education, neat appearance, wishes connection with reliable house as inside salesman, or waiting on house trade. Suhre, 1,125 Boston Road.

YOUNG MAN, 20, well educated, three years' clerical experience, desires position with advancement; references. M 797 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, cotton goods experience, willing to represent reliable concern out of town. Arthur Maharam, 309 Fulaski St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, 23, good education and family, desires position with opportunity learn business; excellent references. S 294 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced, desires position clerical work, assistant bookkeeping. F 422 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced, desires position with real estate concern; salary and commission basis. M 784 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, wants position with reliable concern, with advancement; not afraid of work; references. T 136 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17, desires position evenings; attends school; 3 years' experience as hardware clerk; references. E 125 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

AN OPPORTUNITY

for business women to make connection selling the preferred stock (with bonus of common) of a nationally known manufacturing company, whose product is in universal demand; commission basis; substantial leads furnished and office co-operation; big earnings guaranteed for women with earnestness of purpose. Address Opportunity, S 270 Times.

ART NEEDLEWORK DESIGNER and pattern perforator wanted, experienced, by Chicago wholesale house; state age, experience and salary expected. Z 398 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT, in office of large raw silk company, refined young lady, 17 to 20 years, high school graduate, who writes good hand, operates typewriter and figures accurately; permanent position and advancement; write particulars. E 65 Times.

ATTENDANT—Congenial lady of 75, partly crippled but otherwise in good health, desires to engage refined, agreeable woman, with domestic inclinations, to act as her personal attendant and also perform some of the lighter household duties in family of two adults, who occupy pleasant apartment on Riverside Drive; employ working housekeeper and do not entertain; applicants must be competent, willing, healthy, under 35 years of age and able to furnish good references; considerate treatment, a real home and good wages to the right person; no nurse needed. Call or write Mrs. M. A. Welton, 880 West 181st St.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER; MUST BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, RAPID AND CAPABLE OF TAKING ENTIRE CHARGE OF OFFICE; WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY. CALL MADISON DRESS CO., 31 EAST 27TH.

BOOKKEEPER, THOROUGHLY COMPETENT, TO TAKE COMPLETE CHARGE OF FULL SET OF BOOKS; MUST HAVE KNOWLEDGE OF TYPEWRITING; ACCURATE AND AMBITIOUS. HARRIET HUBBARD AYER, 323 EAST 34TH.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, typewriting, bright to grasp details. Service Photo Engraving, 168 Park Row.

BOOKKEEPER.
An excellent opening for a young lady who is capable to supervise daily sales records; must possess good knowledge of bookkeeping and audition. Apply 12th floor.
THE BEDELL COMPANY,
19 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT—A large metropolitan publication desires the services of a young lady experienced as bookkeeper with advertising agent or newspaper; state age, salary desired and previous place of employment. Z 360 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, to take charge of small set of books; knowledge of stenography; good chance for advancement for suitable party. Apply A. Kaufman, 30 East 20th St.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, wanted by large corporation; excellent opportunity for advancement for right party. State age, nationality, salary desired and experience in detail. T 156 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, preferably with advertising agency experience; woman qualified to take complete charge of books of a medium sized advertising agency. Write giving full qualifications. S 333 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, manufacturing concern; Bronx resident preferred; excellent position; write giving full details with your phone number, if any. R. S. Howard Co., 488 East 135d St.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, to take full charge double entry system, general trial balance, controlling account; must know stenography and typewriting fluently. S 335 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced, competent; unusual opportunity for advancement; state age and salary. M. F., 691 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of stenography for resident buying office. Nat. J. Levine, 16 West 31st St.

BOOKKEEPER, must be familiar with controlling accounts; state age, experience and salary. S 290 Times.

BUYER WAISTS.

By well-known jobber to take complete charge of waist department doing ½ million dollars and over annually; only live wire with exceptional ability will be considered. K M 267 Times.

BILL CLERK ON UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER; WAGES $20. APPLY BILL, P. O. BOX 1021, CITY HALL STATION.

CASHIER.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.,
34th St., West,

require the services of an experienced young woman as cashier.
Apply superintendent's office.

C L E R K S.

LARGE ORGANIZATION IN FINANCIAL DISTRICT CAN USE SEVERAL WOMEN OF REFINEMENT FOR CLERICAL WORK AT $80 A MONTH TO START; AGES 23-35; HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES; HOURS 9-4, SATURDAY 12, THROUGHOUT THE YEAR.

WRITE STATING AGE, EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE.

V 718 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CLERK-CHECKER wanted in large advertising agency to check newspapers; good opportunity to right girl; state age, experience and salary. K 393 Times.

CLERKS—Young ladies to check invoices, file orders; hours reasonable., Call at 45 East 17th St., Room 1603.

CLERK, experienced in publication or agency work, familiar with rates, &c. Write stating experience, salary. B 338 Times.

CLERK, experienced, capable for large motion picture concern. Apply Metro Pictures, 9 A. M., 1,476 Broadway.

CLERICAL—Several positions that offer girls excellent chance for advancement; office experience not required; a fair education, neatness and accuracy are essential; if you can meet these requirements, answer in your own handwriting; beginning salary $50 to $60 per month; large, old-fashioned Christian firm; pleasant office in modern building. V 762 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL ASSISTANT, good handwriting, quick and accurate at figures, experienced in operating adding machine; wholesale house; $20 start; bonus at end of five months; give full details regarding education, experience and references. D. V., 293 Times.

CLERICAL WORKERS AND FILERS, several young ladies for interesting work; high school graduates preferred; $14 weekly to start. The Efficiency Mail List Co., 225 West 57th.

CLERICAL WORKER for billing and credit department in book publishing house; some experience required; good opportunity; $15 to start. R. G., 90 Times.

COMPETENT, EXPERIENCED BUYER FOR DEPARTMENT STORE;

applicant must be fully qualified to buy for and manage the notions, toilet articles, jewelry, stationery and umbrella departments; good salary to right party; state full particulars as to past experience in first letter; applications confidential.

JULIUS GUTMAN & CO.,
Lexington St. and Park Av.,
Baltimore, Md.

COOK.

First-class cook who understands pastry, baking, &c., salary $100 per month, to go to the country from April 1 to January 1. Apply by letter with reference. C 379 Times.

CORSET FITTERS.

Good salary, with excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply Supt's office, 8th floor, James McCreery & Co., 35th St., Employes' entrance.

DESIGNER.

Woman wanted, capable of designing high-class ready-to-wear hats; salary no object to right party. Apply L. & W., top floor, 593 Broadway.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR — One having knowledge of stenography; good chance for advancement; steady position. Call 45 East 17th St., Room 1603.

ELECTRICIAN for automobile electric equipment assembly and original chassis wiring; only first-class men need apply. Perfect Body Co., 815 West 47th St., New York City.

ENTRY CLERK WITH KNOWLEDGE OF SWITCHBORD, BY CHRISTIAN CONCERN; STATE REFERENCE, SALARY. D 883 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FILE CLERK with large corporation; excellent opportunity for advancement; state age, nationality, education and experience, also salary expected. X. Y., 100 Times.

GIRLS

and

YOUNG

WOMEN

TO

HANDLE

LONG-

DISTANCE

TELEPHONE

CALLS.

$15

PER WEEK

TO START.

PERMANENT POSITIONS,
With the Very Best
Working Conditions.
Regular and Frequent
Increases in Salary.
ADDITIONAL MONEY
For Special Hours.

Apply at
Room 530,
24 Lispenard St.

THE AMERICAN
TELEPHONE and TELEGRAPH
COMPANY.

GIRLS wanted for factory office work; salary $12 week to start with; advancement; must live in Jersey City. Eagle Printing Ink Co., 265 Gates Av., Jersey City.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS
WANTED.

Permanent Work.

Positions
open in
several
departments.

$15 A WEEK
TO START.

Regular
increases,
with many
opportunities
to reach
earnings of

$25 TO $30 A WEEK.
48 hours (or less) a week.

NIGHT WORK ALSO

for young women
over 21 years.
$18 to start.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICES:

1,159 BROADWAY, MANHATTAN.
8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

453 EAST TREMONT AV., BRONX.
9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

81 WILLOUGHBY ST., BROOKLYN.
9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

ABOVE OFFICES ALSO OPEN SATURDAYS TO 4 P. M., SUNDAYS 1 P. M. TO 5 P. M.

44 PEARL ST., MANHATTAN.
11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

1,336 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN.
9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Or telephone

MADISON SQUARE 12000.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GIRLS AS CLERKS AND AS TYPISTS.

Girls, age 17 and over, wanted for permanent positions.

HOURS 9 TO 4:30,

SATURDAY, 9 to 12.

LUNCHEON SERVED FREE.

Free Medical Attention, Dental Advice, Insurance, Circulating Library, Gymnasium.

Classes in Stenography, Typewriting, Dictaphone Operating, French, English, Home Nursing, Millinery and Dressmaking, with competent instructors and without expense.

OPPORTUNITY FOR GIRLS WITH SOME HIGH SCHOOL OR BUSINESS SCHOOL TRAINING IN TYPEWRITING TO QUALIFY AND FILL EARLY VACANCIES.

SALARY TO START, $12.

RAPID ADVANCEMENT TO THOSE WHO MERIT IT.

QUALIFIED APPLICANTS WILL BE STARTED IMMEDIATELY.

Apply any day between 9 and 4:30. (Monday and Wednesday until 6 P. M.) Room 5030, Metropolitan Life Building, 4th Av. and 23d St. Use Madison Avenue elevator to 5th floor.

GIRLS TO ASSIST IN OUR MAIL ROOM; OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE. APPLY TO PETER HENDERSON & CO., 35 CORTLANDT ST.

GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN for light work in laboratory; experience not necessary; beginning salary $50 per month. V 763 Times Downtown.

GIRL in Wall Street law office to answer telephone, file papers, attend to mail; write stating age, education, salary expected. V 736 Times Downtown.

GIRL—Filing and general office work; some experience; Christian firm; state salary. Box 39, 110 West 34th St., Room 405.

GIRL, $50 month; no experience necessary; lunches at cost; downtown insurance company. V 752 Times Downtown.

GIRL FOR SAMPLE DEPT. LARGE TEXTILE EXPORT HOUSE. J. F. COMINS & CO., 74 WORTH.

GIRLS, beginners, large insurance company, excellent opportunity. Call Personnel Dept., 11th floor, 2 Albany St.

GIRL to wash glasses and silver in the cafeteria of a woman's club. Apply 132 East 45th.

HOUSEWORKER, capable, good cook; references required; $50; carfare paid. Mrs. Price, 23 East 89th St. Lenox 6365.

HOUSEWORKER, white, half time; two in family; small apartment; write full particulars. Address Apt. 74, 610 West 115th.

HOUSEWORKER wanted to cook and clean for small family. Apt. 11C, 162 West 54th St.

HOUSEWORKER in family of 2; no laundry work; $40 per month. Mrs. A. M. Granger, Cold Spring-on-Hudson.

HOUSEWORKER—Young, small house, suburb; all conveniences; good wages; exceptional home. Phone Whitehall 929.

JUNIOR CLERKS,

AGES 21-31; HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION PREFERRED; LARGE INSTITUTION; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; $63 A MONTH TO START; CONGENIAL SURROUNDINGS; SPLENDIDLY EQUIPPED, WELL LIGHTED, WELL VENTILATED OFFICES; HOURS 9-4, SATURDAYS 12. WRITE, STATING AGE, EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE.

V 717 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

KITCHEN MAID.

Kitchen maid, for the country, from April 1 to January 1; salary $50 per month. Apply by letter with reference. C 378 Times.

MAIDS—2 friends, one experienced, nurse for child 2½ years; other for general housework; no laundry; Westchester County, 30 miles from New York City; references required. P. O. Box 21, Hartsdale, N. Y.

MAIDS wanted, two, competent (white), for country; family of five; comfortable home; good wages. Mrs. G. M. Hubbard, Summit, N. J.; phone 415-M.

MESSENGER GIRL wanted in laboratory department; $45 per month and luncheon. Post-Graduate Hospital, 20th St. and 2d Av.

MILLINERS.

EXPERIENCED HANDS WANTED; NICE LIGHTSOME WORK, ROOMS.

LICHTENSTEIN MILLINERY CO.,
584-6 5TH AV.

MOTHER'S HELPER or nurse; a capable woman to assist mother with care of two children and infant; no housework, liberal salary, pleasant home, summers at seashore. Apt. 55, 41 St. Nicholas Terrace, Cor. West 129th St. Telephone Morningside 8198. Will pay carfare.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR wanted; take charge of circularizing and supplies in Wall St. house; state age, experience and expectations. Address S. K., P. O. Box 823, City Hall Station, New York City.

NECKWEAR—Men's bat tie hands and experienced slip stitchers; also a seam presser to make herself generally useful; apply all week. Stern-Merritt Co., Inc., 45 West 20th.

NIGHT NURSE wanted. Tarrytown Hospital.

NURSE—A capable, trustworthy nurse or nursery governess to take care of 14 months' old baby boy; one with experience and best of references; good salary; permanent position; write full information in first letter. Address Box 232, Montclair, N. J.

NURSE.

Take full charge baby, 16 months; good home, good salary. Apply between 9 and 11 A. M. Mrs. Berger, 2,100 5th Av., near 129th.

NURSE—Experienced operating room nurse for small hospital; $60 monthly, maintenance. Call only if prepared for immediate duty. 231 East 57th St.

NURSE, infant's, experienced, highest references, with refined family; state wages. D 834 Times Downtown.

NURSE, graduate, for floor duty, moderate-sized hospital; state age, experience, salary expected. F. D., 300, 2,119 3d Av.

NURSE wanted, baby girl; good position and home. 265 West 93th, Apartment V-C, Riverside 70.

HELP WANTED—Female.

NURSE, registered, night supervisor moderate-sized hospital; state qualifications, age, salary expected. N. S., Box 400, 2,119 3d Av.

NURSE, undergraduate. 196th St. and Grand Concourse.

NURSEMAID, reliable, two well-behaved school children, 5 and 8. Mrs. Lesslie, 6 Pryor Lane, Larchmont.

OFFICE ASSISTANT to be generally useful; one with knowledge of plug switchboard and able to use typewriter preferred; salary according to ability and experience. Call with written application for the position. A. Simonson, 506 Fifth Av., near 42d St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, young lady for general office work; pleasant surroundings and good pay. Knickerbocker Lithographing Co., 27 Vandewater St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT with knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting; permanent position; good salary. Vernon Mfg. Co., 308 Nuber Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

OFFICE GIRLS, 14 to 16; good chance for advancement to clerical positions. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y.

OFFICE POSITIONS.

We need a number of bright, willing, young girls to learn an interesting business; large, high-class firm; exceptional working conditions; permanent positions, with splendid future; no previous business experience necessary; salary $12 to start; strictly Christian firm. Call after 9:30, Mr. Clark, Scott Co., 33 West 44th St.

OPERATOR on hemstitching machine wanted; experience necessary. Apply Mrs. Edgar, 259 West 97th St. Phone Riverside 1215.

OPERATOR (telephone) familiar with Monitor board and filing; state reference, experience, age. W 766 Times Downtown.

PACKER—Christian firm; some experience; permanent position; reliable firm; salary begin $18. Box 12, Room 405, 110 West 34th.

POWER PRESS OPERATORS—12 girls needed for light stamping work; only experienced help need apply; best wages paid. Apply to Passaic Metal Ware Co., 217 Brook Av., Passaic, N. J.

SALESLADIES AND STOCK GIRLS (25 OF EACH) FOR WOMEN'S APPAREL SHOP; GOOD PAY AND STEADY POSITIONS TO THOSE WHO QUALIFY; CALL READY FOR WORK. A. M. OPPENHEIM, 11 WEST 56TH ST.

SALESLADY—Refined, energetic, unusual opportunity; silks; representatives earning $30 to $75 weekly; experience unnecessary; short hours. Deluxe, 1482 Broadway.

SALESMEN, experienced with infants' stores, for city and vicinity with a line of novelty in infants' coats; commission only. Chas. Koch, 513 Broadway.

SALESLADIES EXPERIENCED IN LADIES' GOWN SHOP. B. PLUMER, 2,355 BROADWAY, AT 86TH ST.

SEAMSTRESS

Very light, pleasant work - finishing articles which have been embroidered; expert will assist you to adjust yourself to the work.

MARVEL NEEDLEKRAFT WORKS,
309 5th Av.

SECRETARY in publishers office; A. B. preferred; must be rapid typist; stenography unnecessary; state age, experience, religion, references; salary $20. S 355 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, Experienced, efficient; possess initiative. Dr. M. A. Werner, 215 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHERS

NEEDED FOR VACANCIES NOW OPEN IN OUR ADVERTISING AND BUYING OFFICES.

THE INITIAL PAY IS ABOVE THE AVERAGE.

POSITIONS PERMANENT AND LEAD TO ADVANCEMENT.

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.

REFINED GIRL WITH HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION, FOR CLERICAL WORK IN EDITORIAL OFFICE; SALARY $20 TO START.

M. Z., 344 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER

FOR GENERAL OFFICE STENOGRAPHY AND TYPING; HIGH CLASS OFFICE; OPPORTUNITY FOR REFINED YOUNG LADY; STATE AGE AND SALARY DESIRED. V 5 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER OR DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, EXPERIENCED, BY AN ENGINEERING CONCERN; ONE WITH KNOWLEDGE OF GENERAL OFFICE DETAILS. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY, STATING RELIGION, ETC. WARREN WEBSTER & CO., 71 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK CITY.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST TO THE PRESIDENT OF A MANUFACTURING COMPANY; SALARY $30 PER WEEK. WRITE GIVING REFERENCES TO BOX S 344 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, age 21-40, for permanent position by a long established Christian concern in Jersey City; must be capable and have had two years' experience; state age, race, school education, stenographic experience and salary expected. Z 349 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER in Christian concern; hours 9 to 5:30; half day on Saturday; neighborhood of Grand Central; salary $25 to start, with advancement as soon as you become familiar with our work; engineering experience preferred, but not essential; give age, experience. T 152 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED, BY LARGE TEXTILE CORPORATION; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. WRITE, STATING QUALIFICATIONS, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. S 341 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED BY STOCK BROKERAGE FIRM; EXPERIENCED; MUST BE OVER 21; STATE EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. F. O. BOX 379, CITY HALL STATION.

STENOGRAPHER and touch typist; a rapid operator with 5 years' experience; will be paid according to ability. Call with written application for the position. A. Simonson, 506 Fifth Av., near 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER—Large publishing house has an opening for an experienced stenographer; hours 9 to 5:30; state age, experience, salary desired and telephone number. S 1008 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, initiative, capable, prompt, reliable; executive offices large motion picture corp.; state age, details of experience, minimum salary start. C 285 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS—Good openings office of Christian manufacturing concern; hours 8:30 to 5:30; half day Saturday; application should give full particulars regarding experience and reference. Box 226, 1619 St. James Building.

STENOGRAPHER, time-keeping, payroll maker; good at figures, quick to grasp ideas, for manufacturing firm; not under 24 years of age; reference; hours 8:30 to 5:30; salary $30. 125 East 23d, Room 65.

STENOGRAPHER, must understand English and German; good salary and steady position. Call between 12 and 2, or write, Room 525, 5 Beekman St., Anglo-American Service Corp.

STENOGRAPHER, insurance brokerage experience; state age, religion, salary, etc.; good opportunity for right party. W 720 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST—Experienced; clerically inclined; state salary, references; apply by letter only. Averill Mfg. Co., 387 Wales Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, young lady, by old-established house in the financial district. Write, giving experience, reference and wages expected. M 785 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER,

must be fast typist and have three years' experience, otherwise do not apply.

1,633 BROADWAY, 10TH FLOOR.

STENOGRAPHERS and typists, several wanted; pleasant surroundings; Christian concern; salary $12 to $22. Lloyd Winthrop Co., 171 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER in sales department of machinery concern; advancement after you learn our line; write, giving age, experience and wages desired. T 151 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, Christian firm; must be accurate and experienced. Write, stating salary required, to A 420 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, familiar with noiseless typewriter; address by letter only. Lawrence, Blake & Jewell, real estate, 115 Bradway.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY — Expert, capable of taking rapid dictation; experience required. Robert Reis & Co., 889 Broadway, City.

STENOGRAPHER FOR SILK HOUSE; STATE EXPERIENCE; SALARY $20 TO START. WRITE A. A. E., BOX 216, 129 EAST 34TH ST.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER — GERMAN-ENGLISH; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY. WRITE, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS, Y. M., 872 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST for large office; rapid typist; no beginners. 227 West 42d St., Times Annex, Auditing Dept., 9th floor.

STENOGRAPHER—Drug and chemical house; one with dictaphone experience preferred; give full particulars in application. S. D., 790 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, slight knowledge of bookkeeping; Christian firm. Telephone 2710 Gramercy.

TEACHER OF COOKING—The Educational Alliance desires to engage a teacher for its classes in domestic science for Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday afternoons from 4 to 6; remuneration $3 per session; applicants should be thoroughly familiar with Jewish dietary laws. Apply in writing only to the Administrator, 197 East Broadway.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, experienced at plug switchboard, filing and typing. Call with written application for the position. A. Simonson, 506 Fifth Av., near 42d St.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR-TYPIST, experienced. Apply Magazine of Wall Street, 42 Broadway.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR; must be experienced, for busy board. State age, qualifications and salary desired. S 336 Times.

TRANSLATOR, German and Portuguese; must be typist. M 768 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS.

LARGE ORGANIZATION IN FINANCIAL DISTRICT CAN USE SEVERAL WOMEN OF REFINEMENT FOR TYPING AT $75 A MONTH TO START.

AGES 21 TO 31.

HOURS 9 TO 4, SATURDAYS 12

ALL YEAR AROUND.

V 719 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TYPISTS—DUE TO CENTRALIZATION OF WORK, AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED TO TYPISTS WHO CAN START AT ONCE ON ROUTINE FORM WORK AND ADVANCE TO MORE SPECIALIZED TYPING; PREFERENCE GIVEN TO THOSE 18 TO 25 YEARS OF AGE. WITH HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION. PHONE MURRAY HILL 2986 FOR APPOINTMENT.

TYPISTS—DUE TO CENTRALIZATION OF WORK, AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED TO TYPISTS WHO CAN START AT ONCE ON ROUTINE FORM WORK AND ADVANCE TO MORE SPECIALIZED TYPING; PREFERENCE GIVEN TO THOSE 18 TO 25 YEARS OF AGE WITH HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION. PHONE MURRAY HILL 2986 FOR APPOINTMENT.

TYPIST, 18 TO 25 YEARS OF AGE, WITH AT LEAST ONE YEAR'S EXPERIENCE, FOR WORK ON UNDERWOOD, ROYAL OR REMINGTON MACHINE; SALARY $18 TO START. TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 3415, BETWEEN SATURDAY-MONDAY FOR APPOINTMENT.

TYPIST, 18 TO 25 YEARS OF AGE, WITH AT LEAST ONE YEAR'S EXPERIENCE, FOR WORK ON UNDERWOOD, ROYAL OR REMINGTON MACHINE; SALARY $18 TO START. TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 3415, BETWEEN 10 AND 12, FOR APPOINTMENT.

TYPISTS—Large concern requires several quick and accurate billing and dictaphone operators; some experience preferred; first-class working conditions, hours and wages. F 250 Times.

TYPIST.

Young lady as bill clerk, familiar with Remington machine; salary to start $18 per week. Call Arthur C. Harris Co., 63 Cliff St., New York City.

TYPIST—Large publishing house has an opening for an experienced typist; hours 1 to 9 P. M.; state age, experience, salary desired and telephone number. S 1009 Times Annex.

TYPIST, INVOICE WORK AND FILING; ACCURATE AT FIGURES; $21 WEEK; PERMANENT POSITION IF SATISFACTORY. J. A. WHALEY & CO., 120 5TH AV., 8TH FLOOR.

TYPIST and office assistant; chance for advancement. Apply in person to New York Telephone Co., Bridge Plaza North, Long Island City.

TYPIST for order department work; good opening with Christian firm; full particulars in reply. Box 224, 1619 St. James Bldg.

TYPIST, quick, neat and accurate; $18; chance to learn dictaphone work. Call 7th floor, 48 West 4th St.

TYPIST and clerical worker; $15 per week. Suite 1,218-19, Aeolian Bldg., 33 West 42d St.

TYPIST, experienced, for eng. dept. of large corporation near Newark; salary according to ability. M 126 Times.

TYPIST for office of automobile concern. See Mr. H. E. Brown, Locomobile Co., 16 West 61st St.

TYPIST, experienced in filing and general office work. A 1194 Times Harlem.

WAITRESS in cafeteria of a woman's club. Apply 132 East 45th.

WARD MAIDS wanted; good salary and maintenance. Apply Matron, Westchester County Hospital, East View, N. Y.

YOUNG GIRL for clerical work in advertising department of daily newspaper; opportunity for advancement and to learn advertising; must be accurate and conscientious worker. State age, salary expected and telephone number. Z 414 Times Annex.

YOUNG GIRL wanted to make herself generally useful, white or colored; Christian firm. Hegone Studios, 37 East 28.

YOUNG LADY,

with some experience in advertising line preferred, checking bills, handling electros and making herself generally useful; state salary, full qualifications. J. T., 208 Broadway, Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY to assist in auditing department in a large wholesale house; temporary or maybe permanent position; give references; state age and salary expected. R 357 Times.

YOUNG LADY to assist in general office work of cigar factory; knowledge of stenography and typewriting; state salary expected. T 1101 Times Harlem.

YOUNG LADY to assist in office of jobbers dry goods house. Apply Blodgett Ordway & Webber, 54 White St., City.

YOUNG LADY, sales position; experience unnecessary. Reed's Drug Store, 888 Columbus Av.

YOUNG LADY, intelligent, to assist in office; able to operate typewriter; salary $18. Call after 12, Dal Tabarin, 201 West 50th.

YOUNG WOMEN, under 18, for filing and clerical positions; experience unnecessary; good opportunity for advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Sta., N. Y.

Instruction.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

Women who can talk effectively to others, singly or in groups, are needed in business. Visit, without obligation, the first session of a new class in Public Speaking at Pace Institute, 30 Church St., New York, which will be held on Saturday afternoon, March 13, at 4 o'clock; observe for yourself the methods which have trained others to talk convincingly. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for informative Booklet S. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

SHORTHAND SPEED CLUB, Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, 7:30 to 9:30, $10 per year. Merchants and Bankers Business School, 37 East 28th St. Plaza 2905.

COMPANY MINUTE after 5 P. M. for secretarial, bookkeeping, English, accounting courses. Drake Business School, Tribune Bldg.

$25-$150 weekly. Prof. Rohrer's Hairdress, Manicure, Beauty School, 119 West 42d St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ASSISTANT MANAGER

OF

FOREIGN EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT

wanted in a downtown bank. Trading experience essential. Address with full particulars, V 771 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT

in stock room; one with slight knowledge of stationery and printing supplies. D. X., 294 Times.

ASSEMBLERS on small telephone work, good pay; Dictagraph Products Corp., Rockaway Road and Beaufort St., Jamaica, L. I.

ASSISTANT wanted by downtown bank for foreign exchange department; good opportunity. D 908 Times Downtown.

BANK BOOKKEEPERS for individual ledgers in large New York bank (Boston system); salary to start $1,300; experience necessary. V 730 Times Downtown.

BASEBALL COACH wanted; approximate salary $175 per month. Apply at once, stating qualification, Concord State Normal, Athens, W. Va.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT.

Brooklyn manufacturing corporation is in need of an assistant to the man responsible for their accounting and bookkeeping department; he must have a good knowledge of double-entry bookkeeping, be able to look after details and help supervising work of others; must not be afraid of hard work and his past record must bear close investigation; write all about yourself. S 197 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER WANTED
BY BOND HOUSE.

A leading investment house has an opening for a bookkeeper; a young man preferred; the position offers a good opportunity for advancement; in writing give references, age, experience and salary expected; all replies held in strict confidence. Address Wall Street Bookkeeper, P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, excellent opportunity for young man, 28-35, who possesses a thorough working knowledge of corporation accounting, and has demonstrated his ability to direct the work of others; in your reply state education, experience, age and salary expected; all replies treated in confidence. N 626 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Young man with knowledge of typewriting; neat appearing, quick and accurate; excellent opportunity; state age, experience, references, salary desired and full particulars. R. F., 800 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, over 25, competent to handle large set of double entry books; answer in own handwriting, stating experience and references; don't apply unless thoroughly capable. E 110 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; wholesale grocery business. Boehm, Holtzkamp & Co., Flushing Av., foot of Waverly Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER for wholesale lumber office. Write giving references, experience and salary expected. F 406 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, must be competent, experienced; give full particulars; chemicals. B. M., 789 Times Downtown.

BOYS,

AGE 16 YEARS AND OVER, WANTED FOR POSITIONS IN MAIL DIVISION OF LARGE INSURANCE COMPANY; PERMANENT POSITIONS; HOURS 9 TO 4:30, HALF DAY SATURDAY; LUNCHEON SERVED FREE; RAPID ADVAN

Classified Advertising Rates.

The New York Times

Count six words to an agate line. Per Agate Line.
(Minimum space two lines.)
Agents Wanted (Sunday 60c)..... 55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted.... 55c
Automobile Exchange (Sunday 60c)... 55c
Boarders and Board Wanted..... 45c
Country Board 50c
Employment Agencies (Sunday 65c).. 60c
For Sale (Sunday 60c) 55c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted.. 45c
Help Wanted 50c
Lost and Found (Sunday 60c)..... 55c
Mortgage Loans (Sunday 60c)..... 55c
Real Estate, &c..... 50c
Situations Wanted 35c
Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 70c) 12c
Buyers' Wants 12c

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMANAGER
FOR HOUSE CANVASSING CREWS.
Large manufacturer, marketing high-grade, trademarked specialties, has opening for competent crew salesmanagers who have practical, successful experience in this work. The product is used daily in every home, and the purpose is to introduce and advertise a new brand of superior merit, supplementing magazine, bill posting and newspaper advertising already being done. Stocks will be drawn from jobbers and retailers as convenient, and the work is localized in cities of from twenty-five to one hundred thousand in beginning.
Compensation will be on salary, expense and commission basis, which will make attractive earnings for competent managers, with opportunities for advancement. Write application letter, stating age and full particulars of your previous experience, for interview.
MANAGER FOOD DEPARTMENT,
17th Floor, 25 Broad St.,
New York, N. Y.

SALESMEN
who call on
ART EMBROIDERY SHOP AND ART NEEDLE WORK DEPARTMENT of department stores,
to carry side line of
HAND KNITTING SILK.
Unusual opportunity.
ALL TERRITORIES OPEN.
Give full particulars as to present line carried.
COMMISSION BASIS.

WRITE M. Y., 209 CABLE BLDG.

SALESMAN for New York State, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, working on direct customer's inquiries; we are old-established manufacturers of bakeshop equipment, with factory. Bush Terminal; good, permanent, congenial position, with straight salary and expenses or salary and percentage for man with suitable qualifications and clean, successful record; reply in confidence, giving all essential information, approximate earnings last year, and, if possible, inclose photo; snap-shot will do; all photos positively returned. D 887 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN WANTED—A LEADING MANUFACTURER OF MEN'S ATHLETIC UNDERWEAR AND KNITWEAR IN MIDDLE WEST IS SEEKING SALES REPRESENTATIVE FOR NEW YORK CITY AND ADJACENT TERRITORY; SALARY BASIS; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; ONLY MEN WITH SUCCESSFUL SALES RECORDS NEED APPLY; ACQUAINTANCE WITH MEN'S WEAR TRADE DESIRABLE; PERSONAL INTERVIEW WILL BE ARRANGED. Z 873 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMEN.
Permanent stock coat, suit and dress house wants salesmen for the following territories: New England, N. Y. State, Pennsylvania, North and South Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa and South. Only men with records need apply; state fully present and past connections and age; replies held confidential. Salesman, 300 Times.

SECRETARY—Advertising agency President wants educated young man with stenographic experience as secretary; exceptional opportunity to learn advertising profession. Call after 2 P. M. A. M. Sweyd Co., 347 5th Av.

SHEAR HANDS wanted; must be experienced on foot shears and millers for decorated tinwork; best wages paid; absolutely steady work and ideal working conditions. Apply at once to Passaic Metal Ware Co., 217 Brook Av., Passaic, N. J.

SHIPPING CLERK, assistant, to take charge of a busy shipping room; one experienced and familiar with the printing business; competent to supervise and instruct packers and keep goods moving; steady position, good salary; references. A. D. Thomas, 9 Murray.

SHIPPING CLERK — Must be experienced; handle express packages only and make himself generally useful about the office; steady position. Call 45 East 17th St., Room 1603.

SHIPPING—Experienced packers with printing office experience; able to bundle pack cases and do general work in shipping department; steady position; references; salary. N. P., 127 Times.

SOLDERERS — Experienced hand solderers wanted; must be neat workers; best wages paid and steady work. Apply at once to Eagle Metal Ware Company, 217 Brook Av., Passaic, N. J.

SOLICITORS, portrait men; we pay good per cent.; expenses advanced; quick promotion to right party. See Mr. Dicky, Hotel Aberdeen, 1 to 3 P. M.

STENOGRAPHER, typist and dictaphone operator for wholesale lumber office; Christian firm. Write, giving references, experience and state salary expected. F 406 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and touch typist; a rapid operator with five years' experience will be paid according to ability; call with written application for the position. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER — One with advertising agency experience; knowledge of advertising make-up preferred, not essential, however; opportunity for advancement. W 755 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS—Two strictly first-class young men wanted in purchasing department. Apply today only at Room 2410, 43 Exchange Place, New York, between 1 and 2 P. M.

STENOGRAPHER, 20-21, good personality, breeding, competent at dictation, general office, for work associated with motion pictures; $20-$25. Phone appointment for today or Sunday Bryant 5200.

STENOGRAPHER, GERMAN - ENGLISH; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY. WRITE, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS, T. D., 877 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER and clerk, knowledge credit and collection work; state qualifications and salary. N 642 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, with knowledge of French, wanted by engineering export firm; salary to start $25. A 417 Times.

STOCK TAKER.
Several, experienced in stockroom of large department store preferred; state age, experience and salary in first letter to Box 343, 1619 St. James Bldg.

STORAGE BATTERY EXPERT, capable taking full charge and producing results; give full information and salary expected. Automobile Supply Co., 905 Shipley St., Wilmington, Del.

SUPERINTENDENT wanted for ribbon plant at Paterson, N. J.; state previous experience, salary expected and references; replies confidential. Ribbon, Z 363 Times Annex.

TEACHER, private lessons, advanced English; state age, education, experience. F 430 Times.

TOOLMAKERS—6 good men needed; must be accurate workers, with some experience on die work; best wages paid; steady work. Apply to Passaic Metal Ware Co., 217 Brook Av., Passaic, N. J.

TRAVELING SALESMEN.
Rhode Island mill open for salesmen, acquainted with the retail trade, to carry high-class line of silks as side line, on commission; state territory covered. T 117 Times.

TRANSLATOR—German and Portuguese; must be typist. M 767 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS (8), fast; day and night work; stencil cutting; newspaper office. J. C., Box 519, New York.

WATCHMAN and janitor for small factory; must be conscientious and reliable man. D. N., 289 Times.

YOUNG MAN to assist in office; must have knowledge of stenography and typewriting; good penmanship essential. Apply at Paul G. Nehlin & Sons, Broadway and 30th, West New York, N. J.

YOUNG MAN for general office work; must be able to operate typewriter and be familiar with Spanish and English; state age, nationality and salary. H 636 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 16 to 18, to take care of filing and handling of first-class mail; good opportunity for bright young man with Christian house. Mr. Kearney, 30 Barclay St.

YOUNG MAN, SKIN ROOM; EXPERIENCE REFERRED; FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES REQUIRED. KAUFMAN & OBERLANDER, 29 WEST 30TH.

YOUNG MAN to assist in care and training of boys; resident position. Call or write for appointment, Brooklyn Hebrew Orphan Asylum, Ralph Av. and Dean St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, clean cut, wanted by a progressive wholesale shoe house in stockroom; an excellent opportunity for right applicant. S 252 Times.

YOUNG MAN with some knowledge of multigraph and copy work; opportunity for advancement. S 287 Times.

YOUNG MAN for shipping and stock room of book publishing house; good opportunity; $18 to start. D. A., 45 Times.

YOUNG MAN in downtown jewelry office; no experience necessary; excellent opportunity; state religion. D 837 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, MECHANICALLY INCLINED, SOME EXECUTIVE ABILITY, TO ASSIST SHOP SUPERINTENDENT; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. BOX 236, 1619 ST. JAMES BLDG.

YOUNG MEN, college or high school graduates, to learn advertising, to start as solicitors of classified advertising; those who are interested in selling preferred; splendid opportunity, but applicants must be hard and conscientious workers; state age, salary expected and telephone number. 2 343 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, in credit department of a dry goods commission house to learn credit, beginning at the bottom; good opportunity for advancement; must have knowledge of stenography and typewriting; Christian firm. Address in own handwriting, stating references and salary desired, S 279 Times.

YOUNG MAN,
assistant in service department of South Brooklyn corporation; some correspondence experience necessary; excellent opportunity for right man; state age, salary and full qualifications. P. T., 208 Broadway, B'klyn.

YOUNG MAN for office work and errands for export house; must be bright and reliable and not afraid of work; good salary and advancement to right young man. Apply Brunswick, 276 Spring St.

YOUNG MAN to learn printers' supply business; one who has had some experience in a printing office preferred; address in own handwriting and state salary expected. V 749 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 18 years, for general office work; to operate switchboard. R 1294 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN to assist in shipping and stock. A 1195 Times Harlem.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D STREET,
have vacancies for several assistants to their credit man; these positions offer splendid opportunities for advancement to those who have had experience in the credit department of retail department stores. Apply by letter only, giving full details of previous positions. Applications treated in strict confidence.

WANTED WANTED

YOUNG MEN AS
CLERKS,
PORTERS,
COUNTERMEN,
EXPERIENCED IN
PLUMBING AND STEAM SUPPLIES
or willing to learn a lucrative business.
RIGHT SALARY FOR RIGHT MEN.
BOX 51, 50 WEST 45TH ST.

Instruction.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.
Men who can talk effectively to others, singly or in groups, are needed in business. Visit, without obligation, the first session of a new class in public speaking at Pace Institute, 30 Church St., New York, which will be held on Saturday afternoon, March 13, at 4 o'clock; observe for yourself the methods which have trained others to talk convincingly. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for informative Booklet 10, Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

WHAT ABOUT YOUR FUTURE?
The all-important question is: Where will you be 5 or 10 years from now? To know what your life work should be is the first step toward a successful future. From the study of the face, our analysts can determine the right job for you; no trade tests; no psychological tests; ask us all about it; Booklet "K" on request. Morton Institute, Inc., 96 5th Av. (at 15th St.), New York. Telephone Chelsea 4054.

ACCOUNTANCY—New classes are now forming, day or early evening sessions. Write for helpful booklet, "Your Post-War Opportunity" and Bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 303 West 57th.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $60.50.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.,
1,121 BEDFORD AV., BKLYN. DEPT. C.

AGENTS WANTED.

SALES AGENTS—Men or women wanted to demonstrate and sell to schools and homes our wonderful educational device. E 124 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

AMERICAN "6," 1919 model; excellent condition, fully equipped; dealers need not apply. Phone Academy 575.

AUBURNS, CADILLACS, HUDSONS, DODGES, BUICKS, FRANKLINS, &c.
100 late model cars to select from, all types.
DON'T PAY BROADWAY PRICES.
WE WILL SAVE YOU 25% ON 58TH ST.
AUTOMOBILE WAREHOUSE, INC.,
268 West 58th St., near B'way. Circle 1417.

BIDDLE 1918 4-PASS. SPORT SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1919 AMESBURY SUB. SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1919 VICTORIA, 4-PASS.
PACKARD 1918 Fleetwood Town Brougham.
PIERCE 1920 Dual Valve Suburban Sedan.
PIERCE-ARROW 1920 Dual Valve Touring.
PIERCE-ARROW 1919 Dual Valve Touring.
PIERCE-ARROW, Series B-4, Limousine.
ROAMER, 1919 Town Brougham Special.
LANCIA 1917 LOCKE SEDAN.
LOCOMOBILE COUPE, 1919, Custom Built.
PEERLESS 1919 SPORT COUPE.
CUNNINGHAM 1919 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
Cars guaranteed 4 mos. Immed. Delivery.
D. C. BURRELLE,
1700 Broadway, 5th floor. Phone Circle 153.

BIDDLE 1919 4-passenger Sport.
CADILLAC 1919 touring; almost new.
CADILLAC AMESBURY SEDAN; type 55.
PACKARD 1919, 8-38, Fleetwood Runabout.
PIERCE-ARROW, series 4, 7-passenger, 6-48.
PIERCE-ARROW 1918, 3-38, French Br'gh'm.
STUTZ 1919 Speedster and Runabout.
MERCER 1919 4-passenger Sport.
MARMON 1918 French Brougham.
HYRADE AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
802-806 7th Av., Cor. 52d. Tel. Circle 1964.

BRISCOE TOURING, LATE 1919.
Practically new, condition guaranteed; free instruction; must sacrifice, cash or easy terms. 351 East 140th, Bronx. Melrose 10032.

BUICK 1918 little six roadster; overhauled, refinished; cord tires. Smith, Morningside 5522.

BUICK coupe, elegant condition; extra bargain. Potter, 154 West 124th. Morningside 151.

BUICK, 1918, coupe; excellent condition; cord tires, bumpers. Phone Mr. Williams; Circle 6200.

BUICK 1920 touring car; almost new. 1,908 Broadway, near 63d St.

BUICKS, 1910-1918 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK, 1918, six cyl. touring, many extras. Artman's Garage, 481 East 90th.

CADILLAC TYPE 57 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 SEDAN.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 LIMOUSINE.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 TOURING.
HUDSON 1919 MODEL O COUPE.
HUDSON 1918 TOURING LIMOUSINE.
HUDSON 4-PASS., MODEL O.
MARMON 1919 TOURING.
MARMON 1918 TOWN CAR.
STUTZ 1919 SPEEDSTER.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway. Phone Circle 3323-3324.

CADILLAC 1917 coupe, $2,800.
CASE touring car, 1918, $1,200.
CASE touring car, 1916, $625.
PATHFINDER sedan, 1916, $800.
WILLYS-KNIGHT touring car, 1918, $1,000.
All-American Sales Corp., 1,886 Broadway, New York City. Columbus 6069

CADILLAC touring, 57R, with detachable Sedan top; motor and car in perfect condition; price $5,500; no dealers. Phone between 10 and 12; Broad 2505.

CADILLAC, 8-cylinder, 7-passenger touring car in good condition; can be seen at Cimiotti Garage, 2,906 Broadway, New York City. For other information apply Mr. Louis Cohen, 551 Broadway, New York City. Telephone Spring 3143.

CADILLAC "57" VICTORIA COUPE.
Handsomest car in city; almost new; run 3,500 miles; cord tires, two extra; Macbeth lenses, Pantasote hood, cloth upholstery, special vanity boxes; leaving city; will sacrifice. Rippeth, Hotel Cumberland.

CADILLAC VICTORIA, 57 K-K, metal back, plush velour lining, silk covers, Royal cord tires; cannot be told from new. Cadillac Auto Exchange, 56th St., cor 7th Ave. Circle 5306.

CADILLAC Amesbury Suburban Sedan, delivered February 1919, original paint like new, shows no sign of wear inside or outside; will trade. Cadillac Auto Exchange, 56th St., cor. 7th Av. Circle 5306.

CADILLAC 4-passenger, type 57, six New Cord tires; must be seen to be appreciated. Adolphi Warehouse, 152 West 90th St. Telephone 1773 Riverside.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

CADILLAC 1918 Amesbury suburban sedan; wonderful condition. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC 1919 Amesbury suburban sedan. Behrman, 2,180 Broadway. Schuyler 3531. Open evenings.

CADILLAC 1919 7-passenger touring. CADILLAC 1920 runabout for 4. Oberwerger, 136 West 52d, eighth floor.

CADILLAC limousine, 8-cylinder; good condition; can be seen any time. Thedford Garage, 315 West 96th St.

CADILLAC 1918, Amesbury suburban sedan; bargain. Cook & Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

CADILLAC 1918 town car; slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th St. Meyer.

CADILLAC 1918 Victoria coupe; perfect; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th St. Meyer.

CADILLAC "57" 4-passenger; absolutely perfect; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC, 57, Victoria, like new; $3,500. Dumont, 122 West 54th, Circle 1740.

CADILLAC 1918, "57" touring car; bargain. Cook & Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

CHANDLER 1918, Chummy Roadster; no reasonable offer refused. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 West 90th St. Telephone 1773 Riverside.

CHANDLER 1920, four-passenger dispatch, slightly used; owner leaving city; must sell; make offer. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 West 90th St. Telephone 1773 Riverside.

CHEVROLETS, 1920 MODELS.
Sedans, tourings, roadsters, coupes, taxis, delivery cars, ton trucks; also slightly used cars at big sacrifice; condition guaranteed; small payment down, balance easy terms. 351 East 149th, Bronx. Melrose 10032.

CHEVROLET SEDAN, LATE 1919.
Practically brand new, condition guaranteed; free instruction; must sacrifice, cash or easy terms. 351 East 149th. Melrose 10032.

COLE 1919 touring; guaranteed like new; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th St. Meyer.

CUNNINGHAM 1919 4-passenger sport; overhauled and repainted. Behrman, 2,180 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 3531. Open evenings and Sunday.

DODGE Touring 1919.
OLDSMOBILE Sedan, Little Six 1918.
OAKLAND Touring 1918.
CHALMERS Town Car, Special Body, 1918.
BUICK Touring 1918.
HUPMOBILE Touring 1917.
HUDSON Cabriolet, Model 6-40. Excellent condition.
MAXWELL Cabriolet 1917.
HULETT MOTOR CAR CO., INC., Broadway at 62d St.

DODGE sedan, elegant mechanical condition; good tires, many extras; inspection invited. Studebaker Corporation, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Telephone Decatur 1484.

DODGE coupe, late model; practically new; big sacrifice; extra tire. D. B. McElwee, Jr., Morristown 111, evenings call 1622.

FORDS, 1920, all models; immediate delivery; sedans, coupelette, touring; small cash payment, balance monthly. Phone Wadsworth 8054, Palmer.

FORD 1919 coupe; perfect condition; just overhauled. Phone Wadsworth 220, Apt. 23, or Bowling Green 4854, for demonstration.

FORD CARS ON EASY TERMS.
$175 down, balance $10 weekly; immediate delivery. B. 1254 Times Bronx.

FORD 1920. ALL MODELS.
Immediate delivery; easy terms arranged; no extra charge. M. Z., 1334 Times Bronx.

FORDS—Touring, spadsters, suburban, coupelet; commercial. 20th Century Auto, 250 West 54th.

FORDS—$175 down, balance $10 a week; immediate delivery. Wadsworth 5494.

FORD sedan, like new; fully equipped. Maquarre, 224A 6th Av., Brooklyn.

GARAGE, 50x112, Jamaica, N. Y.; well located; present lease expires May 1, 1920. E. H. Matting, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.

HAYNES 1920, four-passenger sport, like new; run 5,000 miles; $2,100. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 West 90th. Riverside 1773.

HUDSON 1917, seven-passenger touring; beautiful condition; make offer. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 West 90th St. Telephone Riverside 1773.

HUDSON 1919 touring; excellent appearance and mechanical condition; reasonable. Smith, Morningside 5522.

HUDSON limousine; excellent condition; must be seen to be appreciated. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

HUDSON TOURING LIMOUSINE
(Suburban model); like new; complete equipment; leaving city; sacrifice. Tully, 2720 Circle.

HUPMOBILE "R," guaranteed mechanically; paint good. Potter, 154 West 124th. Morningside 151.

HUPMOBILE 1919 five-passenger touring; practically new; low mileage. Smith, Morningside 5522.

LOCOMOBILE—Late 1918 four passenger, sport model; immediate delivery. Stark, 23 West 62d; phone Columbus 4986.

LOCOMOBILE sedan, 48 h. p.; late model; condition exceptional. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway. Circle 3572.

MARMON 1917 landaulet, painted in blue and upholstered in gray cloth, in good condition, Packard Motor Car Co. of New York, 1,801 Broadway, New York City. Telephone Columbus 8900.

MARMON 1918 chummy roadster. Behrman, 2,180 Broadway. Schuyler 3531. Open evenings, Sunday.

MARMON 34 touring, like new, fully equipped; bargain. Aster, 61 West 62d.

MARMON 1917 limousine; beautiful condition; bargain. Inspect at 123 West 64th. Meyer.

MACFARLAN brougham, one of the latest models; wire wheels; must be seen to be appreciated. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway. Circle 3572.

MERCER 1919 runabout; perfect condition; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th St. Meyer.

NATIONAL 1918 Highway 6; perfect condition. Reilly, 136 West 52d. Circle 191.

OLDSMOBILE 8-cylinder 1919 4 pass.; good condition; extra tires, etc. Mr. Jack, Prospect 723.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS.
Reconditioned; all models. Open evenings. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway and 50th St.

PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Touring.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Judkins Convertible.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Fleetwood 4-pass. Touring.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Derham Limousine.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Fleetwood Sedan.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Imperial Limousine.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Judkins Convertible Sedan.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Fleetwood Runabout
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Touring.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Judkins Coupe.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Derham Inside Drive Sedan.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin-Six Derham Brougham.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Coupe.
PACKARD 2-35 Twin Six Limousine.
PACKARD 2-35 Twin Six Touring.
PACKARD 2-25 Twin Six Derham Brougham.
STUTZ 1917 Touring.
FIAT Landaulet.
PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. OF N. Y., 1,801 BROADWAY. PHONE COL. 8000.

PACKARD, 1915, 3-38; two bodies; good condition. 79 East 2d St. (Asen's Garage), evenings, Orchard 8947.

PACKARD Limousine, 1917, for sale; in good condition throughout; also touring body. Address W. Evan Chipman, Easton, Pa.

PACKARD Fleetwood 4-passenger sport.
PACKARD Fleetwood runabout for 4 Oberwerger, 136 West 52d, eighth floor.

PACKARD 1918 touring; condition perfect. Stark, 23 West 62d. Columbus 4986.

PACKARD 1916 landaulet; beautiful condition; bargain. Inspect, 123 West 64th. Meyer.

PAIGE 1918, seven-passenger Fairfield; owner must sell; make offer. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 West 90th. Telephone 1773 Riverside.

PAIGE 1919, four-passenger Larchmont, sport, practically new; make offer. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 West 90th. Telephone Riverside 1773.

PATHFINDER touring, late model; all accessories; real bargain. Aster, 61 W. 62d.

PEERLESS limousine; mileage 4,500; West-inghouse shock absorbers, six tires; practically new; $3,000. Joseph Grondahl, 740 West End Av.

PEERLESS limousine; mileage 4,800; Westinghouse shock absorbers; six tires; practically new; $3,000. Joseph Grondahl, 740 West End Av.

PEERLESS, sedan, good condition; cheap. Potter, 154 West 124th. Morningside 151.

PIERCE-ARROW—Delco Dual 48, 7 Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW—Delco Dual 48, 4 Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW—Delco Dual 38, 4 Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW—Delco Dual 38, 7 Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW—Dual Valve 48, 4 Coupe.
PIERCE-ARROW—1918, 48, French Suburb.
PIERCE-ARROW—1917, 48, Lim. Land.
PIERCE-ARROW—1916, 48, 3-Pass. Coupe.
PIERCE-ARROW—1917, 66, 7-Pass. Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW—1917, 48, 7-Pass. Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW—1917, 48, Suburban Lim.
PIERCE-ARROW—1917, 38, Town Brougham.
PIERCE-ARROW—1917, 38, 5-Pass Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW—1917, 38, 6-Pass. Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW USED CAR EXCHANGE, ON BROADWAY, COR. 57TH, CIRCLE 157. OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7.

PIERCE-ARROW roadster; dashing looking; brown color; 1918 or 1919 model; ran 21,000 or 22,000 miles; in splendid condition; will sell same for $4,000; paid close to $6,000 some two years ago; can be seen uptown in the fifties; only owners need apply, disclosing their identity. A 859 Times Downtown.

PIERCE-ARROW Limousine, 1918, 38, excellent condition, equipped with self-starter and electric lights; recently overhauled and upholstered; bargain, private owner. T. J. Dowling, Box 285, City Hall Station.

ROLLS-ROYCE.
Rebuilt 4-passenger sport body by Gill of London; open to expert examination; owner going abroad wishes to sell immediately; can be bought cheaply; guarantee 6 months. For further information apply Maurice Rapaport & Co., 226 5th Av. Madison Sq. 1415.

STANDARD eight, 1918, seven passenger touring; excellent condition; reasonable. Phone Mr. Rack, Prospect 723.

STEARNS four-passenger coupelet; almost new, fully equipped; bargain. 61 West 62d.

STEARNS touring, late model, with all accessories; bargain. Aster, 61 West 62d.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.
1918 4 Cyl. 7-Pass. Sedan; like new.
1920 4 Cyl. 5-Pass. Touring.
1918 4 Cyl. Cloverleaf, wire wheels; snappy.
1916 4 Cyl. 5-Pass. Touring.
1915 4 Cyl. 5-Pass. Touring; bargain at $575.
Landaulettes and limousines $1,000 to $1,500.
STEARNS COMPANY,
415 West 55th St. Phone Columbus 7600.

STUDEBAKER landau roadster, late model six cylinder; fully equipped, ready for immediate use; a closed car at a reasonable figure. Studebaker Corporation, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Telephone Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER, 1918, small six cylinder touring car; Adams-Williams Summer and Winter top; mechanically perfect; 5 wire wheels; many extras; 90 days' guarantee. Studebaker Corporation, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Telephone Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER, 1918, six cylinder Springfield sedan; new paint, new car; cost $4,500; special sale price on this car $1,200. Studebaker Corporation, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Telephone Decatur 1484.

STUTZ 1917 touring; perfect mechanical condition, tires and paint excellent. Dr. J. Glass, Hotel Monterey, Broadway and 94th St., Riverside 10400.

STUTZ 1919 Bearcat speedster. Behrman, 2,180 Broadway. Schuyler 3531. Open evenings, Sunday.

STUTZ 1916 special speedster. Behrman, 2,180 Broadway. Schuyler 3531. Open evenings, Sunday.

WESTCOTTS, 1920 models; 3 five-passenger sedans, 1 two-passenger roadster and 1 seven-passenger touring. Cars can be seen at the Blue Sprocket Garage, 130 East 31st St., ask for Mr. Friend, Sunday from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. No dealers.

WINTON light six limousine; full equipment; overhauled; repainted; guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

Motor Trucks.

BARGAIN IN USED REBUILT TRUCKS. READY FOR THE ROAD. TWENTY-FOUR DIFFERENT MAKES FROM WHICH TO SELECT; FROM ¾ TON TO 5 TON. ADDRESS USED TRUCKS, WILLIAM J. GLOBENSKY, 87-89 WEST END AV., NEW YORK CITY.

ALL-AMERICAN one-ton super-truck bargain; for sale cheap; dealer has on hand number of All-American chasses which he will dispose of at cost price, in as much as beginning All-American Truck Company of Chicago are opening their own branch in New York; $1,000 truck chassis delivered in New York for $1,100. All American Sales Corp., 1,836 Bdwy, Columbus 6069.

TRUCKS—7-ton Sterling dumper rebuilt, 3-ton Gramm, 1½-ton Fords. Sterling Motor Truck Co., 1324 St., 12th Av. Morningside 3047.

STEGEMAN—Paper house disposing of 5-ton worm-drive truck, 1918; $1,500 if interested address F 285 Times.

Automobiles for Rent.

Attractive limousine for hire hourly, daily, weekly, monthly; owner drives. Schuyler 8528.

CADILLAC, private renting service.; reasonable rates. 121 West 54th St. Circle 2800.

PACKARD twin six cars for hire. Williamson Service, 204 West 43d. Bryant 3530.

Automobiles Wanted.

LATE model runabout, chummy roadster or light touring car; no dealers. Write, giving price and all particulars, Roland, care Seader Bros., 302 5th Av.

CADILLAC Wanted—7-passenger touring; immediate; cash; write stating year and condition. Bergin, 122 West 90th St. No dealers.

STANLEY Steam Car; will pay cash; must be in good condition; 1918 model or later; give particulars in detail. Z 358 Times Annex.

CADILLAC, Amesbury suburban sedan, 1920 model, new car, or will buy contract. S. L., 460 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Summer top for Dodge car. Advertiser, 115 6th Av., Brooklyn.

Highest prices paid for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 574 Melrose.

Automobile Storage.

AUTOMOBILE DEAD STORAGE SPACE AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY; 50,000 SQUARE FEET IN NEW FIREPROOF BUILDING. CALL SCHUYLER 8300, EXT. 308. MR. JACOBS.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTO SCHOOL FOUNDED 1909.
Always leading because it is the best; 6 or 12 weeks' shop course. $60; weekly payments; send for catalogue 1 before deciding.
STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL,
225 West 57th St., at Broadway.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 225 West 50th—Superior instructors guarantee expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes; no increase in rates.

AUTO SCHOOL, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St.—Largest and best school in East. Send for booklet and pass. Tel. Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

FOR SALE.

For Sale—1 200 K. W. General Electric Type A. T. B. form D, class 12-200-600, 3 phase, 60 cycle, 600 v. 200 r. p. m., complete with rheostat and self-contained exciter; also base rails and 32x24 inch wood-faced pulley; price $1,650. Apply The Anderson Lumber Company, Passaic, N. J.

FOR SALE, THE FAMILY PET,
BY GUSTAVE DORE,
HAMMOND 52 BWAY ROOM 833,
NEW YORK CITY.

Magnificent India Paisley shawls, ten to one hundred dollars; going to Europe. Carl Fabiann, 39 East 22d St.

For sale, safe; reasonable. Apply New York Exchange, 334 Madison Av.

Furniture, Carpets, &c.

Wicker furniture, willow, reed; special March sale; largest assortment; lowest prices; chairs $7.45 up; immediate delivery; direct from Long Beach Wicker Factory, 233 East 41st t.

Don't sell your household furniture, carpets, rugs, silver, linens, bric-a-brac, &c., before getting my estimate. May, 2,235 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 5803.

For Sale—Wilton Axminster rugs, 300 yards; good carpets, screens. Plaza 8835.

Pianos and Organs.

Must leave; rare opportunity; grand piano. Schmitt, 158 Madison Av.

Purchase and Exchange.

Highest cash price paid for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments, pianos, books, carpets, works of art. Jones, 161 East 125th. Telephone 3767 Harlem.

Wanted—Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Pl. Stuyv. 3703.

Highest cash for furniture; contents houses, apartments, pianos, china, rugs, bronzes. Polson, 187 East 47th. Tel. Stuyvesant 5577.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW.

Other Services

THE MYSTIC NUMBER 6 6 6.
What is the Image of the Beast?
What is the mark of the Beast?
A Prophetic Bible Address by
CARLYLE B. HAYNES,
In the CASINO THEATRE, 29th St. and Broadway, SUNDAY NIGHT, MARCH 14, at 7:45 o'clock.
The Largest Sunday night congregation in New York. Question and Answer Service after the address.
All Seats Free. You are Welcome.

PASTOR E. E. FRANKE,
Broadhurst Theatre, 44th St., W. of B'way. Sunday Eve., March 14, 8 O'clock.
"Will the Division of Turkey Cause Another War?" Bible Predictions! Questions Answered. Seats Free.

CHINATOWN.
The Rescue Society, Old Chinese Theatre, 5-7 Doyers St., Inspiring Gospel Service Nightly, 10 P. M. T. J. Noonan, Supt.

BROOKLYN

Congregational

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Hancock St., between Bedford and Franklin Aves. (Ten Fulton St. L or surface to Franklin Av.) Pastor, Rev. S. PARKES CADMAN, D. D., preaches at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange Street. Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor. 11 A. M., "Three Gates on a Side." Sermon by Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst, D. D. 7:45 P. M., "Spiritual Leanness—the Easy Accompaniment of Physical Contentedness." Sermon by the Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst, D. D.

Presbyterian

LAFAYETTE AVENUE CHURCH, corner South Oxford St.
Services at 11 and 7:45
Morning—Dr. Albertson on "The God We Forget."
Evening—Mr. Gesnell on "Radio-Active Souls: VII. Arnold of Rugby."
Following the evening service, fourth forum address on "Education": Principal Eugene O. Adler, of Adelphi Academy, on "Education for Character."

Y. M. C. A.

DR. S. PARKES CADMAN,
"The Puritan in Two Worlds."
Kismet Temple Band.
Y. M. C. A., 1,131 Bedford Av.
Sunday, 3 P. M. Men only. Free.
Greatest Man's Meeting in Greater New York.

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH,
West 57th St., bet. 6th and 7th Aves.
Rev. JOHN ROACH STRATTON, D. D.
10:30—"Christ's Return the Only Basis of Hope for the Race."
12—Sunday School and Adult Bible Classes.
8—"Can a Woman Fail So Low That Christ Cannot Redeem Her?"
Second of Series on
"WOMEN WHOM JESUS MET."

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. E. Corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11—DR. CHARLES H. SEARS, on "THE CHALLENGE OF THE NEW WORLD MOVEMENT."
8—LANTERN LECTURE.
"OLD GLORY IN THE PHILIPPINES."
In which the Pastor will tell the story of his own travels.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 to 8 West 46th Street.
DR. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN and REV. F. M. BINGHER, 11 o'clock.
Sunday School, 9:30 A. M. Men's Class, 9:40. Leader, Mr. Gilbert H. Montague. Women's Class, 9:45. Leader, Mrs. Katharine W. Eddy.
Young People's Meeting at 6:30.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
B'way and 79th St.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
11 A. M.—"HOW THE POVERTY OF ONE MAN CAN MAKE MANY RICH."
8 P. M.—"THE AWAKENING OF THE MOSLEM WORLD, THE THREATENED ASIATIC INVASION OF EUROPE UNDER THE GREEN FLAG, THE PERIL OF ENGLAND AND THE WEST, THE NECESSITY OF A LEAGUE OF NATIONS (IN WHICH THE UNITED STATES CAN HAVE NO PART) AND THE COMING OF ANTI-CHRIST TO

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Lady's velvet handbag Thursday evening, between 9 and 9:30 P. M., near 5th Av. and Thirtieth, or 3d Av., Greenwich Village; contents as follows: One diamond and ruby pendant, one diamond and ruby bracelet, one diamond and ruby brooch, one platinum and diamond wrist watch, two gold vanity cases, initials H. B.; keys, checkbooks and currency. Very liberal reward and no questions asked. Mrs. H. Barry, 330 West 102d St. Phone Riverside 4500.

LOST—Union Pacific Railroad Co. Common Stock Certificate No. A-219215 for 50 shares in the name of Morris F. Thomas. Notice is hereby given to shop cause to said company, 120 Broadway, New York City, why said certificate should not be canceled and a new certificate issued. Morris F. Thomas, Box 1144, New York, N. Y.

LOST — Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Co. common stock certificate No. M21029 for 100 shares, in the name of Morris F. Thomas. Notice is hereby given to show cause to the said company, 61 Broadway, N. Y. C., why said certificate should not be canceled and a new certificate issued.
MORRIS F. THOMAS,
Box 1144, N. Y. C., N. Y.

LOST—Will the chauffeur who drove lady from Grand Central Depot Tuesday afternoon, March 9, to Stern Bros., on 42d St., return the tan leather suit case and large package which was left in his cab, to Hotel Belmont, Park Av. and 42d St.; no questions will be asked and a liberal reward will be given.

LOST—Automobile taken Feb. 22 from front of 900 Broad St., Newark; Cadillac factory No. M-330, model No. 55 (8); model year 1917; color, dark blue; marked A. R.; light-colored top; special ventilator port in hood; suitable reward for information leading to recovery. Address Owner, 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

LOST—About three or four weeks ago, in vicinity of Irwin Park and Mountain Av., Upper Montclair, N. J., a gentleman's gold ring, set with two diamonds and one sapphire. Liberal reward offered for return of same to Mrs. A. P. Boelin, 223 Midland Av., Montclair. Phone 2162.

LOST—Thursday evening, black silk purse, containing money, silver lorgnette, silver mesh bag and visiting cards, at either Capitol Theatre, Pennsylvania Hotel or taxicab; great sentimental value to owner; reward. Vanucci, Hotel Brunswick, 22 East 89th.

LOST—Pearl necklace, Tuesday, from 5 to 6 P. M., between 40th St. and 5th Av., 42d St. and Stern's department store, or Times Square subway station; liberal reward. Call Midwood 7084.

LOST—Large envelope containing business papers of value to owner only, probably on Long Island Railroad or near Pennsylvania Station; reward. Russell Palmer, 1,270 Broadway.

LOST—Return jewelry taken from 17 West 57th St., March 8; valued for sentimental reasons; positively no questions asked. J. W. Conklin, 30 East 42d St. Murray Hill 8120. Reward.

LOST—Liberal reward to person who took trunk from 70 West 95th Wednesday night, March 10, if returns papers and others, valuable only to owner; no questions asked. Address Ahrg.

LOST — Thursday night, either on Century Grove Roof or taxi, beaded bag, containing card case and currency, also keys. Finder please return to 725 Riverside Drive, Apt. 11E, and receive reward.

LOST—Will the lady who found the watch on the Van Cortlandt subway about 4 o'clock Friday, notify Apt. 5-I, 419 West 149th St. Tel. Morningside 7700; reward.

LOST—Thursday evening, Avignon restaurant or in Empire Theatre, or in taxicab, going or coming, diamond crescent pin. Liberal reward if returned to 907 5th Av.

LOST—Between 57th St. Broadway subway and 33d St. tube, gold bar pin with name "Helen Freyne" engraved. Kindly return to 42 Amherst St., East Orange.

LOST—Sunday evening, about 7 o'clock, graduated imitation string of pearls with emerald clasp, in the neighborhood of East 91st; $25 reward. S 295 Times.

LOST—Flexible diamond bracelet; Seventh Av., between 55th and 53d St., or 53d St., between Seventh Av. and Broadway; liberal reward. Young, 859 Seventh Av.

LOST—Thursday evening, between Wall and West 84th Sts., lady's gray enameled watch, diamond setting. Please return Room 407, 34 Pine St. Reward.

LOST—Gold signet ring, L. A. K., between 77th-73d Sts., on or near Central Park West. L. A. Kalman, 60 St. Mark's Place, New York City. Orchard 1954.

LOST—Leather document portfolio in taxi leaving Delmonico's, 6:30 Friday evening. Return for reward, Room 1026, Woolworth Building.

LOST—Bunch keys on Fort Washington Av. or Broadway subway; reward. Finder please return to Loeb, 97 Fort Washington Av., Apt. 3B.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, monogram "M. C." taxi, between 47th and Washington Place, Wednesday; reward. Telephone Spring 8620.

LOST—Thursday evening, Hotel Claridge dining room, lady's red silk umbrella, initial "B."; reward. Return to E. F. Burke, 231 West 96th St.

LOST—In Broadway car, between 124th and 42d, blue tapestry handbag; reward. Return to Francine Shop, 2,210 Broadway.

LOST—At Cohan & Harris Theatre, an umbrella, green and blue, brown leather handle; finder will be rewarded. 28 West 48th.

LOST—Gold wrist watch, Friday afternoon, around 5:30, on 51st, near Lexington; reward. Riverside 973.

LOST—Masonic signet ring, initials "J. R." Finder will be liberally rewarded. Return to J. Reiss, 96 Spring St.

LOST — In Majestic Hotel, platinum chain, sapphire and diamond bracelet; reward. Return Majestic Hotel office.

LOST—Gold match box, with monogram G. B. B.; suitable reward if returned. 148 West 86th St.

LOST—Black bill fold, Thursday, March 11, 9th Av. express; time disc and money; reward. Macy & Co.

LOST — Silver bag, Wednesday, Broadway subway; finder keep money. Simes, 438 West 213th St.

LOST—Reward, umbrella, Broadway car, Thursday, silver-pearl handle. Barrett, 49 Claremont Av.

LOST—British passport of I. V. Roper; reward. Return Great Northern Hotel.

SUITABLE REWARD
for return of a 52-diamond platinum brooch, lost between Hotel Algonquin, West 44th St., and 35th St. and Park Av. Finder please communicate with Michael Goldreyer, 139 West 44th St. Bryant 301.

$150 REWARD
Return platinum and diamond lorgnette and pearl and platinum chain lost March 4 between 34th and 55th Sts. J. H. and B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

$300 REWARD,
no questions asked, return diamond and platinum watch and chain lost Feb. 19, vicinity of 59th St. and 5th Av. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th.

Furs and Fur Wraps.

LOST—Brown fox fur, evening March 6, 52d St., between Madison and Park Avs., or Park, between 52d and 51st; reward. Communicate A. W. Shaffer, 5 St. Luke's Place. Telephone Spring 740.

LOST—Mink scarf at Proctor's 23d St. Theatre Wednesday, March 10; reward $15; no questions asked. Return to Cashier, 55 Little West 12th St., N. Y. City. Chelsea 10208.

LOST—Mink scarf, Proctor's 23d St. Theatre; reward $15; no questions asked. Return Cashier, 55 Little West 12th. 10208 Chelsea.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs

LOST—March 11, male wire-haired fox terrier, white body, brown and black head, lame hind leg; N. Y. State license 129,419; $35 reward. Return to I. T. Williams, 43 East 80th.

LOST—Strayed March 10, silver Persian cat; collar marked General Foch, Mrs. Roth Edmunds, 523 Madison Av.; reward. Return 42 West 51st. Circle 2392.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Dr. Grant
11 A. M. Service
The Interchurch World Movement and New York
4 P. M.—Music
Verdi's "Manzoni Requiem."
Public Forum at 8 P. M.
WALTER W. LIGGETT
"The Nonpartisan League in Action."
At the Church of the Ascension
Fifth Ave. and Tenth Street.

"Power of Personality"
is a subject which interests everyone. This is especially true when viewed in the light and developed under the guidance of the teachings of the
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which makes folks think.
Sunday, 11 A. M., Dr. F. W. Sears will lecture on this subject at the Princess Theatre 104 W. 39th St. Bet. B'way & 6th Av.
Admission to non-subscribers, $1.

SAVAY MUST PROVE ALIENATION CHARGE

Self-Styled Descendant of Lafayette Ordered to Give Particulars in $75,000 Suit.

ENSIGN GREGORY ACCUSED

Complaint Alleges He Enticed Mrs. Savay from Husband and Married Her.

The signing by Supreme Court Justice Newburger yesterday of an order directing Norbert Lafayette Savay, a lawyer, who has described himself in the past as a great-grandson of the Marquis de Lafayette, to give particulars in a suit against George Newton Gregory of 500 West End Avenue, revealed the fact that the action is for $75,000 damages on the ground that Mr. Gregory won the affections of Savay's wife, Emma E. Rice Savay, who divorced the plaintiff and married Mr. Gregory several years age. Mr. Gregory was an Ensign in the Naval Aviation Corps during the war.

Unusual efforts were taken to keep the nature of the case secret, and even yesterday, after the allegations were revealed through the filing of Justice Newburger's order in the County Clerk's office, the attorneys for both parties suggested that as a settlement is about to be effected to avoid the publicity of the trial the facts should remain unpublished.

The plaintiff, who usually calls himself N. Lafayette Savay, sued under the name of Norbert L. Savay, and in the summons, which was filed early in 1918, the nature of the case is not disclosed. Shortly after the complaint, which has never been filed as required by law, had been served on the defendant at Buffalo, where he was on duty in the Naval Aviation Corps, he applied to Justice Giegerich to have the case stayed until after he had been discharged from his military duties. The application was granted.

In his petition to Justice Newburger for particulars, Mr. Gregory, who was graduated from Yale in 1910, and is a member of the Racquet and Tennis, New York Athletic and Yale Clubs, told the Court that he had been ill for a long period following his discharge from the navy, and had just learned that the plaintiff has had the case placed on the trial calendar of the Supreme Court. Justice Newburger directed that the particulars asked for be filed in ten days.

The defendant said that the complaint served on him alleges that the plaintiff and Emma H. Rice Savay "lived happily and harmoniously from the date of their marriage on Sept. 23, 1911, until December, 1914, and that they manifested great love and affection for each other." Savay alleged that from the latter date until Nov. 19, 1917, which is said to be the date of Mrs. Savay's marriage to Gregory, the defendant enticed the plaintiff's wife from his residence "by various acts, gifts, valuable presents, promises of valuable gifts and payments of money and by representing that the plaintiff was not fit to be the husband and life companion of Emma H. Rice Savay, and wholly alienated and destroyed the love and affection of the plaintiff's wife."

Attention was directed to N. Lafayette Savay in 1909, when the real great-grandson of the French General, Count de la Fayette, then in this country, noticed an extended autobiography of N. Lafayette Savay in "Who's Who in New York," in which the latter was described as a great-grandson of the Marquis, personal counsel to the late Marcus Daly in the days when he was making his fortune through copper mining in Montana, an aid to Maceo in the Cuban fight for independence, and one who had been educated at Yale, Vienna, Paris and Oxford, and spoke eleven languages.

The Count de la Fayette had never heard of the Savay branch of his family and was surprised, as General de la Fayette had only one son, two daughters and eleven grandchildren, and there was no trouble about tracing his descendants.

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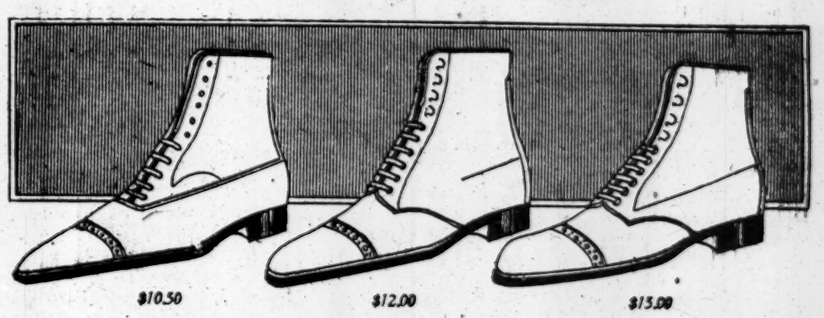

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